

## **PUBLIC PROJECT DESIGN AND EVALUATION**

**02\_SROI** analysis

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#### Headlines from your country: What happened around the world last week?





## **Lecture content**

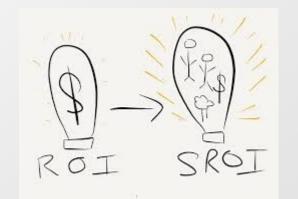
- Social return on investment (SROI) is a systematic way of incorporating social, environmental, economic and other values into decision-making processes.
- Like traditional cost-benefit analysis (CBA), SROI includes a ratio; in this case a Social Return on Investment ratio.
- The aspect of stakeholder perspectives is essential in the SROI approach.
- This lecture covers the theory and practice of performing SROI analysis.



## **PLEASE NOTE!**

## Social return on investment (SROI)

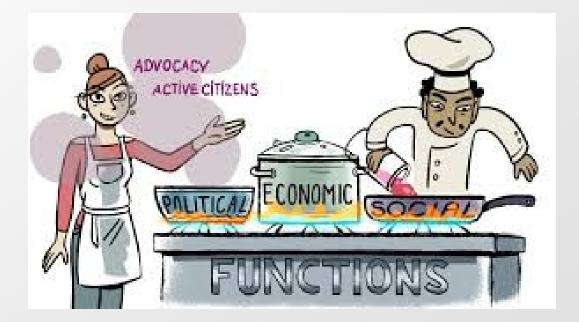
is a principles-based method for measuring extra-financial value (i.e., environmental and social value not currently reflected in conventional financial accounts) relative to resources invested.



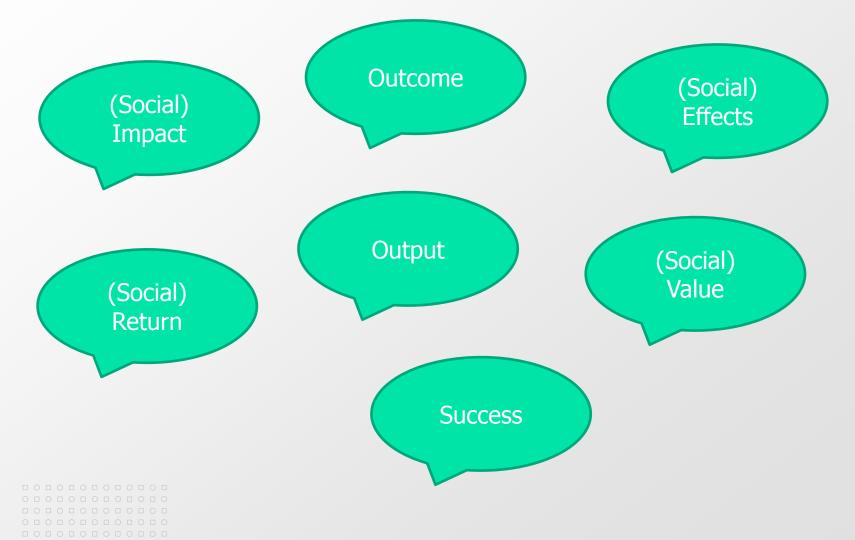


#### **Third sector impact**

## The Third Sector Kitchen: preparing a dish for the common good



#### **Everybody is talking about "impact"... a fuzzy term!**



## Its all about success! What is success?

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- …the positive result of an effort
- …the occurrence of an intended, desired outcome
- ...the result of economic activity, recorded or expressed in monetary terms
- …completing an objective or reaching a goal

What does success mean in the case of public projects?

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## What are Outputs?

Outputs are those products

- MR UTA CONTRACTOR
- and services that directly result from the activities of an organization, project or program (and the related efforts).
- Outputs can be controlled by the management in terms of their type and scale.
- Outputs can often be measured more directely compared to impacts. They are often measured with indicators (KPI)
   – especially when a whole organisation is being assessed.

SUCCESS

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## **Output = Success?**

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- Are activities and their outputs the purpose of an organization?
- If activities are only the means
   to an end: Is it enough to focus only on outputs in order to assess their success?
- Is increase in output always essential? Does efficiency increase mean success?
- To what extent do support processes contribute to the success? Preconditions for a successful performance? Own KPIs?
- Does performance measurement really measure the dimensions which are central for the success of the organization?

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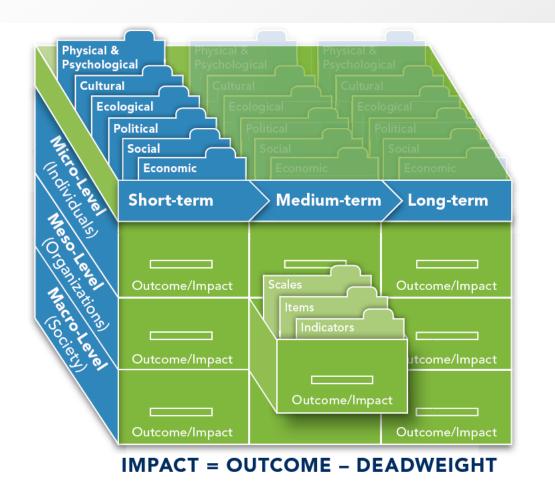
## What is Outcome?

- Outcomes refer to those changes (positive and/or negative) that are noted to the beneficiaries (people, groups, society) of an intervention, after an intervention has taken place.
- Outcomes may occur short-term, medium-term and longterm
- Outcomes may occur at micro-, meso- and macro-level
- Outcomes may generally occur on six topical dimensions:
   economic, ecological, social, cultural, political, psychical
   OUTCOME
- Outcomes have to be measured, analysed and valued differently for each stakeholder



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#### **Impact box**



Quelle: Schober, C./Rauscher O. (2014): "Was ist Impact? Gesellschaftliche Wirkungen von (Nonprofit) Organisationen. Von der Identifikation über die Bewertung bis zu unterschiedlichen Analyseformen.", Working Paper, NPO&SE Kompetenzzentrum WU Wien. Download unter: <u>https://www.wu.ac.at/fileadmin/wu/d/cc/npocompetence/downloads/impact\_gesellschaftliche\_wirkungen\_von\_nonprofit\_organisationen.pdf</u> English version coming soon.

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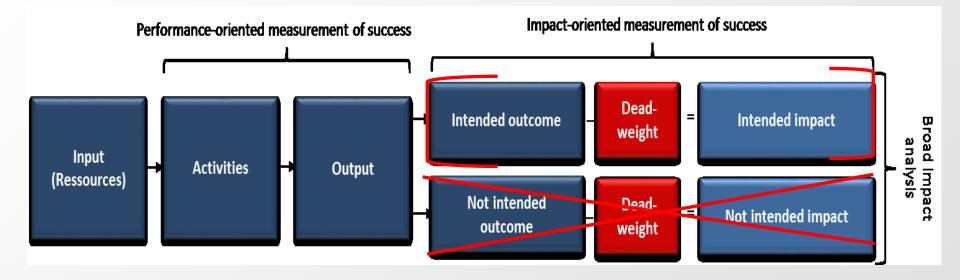
#### **Outcome = Success?**

Outcomes have to be understood in broader terms than typical success dimensions



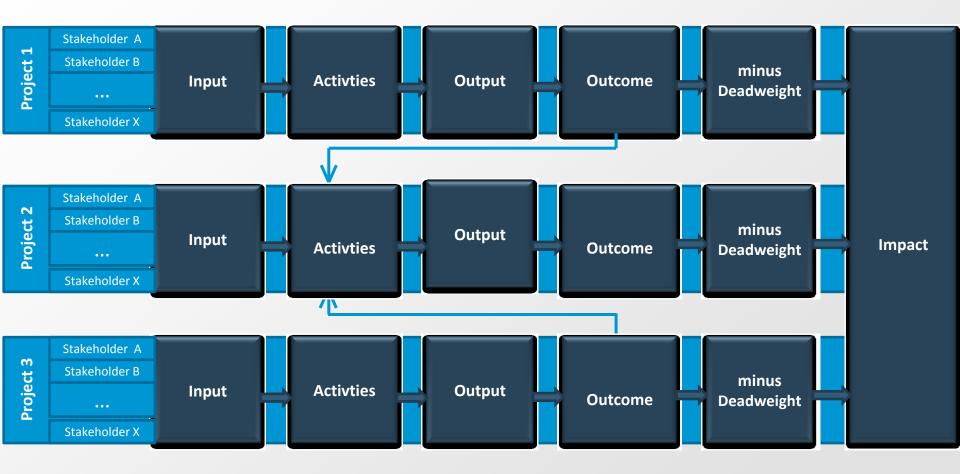
- A comprehensive consideration of outcomes allows an overall assessment of organisations or programs/projects beyond the organisational success => Organisations can be successful in terms of efficiency/effectiveness but still have an overall negative outcome (Externalities)
- Comprehensive impact analyses consider unintended outcomes

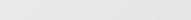
## **Impact value chain/Logic Model**



Quelle: Schober, C./Rauscher O. (2014): "Was ist Impact? Gesellschaftliche Wirkungen von (Nonprofit) Organisationen. Von der Identifikation über die Bewertung bis zu unterschiedlichen Analyseformen.", Working Paper, NPO&SE Kompetenzzentrum WU Wien. Download unter: <u>https://www.wu.ac.at/fileadmin/wu/d/cc/npocompetence/downloads/impact\_gesellschaftliche\_wirkungen\_von\_nonprofit\_organisationen.pdf</u> English version coming soon.

#### **Impact Model**



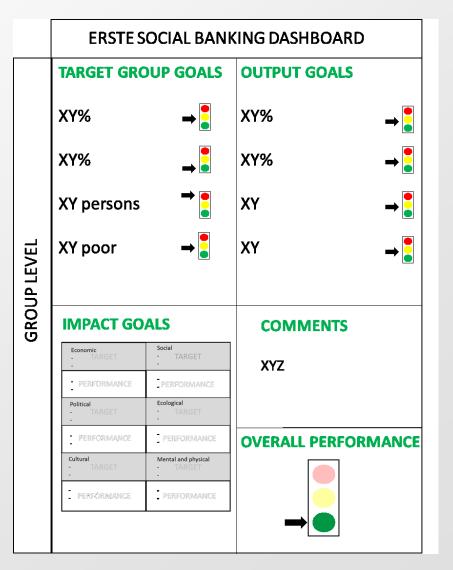


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#### **Presentation of the results**

- The main results of the data-analysis are presented in a dashboard focusing on the four relevant sections.
- Dashboards contain indicators that can be aggregated from project

comparable results and recognizability throughout the whole project period



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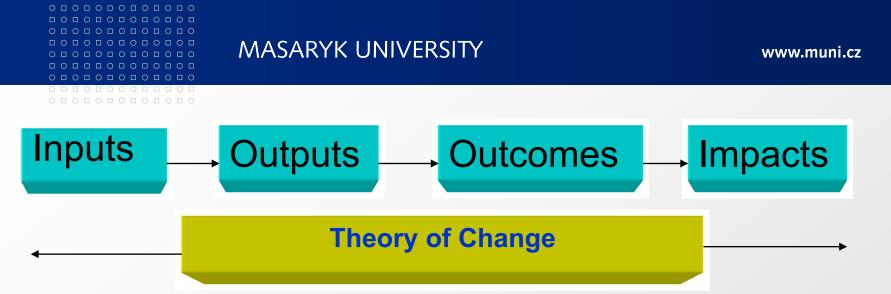
#### "impact goals" a strategic target-performance scheme\*

Economic - TARGET -	Social - TARGET -				
PERFORMANCE	PERFORMANCE	ERSTE SOCIAL BANKING DASHBOARD       TARGET GROUP GOALS       VV///			
Political - TARGET -	Ecological - TARGET -	XY% $\rightarrow$ XY% $\rightarrow$ XY% $\rightarrow$ XY% $\rightarrow$ XY persons $\rightarrow$ XY $\rightarrow$ $\overrightarrow{a}$ XY poor $\rightarrow$ XY			
PERFORMANCE	PERFORMANCE				
Cultural - TARGET -	Mental and physical - TARGET -	Patient     Existinger       · PERFORMANCE     · FERFORMANCE       · PERFORMANCE     · PERFORMANCE       · PERFORMANCE     · PERFORMANCE       · PERFORMANCE     · PERFORMANCE			
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\* Developed by **Rauscher**, **O./Schober**, **C.** (2015): "Wirkungsanalyse". In: Eschenbach et al.: Management der Nonprofit-Organisationen. Bewährte Instrumente im praktischen Einsatz. Schäffer-Pöschel Verlag, Stuttgart

- SROI describes the VALUES of changes to stakeholders by using financial proxies to represent values not usually captured in a market economy – social, community and environmental benefits
- SROI gives a voice to stakeholders that have been excluded in the past, e.g. disabled workers in social firms and their families
- SROI is based on standard accounting and commercial investment principles
- SROI makes sense to funders as a way of representing the value created by an activity and helps communicate of the value of the work to 'the people that matter'
- SROI involves measuring change what funders are really looking to invest in

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For each stakeholder (e.g. disabled workers, their families, their community, their state support agencies, local employers and businesses etc.) we look at:

Inputs - resources invested in the activity Outputs – the description of the activity e.g. 20 disabled people employed Outcomes - changes to people resulting from the activity, i.e., a new job, increased income, improved stability in life, improved quality of life Indicators of change – how do we know change has happened Quantities of change – how many of the stakeholder group experience change Financial proxies – how we value the change Impact = Quantities times proxies, less reductions to reflect that some change happens anyway and some change is created by other factors



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#### **SROI project: Ethiopia – educational activities**

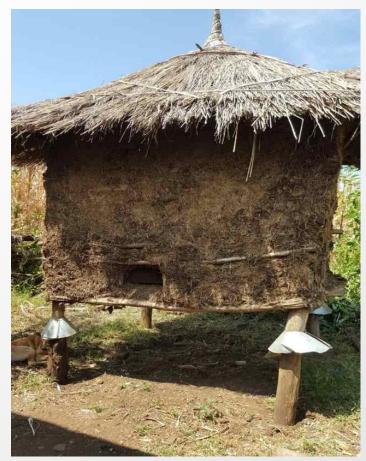


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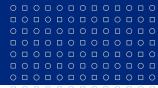
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#### **SROI projects: Ethiopia – start-ups**







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#### SROI project: Ethiopia – new school



#### **SROI project: Ethiopia – impact assessment**



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#### **SROI** project: Ethiopia – production of ovens

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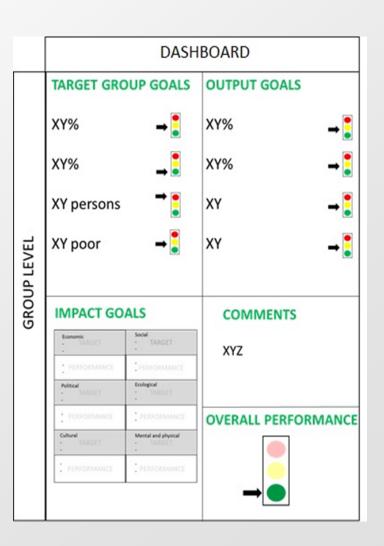


## SROI project: Ethiopia – backyard gardening



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ür Menschen Der "Social Return On Investment" € 26,60 Ein Spenden-Euro an Menschen für Menschen bringt einen gesamtgesellschaftlichen Wert von 26,60 Euro. 82.487.732 ETB 90,000,000 80,000,000 70,000,000 1: 26,7 60,000,000 50,000,000 40,000,000 30,000,000 3.092.591 ETB 20.000.000 10,000,000



Vaceková et al., 2016

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#### SROI calculations – group activity (excel)





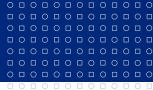
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#### **Discussion – limts and merits of SROI analysis**









## **Useful links:**

<u>Global Value Exchange Database</u>: <u>http://www.globalvaluexchange.org/</u>



## NPC:

http://www.thinknpc.org/publications/mapping-outcomes-forsocial-investment/

SIAA: http://www.siaassociation.org/



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