European Union Public Policy

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Lecture 11 The 'Europeanisation' or 'Regionalisation' of public policy

Additional sources:

- Tavora, I. 'The southern European social model: familialism and the high rates of female employment in Portugal', in *Journal of European Social Policy*, Vol. 22, No. 1, February 2012, pp. 63-76.
- Palier, B. (ed.) 'A Long Goodbye to Bismarck? The Politics of Welfare Reform in Continental Europe', (Book Review Symposium) in *Journal of European Social Policy*, Vol. 22, No. 1, February 2012, pp.90-101.

Additional sources:

Tugdar, E.E. (2013) 'Europeanization of Minority
Protection Policies in Latvia: E.U. Conditionality
and the Impact of Domestic Factors on the Rights
of Ethnic Russians', in *CEU Political Science*Journal, Vol. 8, Issue 1, February, p31-53
(including Bibliography for good sources on
'Europeanisation')

- 1. Structure and purpose of the course.
- 2. Regions and 'Regionalisation'
- 3. The 'Europeanisation' of Public Policy

- 1. Structure and purpose of the Course
 - a) Agenda-setting: fragmentation;
 - b) Policy formulation: multiple policy-making 'venues';
 - c) Policy decision-making: role and purpose of E.U. institutions;
 - d) Policy implementation: complex and multifaceted

Structure v Agency (role of institutions) (role of individuals)

Harmonisation/convergence v mutual recognition

'Spillover'

- 2. What do we mean by E.U. regional policy
 - aim of E.U. regional policy is to promote *solidarity*
 - produce *cohesion* in E.U.
 - based on principle of subsidiarity
 - 276 regions, over 500 million people

- entire territories of 10 new Member States of May 2004 designated as falling within *Objective 1* of E.U. Structural Funds
- two-thirds of new E.U. citizens from 2004 accession states lived in regions with GDP per head of less than half average GDP of all 25 E.U. states

E.U. Regional funds:

- 1. The Structural Funds
 - a) European Regional Development Fund;
 - b) European Social Fund;
 - c) Financial Instrument for Fisheries Guidance;
 - d) European Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee Fund.

- 94% of Structural Funds for 2000-2006 was concentrated on 3 objectives;
- Objective 1: Helping regions whose development was lagging behind to catch up;
- Objective 2: Supporting economic and social conversion in industrial, rural, urban or fisheries dependent areas facing structural difficulties

Objective 3: Modernising systems of training and promoting employment.

2. The Cohesion Fund

- assist least prosperous E.U. countries i.e. 10 newly acceded 2004 Member States, plus Greece, Spain, Portugal and (until end of 2003) Ireland

Policy for development of 7 Czech Regions:

"Infrastructure" Operational Programme for the 2004-2006 period, within Objective 1 framework:

Priority 1: Modernisation and development of transport infrastructure of national importance;

Priority 2: Reducing the negative environmental impacts of transport;

Priority 3: Environmental infrastructure improvement

http://civitas.brno.cz/en

CIVITAS Project ELAN – started 2002 – Brno, Ghent, Porto, Ljubljana, Zagreb (39 partners, Overall budget 29.2 million euro, EU grant 17.85 million euro – 61%)

Goal of the project: 'inclusion and support of citizens in development of the solutions for the clean city ensuring quality environment and health of all the inhabitants'.

E.U. Public Policy Lecture 11

- 3. 'Europeanisation' of public policy
 - E.U. 'single public policy areas'?
 - E.U. policies affect:
 - policy style (formulation and implementation);
 - general problem solving approach;
 - policy instruments employed;
 - policy standards set (based on E.U values and principles)

- Europeanisation of:
 - pressure groups
 - interest groups
 - epistemic communities

- 4 processes of 'Europeanisation' of policy:
- a) 'bottom-up' (national state E.U.)
- b) 'top-down' (E.U. national state)
- c) 'horizontal' (State State)
- d) 'round-about' (national state E.U. national state)

'Europeanisation' based on underlying E.U. principles and 'core values':

- social progress;
- the aim of high levels of employment;
- social protection;
- the aim of raising living standards and quality of life;
- promotion of social cohesion and social justice

'Europeanisation'

overarching E.U. core values and principles, within which individual policies are shaped, and diversity and 'mutual recognition' acknowledged, particularly in implementation to meet policy aims