LISTENING AND VOCABULARY: MEDIA

TASK 1:

Read the short text about the history of media and fill each gap with a suitable expression from below. There is one word that you do not need to use.

cultures, directly, expensive, first, huge, press, printed, structures, technologies, transformed

HISTORY Types of drama in numerous were probably the first mass-media, going back into the Ancient World. The first dated book known is the "Diamond Sutra", printed in China. Johannes Gutenberg printed the first book on a printing with movable type in 1453. This invention the way the world received printed materials, although books remained too really to be called a mass-medium for at least a century after that.	
Newspapers developed around from 1605, with the example in English in 1620; but they took until the nineteenth century to reach a mass-audience	
During the 20th century, the growth of mass media was driven by technology that allowed the massive duplication of material. Physical duplication such as printing, record pressing and film duplication allowed the duplication of books, newspapers and movies at low prices to audiences. Radio and television allowed the electronic duplication of information for the first time. TASK 2:	
Match the dates to the events:	
 1876: 1895: 1912: 1922: 1948: 1963: 1976: 1982: 1983: 1991: 1996: 1999: 	
 JVC introduces VHS videotape Napster contributes to the popularization of MP3. Cinematograph invented by Auguste and Louis Lumiere First DVD players and discs are available in Japan. BBC is formed and broadcasting to London Philips and Sony put the Compact Disc on the Japanese market. First telephone call made by Alexander Graham Bell Cellular phones begin to appear. World Wide Web (WWW) publicly released by Tim Berners-Lee at CERN. Audio cassette is invented in the Netherlands. Cable television becomes available in the US. Air mail begins 	

TASK 3:

Work in pairs, ask your partner the following questions, and then present briefly your partner's opinion on the media below:

RADIO AND TELEVISION

Types of TV programmes: documentaries, news broadcasts, current affairs programmes, soap operas, quizzes, sitcoms, drama, chat shows, detective stories/crime series, sports programmes, weather forecasts, music programmes, game shows, commercials, educational programmes, nature programmes, reality shows, cartoons.

- 1. Put the above types of TV programmes into one of these categories:
- A) I usually enjoy watching:
- B) I never watch:
- C) I sometimes watch:
- 2. Which channel do you watch most?
- 3. How many hours do you watch TV per week?

RADIO:

- 1. Do you prefer watching TV or listening to the radio? Why?
- 2. Which programmes on the radio do you like most? Which programmes may be heard on the radio and seen on TV as well?
- 3. Do you ever listen to BBC World Service or any other stations in English?

FILM:

- 1. Which do you prefer: seeing films at the cinema or on video or on TV? Why?
- 2. Is it better for American or English films to have subtitles or be dubbed into your language? Explain your reasons.
- 3. What kind of films do you enjoy most historical, science fiction, sports, war, westerns, crime, action, adventure, comedy, drama, fantasy, mystery, horror, romance, thrillers, biography, documentary, musical?
- 4. What kind of films do you avoid, or hate seeing?
- 5. Who are your favourite international film stars?
- 6. Who are your favourite directors?
- 7. What was the last film you saw?8. What was the best film you have ever seen? Why was it so good?9. What was the worst film you have ever seen? Why was it so bad?
- 10. What influences you when deciding on a film to see stars, reviews, advertisements, director, personal recommendation, others?

TASK 4: SPORTS AND MEDIA - discuss the influence of media on sports, give examples of positive and negative effects of media on sports.

POSITIVE EFFECTS **NEGATIVE EFFECTS**

Task 5: LITENING

You will hear three people talking about the films they enjoy. Put a tick in the appropriate column to show the films they like or a cross to show the films they dislike:

	Joan	Chris	Bob
Action films			
Old black and white films			
Cartoons			
Horror films			
Romantic comedies			
Thrillers			
Westerns			
Dubbed foreign films			
Foreign-language films with subtitles			

NEWSPAPER AND PUBLISHING:

Parts of newspaper: headlines, news reports, the editorial, feature articles /e.g. about fashion or social trends/, horoscope, cartoons, crosswords, small ads, business news, sports reports, scandal, the letter page.

- A popular or tabloid newspaper focuses more on sensation than real news.
- A quality newspaper is more interested in real news than in sensation.
- A journal is the name usually given to an academic magazine.
- A colour supplement is a magazine which comes out once a week as an addition to a newspaper.
 - 1. Can you give any names of Czech and English quality and tabloid newspapers?
 - 2. Which parts of newspapers interest you most and why?
 - 3. Do you prefer reading news and gossips in newspapers or on the internet, why?