#### European Union Public Policy

Professor John Wilton

Lecture 3

Agenda-Setting 1: Role and purpose, EU political process, and the nature of agendas

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**Additional Source:** 

Princen, S. 'Agenda-setting in the E.U.: a theoretical exploration and agenda for research', *Journal of European Public Policy*, 14:1, pp.21-38.

- 1. The place of agenda-setting in the policy process its role and purpose
- 2. Agenda-setting as a political process its distinctive aspect in the EU policy process
- 3. The nature of agendas the social construction of policy issues

- 1. The place of agenda-setting in the policy process
  - key difference between EU and individual states
  - link between agenda-setting and the EU integration process

2. Agenda-setting as a political process

a) the identification, determination and clarification of the issue

b) the social and political construction of the issue

#### 3. The nature of agendas

- differing interpretations of issues, agendas and policies
- danger of different forms of policy outcomes
- negative agenda-setting

- 3. The nature of agendas
  - The pre-agenda process
    - contending ideas
    - advocacy
    - learning, and knowledge of information
    - political debate
    - political difference and/or agreement

#### 3. The nature of agendas

- first stage of agenda-setting social construction of the issue
- additional agenda 'spillover'
- avoiding conflict between national interests and EU interests in agenda-setting

#### Summary:

- 1. The place of agenda-setting in the policy process
- No policy outcomes can be reached without firstly the issue being placed on the EU policy agenda
- b) Issues reach the policy agenda usually as a result of substantial political mobilisation
- c) Specific to EU is link between agenda-setting and integration process

#### Summary:

- 1. Agenda-setting as a political process
- a) Identification, clarification, definition of an issue is open to political self-interest
- b) Definition of issue will determine which institution and organisation deals with it
- c) Issues reach EU policy agenda from long-term processes and short-term crisis processes
- d) EU Commission has initiated large 'bundles' of issues for EU policy agenda

#### Summary:

- 1. The nature of agendas
- a) Issues are open to differing interpretations among 27 Member states
- b) Negative as well as positive agenda-setting
- c) Complex pre-agenda process
- d) Control of 'social construction' of issue is key to satisfactory outcome
- e) Avoiding national interest/EU interest conflict assists speedy issue acceptance on to policy agenda