NAME, SURNAME and UČO:

Q1. You are requested to write a simple application that given a dataset of all students in a room will compute the number of students that have the same birthdate (day, month, NOT also same year, so two students considered born on the 28th Feb of different years will be counted).

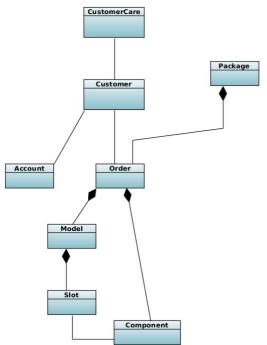
```
[...]
if (students[i].getBirthDateDayMonth().equals(students[j].getBirthDateDayMonth()) ) {
   myCounter.increase();
}
[...]
```

Suppose that myCounter has NOT been initialized, so the method will crash with a NullPointerException.

If you consider a room of 50 students, how likely are you of getting a failure by running the system?

- ☐ A. between 0-50% of the runs
- ☐ B. In more than 51% of the runs

Q2. Look at the following diagram (from Pezzè & Young book), you can use it to answer the question by making examples out of it.



If we are starting development and we are following an incremental integration testing strategy, how is a threading integration different from a sandwich integration? How would you run them on the example given? (PLEASE ANSWER IN ENGLISH ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THE PAPER:)