

PC1 PC4 F0/2 F0/1 192.168.10.24 192.168.10.24 **VLAN 10** VLAN 10 F0/11 F0/11 F0/1 F0//2 PC2 PC5 **S**2 **S**3 F0/18 F0/18 192.168.20.25 192.168.20.22 F0/6 F0/6 VLAN 20 VLAN 20 PC3 PC6 192.168.30.26 192.168.30.23 VLAN 30 VLAN 30

Addressing Table

Topology Diagram

Device (Hostname)	Interface	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Default Gateway
S1	VLAN 56	192.168.56.11	255.255.255.0	N/A
S2	VLAN 56	192.168.56.12	255.255.255.0	N/A
S3	VLAN 56	192.168.56.13	255.255.255.0	N/A
PC1	NIC	192.168.10.21	255.255.255.0	192.168.10.1
PC2	NIC	192.168.20.22	255.255.255.0	192.168.20.1
PC3	NIC	192.168.30.23	255.255.255.0	192.168.30.1
PC4	NIC	192.168.10.24	255.255.255.0	192.168.10.1
PC5	NIC	192.168.20.25	255.255.255.0	192.168.20.1
PC6	NIC	192.168.30.26	255.255.255.0	192.168.30.1

Initial Port Assignments (Switches 2 and 3)

Ports	Assignment	Network
Fa0/1 – 0/5	802.1q Trunks (Native VLAN 56)	192.168.56.0 /24
Fa0/6 – 0/10	VLAN 30 – Guest (Default)	192.168.30.0 /24
Fa0/11 – 0/17	VLAN 10 – Faculty/Staff	192.168.10.0 /24
Fa0/18 – 0/24	VLAN 20 – Students	192.168.20.0 /24

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Learning Objective

Practice basic VLAN troubleshooting skills.

Scenario

In this lab, you will practice troubleshooting a misconfigured VLAN environment. Load or have your instructor load the configurations below into your lab gear. Your objective is to locate and correct any and all errors in the configurations and establish end-to-end connectivity. Your final configuration should match the topology diagram and addressing table. All passwords are set to **cisco**, except the enable secret password, which is set to **class**.

Task 1: Prepare the Network

Step 1: Cable a network that is similar to the one in the topology diagram.

Step 2: Clear any existing configurations on the switches, and initialize all ports in the shutdown state.

Step 3: Import the configurations below.

Switch 1

```
hostname S1
no ip domain-lookup
enable secret class
L
L
interface range FastEthernet0/1-5
switchport mode trunk
1
interface range FastEthernet0/6-24
shutdown
1
interface Vlan1
no ip address
no ip route-cache
interface Vlan56
ip address 192.168.56.11 255.255.255.0
no ip route-cache
Т
line con 0
logging synchronous
line vty 0 4
no login
line vty 5 15
password cisco
 login
!
end
```

Switch 2

```
hostname S2
no ip domain-lookup
enable secret class
!
vlan 10,20,30,56
```

```
L
interface range FastEthernet0/1-5
 switchport trunk native vlan 56
 switchport mode access
!
interface range FastEthernet0/6-10
 switchport access vlan 30
 switchport mode access
L
interface range FastEthernet0/11-17
 switchport access vlan 10
 switchport mode access
1
interface range FastEthernet0/18-24
 switchport access vlan 20
 switchport mode access
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
1
interface Vlan1
 ip address 192.168.56.12 255.255.255.0
 no ip route-cache
 shutdown
line con 0
password cisco
login
line vty 0 4
 password cisco
login
line vty 5 15
password cisco
login
!
end
Switch 3
hostname S3
no ip domain-lookup
enable secret class
1
vlan 10,20,30
1
interface range FastEthernet0/1-5
 switchport trunk native vlan 56
 switchport mode trunk
I.
interface range FastEthernet0/6-10
 switchport mode access
!
interface range FastEthernet0/11-17
 switchport mode access
I.
interface range FastEthernet0/18-24
```

```
switchport mode access
I.
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
1
interface Vlan1
no ip address
no ip route-cache
 shutdown
1
interface Vlan56
no ip route-cache
!
line con 0
password cisco
 login
line vty 0 4
password cisco
login
line vty 5 15
password cisco
 login
!
end
```

Task 2: Troubleshoot and Repair the VLAN Configuration

Task 3: Document the Switch Configurations

On each switch, capture the running configuration to a text file and save for future reference:

Task 4: Clean Up

Erase the configurations and reload the switches. Disconnect and store the cabling. For PC hosts that are normally connected to other networks (such as the school LAN or to the Internet), reconnect the appropriate cabling and restore the TCP/IP settings.