Management by Competencies

Motivation, Stimulation, Habilitation, Synergitization and Integration

Motivation and Environment

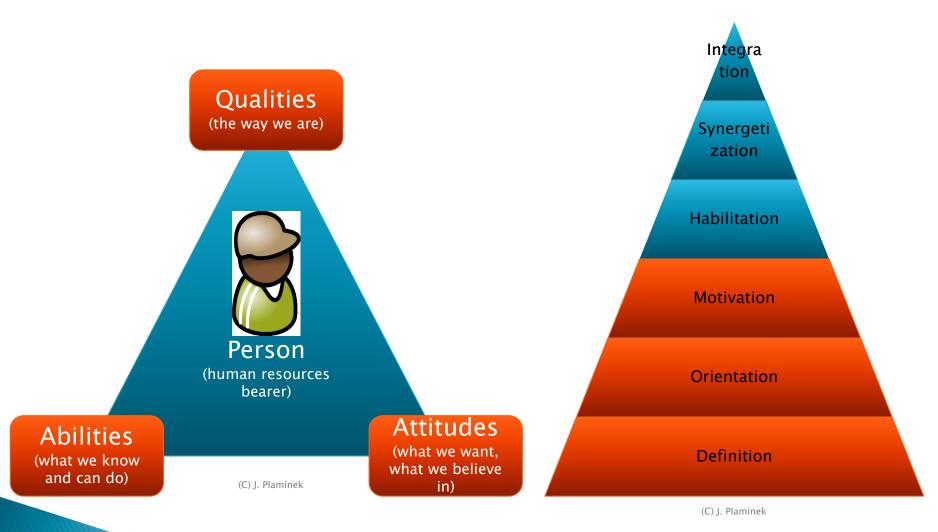
Environ

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What about next steps?



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Methods of abilities development



specific issues

(reality)

practice (skills)

Training

(trainer)

Couching

(couch)

general view (models)

Lectures

(lecturer)

Consulting

(consultant)

theory (knowledge) (C) J. Plamínek

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Synergy

$$C_{re}(S + S) = E$$

c_{re} ... relationship efficiency coefficient

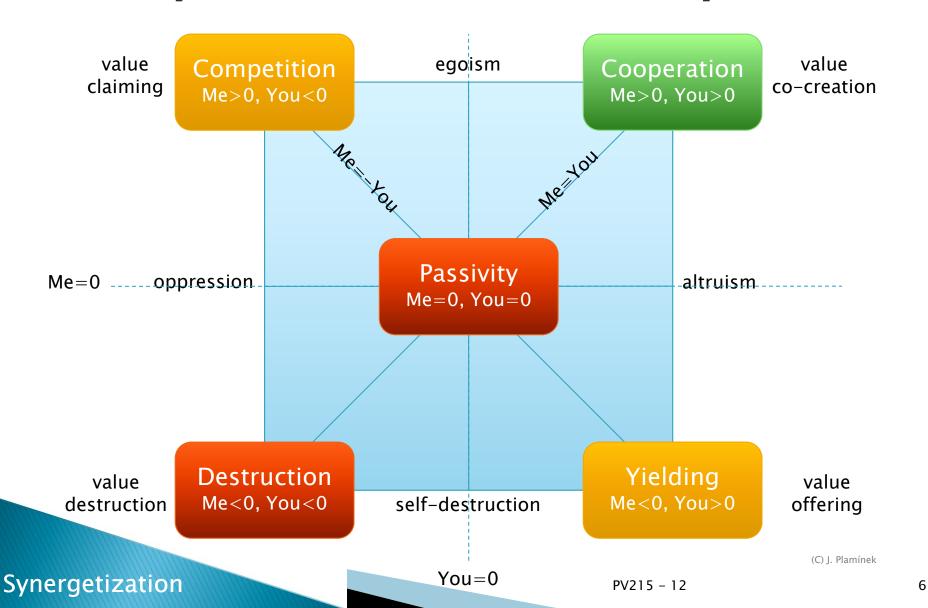
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c_{re} < 1 \dots conflict

c_{re} = 1 \dots neutral

c_{re} > 1 \dots synergy
```

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Interpersonal relationships



Competition causes



Managerial Stimuli

Relative evaluation

Support of individualism

Non-discrimination of roles

Muting external pressure

Feelings

Feeling of Lack

Need to take

Preference of individual goals

Aggregated competitive energy

Cooperation causes

Cooperation Me>0, You>0

Managerial Stimuli

Absolute evaluation

Attractive and shared goals

Discrimination of roles

Exposition to External pressure

Feelings

Feeling of joint opportunity and mutual benefit

Need to create

Preference of sharing of goals and values

Shared feeling threat

Self-sacrifice causes

Yielding Me<0, You>0

Managerial Stimuli

Self-sacrifice appreciation

Manager as an example

Support of Individual development

Important of goals and values

Feelings

Need of high self-assessment

Need to give

Need to be useful, to excel, to belong

Need to impersonate

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Prevention of Destruction

Destruction Me<0, You<0

Managerial Stimuli

Unfair evaluation

Superiority and disregard

Unclear evaluation

Indifference and unconcern

Feelings

Feeling of injustice

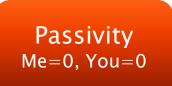
Disorientation

Uncertainty

Feeling of extirpation

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Passivity causes



Managerial Stimuli

Absurd or unexplained goals or values

There is example to follow

Lack of incentives

Feelings

Values and goals are meaningless

Pursuit of values and goals does not make sense

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Cooperation

- outer relationships: long-term relationships with customers, suppliers, and non-competitive partners
- · inner relationships: long-term beneficial

Competition

- outer relationships: long-term relationships with competitors
- inner relationships: long-term for dynamic stimulation

Yielding

- · short-term beneficial for crisis situation
- · only as a result of self-motivation

Destruction

· undesirable, prevention necessary

Passivity

undesirable, prevention necessary

Strategy of relational behavior

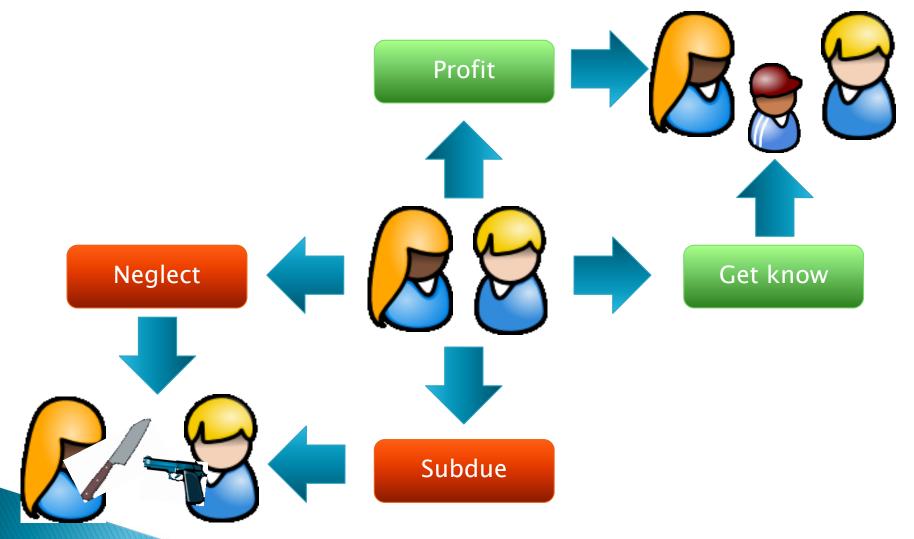
- Strategically important are cooperation and competition
- Competition is sustainable if clear rules are defined
- Cooperation is sustainable if it is symmetric
 - more stable cooperation is based on foregoing competition – partners know strengths of each other and show due respect
- The most successful strategy designed by Anatol Rapoport: Tit-for-Tat

Tit-for-Tat

Start with cooperation, then react <u>Influence</u> symmetrically Adaptation **Facilitation** Forgiveness Retribution Helpfulness Synergetization

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Differences between people



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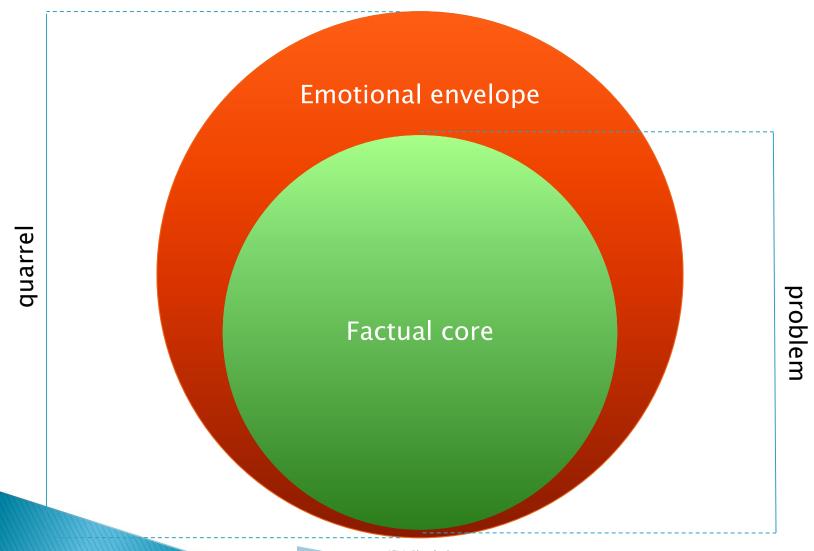
Conflicts in group



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Human and factual elements of conflict

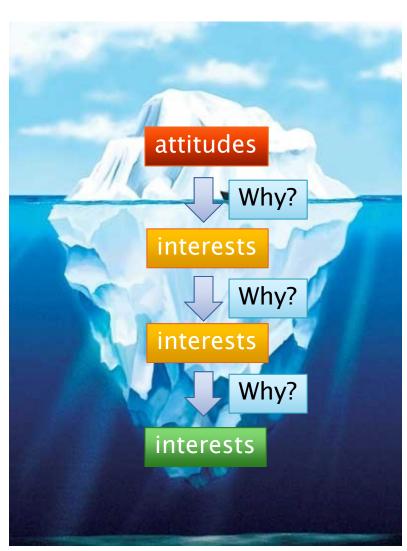


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Obvious and hidden elements of conflict

more recognizable



more soluble

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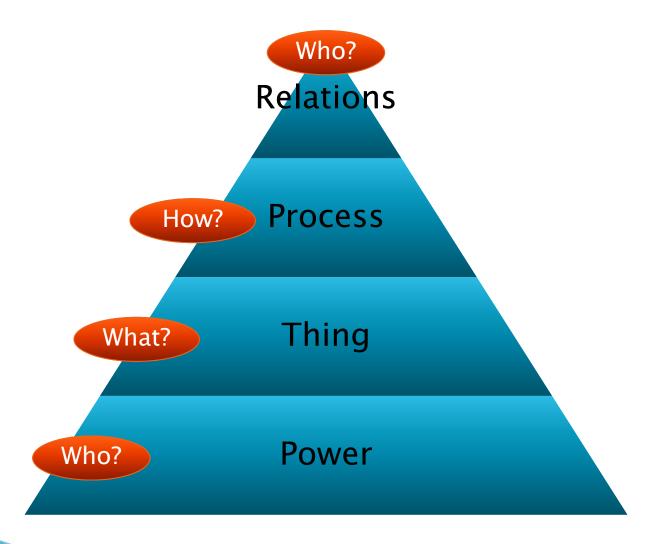
Principles of conflicts handling

Principle of evolution Stagnation Are there **Evolution** conflicts? Are conflicts handled well? Principle of prevention Principle of depersonalization Principle of mediation Principle of rationalization Principle of many dimensions

The origin of the team

- Cooperation cannot be ordered or learnt
 - set up appropriate conditions so that cooperation pays off
- Conflicts are natural and essential to avoid stagnation, however they have to be treated well
 - conflicts between interests of group members and group itself
 - conflicts coming from diversity of group members
- When conditions for cooperation are set up AND conflicts are managed the ordinary group can change itself to the team

Maturation of the group



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	1. Gaining confidence and order	2. Waking of Activity	3. Synergy development
Managing force	Person (manager)	Members (including manager)	Ideas
Focus	Operational task, manager	Processes and rules	Relations and goals
Managerial style	Directive management	Open management	Synergistic management
Typical kind of communication	Monolog	Dialog	Facilitation
Decision making	Authoritative	Consultative	Delegative or participative
Effective incentives	Stimulation	Motivation	Self-motivation
Relationships development	Passivity retreat, onset of competition	Development of competition, onset of cooperation	Development of team work

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Team development



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Managing conflict people



- 1) What bothers me specifically?
- 2) Is the problem on my side?
- 3) Is the problem in the system?
- 4) Does he or she cause the problems intentionally?
- 5) Why does he or she cause the problems?

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Typical causes of intentional conflicts (possible answers to question 5)



Wants to attract attention

then assign the role

Wants to solve a problem

·then reveal and understand the problem

Wants to mask his or her inability

·then habilitate him or her

Does not like me, want to hurt me

- · are there specific causes?
- · if so, remove them
- if not, limit contacts

Does not care, is passive

·then orientate and motivate him or her

It is his or her nature or unknown

· if it is important, ask specialist

Individual development



Freedom

Latitude

Dependence

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Summary

- Cooperation is the most sustainable type of interpersonal relationship
- Competition may be used to support team dynamics
- Conflicts are natural and essential, but they must be under control
 - 6 principles
- Maturation of the group