### European Union Public Policy

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# Lecture 11 The 'Europeanisation' or 'Regionalisation' of public policy

#### Additional sources:

- Tavora, I. 'The southern European social model: familialism and the high rates of female employment in Portugal', in *Journal of European Social Policy*, Vol. 22, No. 1, February 2012, pp. 63-76.
- Palier, B. (ed.) 'A Long Goodbye to Bismarck? The Politics of Welfare Reform in Continental Europe', (Book Review Symposium) in *Journal of European Social Policy*, Vol. 22, No. 1, February 2012, pp.90-101.

#### Additional sources:

Tugdar, E.E. (2013) 'Europeanization of Minority
Protection Policies in Latvia: E.U. Conditionality
and the Impact of Domestic Factors on the Rights
of Ethnic Russians', in *CEU Political Science*Journal, Vol. 8, Issue 1, February, p31-53
(including Bibliography for good sources on
'Europeanisation')

- 1. Structure and purpose of the course.
- 2. Regions and 'Regionalisation'
- 3. The 'Europeanisation' of Public Policy

- 1. Structure and purpose of the Course
  - a) Agenda-setting: fragmentation;
  - b) Policy formulation: multiple policy-making 'venues';
  - c) Policy decision-making: role and purpose of E.U. institutions;
  - d) Policy implementation: complex and multifaceted

Structure v Agency (role of institutions) (role of individuals)

Harmonisation/convergence v mutual recognition

'Spillover'

- 2. What do we mean by E.U. regional policy
  - aim of E.U. regional policy is to promote *solidarity* 
    - produce *cohesion* in E.U.
    - based on principle of subsidiarity
  - over 271 regions, over 500 million people

- entire territories of 10 new Member States of May 2004 designated as falling within *Objective 1* of E.U. Structural Funds
- two-thirds of new E.U. citizens from 2004 accession states lived in regions with GDP per head of less than half average GDP of all 25 E.U. states

### E.U. Regional funds:

- 1. The Structural Funds
  - a) European Regional Development Fund;
  - b) European Social Fund;
  - c) Financial Instrument for Fisheries Guidance;
  - d) European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund.

- 94% of Structural Funds for 2000-2006 was concentrated on 3 objectives;
- Objective 1: Helping regions whose development was lagging behind to catch up;
- Objective 2: Supporting economic and social conversion in industrial, rural, urban or fisheries dependent areas facing structural difficulties

Objective 3: Modernising systems of training and promoting employment.

#### 2. The Cohesion Fund

- assist least prosperous E.U. countries i.e. 10 newly acceded 2004 Member States, plus Greece, Spain, Portugal and (until end of 2003) Ireland

Policy for development of 7 Czech Regions:

"Infrastructure" Operational Programme for the 2004-2006 period, within Objective 1 framework:

Priority 1: Modernisation and development of transport infrastructure of national importance;

Priority 2: Reducing the negative environmental impacts of transport;

Priority 3: Environmental infrastructure improvement

http://civitas.brno.cz/en

CIVITAS Project ELAN – started 2002 – Brno, Ghent, Porto, Ljubljana, Zagreb (39 partners, Overall budget 29.2 million euro, EU grant 17.85 million euro – 61%)

Goal of the project: 'inclusion and support of citizens in development of the solutions for the clean city ensuring quality environment and health of all the inhabitants'.

### E.U. Public Policy Lecture 11

- 3. 'Europeanisation' of public policy
  - E.U. 'single public policy areas'?
  - E.U. policies affect:
    - policy style (formulation and implementation);
    - general problem solving approach;
    - policy instruments employed;
    - policy standards set (based on E.U values and principles)

- Europeanisation of:
  - pressure groups
  - interest groups
  - epistemic communities

- 4 processes of 'Europeanisation' of policy:
- a) 'bottom-up' (national state E.U.)
- b) 'top-down' (E.U. national state)
- c) 'horizontal' (State State)
- d) 'round-about' (national state E.U. national state)

'Europeanisation' based on underlying E.U. principles and 'core values':

- social progress;
- the aim of high levels of employment;
- social protection;
- the aim of raising living standards and quality of life;
- promotion of social cohesion and social justice

### 'Europeanisation'

overarching E.U. core values and principles, within which individual policies are shaped, and diversity and 'mutual recognition' acknowledged, particularly in implementation to meet policy aims