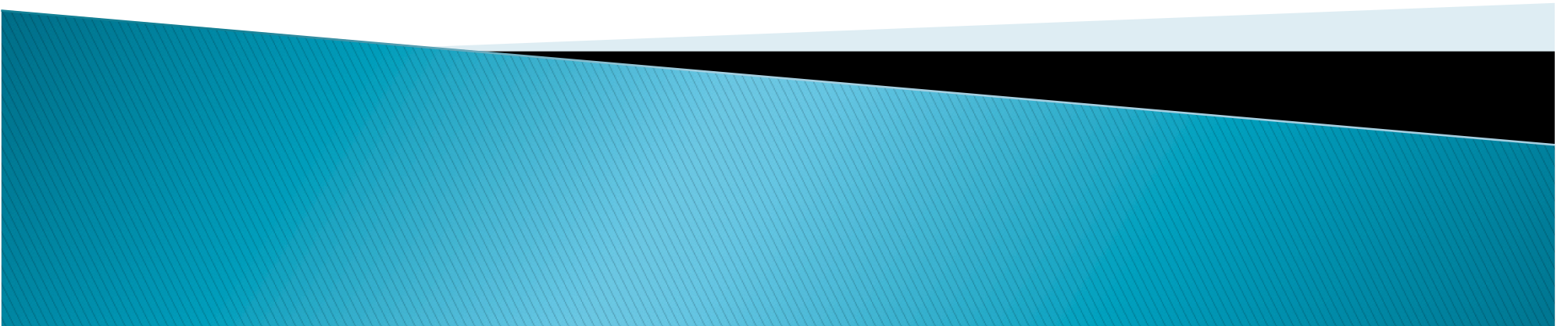


# Management by Competencies

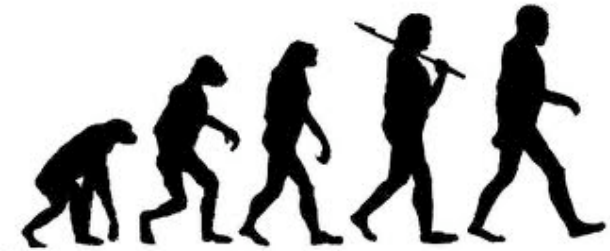
Introduction



# Agenda

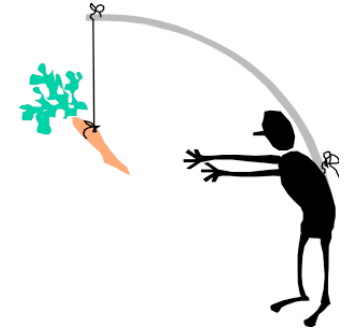
- ▶ **Course Introduction**
  - origin
  - motivation and goals
  - resources
- ▶ **Management by Competencies Introduction**
- ▶ **Vitality and Competence**
- ▶ **Company Culture**

# Course context and origin



- ▶ Originally being developed for the SSME study program
  - this run is the second one
- ▶ Based on
  - existing *Management by Competences* theory and methodology by Jiří Plamínek
  - 6 years experience of using *Management by Competencies* in practice

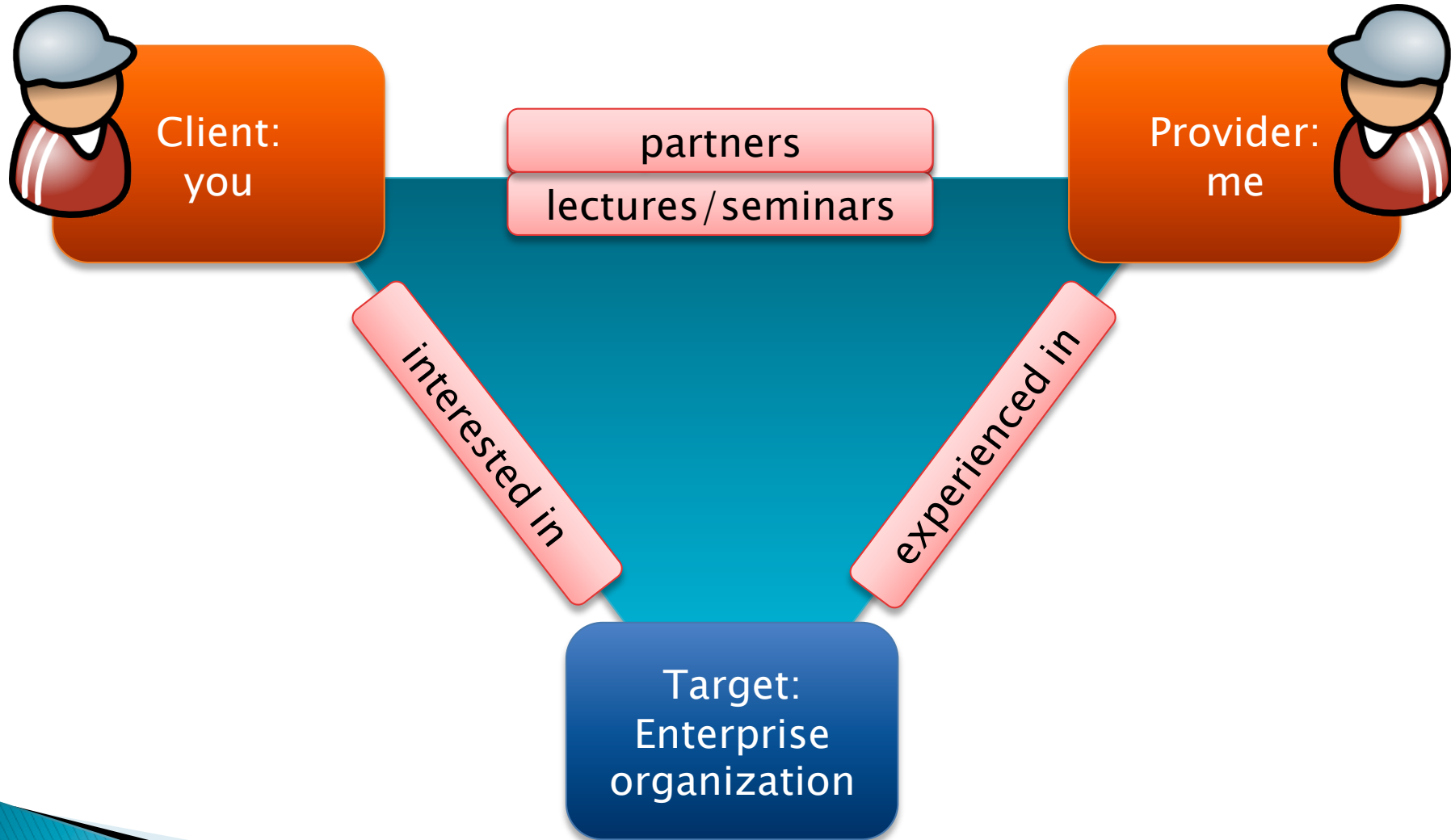
# Course motivation



Management  
is always  
important

Management  
is a M part  
of SSME

# Course as a Service



# Course goals and value proposition



## To introduce

- essence of management of sustainably successful companies
- main aspects, which cause problems in company management
- methods and tools for identification and elimination of such problems

## You will understand

- enterprise organization
- management processes
- the value and structure of business model
- the value of human uniqueness

# Value co-creation

## Lectures

- Theory
- Examples

2 hours per  
week

All together

## Seminars

- Training
- Discussions

1 hour per  
two weeks

Two  
alternating  
groups

“Home” works in teams

# Course organization



- ▶ Differences from last run
- ▶ Course schema
  - two hours lecture per week
  - one hour seminar per two weeks → split into two major groups via IS.MUNI.CZ
- ▶ Lectures
  - focused on theory
  - examples
- ▶ Seminars
  - focused on practical issues and training



# Course resources



Management by Competencies  
J. Plamínek, R. Fišer – Czech only



Leading of people, teams, and companies  
J. Plamínek – Czech only

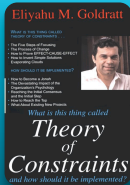


Problem solving and decision making  
J. Plamínek – Czech only

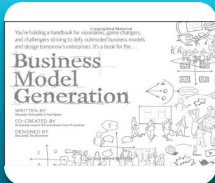
# Course and MbC resources



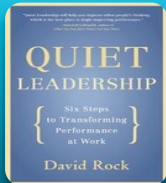
Synergistic management  
J. Plamínek – Czech only



Theory of Constraints  
Elyahu M. Goldratt



Business Model Generation  
A. Osterwalder & Y. Pigneur



The Quiet Leadership  
D. Rock

# Management



Management

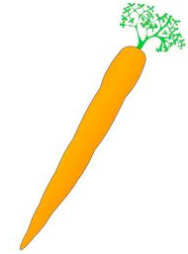
- is a process of achieving desired or given goals and objectives by means of other people

is

Contextual

- human activities can be managed in many contexts
- projects by project managers
- abilities and knowledge development by human resources managers
- companies by company leaders
- their lives by themselves

# MbC Motivation



## Successful company

- company that achieve its business goals

## Sustainably successful company ~ Vital company

- company where attaining of current goals does not diminish the chance to achieve its goals in the future

MbC is designed to help companies to achieve vitality!

# MbC Presumptions and Principles

## Human responsibility

- Every success or failure of any company corresponds to the competencies of people responsible for company performance

## Competence focus

- Problems are analyzed to reveal unsatisfactory or completely missing competencies

In achieving vitality of company, people are the only critical aspect!

# MbC Essence



Problems arise when performance requirements exceeds the possibilities

- MbC interconnects world of requirements and world of possibilities to keep them in harmony

Performance assessment is based on results

- however, MbC focuses on the source of performance, i.e. competencies of people

MbC deals with problems causes, not consequences!

# What is MbC?



Company management approach based on harmonical development of

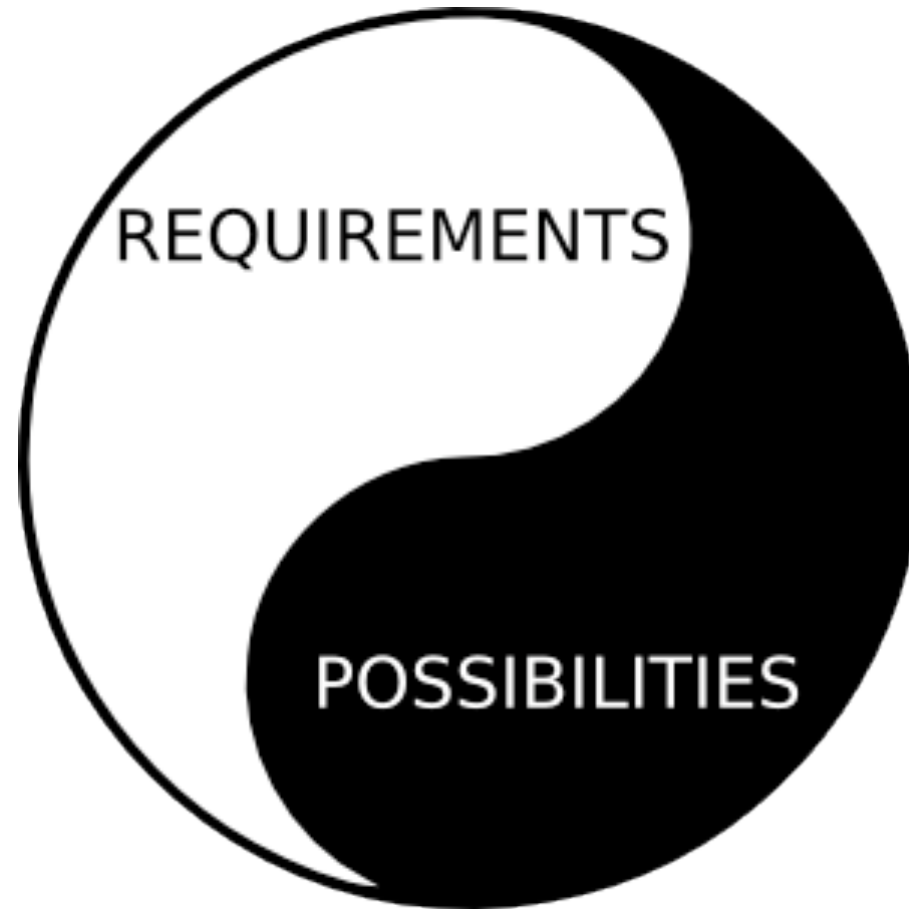
- World of requirements and
- World of possibilities

Controls and regulates duality of these worlds to achieve synergistic effect

- Requirements have to fit to current possibilities
- Possibilities have to be developed to be ready to meet requirements of the future

Ultimate goal of MbC is to achieve vitality!

# Two elements of Vitality



vitality = possibilities + requirements

(C) J. Plamínek



# Semaphore of Vitality



# What is competence?

- ▶ **Competence** of a person is sum of
  - job performance, i.e. human labor, and
  - potential, i.e. human resources
- ▶ Competence ought to be always contemplated in the context of certain task to be performed



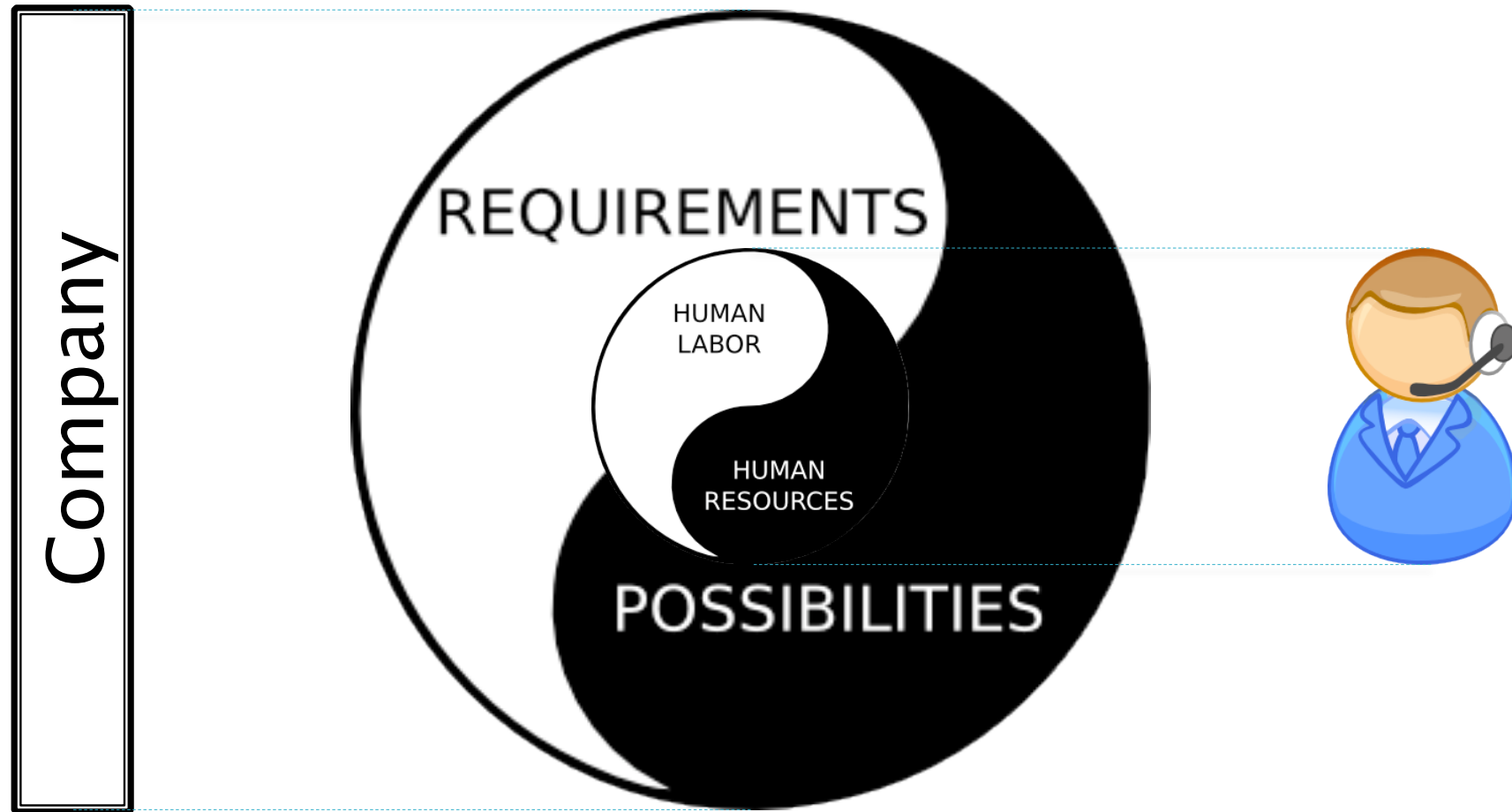
# Two elements of Competence



competence = resources + labor

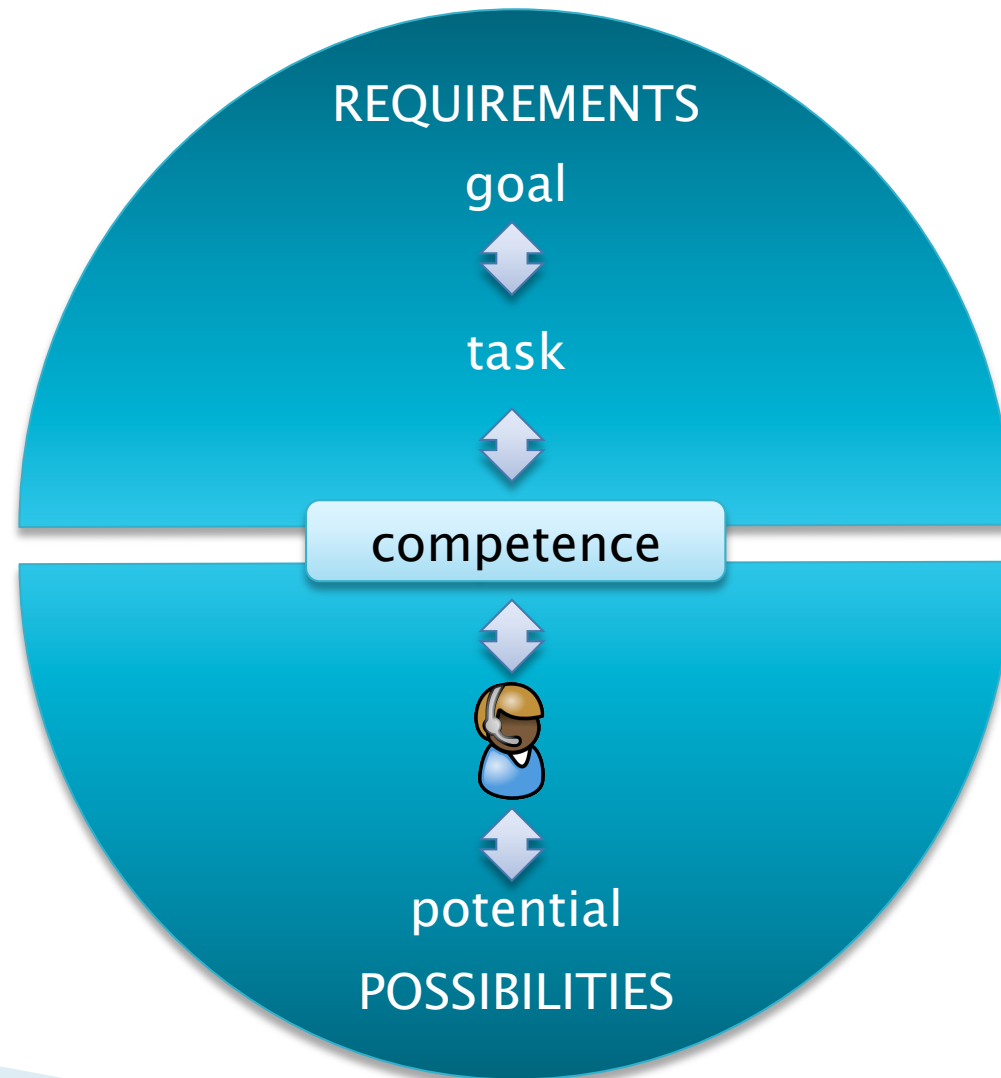
(C) J. Plamínek

# Vitality and Competence

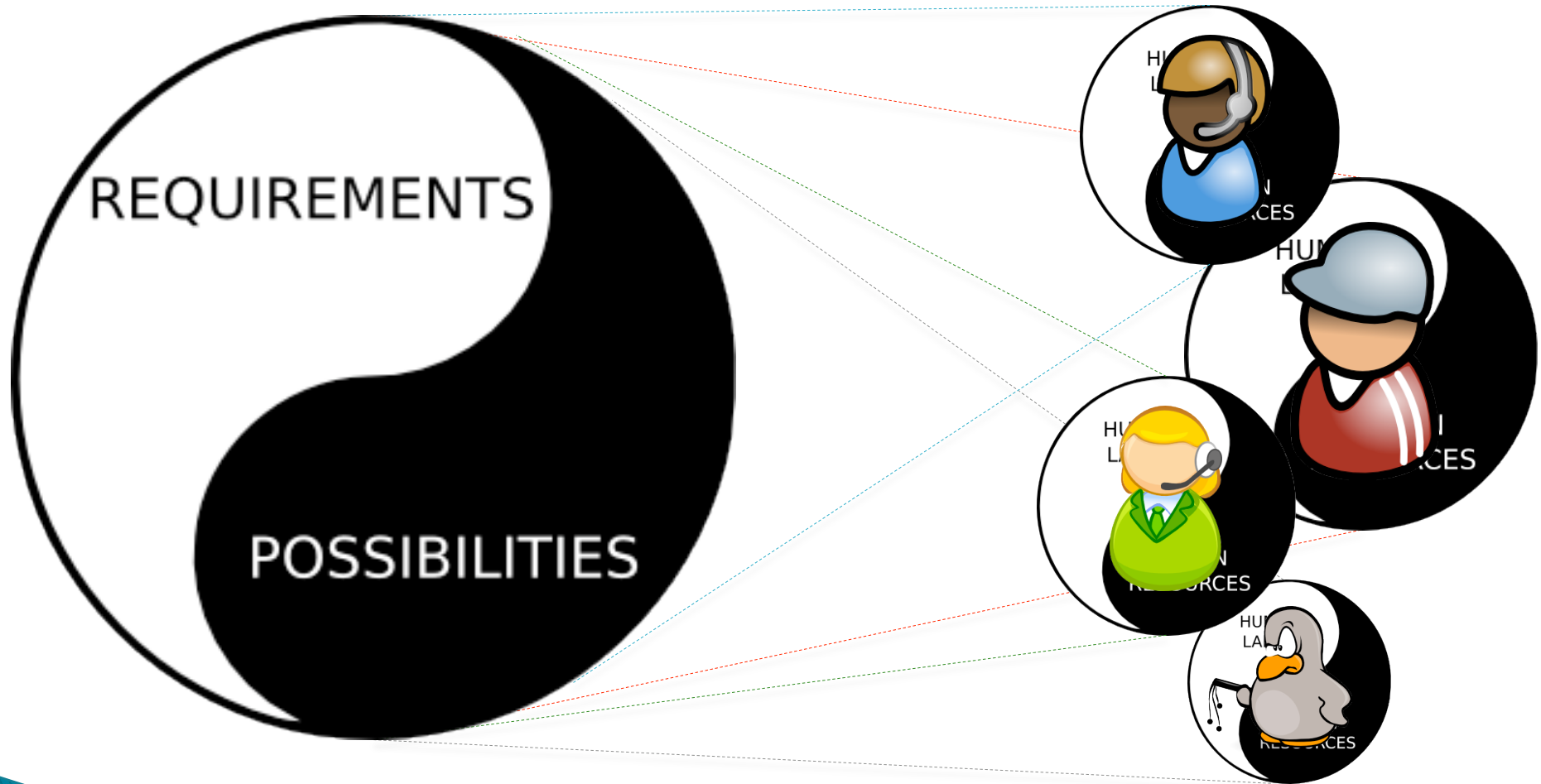


level of vitality ~ set of competencies

# The role of Competence



# Company and Competencies



company

people and  
their  
competencies

Vitality and Competence

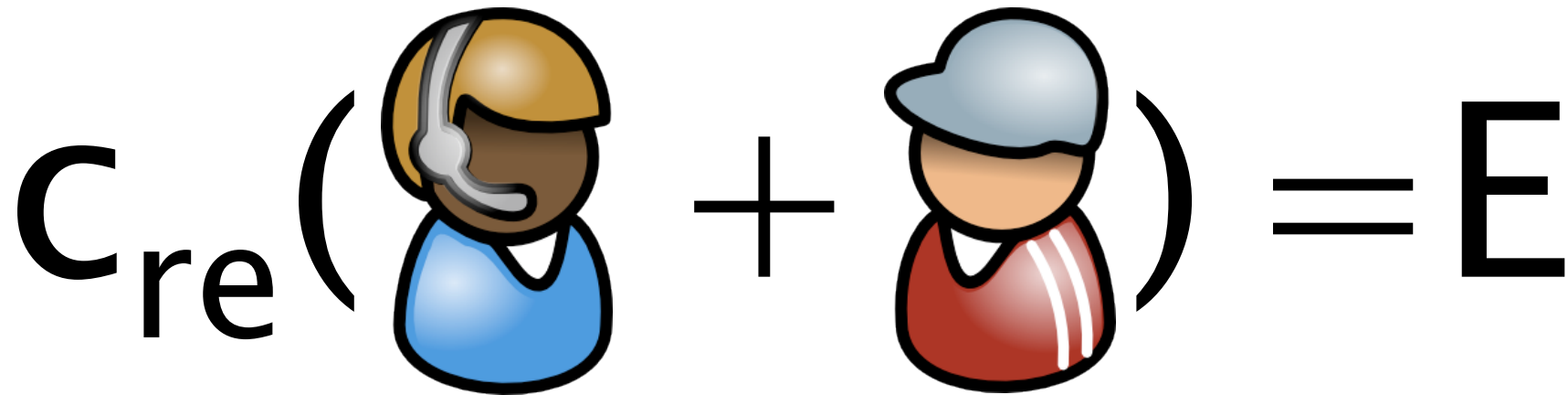
# Success and Relationships

Why are there companies with more than 1 person?



Success and vitality of a company is tightly connected with nature of relationships inside that company!

# Relationship

$$C_{re} (\text{Icon 1} + \text{Icon 2}) = E$$


$c_{re} > 0$  ... relationship efficiency coefficient  
E ... resulting effect



# Types of Relationships

$$c_{re}(\text{👤} + \text{👤}) = E$$



Conflict ( $c_{re} < 1$ )



Neutral ( $c_{re} = 1$ )



Synergy ( $c_{re} > 1$ )

# Company culture

$$c_{re}(f_1 + f_2) = E$$

Company culture is the set of relationships between key factors essential for the company

## Examples of factors

- interpersonal relationships, work environment, vision clarity, leader authority, organizational structure, level of formality, benefits, work/life balance

# Synergistic company culture



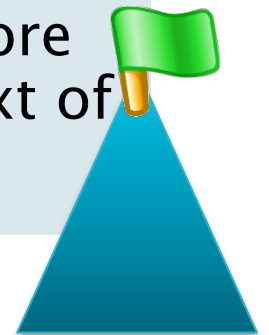
## Companies driven by people

- key decision criteria is opinion of superiors
- if people do not know what or how to fulfill a task, they ask their superiors
- superiors have good overview what is happening, but may be overwhelmed by operational stuff



## Companies driven by ideas

- key decision criteria are visions, objectives and tasks, i.e. ideas the company breath for
- if people are uncertain firstly they ask what will lead at best to support and reinforce these ideas
- superior can focus more on the broader context of operational affairs



# Chaotic company culture

Absence of factors binding people together

People behave totally unpredictably

- Brownian motion
- Results in random, neutral environment

People follow their individual profit

- Organized in interest groups
- Results in conflict environment



# Company culture management

Company culture is essential part of company identity

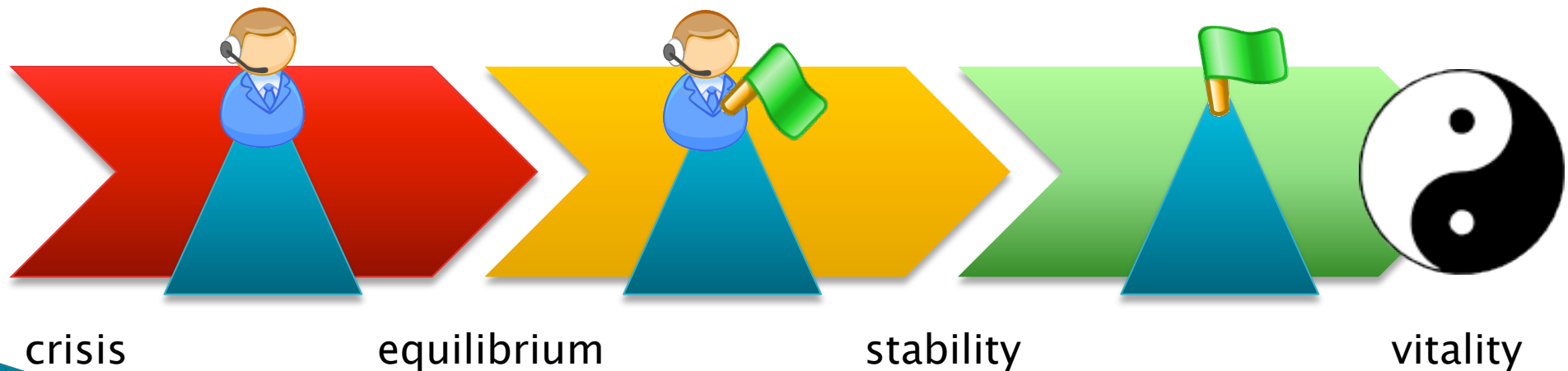
- it is created and formed by long-term evolutionary process
- however, it can be disrupted or even destroyed very quickly by insensitive actions and therefore

Company culture management is a important element in achieving vitality of a company!

# Company culture management objectives

Avoid the culture to become chaotic!

Continually transform the culture:



# Summary

- ▶ Course organization
- ▶ Management
- ▶ Management by Competencies
- ▶ Vitality
  - Duality of the worlds of requirements and possibilities
- ▶ Competence
  - Duality of human labor and human resources
- ▶ Company culture

# Coming soon

- ▶ Theory of vitality
  - vital signs
  - pyramid of vitality
- ▶ Usefulness, Effectivity
- ▶ Business Models