Economic, Political and Social Identity in the European Union

Professor John Wilton

Lecture 7

European Union identity today

- Web site for information referred to in this lecture is www.ec.europa.eu
- Eurobarometer 62 from Autumn 2004 (fieldwork carried out in October/November 2004)
- Eurobarometer 74 (fieldwork Oct/Nov. 2010, published Feb. 2011
- Eurobarometer 82 (fieldwork Oct/Nov 2014)
- Eurobarometer84 (fieldwork Oct/Nov 2015)

Eurobarometer 62 (Autumn 2004)

- EU membership good thing (56%). Plus 8 percentage points from Eurobarometer 61 (Spring 2004). Highest level of support since 1995.
- But, view that EU membership is a good thing for their country mainly found amongst the citizens of old Member States (85% Luxembourg, 77% Ireland, 75% Netherlands, 73% Belguim, 72% Spain)

- Oct/Nov 2004 Eurobarometer poll 53% of EU citizens considered their country had benefited from belonging to the EU
- 34% thought their country hadn't benefited.
- Positive view Plus 6 percentage points from survey Feb/Mar 2004 - reached a level not seen over previous 10 years

IMAGE OF THE EUROPEAN UNION

- 50% had a positive image of the EU in Oct/Nov 2004 survey an increase of 6 percentage points on Spring 2004 survey
 - 33% were neutral about the EU image
- 15% had a negative perception of the image of the EU

From this the Eurobarometer 62 report suggested that:

• "This constant trend reflects once again the gap which exists between the wishes of citizens for more Europe and their perception of the current situation." (p.29)

Eurobarometer 74 (Autumn 2010): Most important personal values for EU citizens -

- human rights	47%
- peace	44%
- respect for human life	41%
- democracy	29%
- individual freedom	23%
- rule of law	22%
- equality	19%

Eurobarometer 74 (Autumn 2010):

- When asked to select the values that best represent the E.U., Europeans gave priority to the values which are the most important for them personally:

```
- human rights 38%
```

⁻ democracy 38%

Eurobarometer 74 (Autumn 2010):

Perceptions of what the E.U. represents for E.U citizens:

- freedom to travel, study and work

anyw	here in E.	U.	45%

- Euro	40%
--------	-----

- peace	24%
---------	-----

Eurobarometer 74 (Autumn 2010):

- 38% of Europeans surveyed had a positive image of the European Union
 - (= minus/decline of 10 percentage points in comparison with Eurobarometer 72 in Autumn 2009 effect of Euro crisis?)
- Eurobarometer 62 (Autumn 2004) 50% had positive image of E.U.

Eurobarometer 82 (Autumn 2014) 45% of respondents felt attached to the E.U. (9% felt 'very attached')

52% did not feel attached to E.U.

'Sense of E.U. citizenship is predominant, but in slight decline between Spring 2014 survey and Autumn 2014 survey
63% Autumn 2014 identified themselves as citizens of E.U in some way (35% did not)
(65% did in Spring 2014)

Eurobarometer 82 (Autumn 2014)

Self-identification as EU citizens decreases with age:

71% of 15 to 24 year olds

66% of 25 – 39 year olds

64% of 40 - 54 year olds

59% of 55 year olds and over

Higher among those who studied up to the age of 20 and beyond (73%) than among those who left school at 15 or earlier (48%)

Eurobarometer 82 (Autumn 2014) VALUES:

- Peace 40%

- Human Rights 36%

- Democracy 31%

IMAGE OF THE E.U.

39% positive

22% negative

37% neutral

Eurobarometer 84 (Autumn 2015) *IMAGE OF E.U.*

- 37% positive image (-4% from Spring 2015)
- 38% neutral image (unchanged from Spring 2015)
- 23% negative image (+4% from Spring 2015)

 FEEL ARE CITIZENS OF E.U.
- 64% (-3% SINCE Spring 2015)
- 34% disagree (+3% since Spring 2015)
 - (Spring 2010 62% versus 37%)