## Oral Interaction Dialogue / Conversation / Discussion

1. Social Aspects of Oral Interaction

2. Introducing people

## 2. Other Aspects of Oral Interaction

### 3. Presentation Follow-Up Discussion Principles

#### 4. Structure

The following points can make your handling questions more effective. Explain why?

INVITE QUESTIONS

LISTEN CAREFULLY RIGHT TO THE END

WELCOME THE QUESTION

REPEAT, PARAPHRASE, OR CLARIFY IF NECESSARY

TAKE TIME TO THINK BEFORE ANSWERING

ANSWER THE QUESTION RELEVANTLY

CHECK WHETHER THE QUESTIONER IS SATISFIED

#### 5. Functions

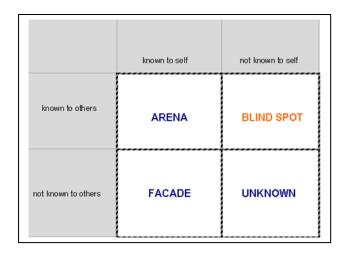
It is important to identify a purpose of the question in order to apply an effective strategy for your reaction. What would you do or say if a member of the audience:

1. disagrees with you

- 2. pays you a compliment
- 3. questions the accuracy of your sources
- 4. interrupts you
- 5. asks for clarification
- 6. asks an irrelevant question
- 7. asks for repetition
- 8. asks for some proof
- 9. is showing off
- 10. asks strings of questions

# **CRITICAL LISTENING and EVALUATION**

#### JOHARI WINDOW



## FEEDBACK GIVING & ACCEPTING

FEEDBACK GIVING	FEEDBACK ACCEPTING
• <b>GIVEN ON REQUEST</b>	• LISTEN ACTIVELY
Feedback is effective when it is given on request.	It is important to listen carefully and remember
Both ends should agree with feedback giving.	(even take notes) the information.
• <b>THE RIGHT TIME AND PLACE</b> Feedback giving needs at least basic privacy and adequate time – it should never be given in a hurry.	• MAKE SURE YOU UNDERSTAND Open questions or asking for more examples can help you to clarify unclear and vague information.
• <b>DESCRIPTION NOT EVALUATION</b>	• <b>DO NOT DEFEND YOURSELF</b>
Feedback describes what a person has done or	There is no need to explain why you have done
said, it does not evaluate if it is right or wrong.	certain thing the way you have.
• <b>BE CONCRFETE, NOT GENERAL</b>	• <b>TAKE TIME FOR EVALUATION</b>
Concrete observed situation should be described,	It is important to take enough time to think about
feedback does not generalise form the particular	the information and analyse critically which areas
situation.	are to be changed and why.
• <b>CONSEQUENCES</b>	• <b>SAY</b> " <b>THANK YOU</b> "
Feedback summaries all reactions of the people	Honest and well-given feedback is a useful gift
involved and/or consequences of a person's	that deserves acknowledgement, even if
behaviour in the given situation.	negatives prevailed.
• <b>BALANCE</b> Positives and negatives should be in balance.	