INTRODUCTION

Present **yourself** (name & study area) and your **topic** (with a clear purpose statement describing the aim of your talk); provide an informative **outline* of the main points** (don't put structural information such as the words *introduction*, *summary*, *conclusion*, *discussion* into the outline); you may state to your audience when and how you would like to handle **questions**.

An introduction should not only <u>arouse curiosity</u>, but <u>also provide an overview</u> of the most important points. The audience should get the impression that your topic is well thought out (an interesting, informative title), that you have done the audience analysis (well-chosen style and register), and that you have a clear idea about the actual content of the presentation.

Task 1

don't hesitate I'm delighted sections to communicate a chance I take care go through in more depth* my purpose is finally divide to emphasise Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. It's a pleasure to be with you today. My name is Gordon Mathews and I'm in charge* of teaching presentation skills. We are here today to review* some key ideas about why it is important to learn effective communication skills. As we are living in the information age and may often be overwhelmed with massive amounts of information, it is important to know how to highlight the main ideas and provide a framework for what we are trying to get across. What I intend to do is to break down* this presentation into three parts: first, the preparation phase; second, the use of sign-posting language, and **third**, the actual delivery of the presentation. If you have any questions, please, feel free to interrupt* me, but I should also say that there'll be an opportunity to discuss issues at greater length* after my talk.

ENDING – Signal to End – Summary – Conclusion – Recommendation – Closing – Questions The ending should contain a **summary** of the data, where the main points of the presentation should again be stressed. There must be an evaluative **conclusion**, i.e. a **comment on the importance** of the findings*. In an academic presentation there should be a **recommendation** for future research, development, proceedings, etc. and a **closing** – thanking the audience and inviting **questions**.

Complete the following FNDING with words from the list and find the concluding statement

Task 2

quest	ions	that's all	secondly	discussion	meaningful	g statee.
	conclude	issues	briefly	finally	begin	
So, _		I have pla	anned to say a	bout the topic	. Let me summariz	e the main
Very		, they are	e four. First, I	spoke about th	e preparation phas	se, where it's very important
to det	ermine th	e aim and its r	elevance to the	e audience;	, the us	se of sign-posting language
which	is used t	o provide opti	mal orientation	n; and	, the actual	delivery, where it's good to
think	about yo	our voice and	body langua	ge. I'd like to) <i>k</i>	y emphasizing that many
	-			-		concluding
stater	nent that	stresses the p	position of the	speaker on th	e topic. I suggest v	ve start the
but b	efore we	·	, let me ti	hank you for	your attention. I'd	d be glad to answer any
		now.		•		,

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						hasizing that many
•		, ,	•			concluding
•	•	• •				t the,
	•		•	•	• •	glad to answer any
	now.					-