## **Mesoporous Materials**

Amorphous, disordered - silica xerogels

**Ordered**, amorphous walls

Pore diameter, <b>d</b> [nm]	Material	Example
<b>d</b> > 50	Macroporous	Aerogels
2 < <b>d</b> < 50	Mesoporous	Xerogels
<b>d</b> < 2	Microporous	Zeolites

### **Pore size distribution**



## **Mesostructure Assembly**



## **Mesoporous Materials**

MMS mesoporous molecular sieves

MCM-n Mobil Composition of Matter

M41S

A - lamellar MCM-50

**B** - hexagonal MCM-41

C - cubic MCM-48

**Inverse hexagonal** 

**Discovered 1992** 





## **Supramolecular templating**

Surfactants - amphiphilic molecules, polar (head group)and nonpolar (chain, tail) part lyophilic, lyophobic

Ionic surfactants, cationic, anionic, zwitterionic Nonionic amines, polyethyleneoxides

- A normal surfactant molecule
- B gemini
- **C** swallow tail



## **Surfactants**



### **Surfactants**

Anionic

• sulfates:	$C_nH_{2n+1}OSO_3Na^+$
• sulfonates:	$C_nH_{2n+1}SO_3H$
• phosphates:	$C_nH_{2n+1}OPO_3H_2$
• carboxylates:	C <sub>n</sub> H <sub>2n+1</sub> COOH

### Cationic

alkylammonium salts:	$C_nH_{2n+1}(CH_3)_3NX$	$X = OH, Cl, Br, HSO_4$

• dialkylammonium salts:  $(C_{16}H_{33})_2(CH_3)_2N^+Br^-$ 

#### Noionic

- primary amines:  $C_nH_{2n+1}NH_2$
- polyethyleneoxides: HO(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>n</sub>H

### **Supramolecular templating**



Phase diagram of C<sub>16</sub>TMABr CMC = critical micelle conc.

### **Micelles - Supramolecular Templates**



### **Micellar shapes**

### A -spherical, B - rod-like, C - lamellar



Micelles in media

- A normal, in polar solvent, H<sub>2</sub>O
- **B** inverse, in nonpolar solvent, organics



## **Micellar shapes**



**Micellar structures** 

- A) sphere, B) cylinder, C) planar bilayer,
- **D** ) reverse micelles, **E** ) bicontinuous phase, **F** ) liposomes).

**Critical packing parameter – CPP** 

 $CPP = V_{\rm H} / a_0 l_{\rm c}$ 

 $V_H$  volume of the hydrophobic part,  $a_0$  surface area of the hydrophilic part,  $l_c$  critical chain length:

```
l_c \le 1.5 + 1.265 n [Å]
```

*n* number of carbon atoms.  $l_c$  depends on the chain shape.



CPP	surfactant	micelle shape
< 0.33	linear chain, large head	spherical
0.33 - 0.5	linear chain, small head	cylindrical
0.5 - 1.0	two chains, large head	bilayers

## **Surfactant Molecules**



## **Surfactant Molecules**





 $L_1$ = micellar solution; Nc = nematic phase;  $H_1$  = normal hexagonal phase (MCM-41; SBA-15);  $V_1$  = normal bicontinuous cubic phase (MCM-48);  $L_{\alpha}$  = lamellar phase (MCM-50)

path A, the micellar solution route path B, the lamellar phase route path C, the nematic phase route

## Mechanism of the mesoporous material formation (hexagonal, MCM-41)

### LCT Liquid Crystal Templating







### **SLC Silicatropic Liquid Crystals**





## Lamellar to Hexagonal Transformation



Silicate Rod Assembly

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• Electrostatic interactions





b) 
$$S'I^+$$
  $I = Fe^{2+}, Fe^{3+}, Co^{2+}, Ni^{2+}, Mg^{2+}, Mn^{2+}, Pb^{2+}, Al^{3+}$ 

 $\mathbf{S} =$ sulfonane



c)  $S^+X^-I^+$ 

**I** = silicate – polyelectrolyte positive charge

 $\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{Cl}$ 

 $\mathbf{S} = trimethylammonium}$ 



d) **S'M**<sup>+</sup>**I**<sup>-</sup>

I = aluminateM = NaS = phophate



• Hydrogen Bond

a) 
$$S^0I^0$$
 I = silicate

S = ammine

b) **N<sup>0</sup>I<sup>0</sup>** 



N = polyethylenoxide



• Covalent Bond

a) **S-I** 

 $\mathbf{I} = niobate$ , tantalate

 $\mathbf{S} = ammine$ 







## **MCM-41**



### TEM micrograph of hexagonal molecular sieve



# TEM image of the Pd-grafted mesoporous silicate material



### Silicate Layer Puckering



### **Charge Density Matching**



SiO2

### **Folding Sheets**

ì

i.



## **XRD of hexagonal MCM-41**



## **XRD of lamellar MCM-50**







 $a_0 = \frac{2d_{100}}{\sqrt{3}}$ 





**Template Removal** 

### **Mesoporous Platinum Metal**

H<sub>2</sub>[PtCl<sub>6</sub>] or (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>[PtCl<sub>6</sub>] C<sub>16</sub>(EO)<sub>8</sub> Assembly of liquid crystalline phase Reductants: Fe, Zn, Hg, NH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> Washed with acetone, water, HCl

SEM (upper) and TEM (lower) images of mesoporous Pt metal show particles 90-500 nm in diameter and a pore diameter of 30 A and a pore wall thickness of 30 A.







## **Surface Silanols in MCM-41 Pores**



