# READING, p. 101

#### TASK 1

### Par 1

- 1. **bruise** = injury caused by a blow to the body or a fruit, discolouring the skin but not breaking it.
- 2. **bandwagon** = an idea or activity, especially in politics or business, that suddenly becomes very popular or fashionable, so that a lot of people want to be involved in it: *His recent poll victory could start an ultra-nationalist bandwagon rolling.*

jump on/climb on/join the bandwagon: Every business was trying to jump on the 'dot-com' bandwagon.

- 3. **scramble on** = climb or crawl quickly, usu over rough ground or with difficulty
- 4. **trait** = element in sb's personality, distinguishing characteristic

### Par 2

- 1. **venture capitalist** = a private investor or a financial business that invests money in new companies, which may involve a lot of risk and bring good profits
- 2. **business angel** = an investor who helps new companies develop by lending them their own money, which may involve a lot of risk
- 3. **to be inclined to** = to have a tendency to do sth, to have sth; likely to be sth, to do sth

The car is inclined to stall when it's cold outside.

to stall = (of an engine) to stop suddenly because of insufficient power or speed

- 4. **mediocre** = not very good, second-rate
- 5. **to attach a lot of importance on sth** = to put a lot of weight on sth
- 6. **scar** = a mark left on the skin by a wound, sore, etc.
- 7. tissue = mass of cells forming the body of an animal or a plant;

The <u>tissues</u> have been destroyed and a scar has formed.

- 8. **asset**= valuable or useful quality or skill
- 9. **prospective** = expected to be or to occur, future or possible

## Par 3

- 1. **to rest on** = to depend on
- 2. chances of = possibility, likelihood

### Par 4

**1. spin-out** = a company that is formed to develop and use the results of research done at a university or college

**Spin-off** = the act of forming a new, independent company from part of an existing one; a company formed in this way

2. **edge** = advantage

have an/the **edge** on/over sb/sth = have a slight advantage over sb/sth

The young tennis player definitely had the <u>edge</u> on his older opponent.

- 3. **entrant** = someone who enters a competition, market or examination
- 4. **survival** = the fact or state of continuing to live or exist, especially in difficult conditions

### Par 5

- 1. **pattern** = a series of actions or events that together show how things normally happen or are done; a set of lines, shapes, or colours that are repeated regularly
- 2. **to spot** = to notice something or someone

trainspotting = the activity of watching trains and writing down their numbers and names

3. **intuitive** = based on your feelings rather than on facts or evidence

## Par 6

1. **radicalism** = a way of thinking or behaving that is based on the belief that important political and social changes are necessary

- 2. **domain** = a particular area of activity or life
- 3. **disruptive** = causing difficulties that interrupt something or prevent it from continuing
- 4. **to subject sth/sb to sth** = to make someone experience something unpleasant
- 5. **oligopoly** = the control of trade in particular goods or the supply of a particular service by a small group of companies; the type of goods or service that is controlled in this way; the companies that control the trade:\_

The North American market will ultimately turn into an <u>oligopoly</u> of five or six companies.

Oligopoly is formed from the words **oligarchy** (a small group of people who control a business, an organization, a country, etc. for a long time and are unwilling to let other people share power; the business, organization or country that they control) and monopoly.

- 6. **erode** = to gradually damage the surface of rock or land so that it begins to disappear, or to be gradually damaged in this way; to gradually reduce the strength, importance or value of something, or to be gradually reduced in this way
- 7. **consolidation** = the situation when companies of the same type join together; the act of joining two or more things together; the act of making your power, success, knowledge, etc. stronger

The training focuses on the consolidation of skills.

### Par 7

1. **inverse** = opposite in amount or position to another thing (in the text this word is in the adverbia form)

There is an <u>inverse</u> relationship between shares and the dollar (= the value of one goes up as the value of the other goes down).

The gold price often moves <u>inversely</u> to the dollar. E-business knowledge is <u>inversely</u> proportional to age and height in the organization.

# in inverse proportion to

if one thing is in inverse proportion to another, the more of one thing there is, the less there is of the other:

The attractiveness of a city tends to be in inverse proportion to its economic productivity. The size of demand is in inverse proportion to the price (= if one is high the other is low and if one is low the other is high).

### Par 8

- 1. **genuinely** = honestly or in a sincere way
- 2. **conscious** = noticing that something exists or is happening and realizing that it is important
- 3. **derive sth from sth** = to receive or obtain something from something else
- 4. **focused** = concentrating on a particular aim and not wasting time or energy on other things; clear
- 5. **counterpart** = someone or something that has the same job or purpose as another person or thing, but in a different country, time, situation, or organization

### Par 9

- 1. **groundbreaking** = using new methods or achieving new results
- 2. **benchmark** = an amount, level, standard etc that you can use for judging how good or bad other things are
- 3. **potential** = the possibility to develop or achieve something in the future

### Par 10

1. **dean** = a senior official at a college or university