

MapReduce: Simplified Data Processing on Large Clusters

PA154 Language Modeling (8.3)

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Source: Jeff Dean, Sanjay Ghemawat Google, Inc. December, 2004 https://research.google/pubs/pub62/

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Motivation: Large Scale Data Processing

Many tasks: Process lots of data to produce other data Want to use hundreds or thousands of CPUs

... but this needs to be easy

MapReduce provides:

- Automatic parallelization and distribution
- Fault-tolerance
- I/O scheduling
- Status and monitoring

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Programming model

Input & Output: each a set of key/value pairs Programmer specifies two functions:

map (in_key, in_value) -> list(out_key, intermediate_value)

- Processes input key/value pair
- Produces set of intermediate pairs

reduce (out_key, list(intermediate_value)) -> list(out_value)

- Combines all intermediate values for a particular key
- Produces a set of merged output values (usually just one)

Inspired by similar primitives in LISP and other languages

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Example: Count word occurrences

```
map(String input_key, String input_value):
    // input_key: document name
    // input_value: document contents
    for each word w in input_value:
        EmitIntermediate(w, "1");

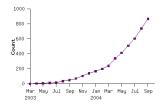
reduce(String output_key, Iterator intermediate_values):
    // output_key: a word
    // output_values: a list of counts
    int result = 0;
    for each v in intermediate_values:
        result += ParseInt(v);
    Emit(AsString(result));
```

Pseudocode: See appendix in paper for real code

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Model is Widely Applicable

MapReduce Programs In Google Source Tree



Example uses:

distributed grep term-vector per host document clustering distributed sort web access log stats machine learning

web link-graph reversal inverted index construction statistical machine translation

...

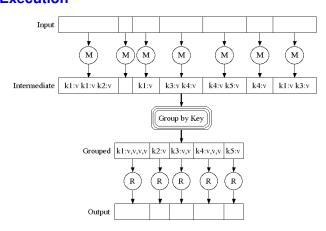
Implementation Overview

Typical cluster:

- 100s/1000s of 2-CPU x86 machines, 2-4 GB of memory
- Limited bisection bandwidth
- Storage is on local IDE disks
- GFS: distributed file system manages data (SOSP'03)
- Job scheduling system: jobs made up of tasks, scheduler assigns tasks to machines

Implementation is a C++ library linked into user programs

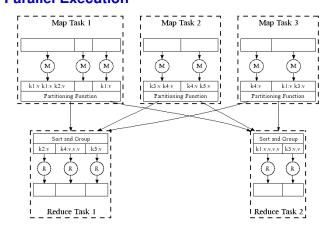
Execution



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Parallel Execution



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Minute

72.5

0.0

0.0 145825686

Counters

Variable

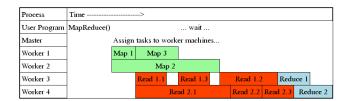
Mapped (MB/s)

Task Granularity And Pipelining

Fine granularity tasks: many more map tasks than machines

- Minimizes time for fault recovery
- Can pipeline shuffling with map execution
- Better dynamic load balancing

Often use 200,000 map/5000 reduce tasks/ 2000 machines



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MapReduce status: MR Indexer-beta6-large-2003 10 28 00 03

Started: Fri Nov 7 09:51:07 2003 -- up 0 hr 00 min 18 sec

323 workers: 0 deaths Type | Shards | Done | Active | Input(MB) | Done(MB) | Output(MB) 13853 0 323 878934.6 1314.4 323 717.0

R	educe	500	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0			Shuffle (MB/s)
	90									Output (MB/s)
p	80									doc- index-hits
Completed	60									docs- indexed
Percent Co	40									dups-in- index- merge
ď	20-									mr- operator-
	0			000	00Z Res	duce Shard	88	6	500	mr- operator-

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508192

506631

Minute

MapReduce status: MR Indexer-beta6-large-2003 10 28 00 03

Started: Fri Nov 7 09:51:07 2003 -- up 0 hr 05 min 07 sec



MapReduce status: MR Indexer-beta6-large-2003 10 28 00 03

1707 workers; 1 deaths Type | Shards | Done | Active | Input(MB) | Done(MB) | Output(MB) 13853 5354 1707 878934.6 406020.1 241058.2

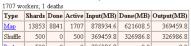
Started: Fri Nov 7 09:51:07 2003 -- up 0 hr 10 min 18 sec

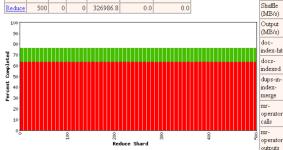


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MapReduce status: MR Indexer-beta6-large-2003 10 28 00 03

Started: Fri Nov 7 09:51:07 2003 -- up 0 hr 15 min 31 sec





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MapReduce status: MR_Indexer-beta6-large-2003_10_28_00_03

Started: Fri Nov 7 09:51:07 2003 -- up 0 hr 29 min 45 sec

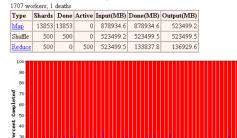
1707 wo	rkers; 1	deaths					Counters		
Туре	Shards	Done	Active	Input(MB)	Done(MB)	Output(MB)	Variable	Minute	Г
<u>Map</u> Shuffle	13853 500	13853 195	_				Mapped (MB/s)	0.3	
Reduce	500		195		2685.2		Shuffle (MB/s)	0.5	
90							Output (MB/s)	45.7	
80·		Ш					doc- index-hits	2313178	1
omplet.		Ш					docs- indexed	7936	
orcent Co 90 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50							dups-in- index- merge	0	

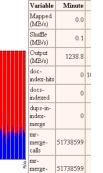
		Mapped (MB/s)	0.3		
		Shuffle (MB/s)	0.5		
	I	Output (MB/s)	45.7		
	I	doc- index-hits	2313178	105	
		docs- indexed	7936		
		dups-in- index- merge	0		
		mr- merge- calls	1954105		
	500	mr- merge- outputs	1954105		

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MapReduce status: MR Indexer-beta6-large-2003 10 28 00 03

Started: Fri Nov 7 09:51:07 2003 -- up 0 hr 31 min 34 sec





Counters

Counters

Variable

Mapped

(MB/s)

419.2

0.0

0

4982870667

17229926

17272056

17229926

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MapReduce status: MR Indexer-beta6-large-2003 10 28 00 03

Started: Fri Nov 7 09:51:07 2003 -- up 0 hr 33 min 22 sec 1707 workers; 1 deaths

Туре	Shards	Done	Active	Input(MB)	Done(MB)	Output(MB)	
Map	13853	13853	0	878934.6	878934.6	523499.2	
Shuffle	500	500	0	523499.2	523499.5	523499.5	
Reduce	500	0	500	523499.5	263283.3	269351.2	
100							
90-		ШШ					
80-		ШШ					
g 70·		ШШ					
Percent Completed		Ш		шии	ШШ		
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ij 40·	11111	7777		1111111	91777		7 (* ***) (*
5 30⋅	Ш						

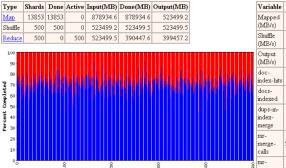
Variable Minute Mapped (MB/s) 0.0 Shuffle 0.0 (MB/s) 1225.1 index-hits indexed dups-in-indexnerge 51842100 mergecalls mr-51842100

Counters

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MapReduce status: MR Indexer-beta6-large-2003 10 28 00 03

Started: Fri Nov 7 09:51:07 2003 -- up 0 hr 35 min 08 sec 1707 workers; 1 deaths



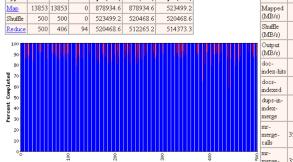
			Variable	Minute	
			Mapped (MB/s)	0.0	
			Shuffle (MB/s)	0.0	
Ī			Output (MB/s)	1222.0	
	ı		doc- index-hits	0	10
	ı	ı	docs- indexed	0	
			dups-in- index- merge	0	
			mr- merge- calls	51640600	
		1000	mr- merge- outputs	51640600	

Counters

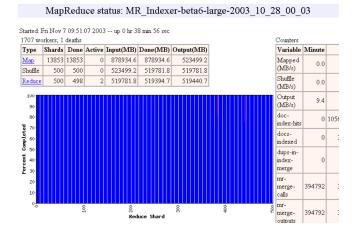
MapReduce status: MR Indexer-beta6-large-2003 10 28 00 03

Started: Fri Nov 7 09:51:07 2003 -- up 0 hr 37 min 01 sec 1707 workers; 1 deaths

Type | Shards | Done | Active | Input(MB) | Done(MB) | Output(MB)



Counters



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Fault tolerance: Handled via re-execution

- On worker failure:
 - Detect failure via periodic heartbeats
 - Re-execute completed and in-progress map tasks
 - Re-execute in progress reduce tasks
 - Task completion committed through master
- Master failure:
 - Could handle, but don't yet (master failure unlikely)

Robust: lost 1600 of 1800 machines once, but finished fine

Semantics in presence of failures: see paper

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Refinement: Locality Optimization

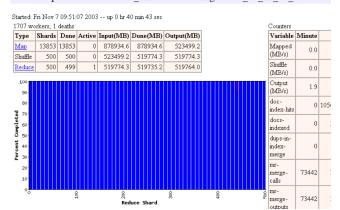
Master scheduling policy:

- Asks GFS for locations of replicas of input file blocks
- Map tasks typically split into 64MB (== GFS block size)
- Map tasks scheduled so GFS input block replica are on same machine or same rack

Effect: Thousands of machines read input at local disk speed

■ Without this, rack switches limit read rate

MapReduce status: MR Indexer-beta6-large-2003 10 28 00 03



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Refinement: Redundant Execution

Slow workers significantly lengthen completion time

- Other jobs consuming resources on machine
- Bad disks with soft errors transfer data very slowly
- Weird things: processor caches disabled (!!)

Solution: Near end of phase, spawn backup copies of tasks

■ Whichever one finishes first "wins"

Effect: Dramatically shortens job completion time

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Refinement: Skipping Bad Records

Map/Reduce functions sometimes fail for particular inputs

- Best solution is to debug & fix, but not always possible
- On seg fault:
 - Send UDP packet to master from signal handler
 - Include sequence number of record being processed
- If master sees two failures for same record:
 - Next worker is told to skip the record

Effect: Can work around bugs in third-party libraries

Other Refinements (see paper)

- Sorting guarantees within each reduce partition
- Compression of intermediate data
- Combiner: useful for saving network bandwidth
- Local execution for debugging/testing
- User-defined counters

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Performance

Tests run on cluster of 1800 machines:

- 4 GB of memory
- Dual-processor 2 GHz Xeons with Hyperthreading
- Dual 160 GB IDE disks
- Gigabit Ethernet per machine
- Bisection bandwidth approximately 100 Gbps

Two benchmarks:

MR_Grep Scan 10¹⁰ 100-byte records to extract records matching

a rare pattern (92K matching records)

MR_Sort Sort 10¹⁰ 100-byte records (modeled after TeraSort benchmark)

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MR_Grep



Locality optimization helps:

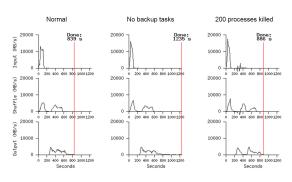
- 1800 machines read 1 TB of data at peak of \approx 31 GB/s
- Without this, rack switches would limit to 10 GB/s

Startup overhead is significant for short jobs

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MR_Sort

- Backup tasks reduce job completion time significantly
- System deals well with failures



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Experience: Rewrite of Production Indexing System

Rewrote Google's production indexing system using MapReduce

- Set of 10, 14, 17, 21, 24 MapReduce operations
- New code is simpler, easier to understand
- MapReduce takes care of failures, slow machines
- Easy to make indexing faster by adding more machines

Usage: MapReduce jobs run in August 2004

Number of jobs	29,423	
Average job completion time	634	secs
Machine days used	79,186	days
Input data read	3,288	TB
Intermediate data produced	758	TB
Output data written	193	TB
Average worker machines per job	157	
Average worker deaths per job	1.2	
Average map tasks per job	3,351	
Average reduce tasks per job	55	
Unique map implementations	395	
Unique reduce implementations	269	
Unique map/reduce combinations	426	

Related Work

- Programming model inspired by functional language primitives
- Partitioning/shuffling similar to many large-scale sorting systems
 - NOW-Sort ['97]
- Re-execution for fault tolerance
 - BAD-FS ['04] and TACC ['97]
- Locality optimization has parallels with Active Disks/Diamond work
 - Active Disks ['01], Diamond ['04]
- Backup tasks similar to Eager Scheduling in Charlotte system
 - Charlotte ['96]
- Dynamic load balancing solves similar problem as River's distributed queues
 - River ['99]

Conclusions

- MapReduce has proven to be a useful abstraction
- Greatly simplifies large-scale computations at Google
- Fun to use: focus on problem, let library deal w/ messy details

Thanks to Josh Levenberg, who has made many significant improvements and to everyone else at Google who has used and helped to improve MapReduce.