## Flat clustering (Chapter 16)

**Algorithm 1** K-means( $\{\vec{x}_1, \ldots, \vec{x}_N\}, K$ , stopping criterion)

1:  $(\vec{s}_1, \ldots, \vec{s}_K) \leftarrow \text{SelectRandomSeeds}(\{\vec{x}_1, \ldots, \vec{x}_N\}, K)$ 2: for  $k \leftarrow 1$  to K do 3:  $\vec{\mu}_k \leftarrow \vec{s}_k$ 4: end for 5: repeat for  $k \leftarrow 1$  to K do 6:  $\omega_k \leftarrow \{\}$ 7: end for 8: for  $n \leftarrow 1$  to N do 9:  $j \leftarrow \operatorname{argmin}_{j'} |\vec{\mu}_{j'} - \vec{x}_n|$ 10: $\omega_j \leftarrow \omega_j \cup \{\vec{x}_n\}$  $\triangleright$  reassigning vectors 11: end for 12:for  $k \leftarrow 1$  to K do 13: $\vec{\mu}_k \leftarrow \frac{1}{|\omega_k|} \sum_{\vec{x} \in \omega_k} \vec{x}$ 14:  $\triangleright$  recomputing centroids end for 15:16: **until** a stopping criterion has been met 17: **return**  $\{\vec{\mu}_1, \dots, \vec{\mu}_K\}$ 

## Exercise 16/1

Use the K-means algorithm with Euclidean distance to cluster the following N = 8 examples into K = 3 clusters:  $A_1 = (2, 10)$ ,  $A_2 = (2, 5)$ ,  $A_3 = (8, 4)$ ,  $A_4 = (5, 8)$ ,  $A_5 = (7, 5)$ ,  $A_6 = (6, 4)$ ,  $A_7 = (1, 2)$ ,  $A_8 = (4, 9)$ . Suppose that the initial seeds (centers of each cluster) are  $A_1$ ,  $A_4$  and  $A_7$ . Run the K-means algorithm for 3 epochs. After each epoch, draw a  $10 \times 10$  space with all the 8 points and show the clusters with the new centroids.

## Exercise 16/2

What makes a good clustering? Give some clustering evaluation metrics.