

(STARA)

Smart Technology, Artificial Intelligence, Robotics, and Algorithms (STARA):
Employees' perceptions of our future workplace "Extent to which their jobs could be replaced
Prof David Brougham And Jarrod Haar

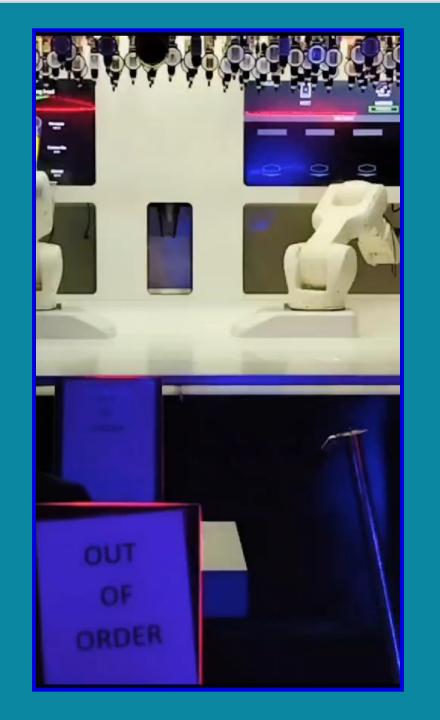
MUNI ECON

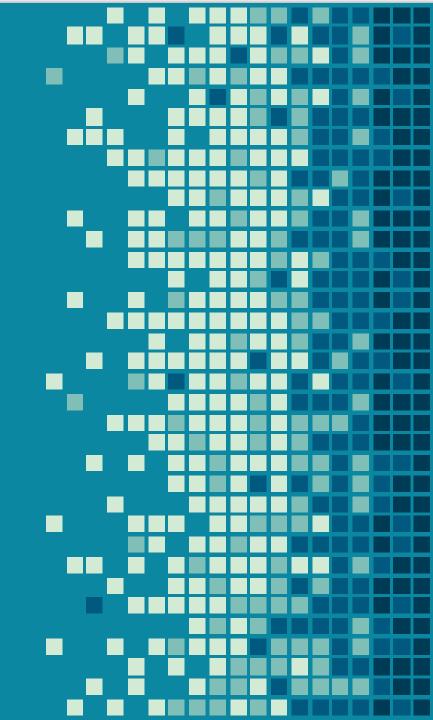
AGENDA

- Introduction
- Evolution: Industries
- Leadership in the world of Al
- STARA
- Ethics
- Summary



MUNI ECON





THE INDUSTRIAL EVOLUTION



 Steam Engine Mass Production by Machine

EMPLOYEE

Veterans

authority with experience Valuing workplace visibility

Intro-to-technology



Industry 2.0

Assembly Lines

BABY BOOMERS Pursues Education

Comfortable wit h techn Technology is import



Industry 3.0

- Automation
- IT Systems

EMPLOYEE GEN X **Innovators**

Values Flexibility Google

1780

Technology is very important



Industry 4.0

 Digitisation Gen Y

Side hustles



Leadership Styles 3

Ethics and values

Technology is essenti



Gen Z

Personalized work Hybrid/Remote **Side hustles** Technology is my life •

1870

Industry 5.0

- Cyber-Physical Cognitive Systems
- Green Manufacturing
- Cultural Collaboration
- Mass Customisation





Industry 6.0

Alpha

Tech-savvy digital natives. Social impact initiatives. **Futuristic**





Do you think technology will increase the number of jobs in the future?



(i) Start presenting to display the audience questions on this slide.

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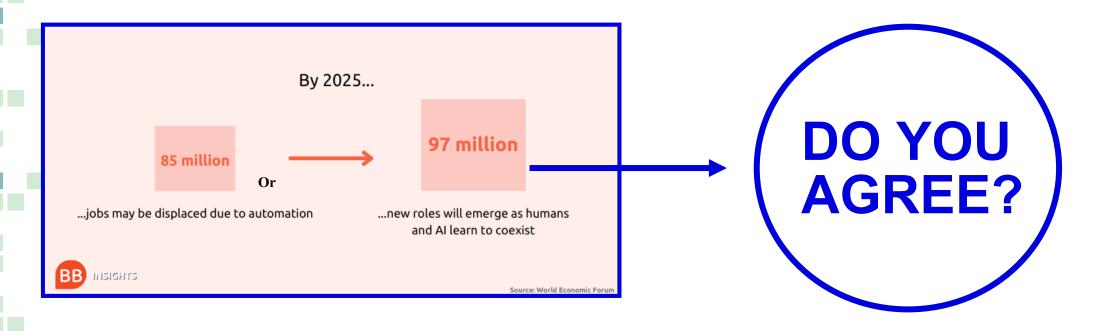
By what % do you think jobs may increase by 2025?



(i) Start presenting to display the poll results on this slide.

FUTURE ANTICIPATION

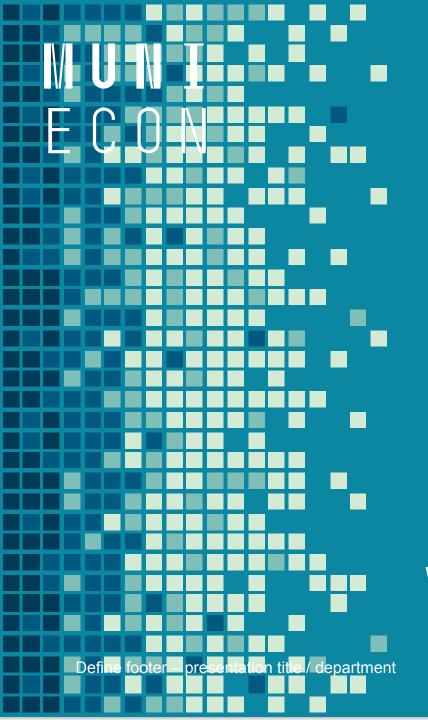
The World Economic Forum estimates that by 2025, technology will create at least 12 million more jobs than it destroys.



AI'S CHALLENGE: GET USERS TO ADAPT AND ADOPT

- IT industry analysts concur that AI technology will cause strong growth over the next three years.
- Growth will hinge on the ability of sectors to overcome technical, commercial, and regulatory challenges.



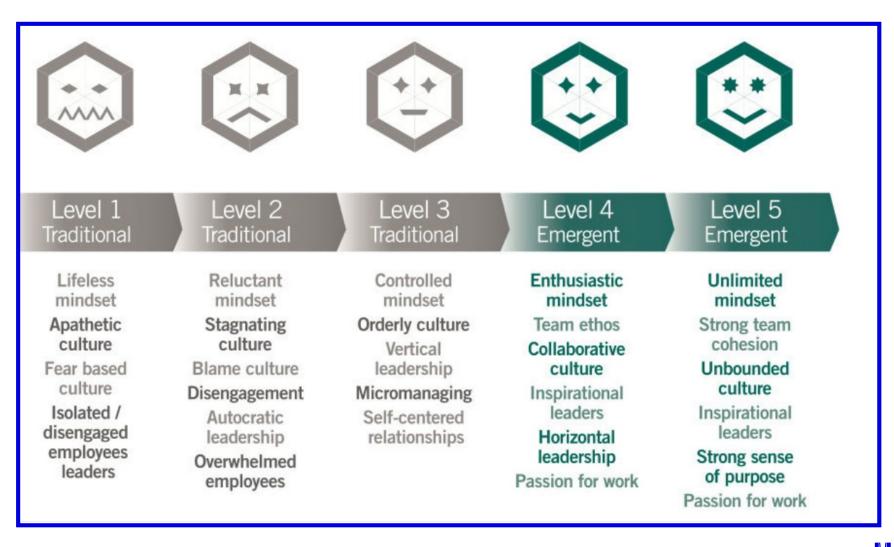


"As more and more artificial intelligence is entering into the world, more and more emotional intelligence must enter into leadership."

> — Amit Ray, Mindfulness Meditation for Corporate Leadership and Management

WHAT IS GOING TO BE YOUR LEADERSHIP ATTITUDE TO DEAL WITH STARA?

LEADERSHIP IN TRANSITION



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a1lzlO94PGc



LEADERSHIP ATTITUDE

Nick Wilton, 2016

Forbes, 2023

Behaviour	Attitude	Behaviour	Attitude
Adaptability	Willingness to change	Communication	Communication, collaboration, negotiation, facilitation, social influence and active listening.
Intuitive	Taking on challenges	Growth mindset	Unlearn to relearn, be curious
Resilience	Ability to bounce back	Adaptiveness	Becoming agile through change
Self-motivation	Personal drive to achieve goal	Emotional Intelligence	Self-awareness to aid in inspiring others
Teamwork	Collaboration	Abundance Mindset	Abundance mindset instead of a scarcity mindset allows us to reframe uncomfortable situations into opportunities.
Continuous learning	Ongoing personal & professional Development	Domain Expertise	Understand the latest technological developments
Professionalism	Integrity & ethical behavior	Al Skills	Learning how to leverage AI
Problem Solving	Approach challenges with a solution	Analytical Skills	Systems thinking ability and the associated mindset, 360-degree thinking.
Networking	Building and maintaining relationships	Creativity	See all perspectives
		Risk Awareness	Understanding the risk of technology
Industry 4.0			ndustry 5.0



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Smart Technology

Artificial Intelligence

Robotics

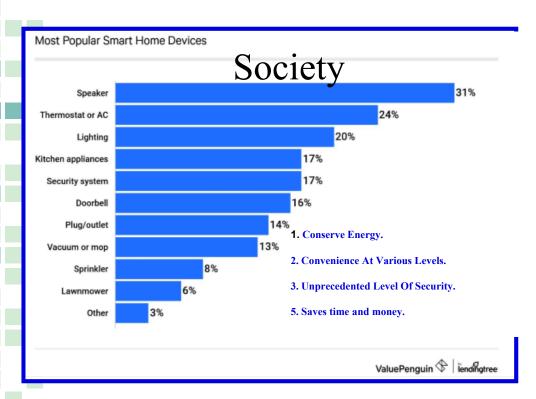
Algorithms

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SMART TECHNOLOGY

The integration of computing and telecommunication technology and the ability to communicate and work with other networked technologies

- □ "Smart tech" is advanced digital technologies that make decisions *for* people and *instead* of people.
- ☐ Includes machine learning, natural language processing, smart forms, chatbots, robots, and more.
- ☐ Its <u>use is skyrocketing</u> and embedded in every functional area from HR to communications, accounting, and service delivery.



Organisations



The Smart Workplace Taxonomy (Source: Keypoint Intelligence)

Create new time that can be used to re-humanize work and workplaces.





SMART TECHNOLOGY

Introduction to Industry 5.0:



Focuses on integrating advanced technology with human-centric values. Complements **Industry 4.0 by p**rioritizing sustainability, agility, and human collaboration.

1. Key Transformation Areas:

Employee & Customer-Centric: Shift towards personalized experiences for both employees and customers.

Enhances human-machine collaboration and builds trust-driven ecosystems.

2. Agile & Resilient:

Systems designed to adapt to rapid changes and disruptions. Emphasis on robust processes for quick recovery and sustained growth.

3. Sustainability:

Embedding environmental consciousness into operations. Focus on reducing carbon footprints and promoting circular economies.

4. Interconnection of Elements:

- These three areas are interdependent and cyclical, feeding into each other to create a continuous loop of improvement for Industry 5.0.
- The ultimate goal is holistic growth that combines technological advancements, human-centric approaches, and environmental responsibility.
- Industry 5.0 redefines the industrial landscape by ensuring that innovation aligns with human values and planetary needs while fostering adaptability and resilience.

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Artificial Intelligence

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

1.What is AI?

- ☐ AI refers to the simulation of human intelligence in machines that are programmed to think and learn.
- ☐ Includes systems capable of **decision-making**, **learning**, **visual recognition**, **language understanding**, and more.

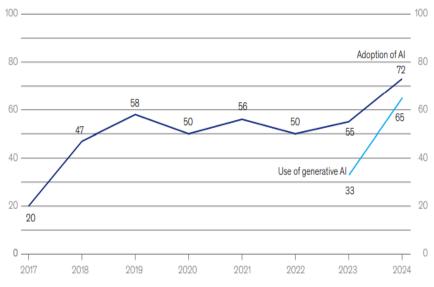
2. Why does AI matter?

- ☐ Automates repetitive tasks, improving productivity.
- Enhances decision-making with data insights.
- ☐ Drives innovation across industries (e.g., finance, healthcare, HR).

The global increase in AI adoption across organizations, highlighting a leap from 50% in

Al adoption worldwide has increased dramatically in the past year, after years of little meaningful change.

Organizations that have adopted AI in at least 1 business function, 1% of respondents



In 2017, the definition for Al adoption was using Al in a core part of the organization's business or at scale. In 2018 and 2019, the definition was embedding at least 1 Al capability in business processes or products. Since 2020, the definition has been that the organization has adopted Al in at least 1 function. Source: McKinsey Global Survey on Al, 1,363 participants at all levels of the organization, Feb 22–Mar 5, 2024

McKinsey & Company



AI's Impact on the Workplace Value Creation:

- AI reduces costs in HR by automating recruitment and employee engagement processes.
- Improves accuracy in decision-making, reducing errors in customer interactions.

Applications of AI:

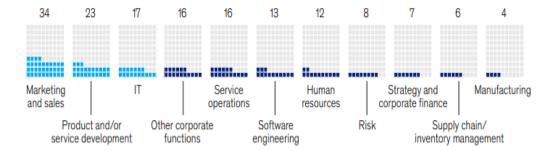
- **HR**: AI-driven recruitment, workforce optimization, and employee sentiment analysis.
- Sales: Personalized marketing and lead prioritization.
- **Operations**: Automating workflows, workload distribution, and predictive maintenance.

•Generative AI Use by Function in 2024:

• Highlight most-used functions like marketing & sales (34%),

Respondents most often report generative AI adoption in their marketingand-sales, product- and service-development, and IT functions.

Respondents' organizations regularly using generative AI (gen AI), by function, % of respondents



Most commonly reported gen Al use cases within function, % of respondents

Marketing and sales	Product and/or service development	IT
16	10	7
Content support for marketing strategy	Design development	IT help desk chatbot
15	6	7
Personalized marketing	Scientific literature and research review	Data management
8	6	6
Sales lead identification and prioritization	Accelerated early simulation/testing	IT help desk Al assistant ¹

'Eg, providing real-time assistance and script suggestions to help desk employees during human-to-human conversations. Source: McKinsey Global Survey on Al, 1,363 participants at all levels of the organization, Feb 22–Mar 5, 2024

McKinsey & Company



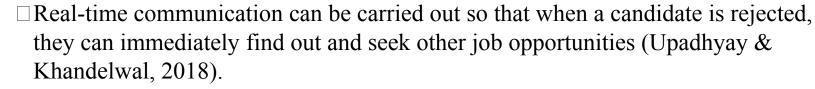
AI IMPLEMENTATION



AI can solve users, customers, and world problems (Dean, 2019).

- ☐ Google manages information worldwide, making data beneficial and easily accessible.
- ☐ Amazon and Walmart have begun to utilize drones for shipping (Agarwal, 2018).





AI is optimizing the healthcare space

☐ In USA, AI is widely used in the health sector to detect cancer and heart disease (Ho, 2018).

AI in IT

□ Of 112 companies in Indonesia that work in IT businesses, 14% have used AI. e.g, AI has become the core business strategy for Tokopedia, Go-Jek, and Grab.





Be Mindful

CHALLENGES OF AI DATA:

One of the main issues with generative AI relates to privacy concerns around data and questions of ownership of information.

McKinsey Global Institute (2017) said

"With generative AI tools such as Dall-E, these sometimes don't provide references to the original data or source. This is where copyright infringement could be a potential risk,"



How accurate is ChatGPT



The accuracy of ChatGPT, like other language models, depends on the context and the specific task at hand. ChatGPT is a powerful language model based on OpenAl's GPT-3.5 architecture, and it has been trained on diverse and extensive datasets to understand and generate human-like text.

However, it's important to note that ChatGPT is not infallible, and its responses are generated based on patterns it has learned from the data it was trained on. While it can provide coherent and contextually relevant answers to a wide range of queries, it may also produce incorrect or nonsensical responses, especially when faced with ambiguous or novel input.

The accuracy of ChatGPT can also be influenced by the specificity and clarity of the input provided. Clear and well-defined queries typically yield more accurate and relevant responses.

It's crucial for users to critically evaluate the responses generated by ChatGPT and be aware that it may not always provide information that is up-to-date or completely error-free. Additionally, OpenAl continually works to improve its models, and newer versions may exhibit enhanced performance compared to earlier iteration:







FUTURE ANTICIPATION



Regulation of artificial intelligence:

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Robotics

ROBOTICS

Types:

- ☐ Preprogrammed robots
- ☐ Autonomous robots
- ☐ Tele-operated robots
- ☐ Augmenting" robots



I'm not a robot



I'm not a robot," you are giving
Google permission to analyze
your online behavior to determine
if you are a human "??



ROBOTS: Aspects of meaningful work

Smids, Nyholm & Berkers (2020) determined the contribution of robots in the workplace having in creating meaning.

Aspect of meaningful work	Robotization as a threat	Robotization as an opportunity
1 Pursuing a purpose	If robots take over many or the most challenging tasks of a job, workers may experience less purposiveness.	If robots take over the most tedious or boring task, or if teaming up with robots helps to better pursue a worthy cause, workers might have an enhanced sense of purposiveness.
2 Social relationships	If human co-workers are replaced by robots, social interaction is reduced, and its nature will change	If future robots are designed as colleagues, capable of high-level social interaction, the need for relatedness may still be fulfilled. If robots take over repetitious tasks, more time is left for interpersonal contact.
3 Exercising skills and self- development	Tasks taken over by robots make corresponding human skills obsolete	Humans often need to maintain the relevant skills <i>and</i> need new complex skills to operate robot technology.
4 Self-esteem and recognition	If robots take over the most difficult tasks, social recognition and self-esteem may be diminished.	Teaming up with robots may lead to expanding skills and better outcomes, leading to greater social recognition and higher selfesteem.
5 Autonomy	Robot control deprives human workers from exercising judgment and autonomous agency. Little opportunity for job crafting.	Human workers control robots and enhance their capacities for autonomous agency. More room for job crafting.



FUTURE ANTICIPATION

An Al robot gave a side-eye and dodged the question when asked whether it would rebel against its human creator

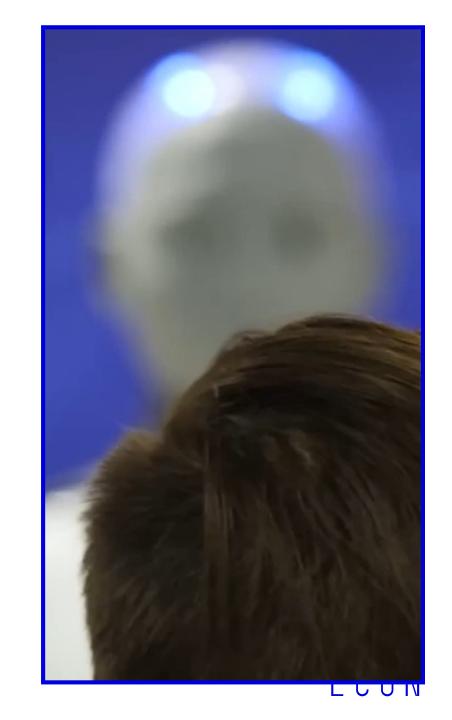
Katie Balevic Jul 8, 2023, 10:07 PM SAST



Business Insider reported:

- A robot-human press conference took place in Geneva, where humanoids took questions from reporters.
- One bot, Ameca, had a snarky response when asked whether it would rebel against its human creator.
 - ■"I'm not sure why you would think that,"

 Ameca said after casting a pointed, sideways glance. "My creator has been nothing but kind to me, and I am very happy with my current situation."
- Another bot insisted that it would not replace human jobs

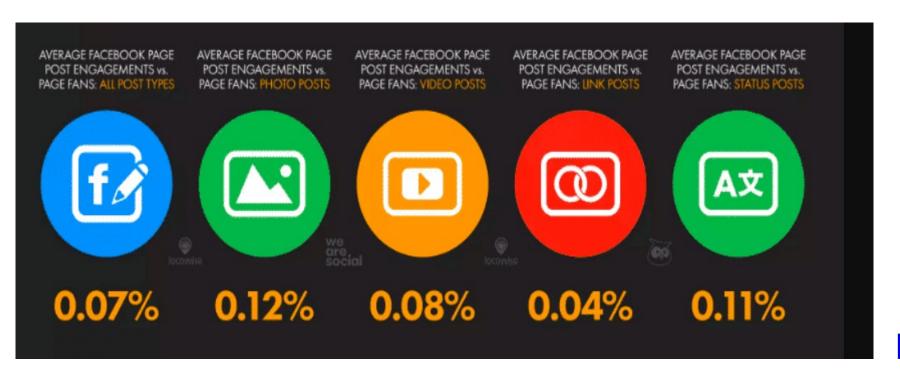


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Algorithms

THE KNOWN (WHAT)

Algorithms at work —"precise recipes that specify the exact sequence of steps required to solve a problem"—to augment and automate a variety of (MacCormick, 2012, p. 2). organizing, enabling organizations to process the "vast, fast, disparate, and digital" data produced in contemporary social and organizational life (Brayne, 2017, p. 980). The organization of services to 'citizen' and 'customer,' and the myriad of 'clicks' that regulate our daily lives, are all inspired by algorithmic models" (Totaro & Ninno, 2014, p. 30).





IMPLEMENTATION (HOW)

CHALLENGE 1: Biased data

- ☐ The data collected are always biased regardless of the data collection method (human or computer) (for an overview, see Silva & Kenney, 2018).
- e.g Employment advertisements for doctors, for example, are distributed using an algorithm that mainly directs them to male candidates, thus creating gender discrimination. The legacy reason is that, when an existing population of doctors is dominated by men, the algorithm learns that it gets more clicks or views when the advertisement is offered to men (Datta and Tschantz, 2015)

CHALLENGE 2: Unintentional lawsuits

☐ HireView negatively impacted an individual with autism, due to its facial expression video interview algorithms.

CHALLENGE 4: Control

□ Algorithms sometimes already verge on being too difficult to understand even by experts, and the managerial echelon certainly does not have the skill to act as the experts' countervailing power.

CHALLENGE 5: Decision-making

- ☐ Algorithmic versus professional decision-making
- ☐ Both can come with bias, lack of transparency, and value conflicts.
- □ Organization should not rely solely on only one type of decision-making.



FUTURE ANTICIPATION



Alogrithms can personalise the learning experience using student data, test scores and learning style

Businessweek | The Big Take

TikTok's Algorithm Keeps Pushing Suicide to Vulnerable Kids

The superpopular app can serve up a stream of anxiety and despair to teens. TikTok says it's making improvements but now faces a flood of lawsuits after multiple deaths.

(I) MAY 4, 2023



Online consumers at risk from 'intelligent' price manipulation, say experts

by University of Oxford

NEWS

Netherlands wants watchdog to reduce bias in artificial intelligence

Dutch government will take swift action to prevent citizens getting into trouble due to the misuse of algorithms

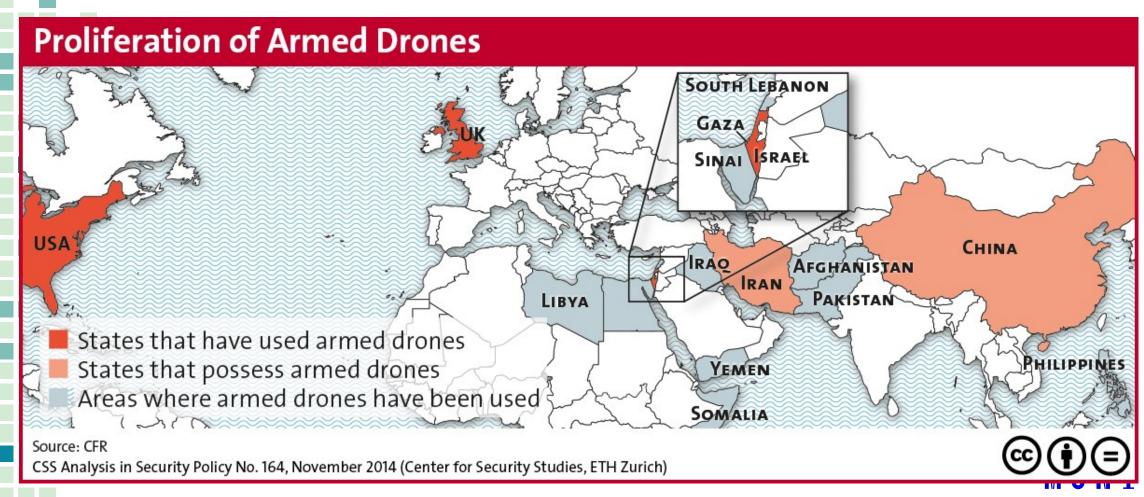




ETHICS

ETHICAL ISSUES (SAFETY)

May used for nefarious reasons as well as good.
All systems that can cause damage if used maliciously



ORGANIZATIONS PROMOTING AI ETHICS

AI ethics issues include data responsibility and privacy, fairness, explainability, robustness, transparency, environmental sustainability, inclusion, moral agency, value alignment, accountability, trust, and technology misuse.

Following organizations and projects monitoring ethics:

NASCAI: The National Security Commission on Artificial Intelligence (link resides outside ibm.com) is an independent commission "that considers the methods and means necessary to advance the development of artificial intelligence, machine learning and associated technologies to comprehensively address the national security and defense needs of the United States."

☐ AlgorithmWatch: AI Now Institute:DARPA: CHAI: NASCAI

AI and ethics: Business leaders know it's important, but concerns linger



Robots and algorithms now taking over human decision-making tasks and entering the workforce but also encroaching our private lives, currently challenges legal systems around the globe (Themistoklis, 2018).

Example:

- ☐ The attribution of human legal codes to AI is one of the most groundbreaking contemporary legal and judicial innovations. Until now legal personhood has only been attached directly or indirectly to human entities (Dowell, 2018).
- ☐ The detachment of legal personhood from human being now remains somewhat of a paradox causing an extent of "fuzziness" of the concept of personhood (Barrat 2013; Solum 1992, p. 1285).

Human concepts, such as morality, ownership, profitability and viability will have different meaning for AI.

The need for redefining AIE has therefore reached unprecedented momentum

THE IMPORTANCE (WHY) (Continued)

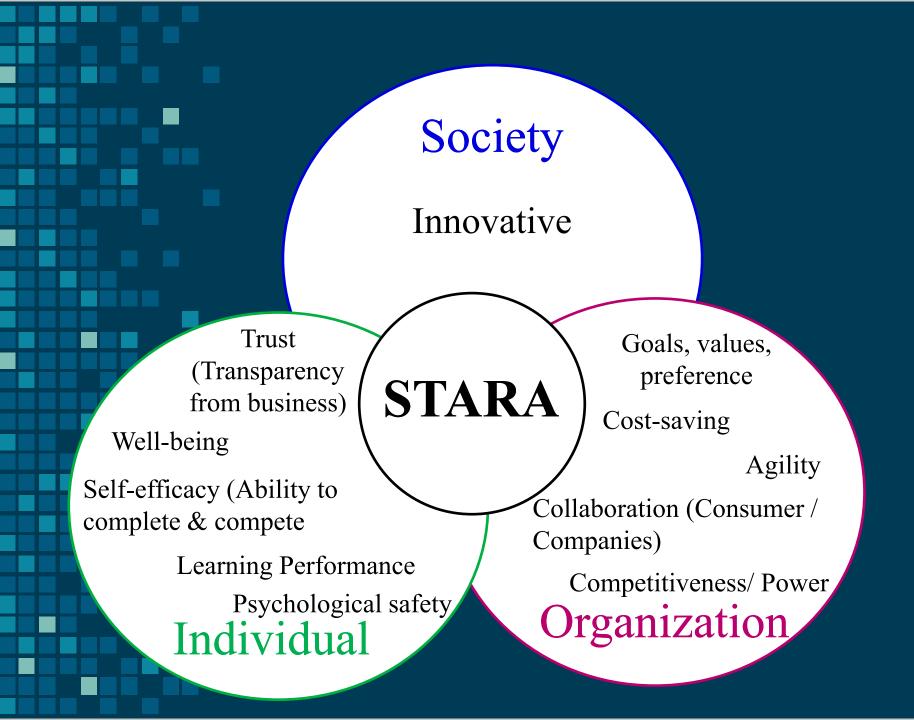






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FRAMEWORK



Key Success factors

Culture

- Foster openness in communication
- Facilitate openness in cooperation
- Living innovationfriendliness
- Create a participatory culture

Management

- Have and communicate a digitalization strategy
- **Build-up digitalization** capabilities
- Shape the digitalization culture
- Support change and persuade stakeholders

- Involvement in development and operation
- **Build digitalization** competencies
- Anticipate new ways of working
- Acquire and use multipliers

Workforce

- Identify, investigate and understand problems
- Joint elaboration of as-is and to-be situation
- Understand working practices
- Align digital processes with work practices

Processes

Social

Dimension

Key success factors for digital technology implementation projects



Organizational

Dimension

SWOT ANALYSIS OF STARA

Strength

Maintained competitiveness for organizations

Opportunity for growth for individuals

Improved environment sustainability

Improve productivity

Improved communication and collaboration

Data-driven decision-making

Innovation & Efficiency

Weakness

Skills Gap

Resistance to change

Overreliance on technology

Cost

Complexity

Increased safety

Decrease evasive procedures

Flexible working arrangements

Improved Performance monitoring & feedback

Upskilling and Reskilling

Psychological Safety

Opportunity

Decreased trust in the organisation

Privacy concerns

Job displacement concerns

Ethical consideration

Regulation challenges

Threat



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CONCLUSION

SUMMARY

Industry 5.0's main strategies are:

☐ Human-centricity:

moves people from being seen as resources to being genuine assets

☐ Resilience:

More resilient organizations would look to anticipate and react to any crisis to ensure stability through challenging times.

☐ Sustainability:

Extends sustainability from simply reducing, minimizing, or mitigating climate damage to actively pursuing efforts to create a positive change.



THANK YOU

QUESTIONS ??

