

Large Language Models (LLM)

PA154 Language Modeling (12.2)

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prompt engineering

simple prompt:

Q&A Q: {question}

A:

general knowledge:

Generate some knowledge about the concepts in the input.

Input: {question} Knowledge:

task specific:

If {premise} is true, is it also true that {hypothesis}? ||| {entailed}.

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From LM to Chat

- LM generates prompt continuation
- prompt engineering
- fine tune on chat texts
- some Q&A/chat texts are in training data

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Chain-of-thought

- direct asnwer is not correct for complex questions
- solve a problem in steps
- Q: {question}

A: Let's think step by step.

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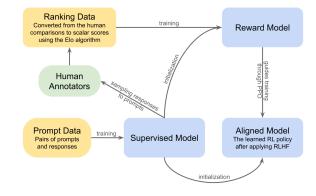
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Generated trained data

- there are never enough text with the right Q&As
- generate data from a pattern especially for chain-of-thought
- variation of variables (numbers in math, ...)
- generated using LLM

RLHF

Reinforcement Learning from Human Feedback



Alignment

- annotated data by humans
- training using RLHF
- eliminate toxicity, bias

Foundation models

- LLM without fine tuning
- can be used to addapt on a new domain/language
- fine-tuned on a specific task
 - chat
 - question answering
 - summarization

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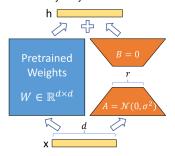
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LoRA

- Low-Rank Adaptation of Large Language Models
- fine-tune only a small fraction of parameters
- usually only attention matrices



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