Evaluating the contribution of interpretative phenomenological analysis to health psychology

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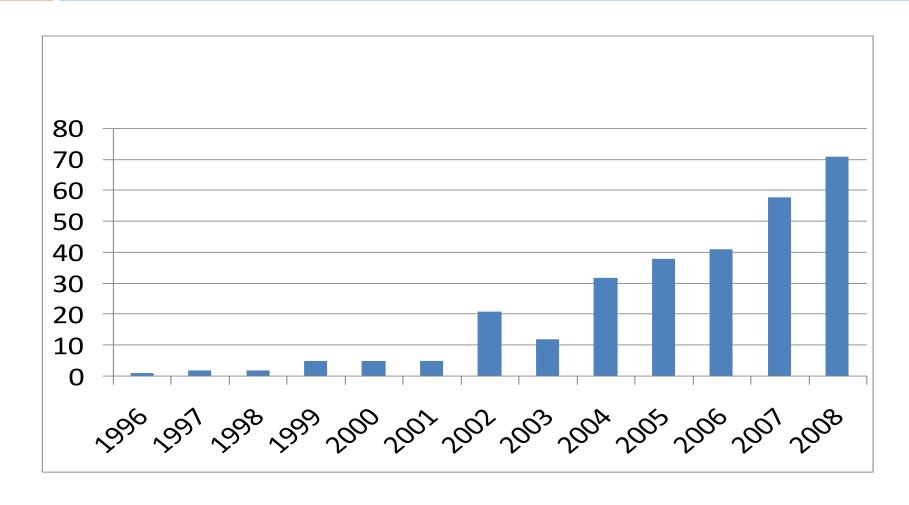
Literature search

- Databases and search terms
- 1996-2008
- Start unspecified:1st one- Smith(1996) Psych& Health

- Rationale for search: high bar, refereed, trends
- Reminder: tip of the iceberg
- Hard copies obtained
- Papers not reporting empirical studies removed- few

 Total number empirical IPA papers from databases: 294

The trend



From outside UK

Papers	1	0	0	2	4	3	11
Year	02	03	04	05	06	07	80

IPA outside UK

- Slower to take off
- Mainly English speaking world
- Heavily linguistically reliant

- Trend increasing
- Inquiries, training, postgraduates
- 2009 (up to Aug)12 non-UK papers, 25% of total

Subject areas

- Biggest domain: health
- Second biggest: mental health
- Categorize each paper with one or two keywords
- □ Wide range: e.g. genetics, music, sport, carers
- Biggest category: patient's illness experience
- 69 papers, 23% of whole IPA corpus
- Strict criterion: primary symptoms physical not mental
- Dementia, addictions, eating disorders not included

Illness experience

- Perhaps not surprising it's biggest category
- IPA established itself first in health psychology
- Concern with lived experience raison d'etre of IPA

- For IPA, usually experience of existential import
- Illness can play significant part in person's life
- Reviewed conditions with 4 or more papers

The conditions

Illness cluster	Number of papers
Chronic pain	11
Neurological	10
Heart disease	8
Cancer	5
Chronic fatigue syndrome	5
Arthritis	4
Urinary problems	4
Dermatology	4

Quality & qualitative research

- What type of criteria?
- Do different methods need different criteria?
- When judge validity?
- Who does the judging?
- My view
- Important to judge quality of work
- General principles operationalizing for specific methods
- However explicit, always requires judgement

Assessing quality of IPA

- Primary task to judge quality of published papers
- Research already done, can't be undone
- But also some inference about research process

The assessment

- Developed criteria to assess quality
- With another IPA researcher, Virginia Eatough
- Tested against 4 batches of 8-10 papers each time
- Iterative development
- Close agreement at end
- Three categories:
- Unacceptable Acceptable Good

Unacceptable

- Not consistent with principles of IPA
- Lacks detail of method
- Poor evidence base- this is usually the problem
- Large no descriptive themes from large no participants
- Analysis is crude, lacks nuance
- Insufficient extracts from participants to support themes
- Each with short summary & 1or 2 extract without interp
- No explanation how prevalence determined

Acceptable

- Consistent with IPA theory; Transparency of method
- Coherent, plausible analysis
- Sufficient sampling from corpus for each theme
- Ideal: prevalence, representativeness, variability
- Safe: always by extracts from half corpus per theme
- Borderline: enough data to show variability
- Trade: prevalence, strength of data, interpret'n

Good

- Must clearly meet all the criteria for acceptable
- Corpus well sampled: clearly satisfies prevalence, representativeness, variability
- Offers something extra, point to degree of excellence:
- Well focused, learned in depth about specific thing
- Strong data or interpretation or integration
- Reader engaged and finds it enlightening
- Actually usually find it has all of these!
- Could recommend to novice as a good exemplar

The quality of IPA work

□ G ood	15	30%
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- Acceptable2650
- Unacceptable1020
- Interpretation/explanation?

- Within the acceptable:
- Acceptable (safe)
- Acceptable (borderline) 10

Quality by area

	G	Α	U
Pain	4	7	0
Neurology	2	7	1
Heart disease	3	1	4
CFS	3	2	0
Cancer	1	3	1
Dermatology	1	2	1
Arthritis	1	1	2
Urinary	0	3	1
	15	26	10

Examples of Unacceptable

- Experience of cancer
- 21 participants,14 themes
- Each theme has short summary and 1 extract
- No indication of prevalence or representativeness
- Dealing with arthritis
- 7 participants ,10 themes
- Each theme has short summary and 1 or 2 extracts
- No indication of prevalence or representativeness

The Good

- 15 papers graded as good
- 11 in three high ranking heath psychology journals:
- Psychology & Health, Brit Journal of Health Psychology, Journal of Health Psychology
- Show examples of three good papers

1. Impact of CFS on identity Dickson et al. (2008) *Psychology & Health*

- Interviews with 14 people with CFS
- Research question well framed, method described
- Explicit criteria for inclusion of theme- in half the cases
- Each theme illustrated with data from many cases
- Important/interesting themes:
- Identity crisis: agency and embodiment
- Scepticism and the self
- Acceptance, adjustment and coping

"Identity crisis: agency and embodiment"

- Sustained, interpretative, insightful account of diminished self & loss of agency with very strong data
- "I could have been robbed by a 5 year old child & I would have been too fatigued to do anything about it"(B)
- "CFS is a dictator. It dictates my everyday life. It determines what I can and cannot do" (Anne)
- □ "It was like a deathtrap. There was no life going on

2. Technology in heart disease Chapman et al. (2007) *Amer J of Critical Care*

- 6 patients: ventricular assist device (VAD) for failing heart
- Can be internal or external to the body
- Presents vivid sustained analysis of patient reactions
- All themes well evidenced
- Important/interesting themes:
- Shock on realizing dependence on machine
- Adjustment
- Need to trust the machine

Complexity of relationship with VAD

- Difficult with:
- "If that alarmed you'd have to change it. To think that that thing is keeping me alive is alarming".
 (2)
- Precariousness, emotional symbiosis
- Difficult without:
- "I was lying in bed & it was really quiet & I was scared to move away from people. I used to walk down the corridor & there was no ticking & I felt alone & I was scared". (1)
- Initial problems, became attached, now misses

- 3. Ex-tootballers & arthritis: making sense of loss
- Turner et al (2002) Journal of Health

Psychology Psychology

- Int 12 ex-professional footballers with osteoarthritis
- Closely woven, persuasive analysis with data from many participants to illustrate each of 3 themes
- Interesting account of pressures to perform in professional sport- neglecting possible injury
- Poignantly captures impact restricted mobility on men whose identity bound up with excellence in this domain
- Men demonstrate mix of regret, stoicism &

Writing a good IPA paper

- Quality of interview data caps how good paper can be
- Focus on particular aspect rather than broad sweep
- Sufficient space for elaboration of each theme
- Rigorous: prevalence, representativeness, variability
- Extracts selected to show breadth/depth of theme
- The analysis should be interpretative not just descriptive
- Analysis is integrated

Summary

- Increasing number of IPA papers being published
- Wide range of topics
- Health: largest domain
- Illness experience: largest area
- Instantiate criteria for judging quality
- Quality of corpus: 50% acceptable, 30% good
- Examples of good studies
- Guidance on writing a good IPA paper

Future development of IPA

 Increase proportion good papers: examples, training

Book: JA Smith, P Flowers, M Larkin (2009) *Interpretative Phenomenological Analysis:Theory, Method, Research.*

London: Sage.

IPA Website: http://www.ipa.bbk.ac.uk/

- Develop corpus specific areas e.g. pain, heart disease
- Review emerging generic constructs e.g. Identity
- More good papers in medical journals

References

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