

# Terminology in and around Diminutives

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# Content

- Objectives
- Definitions
- Method
- Diminutives in Czech Terminology and their counterparts in German and English
- Structure of counterparts
- Semantic fields
- Conclusions

# Issues

- What do the counterparts of Czech quasi-diminutives look like? Are there also diminutive forms in English and German?
- Is there any correlation between the morphological language type and the type of coining terms?

# What is a term?

- lexical unit
- typical for the particular technical language, expertise, study field, profession etc.
- stable, precise (not ambiguous)
- Coinage: typical formations of other (common) lexical units
  - multi-word or compound
  - derivation
  - metaphorical transposition
  - borrowing
  - clipping, abbreviation

# What is a diminutive?

- *balík, balíček; chlebík, chlebíček; pumprlík, pumprlíček*
- *pack, packet; little bread; goblin*
- *kis csomag, kenyérke*

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- *house x housie x small house x cottage*
- *(po)poskočit*
- *jump a little bit*
- *scamper, hop, make a leap, jump*

# Diminutive: Definition

- Form x Meaning
- Meaning:
  - something small / smaller than a prototype; endearment, irony
- Form:
  - synthetic (*doggie*)
  - analytic (*little/small dog*)
  - analytic-synthetic (*little doggie*)
  - inherent (*puppy*)

# Questionnaire, corpus analysis

- 240 Czech native speakers
- 170 German native speakers (mainly from Austria, Switzerland)
- Corpus *InterCorp v.4 (cs-de(-en))* onwards (12 million German words)

=> Conclusion:

1. Diminutive form
2. Diminutive meaning

If both => („real“) Diminutive

# Diminutive forms without dim. meanings

- *bullet, cigarette, particle...* (originally diminutives)
- *Brötchen, Fräulein, Hörnchen/Kipferl, Kiesel, Märchen, Scherlein*
- *částice, králík, kulka, můstek, schodek...*
- *andulka, besídka, houska, polobotka*

# System of Czech diminutives

- quite complex (see handout)
  - specific (-ínek, íček, -inečka, -átečko, -oučko...)
  - aspecific (-ek, -ík, -ko, -ečko...)
- nouns
- other parts of speech (transposition to nouns)

# Gathering data

- All diminutive forms in Corpus *InterCorp v7*
- Collocations, counterparts
  1. „Real“ diminutives: potentially evaluative meaning (*botička*)
  2. „Quasi“ diminutives: no evaluative meaning (*botička*)
  3. „Non-diminutives“: homonymous ending (*žejdlík, jídelníček, antuka, základka, nabíječka, písíčko...*)

# „Quasi/Pseudo“ diminutives

- around 600 different forms:

*andělíček* [angel<sup>DIM</sup>], *andulka* [„Ann“<sup>DIM</sup>], *berlička* [crutch<sup>DIM</sup>],

*brambůrek* [potatoe<sup>DIM</sup>], ... *kahánek* [oil lamp<sup>DIM</sup>] ... *mejdličko* [soap<sup>DIM</sup>] ...

*ořezávátko* [sharpener<sup>DIM</sup>] ... *schodek* [step<sup>DIM</sup>], ... *žlutásek* [yellow thing<sup>DIM</sup>]

Only terms (in quite different semantic fields):

- biology 32
- zoology 42
- medicine 35
- fashion 23
- food 32
- industry (various products) 120

(Examples see handout)

# Searching for counterparts

- *Treq* on korpus.cz
- *Linguee.com*
- Dictionaries
- *Wikipedia*
- several homepages (e.g. dental chairs)

# Counterparts

## English

- Metaphors
- Borrowings
- Word-formation
  - Attribute phrases
  - Compounds
  - Diminutives

## German

- Word-formation
  - Compounds
  - Diminutives
  - Attribute Phrases
- Borrowings
- Metaphors

# Metaphors

*chleba*

*bread*

*Brot*

*chlebíček*

*sandwich*

*(beleges) Brötchen, Sandwich*

*Jako by za těch několik **chlebíčků** a víno měla povinnost mě bavit.*

*As if in return for those few **sandwiches** and the wine she had a duty to entertain me.*

*Als wäre sie verpflichtet, mich zum Dank für den Wein und die paar **Brötchen** zu unterhalten. (Klíma: Milostné léto / A Summer Affair)*

# Metaphors

*ruka*

*hand*

*Hand*

*ručička*

*needle*

*Zeiger*

*Ručička na číselníku vystřelila na padesát pět.*

*The **needle** of the dial had shot up to fifty-five.*

*Der **Zeiger** der Zahlscheibe schnellte auf fünfundfünfzig hoch.*

(Orwell: 1984)

# Metaphors

*koš*

*basket*

*Korb*

*košíček (cake)*

*cupcake*

*Körbchen*

*košíček (bra)*

*cup*

*Körbchen*

*mlýn*

*mill*

*Müle*

*mlýnek*

*grinder*

*Kaffee-/Käsemüle*

# Borrowings

- |                   |                     |                            |
|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| • <i>bomba</i>    | <i>bomb</i>         | <i>Bombe</i>               |
| • <i>bombička</i> | <i>Cartridge</i>    | <i>Kartusche, Patrone</i>  |
| • <i>pusa</i>     | <i>mouth, kiss</i>  | <i>Mund, Kuss</i>          |
| • <i>pusinka</i>  | <i>meringue</i>     | <i>Baiser, Busserl (A)</i> |
| • <i>meč</i>      | <i>sword</i>        | <i>Schwert</i>             |
| • <i>gladiola</i> | <i>gladiol-us/a</i> | <i>Gladiole</i>            |

# Intergration

- Czech
  - Translations & integration suffixes *fialka*, *cévka*, *limetka*
- English
  - No changes (except pronunciation) *violet*, *catheter*, *lime*
- German
  - Translations & „Anpassung“ (adjustment) *Veilchen*, *Katheter*, *Limette*

# „Translations“ (Calques)

|                                    |                              |                     |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| • <i>meč</i>                       | <i>sword</i>                 | <i>Schwert</i>      |
| • <i>mečík (gladiolus)</i>         | <i>sword lily</i>            | <i>Schwertblume</i> |
| • <i>pantofel</i>                  | <i>slipper</i>               | <i>Pantoffel</i>    |
| • <i>pantoflíček (cypripedium)</i> | <i>lady's slipper orchid</i> | <i>Frauenschuh</i>  |
| • <i>sláma</i>                     | <i>straw</i>                 | <i>Stroh</i>        |
| • <i>slámka (brčko)</i>            | <i>straw</i>                 | <i>Strohalm</i>     |

# „Translations“ (Calques or same motivation)

- |                   |                     |                       |
|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| • <i>trubka</i>   | <i>pipe, tube</i>   | <i>Rohr</i>           |
| • <i>trubička</i> | <i>rolled wafel</i> | <i>Waffelröllchen</i> |
| • <i>stonožka</i> | <i>centipede</i>    | <i>Tausendfüßler</i>  |
| • <i>destička</i> | <i>brake disc</i>   | <i>Bremsscheibe</i>   |
| • <i>krvinka</i>  | <i>corpuscle</i>    | <i>Blutkörperchen</i> |
| • <i>korunka</i>  | <i>tooth crown</i>  | <i>Zahnkrone</i>      |
| • <i>plotýnka</i> | <i>(spine) disc</i> | <i>Bandscheibe</i>    |

# Compounds

- *kabela*                    *bag*                    *Tasche*
- *kabelka*                *handbag*              *Handtasche*
- *zahrada*                *garden*                *Garten*
- *zahrádka*              *beer garden*            *Biergarten, Gastgarten,  
Schanigarten (A)*

# Diminutives

- *ubrus*                    *table cloth*                    *Tischtuch*
- *ubrousek*                *napkin*                      *Serviette*
- *kalhoty*                 *pants, trousers*            *Hose*
- *kalhotky*                *undies*                      *Höschen*
- *kapsa (\*taška)*      *pie*                          *Tasche*
- *taštička*                *dumpling*                  *Tascherl, Keilchen, (Ravioli)*

# Different Motivation

|                          |                          |                         |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| • <i>ledňáček</i>        | <i>kingfisher</i>        | <i>Eisvogel</i>         |
| • <i>kohoutek</i>        | <i>trigger/tap</i>       | <i>Hahn</i>             |
| • <i>kopeček</i>         | <i>scoop</i>             | <i>Kugel</i>            |
| • <i>košíček</i>         | <i>cup</i>               | <i>Körbchen</i>         |
| • <i>rakvička</i>        | <i>casket, sweet</i>     | <i>Liebesknochen</i>    |
| • <i>tabulka (čoko)</i>  | <i>bar</i>               | <i>Tafel, Täfelchen</i> |
| • <i>matička</i>         | <i>nut</i>               | <i>Mutter</i>           |
| • <i>zahrádka (auto)</i> | <i>luggage/roof rack</i> | <i>Dachträger</i>       |

# Structures (summing up)

- Czech terminology
  - Word-formation (derivation – even of old borrowings) & metaphors
- English terminology
  - Metaphors & borrowings, word-formation
- German terminology
  - Word-formation (compounding) & metaphors, borrowings

# Specification in the opposite direction

Diminutive form is more common, both words are terms.

|             |            |                               |
|-------------|------------|-------------------------------|
| • kvas      | ferment    | Gärung                        |
| • kvásek    | sour dough | Sauerteig                     |
| • čistidlo  | polish     | Reinigungsmittel              |
| • čistítko  | cleaner    | Reiniger                      |
| • napínák   | shoe-tree  | Holzbügel                     |
| • napínáček | pin        | Reißnagel                     |
| • plivadlo  | spit sink  | Speichelschale (Spuckbecken?) |
| • plivátko  | spitoon    | Spuckschale                   |
| • razidlo   | seal       | Seiegelstempel                |
| • razítko   | stamp      | Stempel                       |
| • sluchadlo | earplug    | Hörgerät                      |
| • sluchátko | headphone  | Kopfhörer                     |

# Back-formation „Desuffixation“

Diminutive form is more common, base is a term

- *dalamánek* [roll, bagel] → *dalamán* ≈ *bagel*
- *loupáček* [croissant] → *loupák* ≈ *croissant*
- *feferonka* [pepper] → *feferona* ≈ *pepper*
- *čížek* [finch] → *číž* ≈ *finch*
- *sýček* [little owl] → *sýc* ≈ *little owl*

Wide range of deverbatives

- (*ohryzat* [gnaw] → *ohryzek* [core] → *ohryz* ≈ *bark browsing*)
- *příčesat* [do/add hair] → *příčesek* [hairpiece] → *příčes* [„power“ piece]

Formal words

- *lebka* [skull, head] → *leb* ≈ *skull*
- *vánek* [breeze, wind] → *van* ≈ *draught, breeze*

# Conclusion

- Czech uses diminutive suffixes to form terminology
  - unspecific suffixes
- Diminutives in German terminology are very rare
  - specific diminutive suffixes
- Diminutives in English terminology „invisible“
  - in borrowings only
- Counterparts of „back-formed“ Czech words: formal English

# Issues

- What do the counterparts of Czech quasi-diminutives look like? Are there also diminutive forms in English and German?
  - In English no, in German yes
- Is there any correlation between the morphological language type and the type of coining terms?
  - Yes, but in English more metaphors than conversions.
  - In German: more metaphors and borrowings than expected.

Thank you very much!