Exercise 1 We consider words over the alphabet $\{a, b\}$ as transition systems (S, E_s, E_r, P_a, P_b) where the states *S* are the positions, the two predicates P_a and P_b label each position with the corresponding letter, and the two edge relations are

$$E_s = \{ \langle i, i+1 \rangle \mid i < n-1 \}, \\ E_r = \{ \langle i, k \rangle \mid i \le k < n \}.$$

(where n = |S| is the length of the word). Define the following languages in modal logic.

- (a) All words starting with the letter *a*.
- (b) All words consisting only of letters a.
- (c) All words ending with the letter *a*.
- (d) a^*b^*
- (e) All words containing the factor *bb*.
- (f) All words containing at least two letters *b*.
- (g) All words containing exactly two letters *b*.
- (h) $(ab)^*$

Exercise 2 Translate the following formulae into first-order logic.

- (a) $[a]P \rightarrow P$
- (b) $P \rightarrow \langle a \rangle Q$
- (c) $[a](P \land \langle b \rangle Q) \rightarrow (\langle a \rangle P \lor \langle b \rangle Q)$

Exercise 3 Prove the following modal formulae using tableaux.

- (a) $\neg \Box \Box P \rightarrow \Diamond \Diamond \neg P$
- (b) $\Box (P \land \neg P) \rightarrow \Box Q$
- (c) $\neg \Diamond P \rightarrow \Box (P \rightarrow Q)$
- (d) $\Box (P \leftrightarrow (Q \land R)) \rightarrow (\Box P \leftrightarrow (\Box Q \land \Box R))$

Prove the following entailment relationships using tableaux.

- (a) $\varphi \to \Box \varphi \vDash \Box \varphi \to \Box \Box \varphi$
- (b) $\forall x \varphi \vDash \forall x \Box \varphi$

Exercise 4 Find CTL*-formulae defining the following properties of trees with a single predicate *P*. Which of these statements can be expressed in CTL?

- (a) There is at least one label *P*.
- (b) Every path contains some *P*.
- (c) Every path contains at least two P.
- (d) All paths contain infinitely many *P*.
- (e) Some path contains infinitely many P.

Exercise 5 Express the properties from Exercise 4 in the modal μ -calculus.

Exercise 6 We model an elevator in a building with 3 stories.

- (a) Describe the elevator as a transition system.
- (b) Write a specification for the elevator in modal logic and in LTL. Start with the following two statements, then add your own.
 - (i) The elevator never moves when the door is open.
 - (ii) If the button on floor 2 is pressed, the elevator will eventually stop at that floor and open the door.

Check that your system from (a) satisfies these formulae.