MUNI CJV

# **Grammar in academic texts**

Daniel Gerrard daniel.gerrard@cjv.muni.cz

#### Which text seems more academic?



MUNI CJV

### Text 1 = academic text

- Mostly consists of long (sometimes complex) noun phrases, e.g. one source of business ideas; the degree to which one is already motivated and knowledgeable about the area
- Verbs are 'lexically empty' and mainly used to link ideas within the noun phrases, e.g. *are; have*
- Simple sentence structures, e.g. The advantages are X and Y;
  The disadvantages include W and Z.
- Main function of the text is to describe

## **Text 2 = magazine article?**

- Addresses the reader directly, e.g, *think about <u>your</u> hobbies;* <u>You</u> might be able to
- Makes assumptions about the reader, e.g. You probably already know about the area and find it motivating
- Empty/'dummy' subjects, e.g. There are
- Verbs carry some of the information, e.g. *enjoy*
- Contractions, e.g. *didn't*
- Complex sentences with dependent/subordinate clauses, e.g. <u>If</u>
  <u>it becomes your work</u>, you might no longer enjoy the activity and
  find it relaxing.

# MUNI CJV

Verb	Noun phrase	Controlling noun	
are	one source of business ideas	source	
may have	commercial potential potential		
are	the degree to which one degree is already motivated and knowledgeable about the area		
(and)	the possibility that it might make a very agreeable occupation	possibility	
include	ignorance about the market for the product or service	ignorance	
(and)	the loss of the relaxation loss enjoyed when the interest was only a hobby		

MUNI CJV

Determiner	Premodifier	Head noun	Postmodifier
<i>one</i> (numeral)		source	<i>of business ideas</i> (prepositional phrase)
	<i>commercial</i> (adjective)	potential	
<i>the</i> (article)		degree	<i>to which one is already motivated</i> (relative clause)

MUNI

CJV

No modifier: 42% (of academic texts) Premodifier: 26% Postmodifier: 21% Pre- and postmodifier: 11%

#### **Premodifier + noun**

adjective - the constitutional aspects

ed-participle - a *balanced* budget, from the *confused* events of 19-24 August, the *emitted* light ing-participle - *growing* problem, one *striking* feature of the years 1929-31, *existing* structures noun - *market* forces, *cabinet* appointments

# Noun + postmodifier

relative clause - students who have no previous experience to-clauses - the abilty to succeed, the question to be debated ing-clauses - a brake consisting of a drum divided into twelve compartments ed-clauses - canoes preserved by a hard plaster, a brake consisting of a drum divided into twelve compartments, the curve shown prepositional phrase (preposition + nominal group)- we need to bring to the box a special tool with a ready-compressed spring adverb (or adverbial group) - the road back, the people outside adjective (or adjectival group) - varieties common in India, the festival proper, something different that complement clause - the news that the research had succeeded was unexpected to-infinitive complement clause - the failure to provide him with adequate research facilities of + ing complement clause - the possibility of increasing dollar receipts wh- complement clauses - the question (of) whether there remained a distinctive philosophy of liberalism