MASARYKOVA UNIVERZITA

Centrum jazykového vzdělávání na Ekonomicko-správní fakultě

MPJ_JII2Ab Jazyk II/2 - Angličtina

Model test

NAME:		UČO:
Listening:	Subtotal (39 points out of 65 to pass)	TOTAL
Grammar & Vocabulary:		
Reading:		Mark
Writing:	(9 points out of 15 to pass)	
Speaking:	(12 points out of 20 to pass)	

L	ISTENING	(TASKS 1 – 2)		po	ints
T	ASK 1		(1 point per item; to	otal: 5 p	oints,
	u will hear a talk about electric cars. List se (F). You will hear the recording twice:	en and decide whether stat	ements 1. – 5. are	true (T	') or
1.	Some people criticise Newcastle for cars.	installing charging po	ints for electric	T	F
2.	Currently, Prius has electric batteries,	, a petrol motor and sola	ar panels.	T	F
3.	The first all-electric cars were made b	oy big car makers.		T	F
4.	Employees of Nissan sold information	on about Leaf to the Ch	inese.	T	F
<i>5</i> .	Electric car owners in the UK don't l	have to pay some taxes	and charges.	T	F

Space for your notes:				
	10 k	*** ·*·	¬	.:











Т	ASK	2

(1 point per item; total: 10 points)

Space for your notes:

You will hear Skip and Dez talk about Facebook's initial public offering (IPO). Use up to 5 words to answer questions 6. - 15. You will hear the recording twice:

6.	What is the broad definition of IPO that Dez mentions?
	The process of determining when they are sold for the first time.
7.	What details have to be included in a public company's financial reporting?
	Assets,, revenue and names of people providing capital.
8.	What do public companies, unlike private ones, tend to focus on?
	The results in
9.	What sources of capital do private companies have?
	Their own profits,, bank loans.
0.	What does a company going public lose in exchange for capital?
	Its
1.	What was the development of Google's share price after its IPO?
	It to \$200.
2.	What is the maximum prediction of how much Facebook will get from its IPO?
	\$
3.	What does Skip say about Facebook's revenue?
	85% of it comes from
4.	Why doesn't Dez want to invest in Facebook?
	Because companies in the tech sector are
5.	How is Facebook expected to change after its IPO?
	Focus might shift from to stockholders' financial expectations.











GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

(TASKS 3-8)

____ points

\mathbf{T}	ASK 3	(1 point per item; total: 5 points)
Ren	rite each sentence and keep its original meaning; use the expression	given without changing its form:
Exa	mple: Susan may not leave home before 3 o'clock. ALLOWED Susan <u>is not allowed to leave</u> home before 3 o'clock.	
16.	"I'll give you a ring tomorrow," she assured me. THA	T
	She assured me	the following day.
17.	The government should give people more information	
	People	about the pension system.
18.	He joined the company four years ago. FOR	
	Не	four years.
19.	People eat too much junk food, therefore they are fat.	LESS
	If people junk food, they	so fat.
20.	There is no need for you to go to the meeting. NOT	
	You to the n	neeting.
	ASK 4 nslate the following expressions into English as faithfully and accu	(1 point per item; total: 6 points) rately as possible:
21.	ochrana duševního vlastnictví –	-
22.	nabídka a poptávka –	
23.	zrušit cla –	
	zrušit cla –	
24.		

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Task 5	(1 point per item; total: 5 points)
Fill in the appropriate preposition or aa necessary, put "—" into the gap:	lverbial, if necessary. If you decide that no preposition or adverbial is
Examples: The book focuses <u>on</u> new tre We discussed <u>the topic la</u>	
27. The prizes of local and nation	nal competitions range£10 and £5000.
28. The money should be spent of	on something that will benefit everyone.
29. The most serious threat	security is irresponsible employees.
30. Businesses can innovate	improving existing products and services.
31. She resignedp	ersonal reasons.
Thorac	
Task 6	(1 point per item; total: 5 points)
Complete each sentence with a word n correctly. Do not form new words using	nade from the word given in brackets. The word must be spelled -ing :
	mic as it makes absolutely no profit. (ECONOMY) roken computer. (REPLACEMENT)
32. He complained that the inter- (<i>PRIVATE</i>)	viewer's questions were an invasion of his
33. Recently, teaching has become	e more project and oriented. (ASSIGN)
34. This way, our company (ACQUISITION)	may a reputation for dishonesty
35. Why do you think that every (ENVIRONMENT)	wants to stop all technological progress
36. The company entered the As (SUCCESS)	ian markets and without any extra costs
Task 7	(1 point per item; total: 3 points)
Make questions asking about the word of Example: We finished the work <u>really q</u> How did you finish the wo	uickly.
37. Investors should be aware of	all the risks involved.
	_



38. The founder of the company came up with some revolutionary ideas.

39. They weren't allowed to raise prices in the following year.



TASK 8

(1 point per item; total: 6 points)

Com	plete the sentences with the correct form of the VERB and other words in brackets:
Exa	mple: Jack <u>has never worked</u> (never, WORK) in a different company so far.
40.	There is no point (RAISE) the question again.
41.	He set up his company soon after(<i>DROP</i>) out of the college.
42.	The shelves are empty because the goods (not, DELIVER) yet.
<i>43</i> .	The company (TRY) to get funding for its research from the EU since last summer but without success.
44.	First he offered (<i>HELP</i>) us find suitable premises, but later he backed out of it.
45.	My colleague is a TV addict. He doesn't even mind (<i>WATCH</i>) boring TV commercials.

READING

(TASKS 9 - 11)

points

TASK 9:

(1 point per item; total: 10 points)

Read the following text and fill the gaps by choosing one correct option in each case:

The Second Russian Revolution
In a recent survey of the Forty richest people aged under 40, five of the ten richest people came from Russia. This may seem surprising for a country that spent most of the last century under communist rule. But (46.) who has been following developments in Russia since the fall of communism in 1991 won't be too surprised.
Even before 1991 it was legal for people to start private companies and co-operatives. (47.) the values of capitalism and a market economy have been emerging. In the mid-1990s, Russia's vast state oil and mining companies were sold off and many young (48.) took the opportunity to start successful businesses. Those companies have now expanded into other areas of industry, (49.) banking, telecommunications, retail, and the arts.
(50.), the number of smaller businesses has increased a lot. More money has been coming into the economy. The devaluation of the rouble after the 1998 economic crisis actually helped promote a mini-boom. Real (51.) fell, which encouraged small enterprises to expand. Imports became too expensive for the average Russian, so local production increased. (52.), a new middle class has emerged with money to (53.) on consumer goods. It's all part of the new market economy. International companies have also been investing in Russia since the fall of communism. Companies like McDonald's, Rolls Royce, Ferrari, and IKEA have opened businesses such as shops, showrooms, and factories. Russian entrepreneurs themselves have made
significant investments outside Russia – for example Roman Abramovich, who has

46.	A: every	B: anyone	<i>C</i> : either	D: each
<i>47</i> .	A: Despite	B: As well	<i>C</i> : Since then	D: Regardless
48.	A: entrepreneurs	B: representatives	C: purchasers	D: economics
49.	A: as	B: as for	C: such as	D: so as
50.	A: At the same time	B: In contrast	C: While	D: Whereas
<i>51</i> .	A: refunds	B: wages	C: claims	D: prospects
<i>52</i> .	A: As a result	B: Though	<i>C</i> : On the contrary	D: In addition to
<i>53</i> .	A: gain	B: withdraw	C: pay off	D: spend
54.	A: worth	<i>B:</i> fortune	C: liabilities	D: figures
<i>55</i> .	A: complying	B: trustworthy	C: remarkable	D: random

As one observer put it: 'The speed of what's been happening in Russia since 1991 is

invested some of his (54.) in the London football club Chelsea.

(55.) ______ – in many ways they've seen a "second Russian revolution".'

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Model test

TASK 10:

(1 point per item; total: 5 points)

Read the following email, decide whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F), and write down the information that supports or denies a given statement:

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

We have been contacted by Lenz AG, a German manufacturer of mobile telephones, and asked about the possibility of a co-operation agreement. We would adapt our business software for use in their products. Tests show that their product is a good one and popular with our target market.

Introduction

This report will look at:

- the hardware manufacturer and their equipment
- software that could be used on their mobile phones
- the advantages of working together

Findings

Lenz has been developing cheap, small-scale electronic devices for thirty-five years. In the last five years, they have focused on more expensive mobile phones for businesspeople and been very successful. One in four mobile phones for the business market is a Lenz.

Our new 'Executive Organizer' software has a lot of attractive features for the travelling businessperson (e.g. address book, e-mailware, voice recorder, street finder function, etc.).

There is a big interest in our products being used on machines part from computers.

Recommendation

We should have a meeting with representatives from Lenz as soon as possible to discuss a joint venture between our companies, with the aim of putting our software onto their mobile phones.

Tracy Cruickshank

Research and Development Director

Model: Lenz AG makes software for mobile phones. No, Lenz AG makes mobile phones.		F
56. The company's customers are interested in Lenz AG's produ	nct. T	F
57. The report will analyze disadvantages of the cooperation.	Т	F
58. Recently, Lenz AG started making more costly products.	Т	F
59. More than half of all business people use Lenz's mobile phor	nes. T	F
60. A joint venture between the companies has been agreed.	T	F









TASK 11

(1 point per item; total: 5 points)

Read the following text and choose one correct option for each item:

E-TAILING: IT'S ALL ABOUT SERVICE

Turning surfers into shoppers requires new levels of help online. The trick is providing it without seeming to be too pushy.

Today, most websites are easy to use and provide reliable and cost-effective shipping. But despite e-tailers' best efforts, a lot of the virtual viewing still isn't necessarily translating into sales. According to Jupiter Research, less than 5% of people visiting a Website ever turn into paying customers. And if the rest have clicked through a paid search ad without buying anything, bringing them to the site actually costs the website money.

DEMONSTRATING LOVE

How to convert these window shoppers into paying customers? Overstock.com believes in customer service. It now has 60 highly-trained customer-service representatives, about 20 to 30 of whom staff a 24-hours-a-day department to answer customer questions via live web chats on the site. When a customer engages in a live chat with a sales rep, the average purchase doubles in value, Overstock has found. 'It's all about demonstrating our love for the customer,' says Overstock CEO Patrick Byrne.

Then there's LivePerson, a publicly-traded New York firm that makes customer-tracking software. What's most cool about LivePerson's technology is that it follows what customers are doing and can automatically flag and offer help to e-customers based on rules individual e-tailers set.

ANIMATED CHARACTERS

Other small, private companies, like Oddcast in New York and Pulse in San Francisco, offer animated characters who act as sales reps on e-tail sites, drawing from a databank of voice answers to commonly asked questions. Oddcast's 'SitePal' has been adopted by many smaller retailers who can't afford as many live customer-service reps as Overstock. Software e-tailer Goldish credits its animated sales reps with converting 33% more of its browsers into buyers.

OPPOSITES ONLINE

Other sites are closely watching how people navigate a site, and testing out what pages or promotions work best with different customer groups. But sellers beware: research done by New York University's Stern School of Business has found most shoppers consider tracking without their consent a violation of their privacy. When in a store, a customer has no expectation of privacy. But when someone is shopping online, he or she is usually at home or at work. A sales rep invading your shopping experience can feel like an invasion of privacy. 'This is a lot about expectations,' says NYU Marketing Professor Eric Greenleaf. You feel like it's private when you're at home, as opposed to being in a store.'

RULES FOR CHATTING

Overstock limits chats to about 10% of its customers, even though sales rise briskly with customers who are engaged in an interactive discussion. Says Tad Martin of Overstock: 'we're taking the conservative approach right now. We don't want to be intrusive.

- 61. Compared with the number of people browsing websites, the volume of sales is
 - A: much lower.
 - B: much higher.
 - C: proportionate.
 - D: difficult to estimate.
- 62. Overstock.com increases sales by
 - A: developing customer-tracking software.
 - B: showing customers that they love them.
 - C: changing opening hours to 24-hour-a-day.
 - D: offering live online chats to help customers.
- 63. Animated characters
 - A: can answer all kinds of questions.
 - B: are mainly used by large companies.
 - C: can persuade most browsers to buy.
 - D: use answers from a database.
- 64. When shopping online people feel that their privacy
 - A: can be tracked under certain conditions.
 - B: is not something to worry too much about.
 - C: must be respected more than when shopping in stores.
 - D: should be protected as much as when shopping in stores.
- 65. The main aim of the text is to
 - A: inform about new possibilities of shopping online.
 - B: show that well-chosen online help can boost revenue.
 - C: complain that few people actually purchase online.
 - D: persuade customers to trust online companies more.











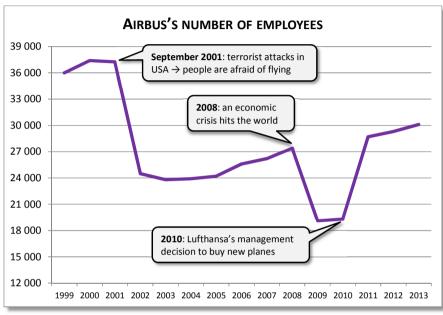
W	/R	IT	IN	G
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(TASK 12)

points

TASK 12 (total: 15 points)

Look at the graph showing the development of Airbus's number of employees over the last 15 years and giving reasons for sudden changes. Use the graph to describe the development considering the events mentioned in 150 - 200 words:



24 000															- 1
21 000											+	\mathcal{F}			-1
18 000	2010: Lufthansa's management														
15 000		decision to buy new planes													
12 000	1000									2000	2000	2212	2011		
_	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
														-	
											-				
				-							-				

UČO:						









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MPJ JII2Ab Jazyk II/2 - Angličtina

Model test

KEY

LISTENING

(maximum: 15 points)

TASK 1

(1 point per item; total: 5 points)

Source: Electric cars, Down to Business English,

http://www.speakeasytokyo.net/downtobusinessenglish/wordpress/2011/04/ele

ctric-cars/ Length: 3:22

1. **T**

2. **F**

3. **F**

4. **F**

5. **T**

TASK 2

(1 point per item; total: 10 points)

Source: Facebook IPO, Down to Business English,

http://www.speakeasytokyo.net/downtobusinessenglish/wordpress/2012/03/fac ebooks-ipo/

Length: 4:19

- 6. the price of shares/stocks
- 7. employee salaries
- 8. the next quarter / short term
- 9. private investors
- 10. independence/control
- 11. increased/rose/went up/...
- 12. **10 billion**
- 13. advertising
- 14. difficult to price
- 15. users' experience











GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

(maximum: 30 points)

TASK 3

(1 point per item; total: 5 points)

- 16. that she would give me a ring/call me
- 17. should be given more information
- 18. has been working/has worked in our/the company for
- 19. ate less ... wouldn't be
- 20. don't have/need to go / you needn't go

TASK 4

(1 point per item; total: 6 points)

- 21. intellectual property | protection
- 22. supply | and demand
- 23. to lift/cancel/abolish | duties
- 24. to lead to | information overload
- 25. public | awareness
- 26. warranty / guarantee and | after-sales benefits

TASK 5

(1 point per item; total: 5 points)

- 27. between
- 28. ---
- 29. to
- 30. by/without
- *31.* **for**

TASK 6

(1 point per item; total: 5 points)

- 32. privacy
- 33. assignment
- 34. acquire
- 35. environmentalist
- *36.* successfully

TASK 7

(1 point per item; total: 3 points)

- 37. What should investors be aware of?
- 38. Who came up with some revolutionary ideas?
- 39. What weren't they allowed (to do) (in the following year)?

TASK 8

(1 point per item; total: 6 points)

- 40. (in) raising
- 41. dropping / having dropped
- 42. haven't been delivered
- 43. has been/have been trying
- 44. to help
- 45. watching

READING

(maximum: 20 points)

TASK 9

(1 point per item; total: 10 points)

Source: New International Express Intermediate, SB, p. 100

Number of words: 292

- 46. **B**
- 47. **C**
- 48. **A**
- *49.* **C**
- 50. A
- 51. **B**
- 52. **A**
- 53. **D**
- 54. **B**
- 55. C

TASK 10

(1 point per item; total: 5 points)

Source: Market Leader Intermediate, New Edition, SB, str. 136

Number of words: 238

56. T

Yes, the product is popular with our target market.

57. **F**

No, advantages of working together.

58. **T**

Yes, they have focused on more expensive mobile phones.

59. **F**

No, one in four mobile phones for the business market is a Lenz.

60. **F**

No, a meeting to discuss the joint-venture should be held as soon as possible.













TASK 11

(1 point per item; total: 5 points)

Source: The Business Intermediate, Student's Book, Unit 5

Number of words: 465

- 61. **A**
- 62. **D**
- 63. **D**
- 64. **C**
- 65. **B**