## PRACTICE

**GENERAL MEDICINE** 

**BIOCHEMISTRY II** 

## VSBC041c

Date	Experiments	
1. week 20. 2. – 24. 2.	<ul> <li>Directions for laboratory work. Handling biological material.</li> <li>1.1 Blood collection.</li> <li>1.2 Blood processing.</li> <li>1.3 Manual methods, pipetting.</li> <li>1.4 Biochemical analyzers</li> <li>1.5 Factors influencing results of laboratory examinations.</li> <li>1.5 Interpretation of results</li> <li>1.6. Test requisition forms</li> </ul>	
2. week 27. 2. – 2. 3.	<ul> <li>Investigation of lipid and cholesterol metabolism</li> <li>2.1 Determination of total cholesterol in serum and blood.</li> <li>2.2 Determination of blood triacylglycerols using Reflotron.</li> <li>2.3 Determination of HDL-cholesterol and LDL-cholesterol.</li> <li>2.4 Calculation of LDL-cholesterol</li> <li>2.5 Electrophoresis of serum lipoproteins.</li> </ul>	
3. week 5. 3. – 9. 3.	<ul> <li><u>Investigations of glucose metabolism. Diabetes mellitus</u></li> <li>3.1 Enzymatic determination of serum glucose.</li> <li>3.2 Determination of glycaemia by personal glucometer.</li> <li>3.3 Oral glucose tolerance test (oGTT).</li> <li>3.4 Detection and determination of glucose in urine.</li> <li>3.5 Detection of ketone bodies in urine.</li> <li>3.6 Determination of glycated hemoglobin (HbA1).</li> <li>3.7 Late complications of diabetes – microalbuminuria.</li> </ul>	
4. week 12. 3. – 16. 3.	<ul> <li><u>Investigations in liver disease I– Enzymes</u></li> <li>4.1 Determination of ALT catalytic concentration in serum.</li> <li>4.2 Determination of AST catalytic concentration in serum.</li> <li>4.3 Determination of ALP catalytic concentration in serum.</li> </ul>	
5. week 19. 3. – 23. 3.	<ul> <li><u>Selected investigations in liver disease II – bile pigments and albumin</u></li> <li>5.1 Determination of total bilirubin in serum.</li> <li>5.2 Detection of bilirubin in urine.</li> <li>5.3 Detection of urobilinogens in urine.</li> <li>5.4 Determination of serum albumin.</li> </ul>	
6. week 26. 3. – 30. 3.	<ul> <li><u>Laboratory diagnostics of myocardial infarction</u></li> <li>6.1 Determination of creatine kinase catalytic concentration.</li> <li>6.2 Determination of serum CK-MB catalytic concentration.</li> <li>6.3 Determination of troponin T in blood.</li> <li>6.4 Determination of blood myoglobin.</li> </ul>	
7. week 2. 4. – 6. 4.	<ul> <li><u>Investigation of plasma proteins</u></li> <li>7.1 Determination of total protein by the biuret test.</li> <li>7.2 Determination of blood albumin in serum.</li> <li>7.3 Electrophoresis of serum proteins.</li> <li>7.4 Assay for increased level of C-reactive protein.</li> <li>7.5 Determination of serum IgE by ELISA method.</li> </ul>	0/
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8. week 10. 4. – 16. 4.	<ul> <li><u>Biochemical tests of renal function – I</u></li> <li>8.1 Investigation of urine by inspection and physical methods.</li> <li>8.2 Determination of creatinine in serum and urine.</li> <li>8.3 Measurement of glomerular filtration rate with creatinine.</li> <li>8.4 Fractional reabsorption and excretion of water.</li> </ul>
9. week 17. 4. – 23. 4.	<ul> <li><u>Biochemical tests of renal function – II</u></li> <li>9.1 Detection of proteinuria.</li> <li>9.2 Urine test for haemoglobin (haemoglobinuria and haematuria).</li> <li>9.3 Determination of protein concentration in urine.</li> <li>9.4 Detection of microalbuminuria.</li> <li>9.5 Determination of urea in serum and urine.</li> <li>9.6 Approximate assessment of the nitrogen balance.</li> </ul>
10. week 24. 4. – 30. 4.	<ul> <li><u>Routine urinalysis. Test strips</u></li> <li>10.1 Multipurpose diagnostic strips in urinalysis.</li> <li>10.2 Detection of addictive drugs in urine.</li> <li>10.3 Detection of barbiturates in urine.</li> <li>10.4 Detection of luteinizing hormone in urine</li> </ul>
11. week 2. 5. – 7. 5.	<ul> <li>Examinations in urolithiasis</li> <li>11.1 Solubility of uric acid.</li> <li>11.2 Detection of uric acid by murexide reaction.</li> <li>11.3 Simplified chemical analysis of renal calculi.</li> <li>11.4 Determination of uric acid in serum and urine.</li> </ul>
12. week 9. 5. – 15. 5.	<ul> <li>Some investigations of the gastrointestinal tract</li> <li>12.1 Selected examinations of stomach functions.</li> <li>12.2 Laboratory tests in pancreas diseases.</li> <li>12.3 Breath tests in gastroenterology.</li> <li>12.4 Test of occult bleeding in gastrointestinal test.</li> </ul>
13. week 16. 5. – 22. 5.	Compensatory lessons
1415. week 23. 5. – 30. 5.	Credits.
<u>.</u>	Neglected lessons have to be made up by the 14 <sup>th</sup> of June 2012.

Recommended textbook: Tomandl: Biochemistry II- Practicals. Brno 2008

## Conditions for giving the course-unit credit

- Full (100%) attendance in labs is the principal condition. If any absence, it must be apologized through Department of Study Affairs **up to five days.** If apology is recorded in Information System (IS), then student is allowed to make up the absence according to teacher's instructions.
- Presentation of all lab reports to the teacher

**Deadline for any issue** (making up all missing and justified lessons, completion of all lab reports and handing them to the teacher) is 14. 6. 2012.

## Students that will not meet this requirement will not be given the course-unit credit.

Obtaining of course-unit credits of practices is the pre-requisite for registration to the examination of Biochemistry II.