# Economic, Political and Social Identity in the European Union

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Lecture 7

**European Union identity today** 

Web site for information referred to in this lecture is www.ec.europa.eu

Eurobarometer 62 from Autumn 2004 (fieldwork carried out in Oct. 2004)
Eurobarometer 74 (fieldwork Oct. 2010
Eurobarometer 82 (fieldwork Oct. 2014)
Eurobarometer84 (fieldwork Oct. 2015)
Eurobarometer86 (fieldwork Oct. 2016)

*Eurobarometer 62 (Autumn 2004)* EU membership good thing (56%). Plus 8 percentage points from Eurobarometer 61 (Spring 2004). Highest level of support since 1995.

 But, view that EU membership is a good thing for their country mainly found amongst the citizens of old Member States (85% Luxembourg, 77% Ireland, 75% Netherlands, 73% Belguim, 72% Spain)

- Oct 2004 Eurobarometer poll 53% of EU citizens considered their country had benefited from belonging to the EU
- 34% thought their country hadn't benefited.
- Positive view Plus 6 percentage points from survey Feb/Mar 2004 - reached a level not seen over previous 10 years

#### IMAGE OF THE EUROPEAN UNION

- 50% had a positive image of the EU in Oct 2004 survey – an increase of 6 percentage points on Spring 2004 survey
  - 33% were neutral about the EU image
- 15% had a negative perception of the image of the EU

From this the Eurobarometer 62 report suggested that:

 "This constant trend reflects once again the gap which exists between the wishes of citizens for more Europe and their perception of the current situation." (p.29)

Eurobarometer 74 (Autumn 2010): Most important personal values for EU citizens -

- human rights	47%
- peace	44%
- respect for human life	41%
- democracy	29%
- individual freedom	23%
- rule of law	22%
- equality	19%

Eurobarometer 74 (Autumn 2010):

- When asked to select the values that best represent the E.U., Europeans gave priority to the values which are the most important for them personally:
  - human rights 38%
  - democracy 38%
  - peace 35%

Eurobarometer 74 (Autumn 2010):

Perceptions of what the E.U. represents for E.U citizens:

- freedom to travel, study and work anywhere in E.U. 45%
- Euro
  peace
  democracy
  cultural diversity
  stronger voice in world
- **BUT**, waste of money 25%

Eurobarometer 74 (Autumn 2010):

- 38% of Europeans surveyed had a positive image of the European Union
  - (= minus/decline of 10 percentage points in comparison with Eurobarometer 72 in Autumn 2009 – effect of Euro crisis?)
- Eurobarometer 62 (Autumn 2004) 50% had positive image of E.U.

Eurobarometer 82 (Autumn 2014) 45% of respondents felt attached to the E.U. (9% felt 'very attached') 52% did not feel attached to E.U.

Sense of E.U. citizenship is predominant, but in slight decline between Spring 2014 survey and Autumn 2014 survey
63% Autumn 2014 identified themselves as citizens of E.U in some way (35% did not)
(65% did in Spring 2014) Eurobarometer 82 (Autumn 2014) Self-identification as EU citizens decreases with age: 71% of 15 to 24 year olds 66% of 25 - 39 year olds 64% of 40 - 54 year olds 59% of 55 year olds and over

Higher among those who studied up to the age of 20 and beyond (73%) than among those who left school at 15 or earlier (48%)

# Eurobarometer 82 (Autumn 2014) *VALUES:* - Peace 40% - Human Rights 36% - Democracy 31%

*IMAGE OF THE E.U.* 39% positive 22% negative 37% neutral Eurobarometer 84 (Autumn 2015) IMAGE OF E.U. 37% positive image (-4% from Spring 2015) 38% neutral image (unchanged from Spring 2015)23% negative image (+4% from Spring 2015) FEEL ARE CITIZENS OF E.U. 64% (-3% SINCE Spring 2015) 34% disagree (+3% since Spring 2015) (Spring 2010 62% versus 37%)

Eurobarometer 86 (Autumn 2016)

67% of people surveyed in EU states felt they were citizens of EU (up 1 percentage point from Spring 2016 survey) – highest level ever recorded

32% of people surveyed don't feel they are citizens of EU

(Greece only country where majority of people don't feel they are citizens of EU) (UK 55% do, 43% don't Czech Republic 53% do, 46% don't)