

Model of Stream Processing Applications

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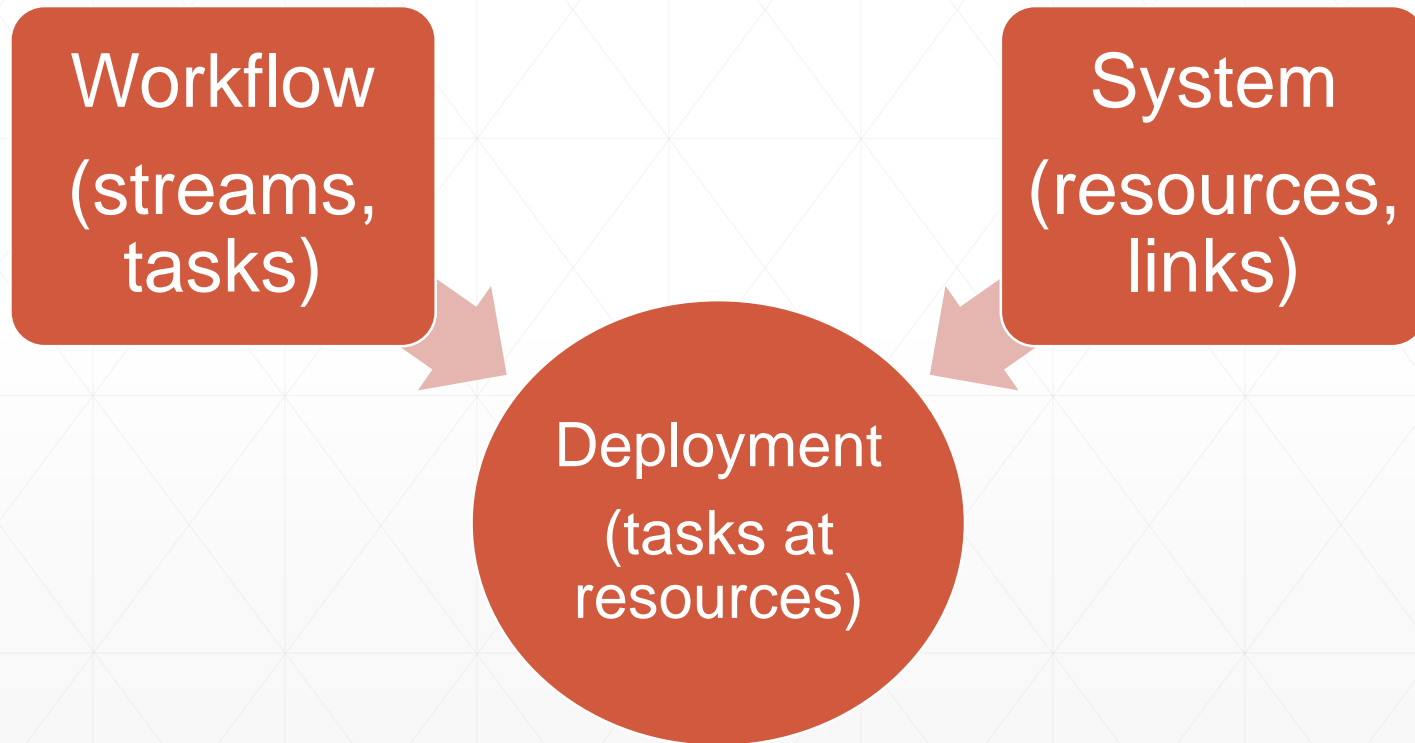
Outline

- Introduction
 - Model
 - Performance analysis
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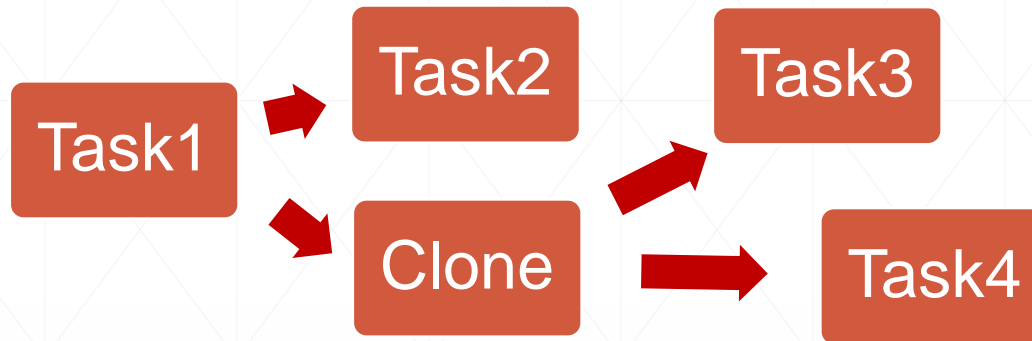
Introduction

- Stream processing application
 - Infinite streams of data
 - Tasks
 - Resources
 - Focus: multimedia data, event detection
 - Goal: performance analysis (delay)
 - How: create a model
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Model Structure



Workflow Model



- Processing cost
 - Waiting time
 - Data size
 - Output frequency
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Processing Cost

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 - Single value (average, maximum) – inaccurate
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- Probability function – e.g., 1 s in 90 %; 4 s in 10 %

New data item every
2 seconds



Task

Possible cost sequences:

- 4, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 4, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1; maximum delay: 4 s
 - 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 4, 4, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1; maximum delay: 6 s
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Solution: specify maximum number of 4s items in a row

Processing Cost Cumulative Function

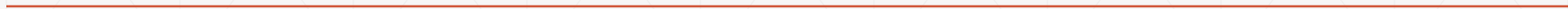
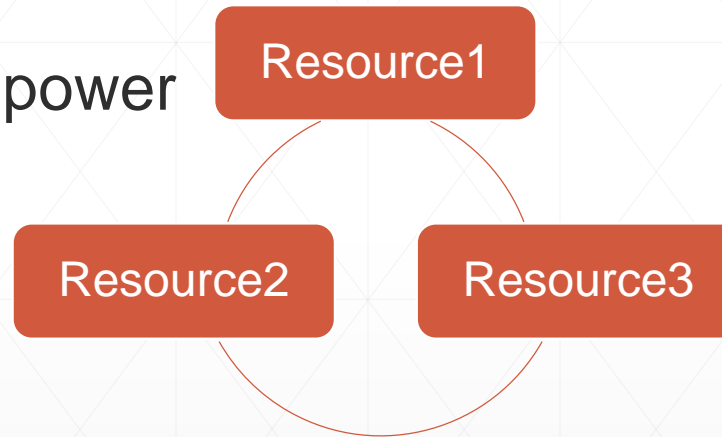
- $\text{cost}(\Delta) = x$, where x is the maximum number of processing units (e.g., CPU cycles) needed to process any sequence of data items of length Δ
 - Example:
 - Cost sequence: 4, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 4, 4, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
 - $\text{cost}(1) = 4$
 - $\text{cost}(2) = 8$
 - $\text{cost}(3) = 9$
 - Analogically minimal cost
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Workflow Model

- Processing cost – cumulative function
 - Waiting time – external service, cumulative function
 - Data size – cumulative function
 - Output frequency – cumulative function
 - Time based – maximal/minimal number of items output per a given time interval
 - Processed items based – maximal/minimal number of items output per any sequence of processed data items of a given length
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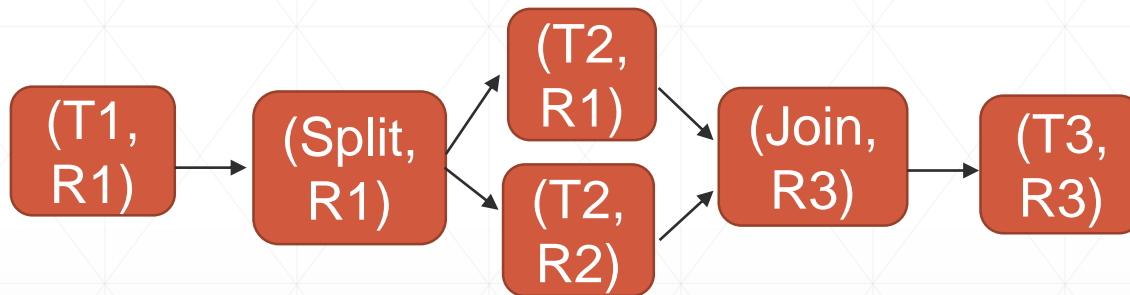
System Model

- Infrastructure
- Computational power
- Bandwidth



Deployment Model

- Tasks at resources



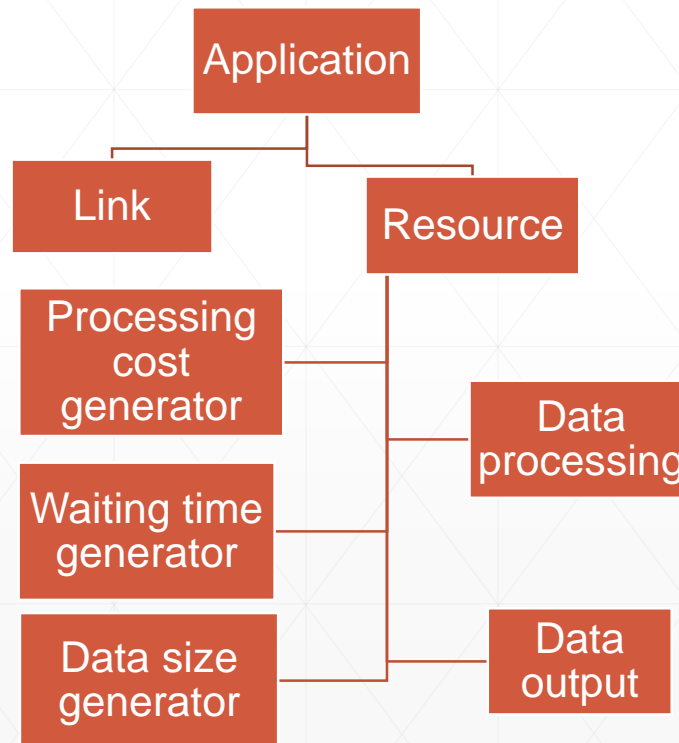
- Split – maximal/minimal number of data items for each outgoing edge per any sequence of a given length, i.e., cumulative functions
 - Scheduling strategy
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Performance Analysis

- Direct analysis of the model
 - Model conversion to a well-known model of distributed systems
 - Colored Petri Nets (CPNs)
 - Formal state space exploration – computationally intensive
 - Simulation – estimate
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Model to CPN

- Hierarchical structure

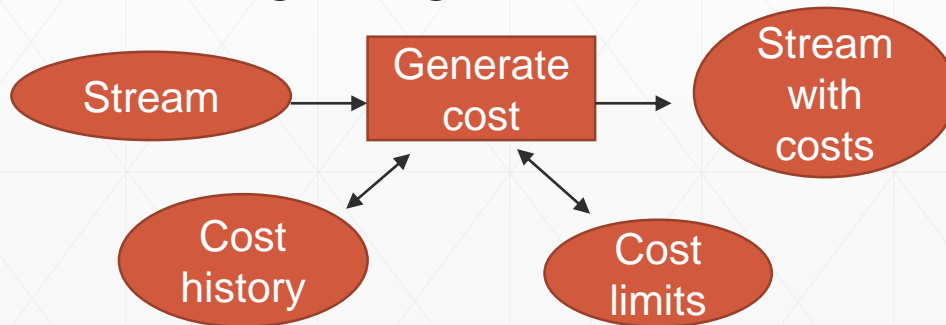


Petri Net Examples

Application



Processing cost generator



Summary

- Model of stream processing applications
 - Workflow model – tasks and streams
 - Processing cost, waiting time, data size, output frequency
 - System model – resources and links
 - Computational power, link bandwidth
 - Deployment model – tasks at resources
 - Scheduling strategy
 - Performance analysis
 - Conversion to CPN
 - Simulation
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Thank you for your attention
