MapReduce: Simplified Data Processing on Large Clusters PA154 Jazykové modelování (9.2)

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Source: Jeff Dean, Sanjay Ghemawat Google, Inc. December, 2004 https://research.google/pubs/pub62/ Many tasks: Process lots of data to produce other data Want to use hundreds or thousands of CPUs

... but this needs to be easy

MapReduce provides:

- Automatic parallelization and distribution
- Fault-tolerance
- I/O scheduling
- Status and monitoring

Input & Output: each a set of key/value pairs Programmer specifies two functions:

map (in_key, in_value) -> list(out_key, intermediate_value)

- Processes input key/value pair
- Produces set of intermediate pairs

reduce (out_key, list(intermediate_value)) -> list(out_value)

- Combines all intermediate values for a particular key
- Produces a set of merged output values (usually just one)

Inspired by similar primitives in LISP and other languages

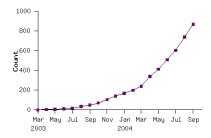
Example: Count word occurrences

```
map(String input_key, String input_value):
  // input_key: document name
  // input_value: document contents
  for each word w in input_value:
    EmitIntermediate(w, "1");
reduce(String output_key, Iterator intermediate_values):
  // output_key: a word
  // output_values: a list of counts
  int result = 0:
  for each v in intermediate_values:
    result += ParseInt(v);
  Emit(AsString(result));
```

Pseudocode: See appendix in paper for real code

Model is Widely Applicable

MapReduce Programs In Google Source Tree



Example uses:

...

distributed grep term-vector per host document clustering distributed sort web access log stats machine learning web link-graph reversal inverted index construction statistical machine translation

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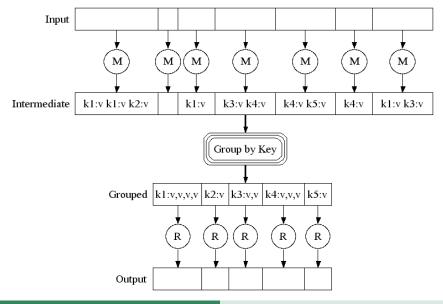
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Typical cluster:

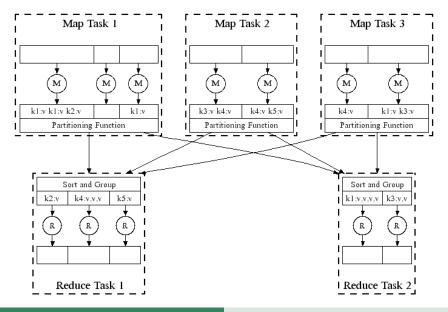
- 100s/1000s of 2-CPU x86 machines, 2-4 GB of memory
- Limited bisection bandwidth
- Storage is on local IDE disks
- GFS: distributed file system manages data (SOSP'03)
- Job scheduling system: jobs made up of tasks, scheduler assigns tasks to machines

Implementation is a C++ library linked into user programs

Execution



Parallel Execution



Task Granularity And Pipelining

Fine granularity tasks: many more map tasks than machines

- Minimizes time for fault recovery
- Can pipeline shuffling with map execution
- Better dynamic load balancing

Often use 200,000 map/5000 reduce tasks/ 2000 machines

Process	Time		>							
User Program	MapReduce()				wait					
Master		Assign	tasks to w	ork	er machines					
Worker 1		Map 1	Мар 3							
Worker 2			Ma	р2						
Worker 3			Read 1.1		Read 1.3	Read 1.2		Redu	ice 1	
Worker 4				Re	ad 2.1	Read 2.2	Read	1 2.3	Red	uce 2

Started: Fri Nov 7 09:51:07 2003 -- up 0 hr 00 min 18 sec

323 workers; 0 deaths

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educe				0.0	0.0	0.0			Shuffle (MB/s)	Î
100 90									Output (MB/s)	ĺ
80- 70-									doc- index-hits	
60									docs- indexed	
50- 40- 30-									dups-in- index- merge	
20-									mr- operator- calls	
0			100-	00 Re	duce Shard	Ř	004	200	mr- operator-	Ī

Counters

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1707 workers; 1 deaths Counters Shards Done Active Input(MB) Done(MB) Output(MB) Variable Туре Minute 13853 1857 1707 878934.6 191995.8 113936.6 Map Mapped 699.1 (MB/s) Shuffle 500 Û 500 113936.6 57113.7 57113.7 Shuffle 500 0 57113.7 0.0 Reduce 0.0 349.5 (MB/s) 100 Output 0.0 (MB/s) 90 doc-80 5004411944 index-hits Percent Completed 70 docs-17290135 60 indexed 50 dups-in-40 indexmerge 30 mr-20 17331371 operator-10 calls Ô. mrġ Ś ģ ĝ 17290135 operator-Reduce Shard outputs

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1707 workers; 1 deaths

707 wc	orkers; l	deaths						Counters	
Туре	Shards	Done	Active	Input(MB)	Done(MB)	Output(MB)		Variable	Minute
<u>Map</u>	13853		1707	878934.6		241058.2		Mapped (MB/s)	704.4
Shuffle	500	0	500	241058.2	196362.5	196362.5			
Reduce	500	0	0	196362.5	0.0	0.0		Shuffle (MB/s)	371.9
100 90								Output (MB/s)	0.0
80 70								doc- index-hits	5000364228
70 60 50								docs- indexed	17300709
50 40 30								dups-in- index- merge	0
20 · 10 ·								mr- operator- calls	17342493
0			100	007 Re	duce Shard	00	64 00	mr- operator- outputs	17300709

Combons

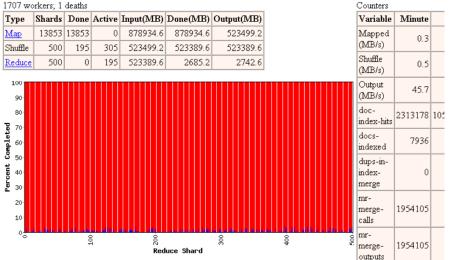
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1707 workers; 1 deaths

1707 wo	orkers; l	deaths						Counters	
Туре	Shards	Done	Active	Input(MB)	Done(MB)	Output(MB)		Variable	Minute
<u>Map</u> Shuffle	13853 500		1707 500	878934.6 369459.8				Mapped (MB/s)	706.5
Snume Reduce		<u> </u>	0	326986.8				Shuffle (MB/s)	419.2
100 90								Output (MB/s)	0.0
80 ·								doc- index-hits	4982870667
onplet								docs- indexed	17229926
50- 40- 30-								dups-in- index- merge	0
20- 10-								mr- operator- calls	17272056
0			100	.007 Re t	duce Shard	006	6 6	mr- operator- outputs	17229926

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1707 workers; 1 deaths



Started: Fri Nov 7 09:51:07 2003 -- up 0 hr 31 min 34 sec

1707 workers; 1 deaths

1/0/ wo	orkers; l	deaths						Counters	
Туре	Shards	Done	Active	Input(MB)	Done(MB)	Output(MB)		Variable	Minute
<u>Map</u> Shuffle	13853 500	13853 500		878934.6 523499.2	878934.6 523499.5			Mapped (MB/s)	0.0
Reduce								Shuffle (MB/s)	0.1
100- 90-								Output (MB/s)	1238.8
80. 80.								doc- index-hits	0
onplet								docs- indexed	0
Lercent Co								dups-in- index- merge	0
20- 10-	N AN AN	anių R4	4 19 1 9 7 9	ia tatili k		서도 위해 전 의 위 (10)	alan shuthata.	mr- merge- calls	51738599
0. <mark>.</mark>		Ş		00 Red	luce Shard	300	64 (ř.	mr- merge- outputs	51738599

Counters

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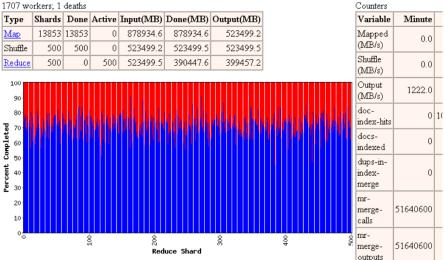
1707 workers; 1 deaths

1/0/ wo	orkers; l	deaths						Counters	
Туре	Shards	Done	Active	Input(MB)	Done(MB)	Output(MB)		Variable	Minute
<u>Map</u> Shuffle	13853 500	13853 500						Mapped (MB/s)	0.0
Reduce								Shuffle (MB/s)	0.0
100- 90-								Output (MB/s)	1225.1
80- 8 70-								doc- index-hits	0
onplet								docs- indexed	0
50- 40- 30-		MWW	WW W		MUMA	C UNA MALEA	Alburah Ibubau	dups-in- index- merge	0
20- 10-								mr- merge- calls	51842100
0		Ş		00 Red	luce Shard	.00	400 00	mr- merge- outputs	51842100

Counters

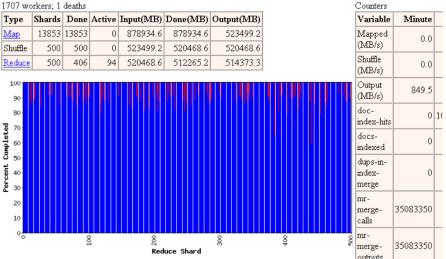
Started: Fri Nov 7 09:51:07 2003 -- up 0 hr 35 min 08 sec

1707 workers; 1 deaths



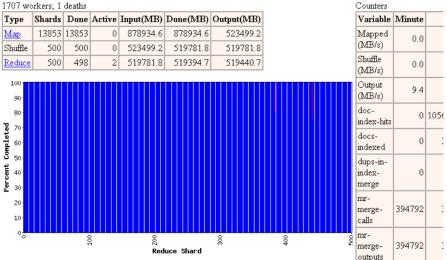
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1707 workers; 1 deaths



Started: Fri Nov 7 09:51:07 2003 -- up 0 hr 38 min 56 sec

1707 workers: 1 deaths



Started: Fri Nov 7 09:51:07 2003 -- up 0 hr 40 min 43 sec

1707 workers: 1 deaths

1707 WG	orkers; I	deams						Counters		
Туре	Shards	Done	Active	Input(MB)	Done(MB)	Output(MB)		Variable	Minute	
<u>Map</u> Shuffle	13853 500	13853 500	0					Mapped (MB/s)	0.0	
Reduce		499	1	519774.3				Shuffle (MB/s)	0.0	
100 90								Output (MB/s)	1.9	
80) 8 70)								doc- index-hits	0	10
60-								docs- indexed	0	
3 50 40 30								dups-in- index- merge	0	
20- 10-								mr- merge- calls	73442	
0		¢,	3	0 Red	luce Shard	Ø	64 <u>6</u>	mr- merge- outputs	73442	

Counters

Fault tolerance: Handled via re-execution

On worker failure:

- Detect failure via periodic heartbeats
- Re-execute completed and in-progress map tasks
- Re-execute in progress reduce tasks
- Task completion committed through master
- Master failure:
 - Could handle, but don't yet (master failure unlikely)

Robust: lost 1600 of 1800 machines once, but finished fine

Semantics in presence of failures: see paper

Slow workers significantly lengthen completion time

- Other jobs consuming resources on machine
- Bad disks with soft errors transfer data very slowly
- Weird things: processor caches disabled (!!)

Solution: Near end of phase, spawn backup copies of tasks

Whichever one finishes first "wins"

Effect: Dramatically shortens job completion time

Master scheduling policy:

- Asks GFS for locations of replicas of input file blocks
- Map tasks typically split into 64MB (== GFS block size)
- Map tasks scheduled so GFS input block replica are on same machine or same rack

Effect: Thousands of machines read input at local disk speed

■ Without this, rack switches limit read rate

Map/Reduce functions sometimes fail for particular inputs

- Best solution is to debug & fix, but not always possible
- On seg fault:
 - Send UDP packet to master from signal handler
 - Include sequence number of record being processed
- If master sees two failures for same record:
 - Next worker is told to skip the record

Effect: Can work around bugs in third-party libraries

Other Refinements (see paper)

- Sorting guarantees within each reduce partition
- Compression of intermediate data
- Combiner: useful for saving network bandwidth
- Local execution for debugging/testing
- User-defined counters

Performance

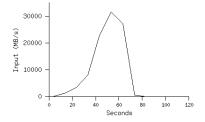
Tests run on cluster of 1800 machines:

- 4 GB of memory
- Dual-processor 2 GHz Xeons with Hyperthreading
- Dual 160 GB IDE disks
- Gigabit Ethernet per machine
- Bisection bandwidth approximately 100 Gbps

Two benchmarks:

- MR_Grep Scan 1010 100-byte records to extract records matching a rare pattern (92K matching records)
- MR_Sort Sort 1010 100-byte records (modeled after TeraSort benchmark)

MR_Grep



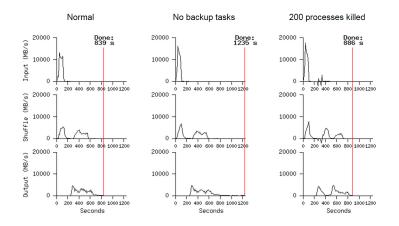
Locality optimization helps:

- 1800 machines read 1 TB of data at peak of \approx 31 GB/s
- Without this, rack switches would limit to 10 GB/s

Startup overhead is significant for short jobs

MR_Sort

- Backup tasks reduce job completion time significantly
- System deals well with failures



Rewrote Google's production indexing system using MapReduce

- Set of 10, 14, 17, 21, 24 MapReduce operations
- New code is simpler, easier to understand
- MapReduce takes care of failures, slow machines
- Easy to make indexing faster by adding more machines

Usage: MapReduce jobs run in August 2004

Number of jobs Average job completion time Machine days used	29,423 634 79,186	secs days
Input data read Intermediate data produced Output data written	3,288 758 193	TB TB TB
Average worker machines per job Average worker deaths per job Average map tasks per job Average reduce tasks per job	157 1.2 3,351 55	
Unique map implementations Unique reduce implementations Unique map/reduce combinations	395 269 426	

Related Work

- Programming model inspired by functional language primitives
- Partitioning/shuffling similar to many large-scale sorting systems
 - NOW-Sort ['97]
- Re-execution for fault tolerance
 - ▶ BAD-FS ['04] and TACC ['97]
- Locality optimization has parallels with Active Disks/Diamond work
 - Active Disks ['01], Diamond ['04]
- Backup tasks similar to Eager Scheduling in Charlotte system
 - Charlotte ['96]
- Dynamic load balancing solves similar problem as River's distributed queues
 - River ['99]

- MapReduce has proven to be a useful abstraction
- Greatly simplifies large-scale computations at Google
- Fun to use: focus on problem, let library deal w/ messy details

Thanks to Josh Levenberg, who has made many significant improvements and to everyone else at Google who has used and helped to improve MapReduce.