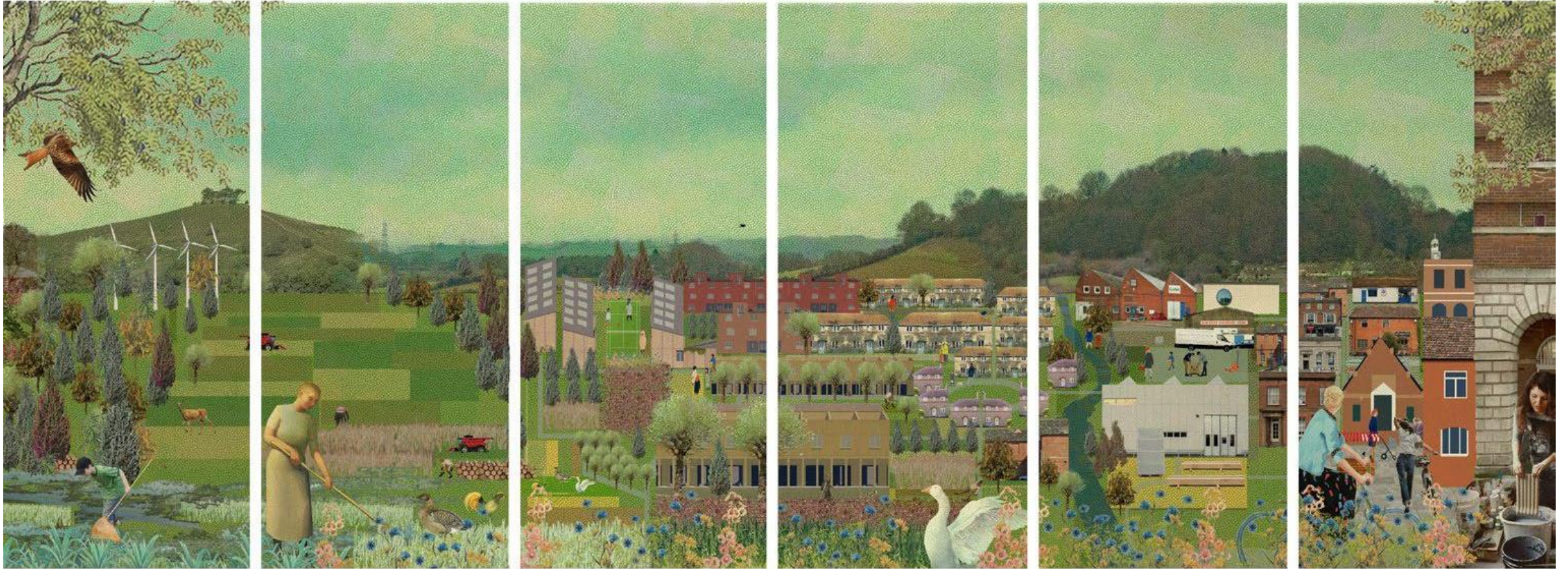


## Question:

What are the problems with the housing system?



**WESSEX  
COMMUNITY  
ASSETS**



**Tim Crabtree**

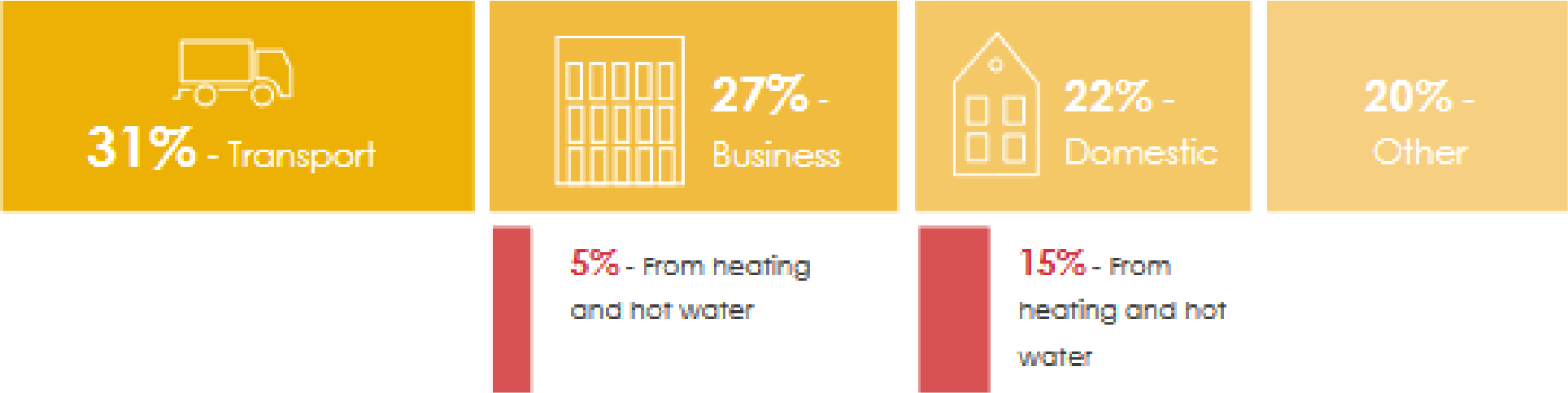
**Wessex Community Assets**

## The challenge:

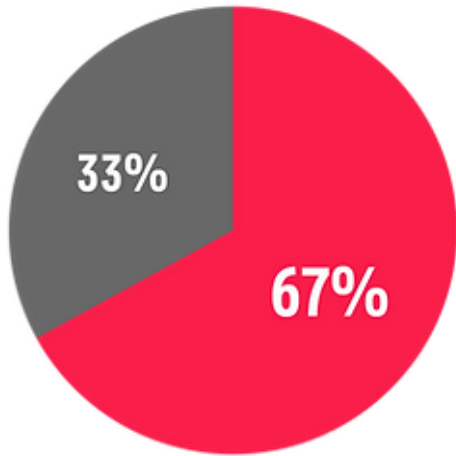
We need the majority of new houses to be affordable and sustainable....

And we need to transform the existing housing stock.

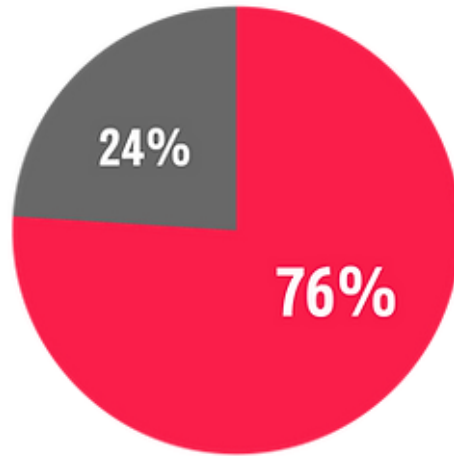
# Total UK greenhouse gas emissions



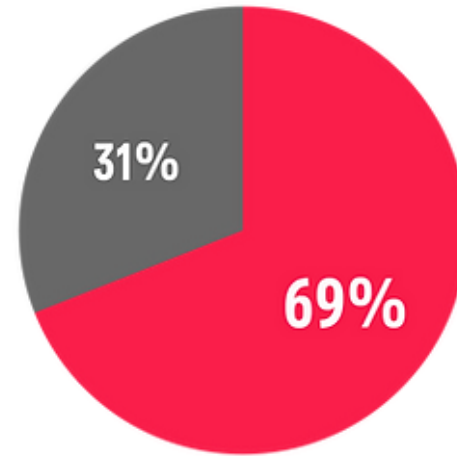
### OFFICE



### WAREHOUSE



### RESIDENTIAL

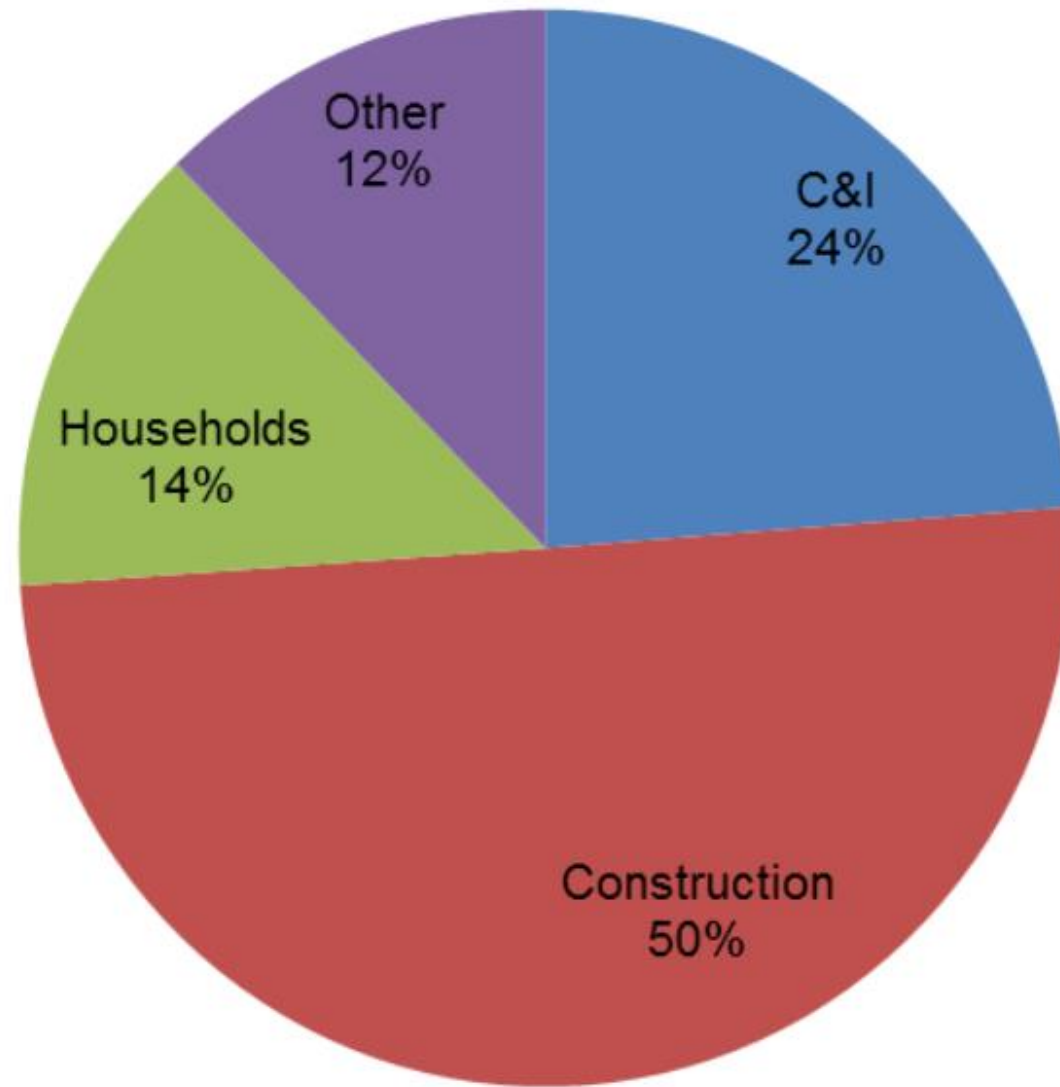


**Operational Carbon** Emissions



**Embodied Carbon** Emissions

Diagrams: Sturgis Carbon Profiling/ RICS.



**Source: Waste Statistics Regulation return**

# Wessex Community Assets: 20 years of innovation

- Created a £13 million home improvement lending service with 15 local authorities.
- Pioneered the use of community shares as a financial mechanism.
- Key organisation in the development of community land trusts in the UK.
- Developed one of the UK's largest enabling services for community-led housing. 30 community land trust projects completed – over 300 houses; 30 projects in progress.
- WCA has supported over 100 community enterprises in fields such as local food, renewable energy, employment workspace and affordable housing.



£22,427,724

Total amount lent






£8,835,347

Total loan book

3,526

Released loans



 Improving People's Lives			
			
	 Delivering for you		
			



wessexca.co.uk



	The concerns we are addressing
<b>Affordable sustainable housing</b>	The housing crisis: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– Lack of affordability</li><li>– Disparity between house prices and average wages</li><li>– Lack of security</li><li>– Lack of sustainability</li></ul>
<b>Local enterprise infrastructure</b>	The crisis of livelihoods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– Fragile local economies</li><li>– Job insecurity</li><li>– Lack of skills &amp; facilities to create regenerative &amp; resilient local economies</li></ul>
<b>Regenerative land management</b>	The ecological crisis: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– Climate change</li><li>– Biodiversity loss</li><li>– Pollution, including from intensive agriculture</li><li>– Resource depletion</li></ul>



# Wessex Community Assets: Impact across the region

- Increase in affordable housing
- Increase in community engagement & participation
- Development of community assets
- Addressing the environmental impact of construction & refurbishment
- Development of local economy infrastructure and support for SME's, farmers & foresters
- Development of training programmes



# Wessex Community Assets: 2003 – 2024

Supporting 60 CLTs across Devon, Dorset & Somerset



# 2011 – 2022

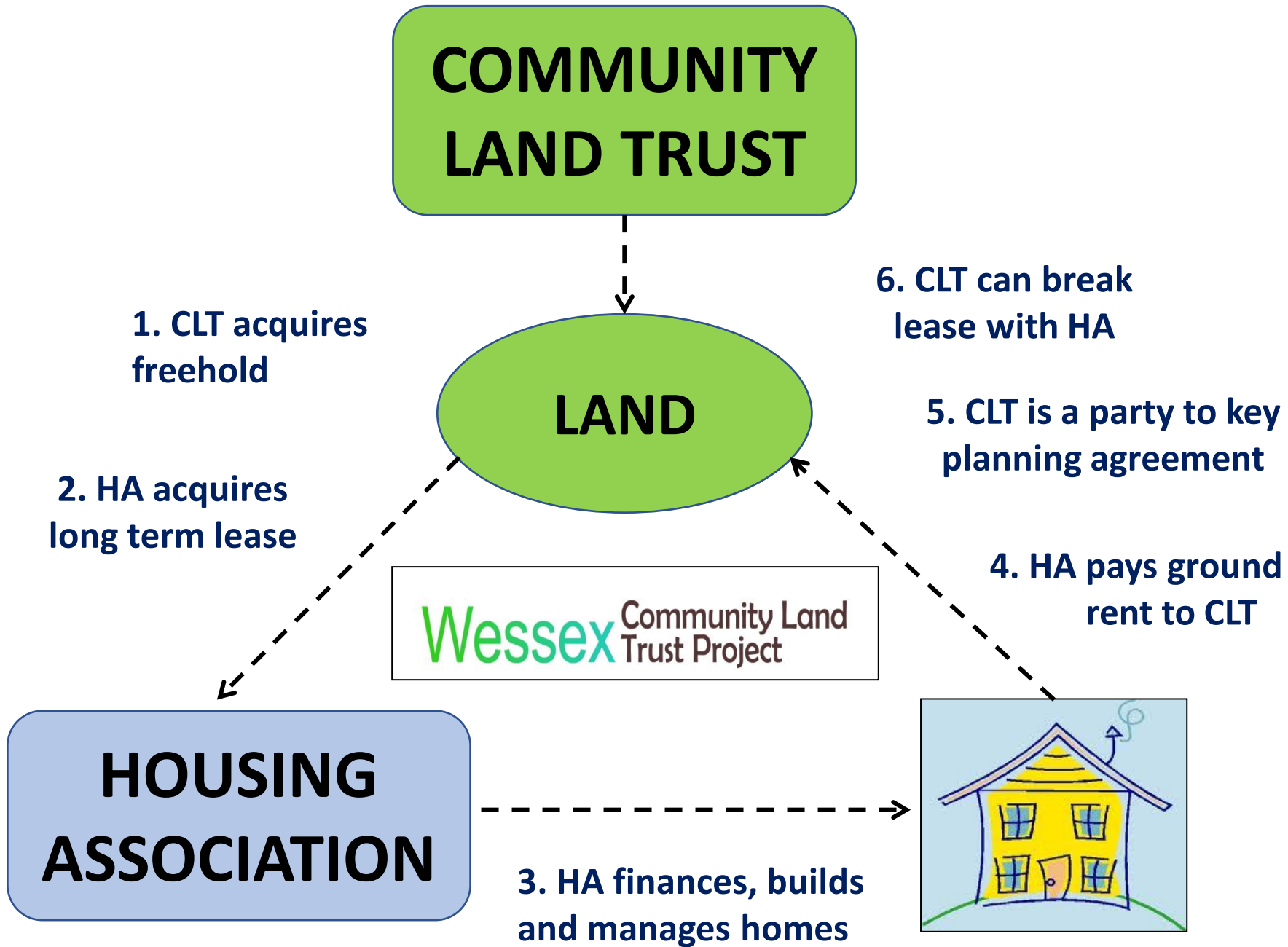
## A focus on CLT partnerships with housing associations



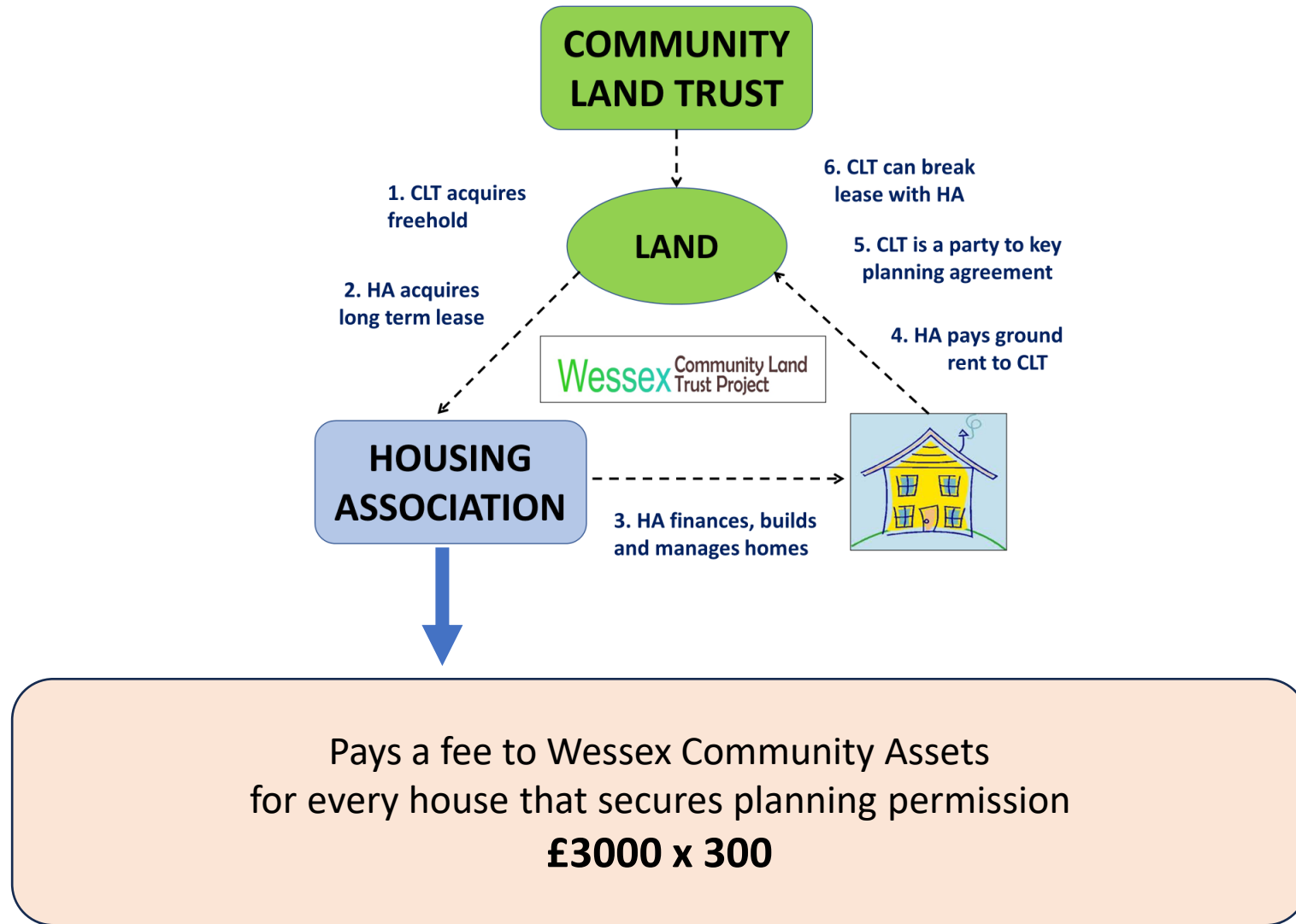
# Wessex Community Assets: 2003 – 2023

Supporting 60 CLTs across Devon, Dorset & Somerset





# Financial model





wessexca.co.uk



# Raise the Roof



## FUNDED BY:



Fair economy. Better world.



# The Raise the Roof project addresses three inter-locking crises:

- The **crisis in the housing sector** across the UK, characterised by lack of affordability, lack of sustainability and lack of security.
- The **crisis of livelihoods** in the UK's towns, characterised by low average wages and job insecurity, lack of access to skills training, and lack of support and resources to support the start up or expansion of local enterprises.
- The **ecological crisis**, encompassing climate change, biodiversity loss and poor management of the natural environment, including agricultural land and woodlands, combined with pollution and resource depletion.

# The Raise the Project seeks to answer these questions:

- Can we build or refurbish housing in such a way that we help maintain and create jobs within a resilient local economy?
- Can we imagine new and creative designs and construction methods for the houses we want to (re-)build – and ensure they are affordable?
- Can we draw on sustainable materials that flow out of regenerative forestry and agriculture?

# Community-led housing is currently making a limited contribution to addressing these crises

Housing crisis

Limited numbers of community-led housing currently being developed

Crisis of participation & democracy

Most groups do not have sufficient capacity so housing associations take the lead

Ecological & climate crisis

Design constraints, material constraints, financial constraints

Crisis of local economies & jobs

Housing developers & contractors do little to contribute to the local economy or job creation

There is an opportunity to deliver homes affordably and sustainably by:

**Growing + processing materials locally**

**Pre-fabricating structures off-site**

**Assembling structures on-site**

**Self-finishing by residents**



Bridport Community-led Economic Development

## Local Materials in Construction

Tim Crabtree

2017

**Timber & other local materials as key inputs**



**Affordable, sustainable houses**



# Potential local building materials

Raw material	Product	Possible sources
Stone	Stone facing	Existing small quarries
Boulders	Saddle stones	Local farms
Lime	Lime putty	Small scale clamp burning
Slate	External floor slabs	Several local quarries
Cobbles	External floors and paths	Local rivers, streams.
Gravel	For back-fill and bedding	Local quarries
Sand	For mortars, renders and plasters	Local quarries and rivers, seashore, streams
Subsoil for cob	Cob for mass walling	Local farms
Clay for plasters	Base coat plasters, clay slips and clay/straw infill panels	Extensive clay beds in the local area. Also available as processed dry clay in bags
Clay for pigments	Natural clay and lime based paints	Extensive in the local area
Naturally durable timber	Rafters, beams, joists and cladding and roof shingles	Oak, Sweet Chestnut, larch, Douglas Fir, Western Red Cedar
Non durable timber	Studwork and internal boarding and joinery	Spruce, Scots pine, Ash, Willow, as well as the above
External Joinery grade timber	Windows and Doors	Oak, Sweet Chestnut, European Larch
Floor boards	Heavy use	Oak, Sweet Chestnut, Ash
Straw bales	Straw bale walls and staw/clay slip infill	Local arable farmers
Agricultural hemp	Cast lime/hemp shiv infill	Local arable farmers
Sheeps wool	Loose insulation	Local Farmers
Thatching reed	Roofing	Sourced from local wetlands

# Net zero and sustainable construction



<https://www.materialepyramiden.dk/>









Tiny House Building Course - 26-30 July and 23-27 Aug



# Assemble's initial propositions

Key types - Mansion Type



Key types - Courtyard Row Type



Construction -

Extensive use and expression of natural and site-based materials



Wall buildup



Exterior cladding

Technology -

combining building crafts with contemporary technology

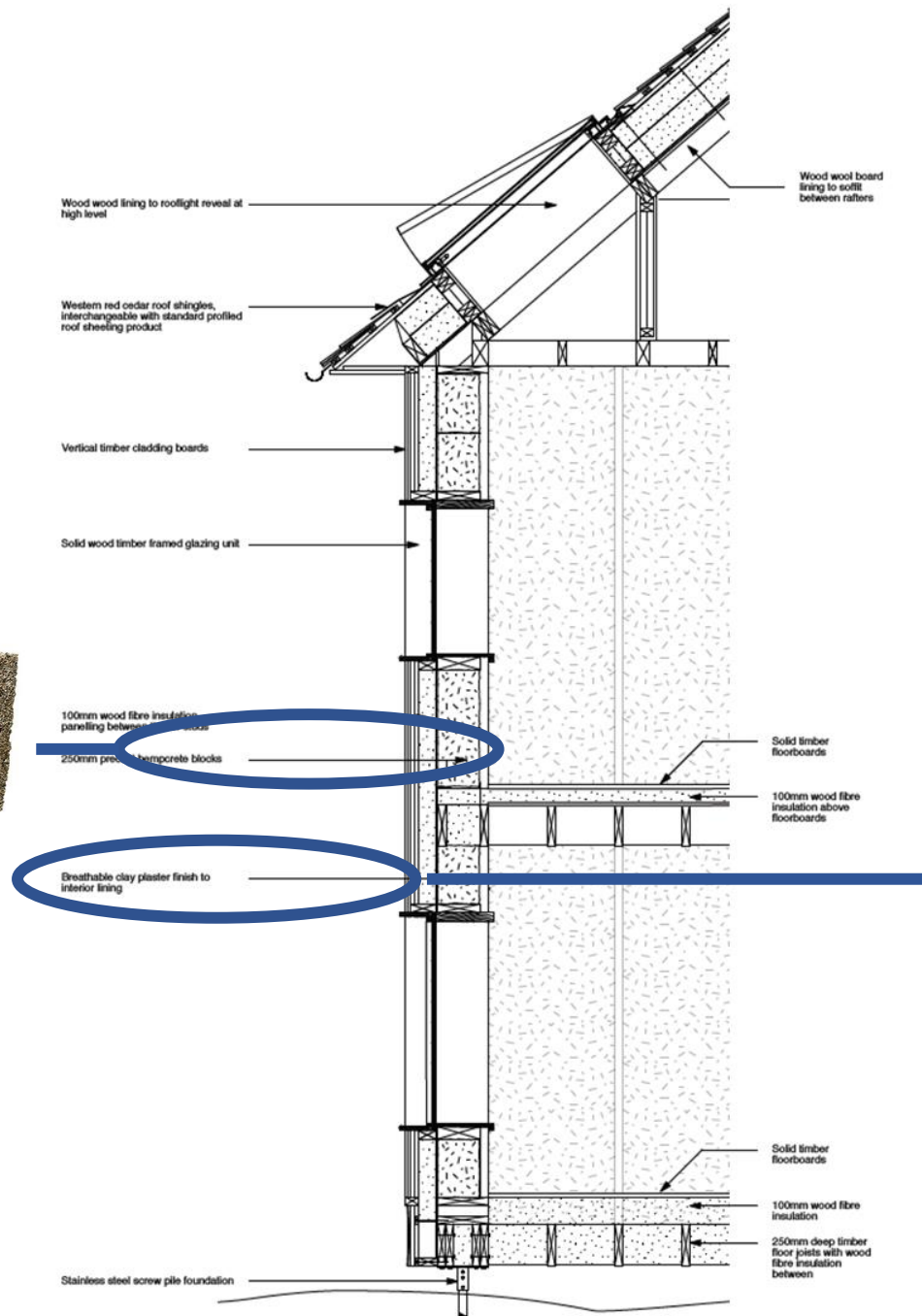


Structure



Envelope

## Hempcrete insulation within timber panels



## Clay plaster finish



**Timber shingles**

Western red cedar roof shingles, interchangeable with standard profiled roof sheathing product

**Timber cladding**

Vertical timber cladding boards

**Timber stud work**

100mm wood fibre insulation parallel between timber studs

**Timber floorboards**

Solid timber floorboards

**Timber floor joists**

insulation

250mm deep timber floor joists with wood fibre insulation between

Wood wood lining to rooflight reveal at high level

Wood wood board lining to eave between rafters

Solid wood timber framed glazing unit

100mm wood fibre insulation above floorboards

Breathable clay plaster finish to interior lining

Solid timber floorboards

Stainless steel screw pile foundation



Western red cedar



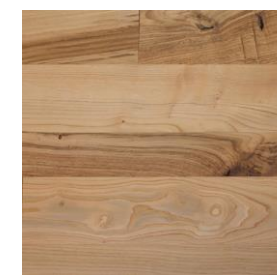
Oak



Beech



Ash



Sweet chestnut



Larch

# Connected Everything (EPSRC programme): Development of models & prototypes with Plymouth University's Digital Fabrication Lab

## UNIVERSITY OF PLYMOUTH

Alejandro Veliz Reyes (Digital Design & Fabrication)  
Pieter De Wilde (Building Performance Analysis)

## ADVISORY PANEL

Tim Crabtree, Wessex Community Assets  
Mollie Claypool, Automated Architecture Ltd



Computing Craft 2018-20



SWCTN Automation Fellowship 2019-20



UBB Chile, 2019



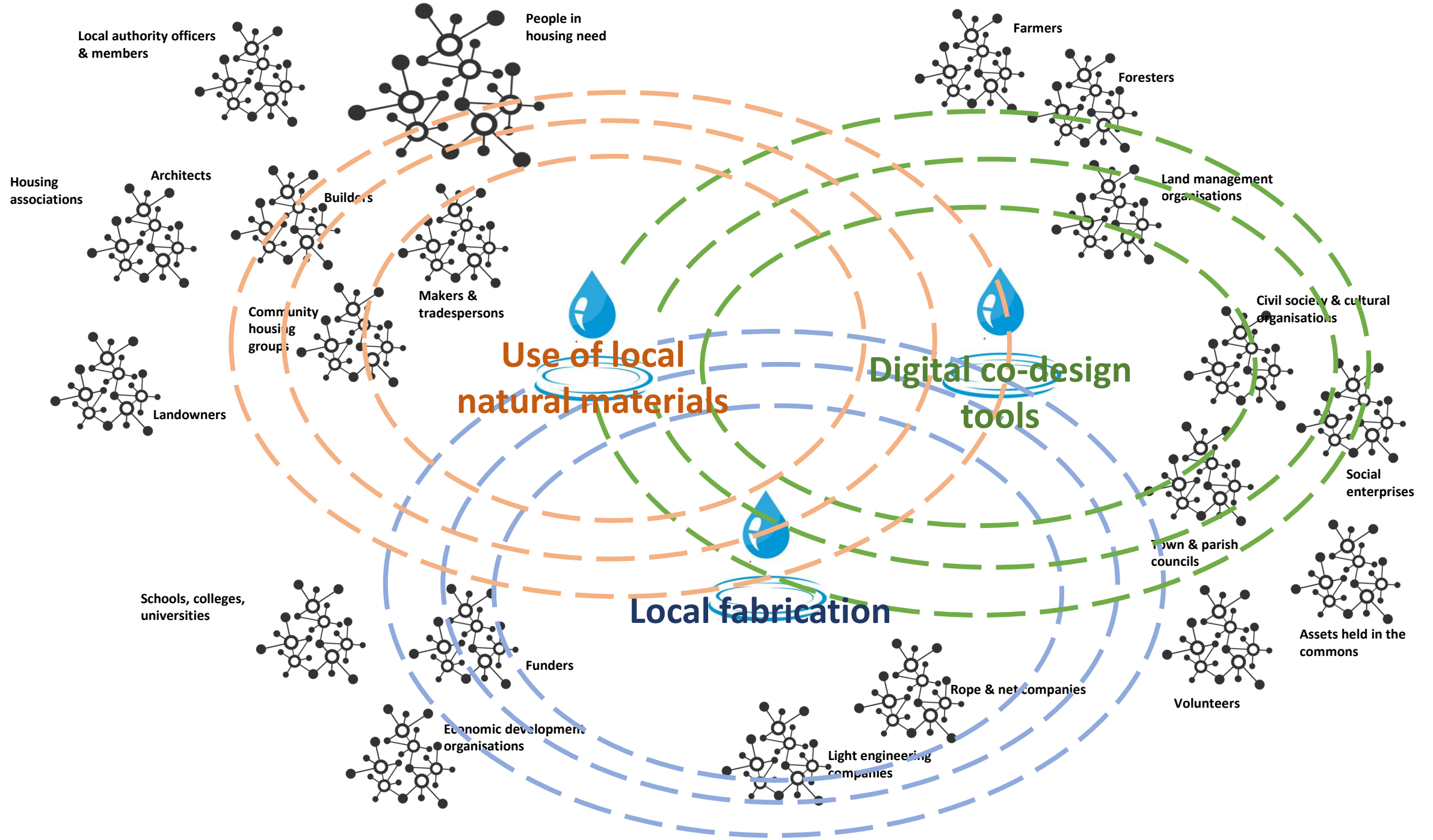
AUAR 2020



AUAR 2020



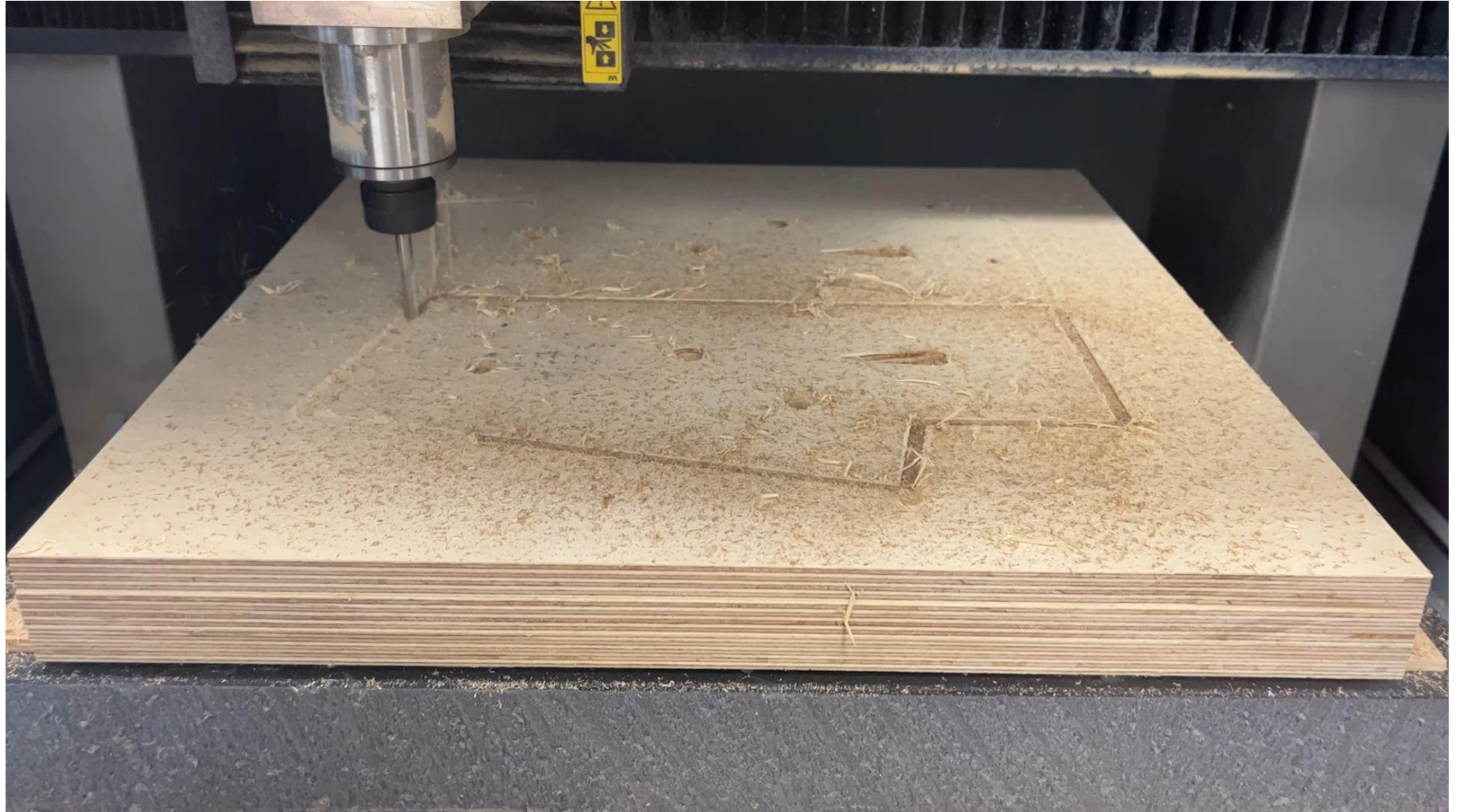




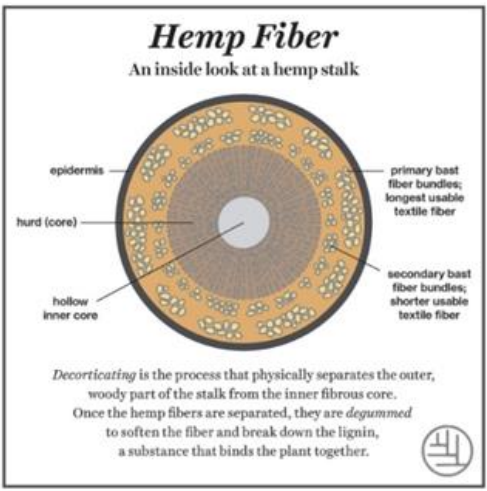
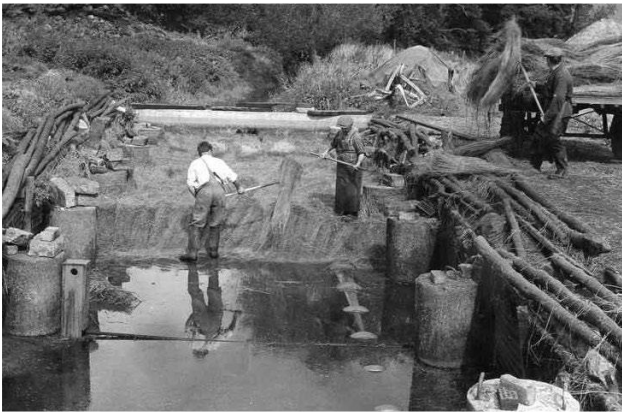
# Prototyping 1

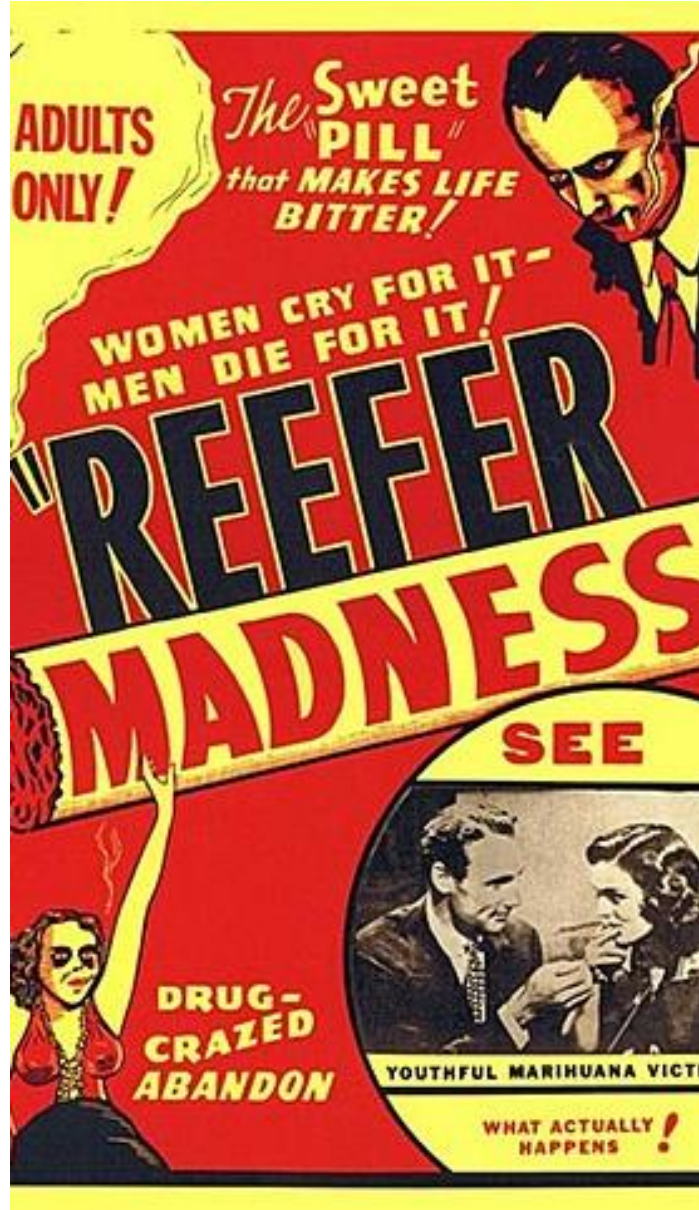






# West Dorset's heritage of flax and hemp







The video player shows a split-screen image. The left side is a black and white historical photograph of three men in caps and jackets standing next to large bales of raw hemp. The right side is a modern-day aerial view of a lush green hemp field. The video player interface includes a top-left corner with a circular logo for 'Chasing Cow Productions' and the title 'Hemp: Bridport's Past and Future'. A top-right corner contains social media icons for heart, share, and zoom. The bottom of the player features a progress bar at 07:38, a play button, and logos for 'Friends Provident', 'WESSEX COMMUNITY ASSETS', and 'Dorset Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty'. The Vimeo logo is in the bottom right corner.

Chasing Cow Productions

# Hemp

## Bridport's Past and Future

07:38

Friends Provident

WESSEX COMMUNITY ASSETS

Dorset Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty

vimeo

<https://www.chasingcow.co.uk/hemp-bridports-past-and-future>





'Raise the Roof' WCA Hemp Field Trials Documentary

<https://vimeo.com/777865350>

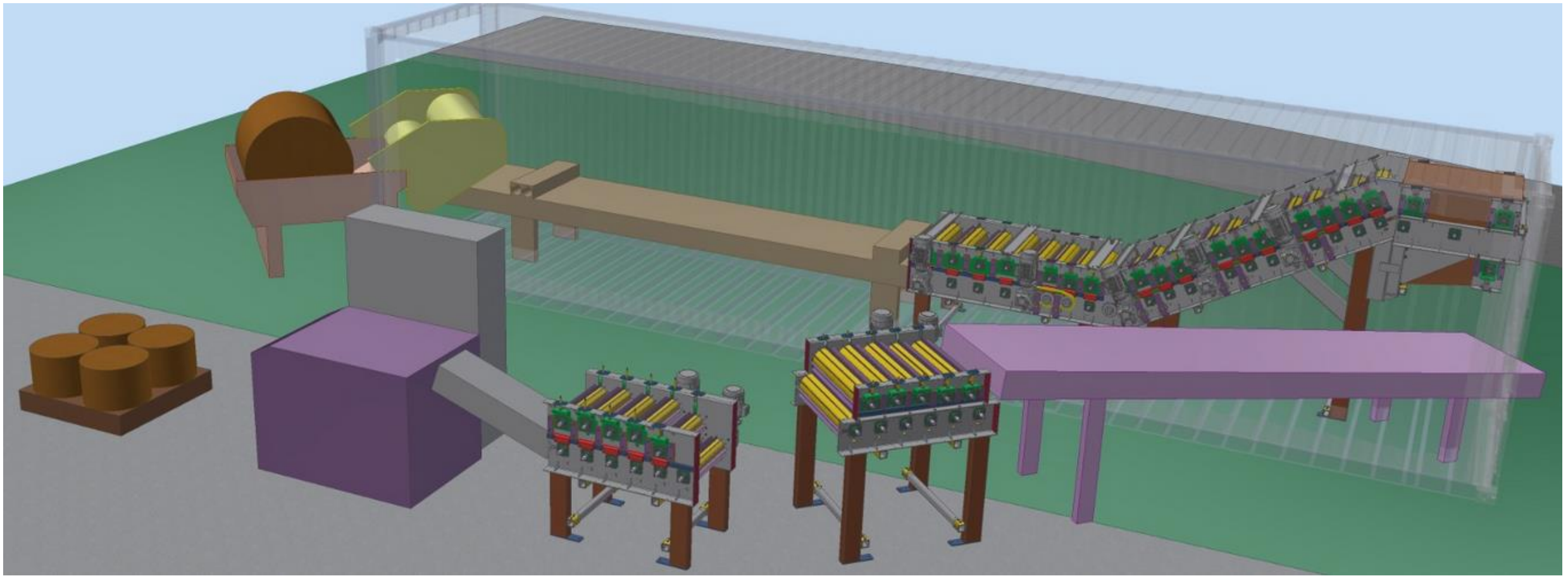




the  
harvest in  
numbers

- 15 tonnes of ensiled hemp- forage harvested
- 10 small round bales of wrapped ensiled hemp
- 8 large round bales of retted hemp
- 4 tonnes of loose retted hemp
- 50 small rectangular bales
- 35 people who came to fibre day









# FIBERTRACK 660

DECORTICATION ENGINEERED FOR TODAY'S HEMP INDUSTRY

**INDUSTRIAL HEMP**

**TATHAM**

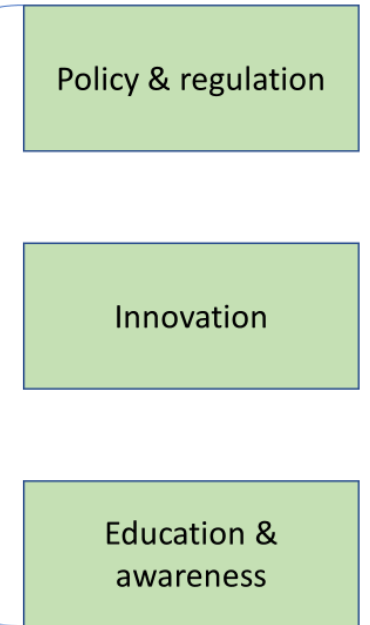


**DECORTICATION SECTION**

**CLEANING SECTION**



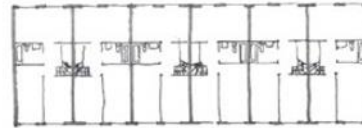
- Quite easy to grow
- Difficult to harvest without specialist machinery
- Farmers/contractors would only invest in that machinery if there is sufficient scale of processing infrastructure



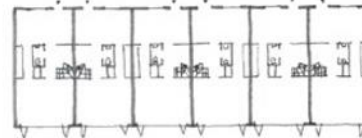
# Prototyping 2

1:1 Housing system prototyping





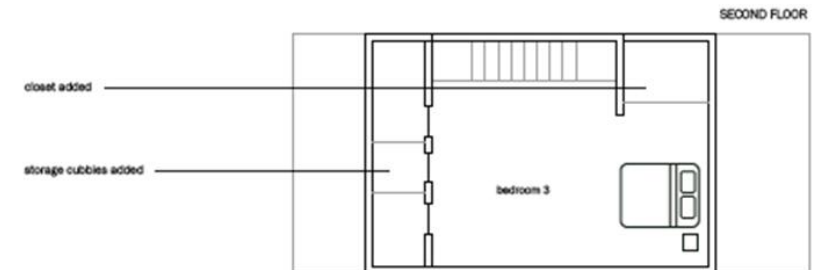
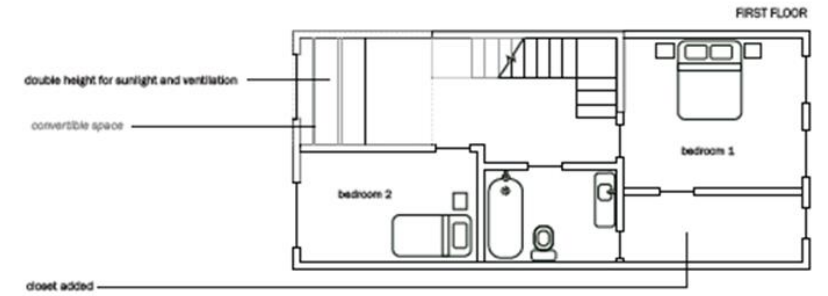
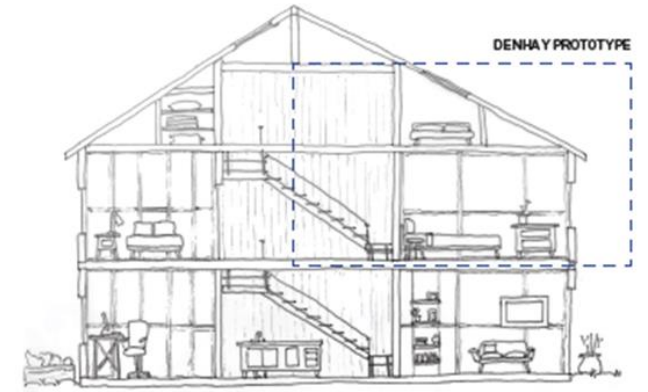
First Floor Plan, 1:100



Ground Floor Plan, 1:100

**TYPE 1:  
ROW HOUSE - BASIC**

This layout provides the fastest route to a finished, mortgageable shell. Minimum partitions need to be added initially aside from toilets and optionally bedrooms. This offers the greatest flexibility for the home owners to decide spatial configuration throughout time.





# Material approach

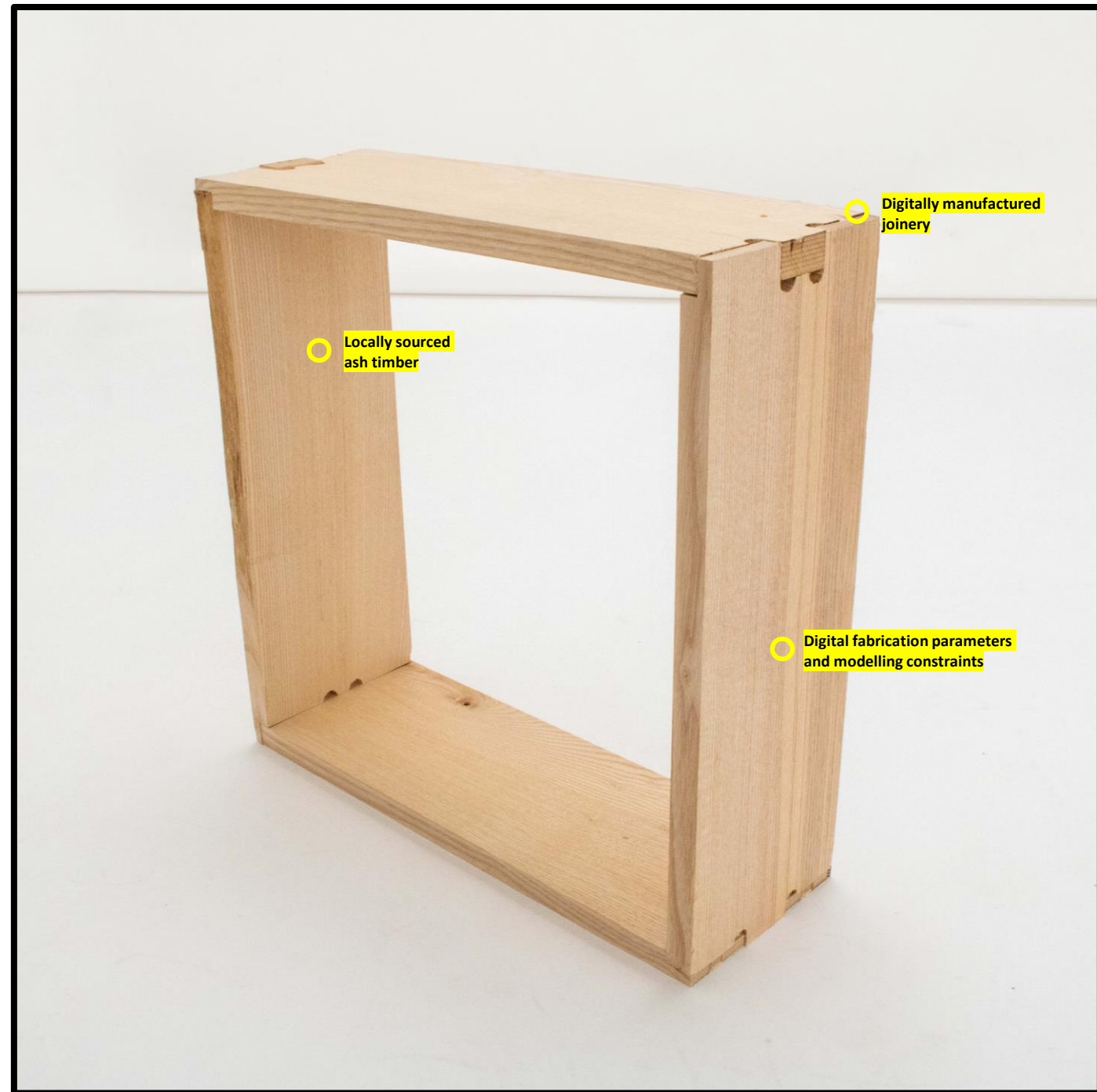
(Co)design and prototyping through digital fabrication



*Prototype panel, University of Plymouth Digital Fabrication Laboratory.  
Image source: A. Carr, 2022..*

# Material approach

(Co)design and prototyping through digital fabrication



Biogenic

An average timber frame home sequesters 19 tonnes of carbon

Wood for Good

Hempcrete sequesters 165kg of carbon per cubic meter

Lime Technology



## Material Cultures: Margent Farm





# DunAgro – Netherlands: An example of timber-hemp panels

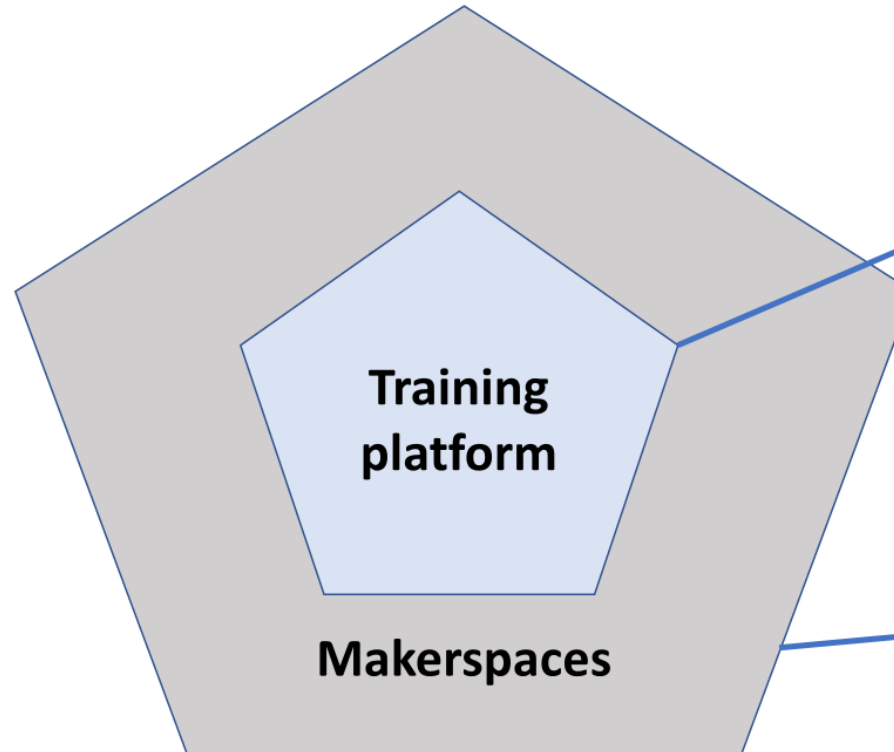


# Material approach

(Co)design and prototyping through digital fabrication



# Denhay Farm: Makerspace & Training Facility



## Training platform

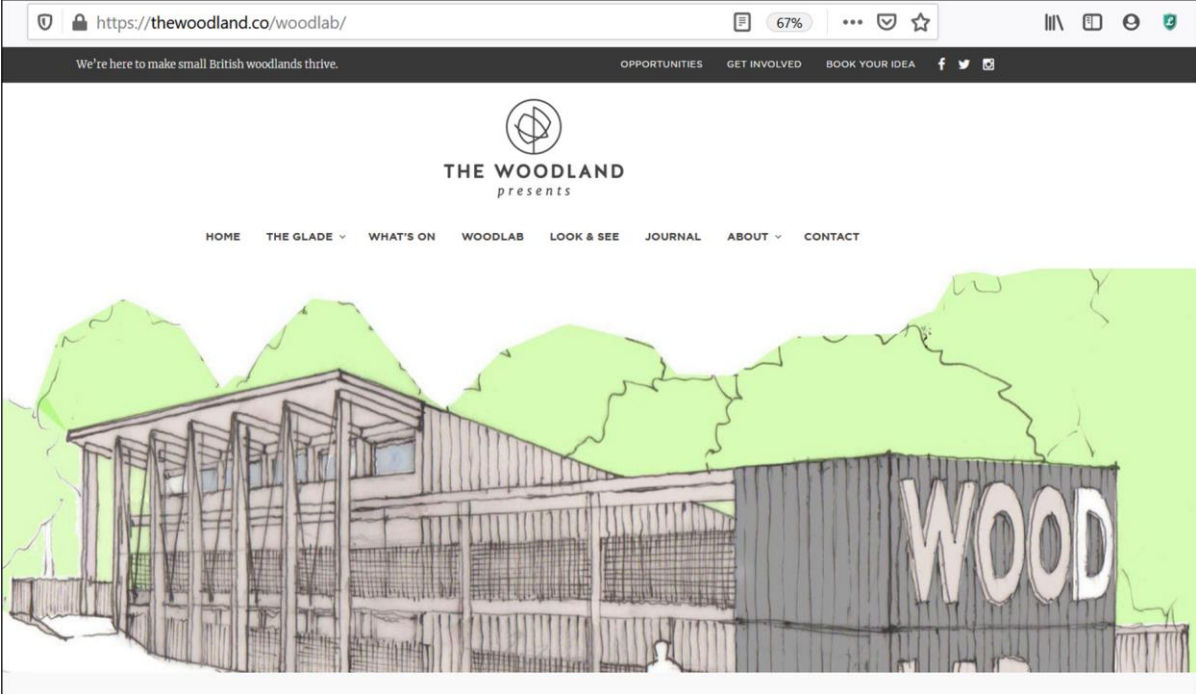
*Provides:*

- Common branding
- Educational framework
- On-line content
- Website + plug-ins
- Teaching materials
- Marketing/promotion
- Quality assurance
- Admin templates
- H+S / Risk assessments

## Makerspace

*Provides:*

- Facilitation/tuition
- Workspace
- Equipment & Machinery
- Local community engagement
- Administration
- Accommodation options if appropriate



## Partners

Assemble

Common Practice

Common Ground

Bridport Area Community  
Housing

Bridport Town Council

University of Plymouth

Woodlab & Wikihouse

Local farmers & foresters

Dorset Community  
Energy

Stir to Action

## Denhay Workspace

### Materials

Sourcing    Processing

### Training & Education

### Research & Prototyping

### Off-site fabrication

## Outputs

### Community Buildings

- Common House  
- Trill Barn

### Affordable Housing

- Foundry Lea  
- Burton Bradstock

### Energy & Retrofit

- Boldwood House

### Textiles

- Fibre mill  
- Furnishings for warmth

<b>Vocational training workshops</b>	<b>Materials workshops</b>	<b>Community workshops</b>	<b>Creative workshops</b>
Retrofitting for energy efficiency	Timber from the SW: sourcing & uses	Basic carpentry	Ceramics
Carpentry and joinery by hand	Fibres: hemp, flax, straw, wool	Furniture design & making	Paper-making
Modern methods of construction	Local clays: for bricks & plasters	Exploring natural materials	Screen-printing & Wall-paper printing
Digital design & fabrication	Lime	Repairs, Recycling & Upcycling	Working with felt
Use of natural materials	Seaweed as a binder or for composites	Using reclaimed materials	Working with hazel, willow, reed
Circular economy	Charcoal & biochar	Textiles	Stone carving
Finance, planning & building regs	Stone & Chalk	Home furnishings	Interior colour design
Accessibility requirements	Rammed earth	Energy efficiency improvements	Garden design & landscaping

## RESOURCES

- Workspace
- Hand tools & machinery
- Materials (inc timber from local woodhub)
- Network of Tutors
- Delivery framework
- Enrolment process
- Website

## PARTNERS

### Raise the Roof core partners

Arts Development Company  
Bridport Area Community Housing  
Bridport Town Council  
Common Ground  
Dorset Woodhub  
Wessex Community Assets

## OPERATIONS/ ACTIVITIES

### Courses in:

- Carpentry & joinery
- Green woodwork
- Sustainable construction
- Design & make for production, e.g. for furniture and fittings
- Woodland Ecology
- Woodland Creation
- Woodland mgt
- Extraction
- The Timber Processing Chain
- Machinery Operation
- Social forestry approaches
- Social prescribing – “woods for well-being” plus crafts/making

## OUTPUTS/ VALUE PROPOSITION

Learners will benefit from:

- Access to new knowledge
- Gaining new skills
- Industry integration
- Potential career change
- Workspace
- A community of peers

Linked to practical and socially useful making of things such as furniture, buildings, wood stores, animal architecture, renovating community spaces.

Post-COVID recovery: making and creating is good for mental health.

Capacity-building & enhanced community cohesion through working on practical projects together.

## PROMOTION/ MARKETING CHANNELS

- Through the network of partners.
- Dedicated website: [www.raisetherooft.info](http://www.raisetherooft.info)
- Social media
- Community events
- Press releases.

## CUSTOMER/BENEFICIARY RELATIONSHIPS

During training courses:

- Co-creative focus
- Emphasis on building capacity & confidence
- Practical & immersive experience

Online:

- Supportive resources
- Forum space
- Mentoring & Business start-up support

## BENEFICIARIES/ CUSTOMER SEGMENTS

People who are unemployed or in low paid, precarious employment.

Local 18 – 40 women + men eager to re-train, upskill, or supplement previous education & training.

People keen to access affordable housing through self-build/self-finish.

People referred by GP's and other agencies for “social prescribing” activities/“green gyms”.



The UK's biggest  
cohousing project  
- 53 affordable, eco-  
homes  
for local people  
- shared ownership  
and social rent.





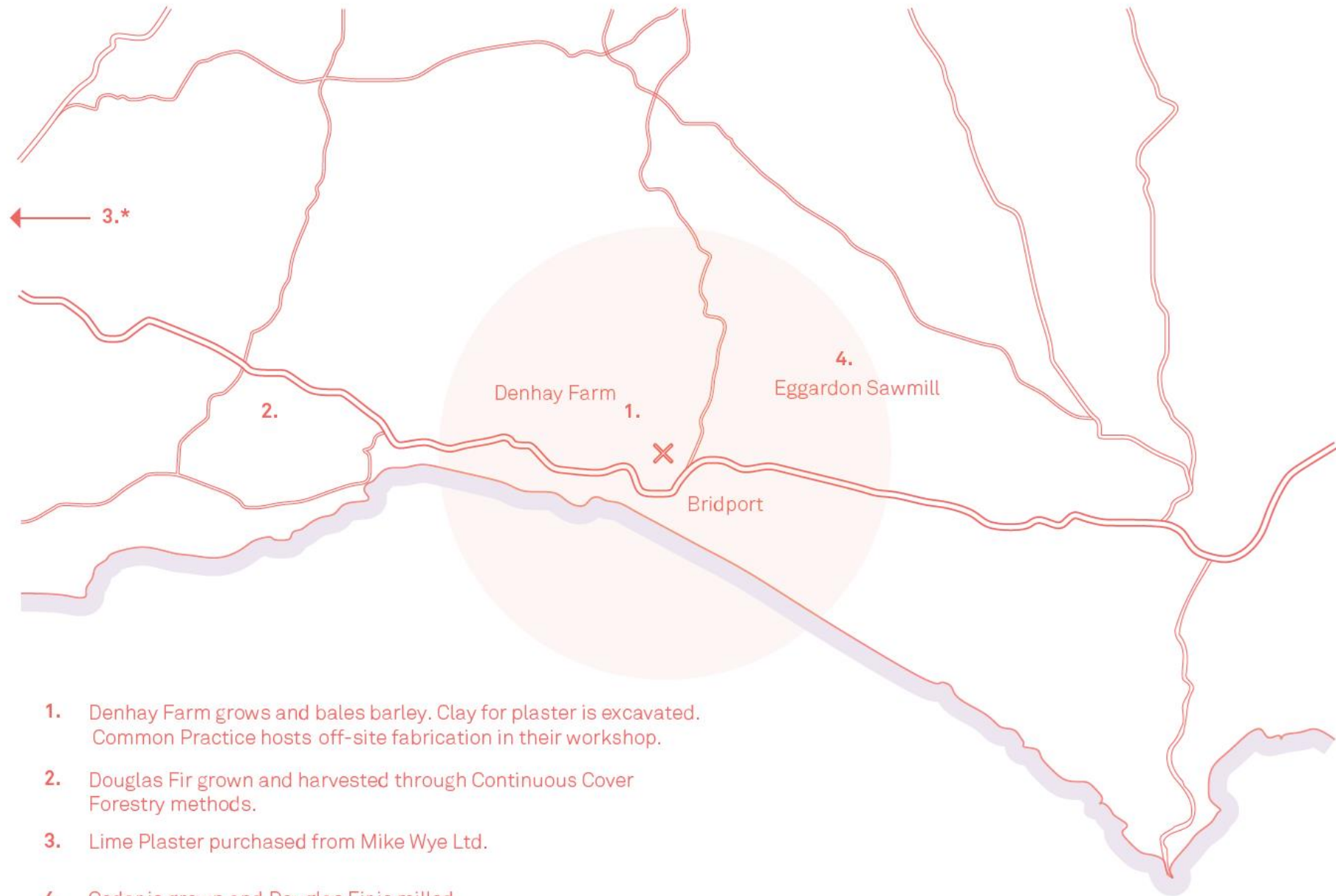


## HAZELMEAD COMMON HOUSE [PHASE ONE]

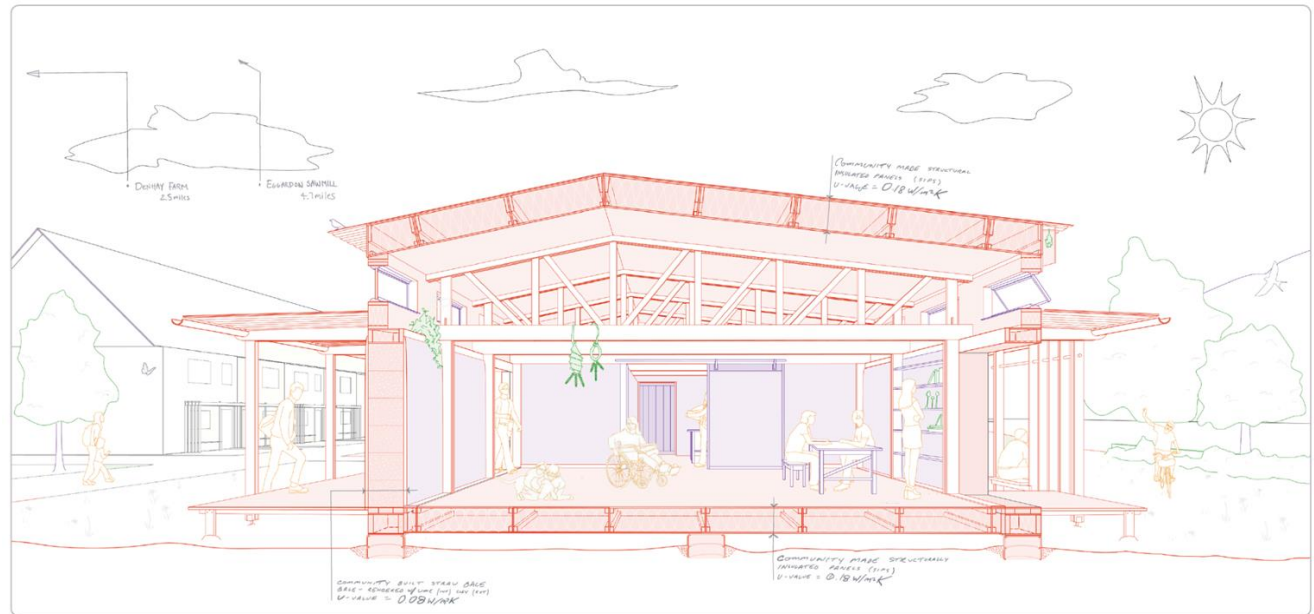
### KEY FIGURES

Footprint	130 m2
Residents	100+
Volunteers	25+
Material Travel Miles	8.1 miles (at present)
Local Douglas Fir	12.8 m3
Barley Straw Bales	328
Recycled Car Tyres	42
Local Clay	2 Tons

# Common House Sourcing Map



1. Denhay Farm grows and bales barley. Clay for plaster is excavated. Common Practice hosts off-site fabrication in their workshop.
2. Douglas Fir grown and harvested through Continuous Cover Forestry methods.
3. Lime Plaster purchased from Mike Wye Ltd.
4. Cedar is grown and Douglas Fir is milled.



## Phase One Insights:

## Cheaper + Quicker



- Construction methodology is designed to be accessible so volunteering is simple

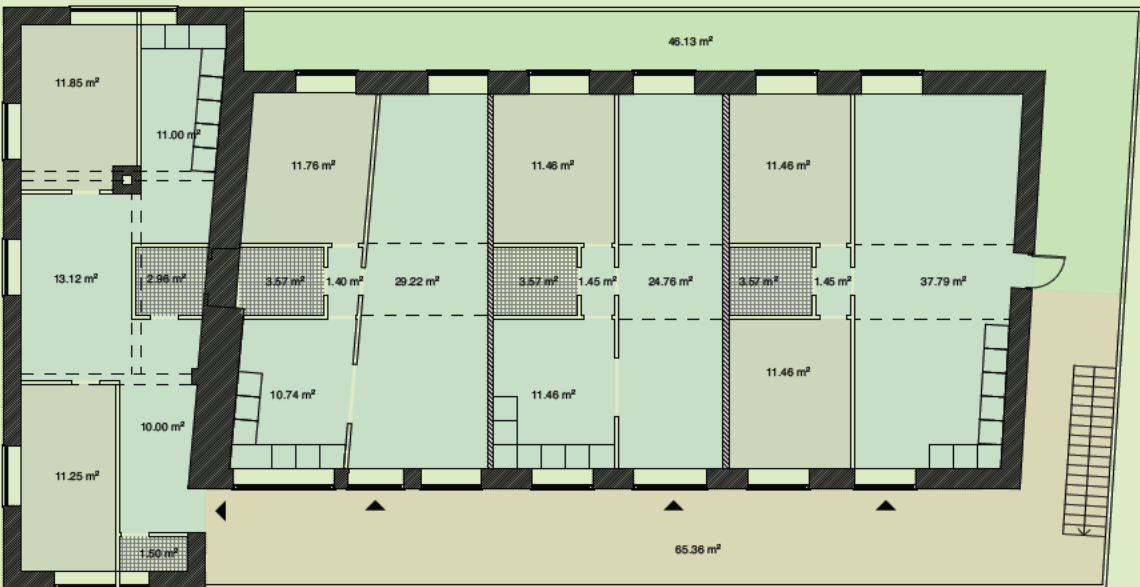
- 1 Bale is £4  
The building uses 300

The building cost is half as much as the lowest conventional tender

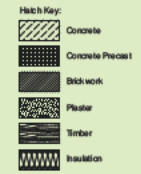
- Picture taken at week 10  
16 Weeks from start of prefab to watertight shell

# Boldwood House: partnership with Bridport Area Community Housing, Magna Hsg & Assemble Studio





2 Bed Apt 63.88 m<sup>2</sup>      1 Bed Apt 58.49 m<sup>2</sup>      1 Bed Apt 54.41 m<sup>2</sup>      2 Bed Apt 67.45 m<sup>2</sup>

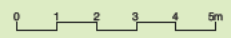


Study  
Drawing  
FF Option 3

Project  
Baldwood House  
Client  
Baldport Town Council

Date 06.02.2024      Drawing No 1565\_BK4  
Drawn by Amy Peters      Scale 1:100 @ A3

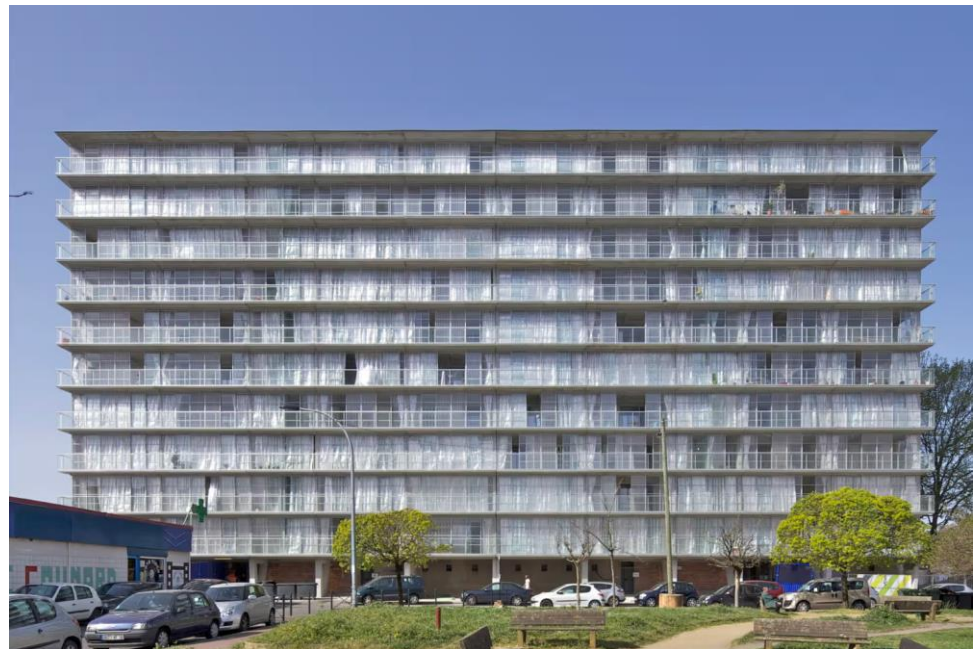
**ASSEMBLE**  
Sughruff & Shuttles, 30 Hancock Road, ES 3DA  
+44 (0)1507 207000  
info@assemblestudio.co.uk

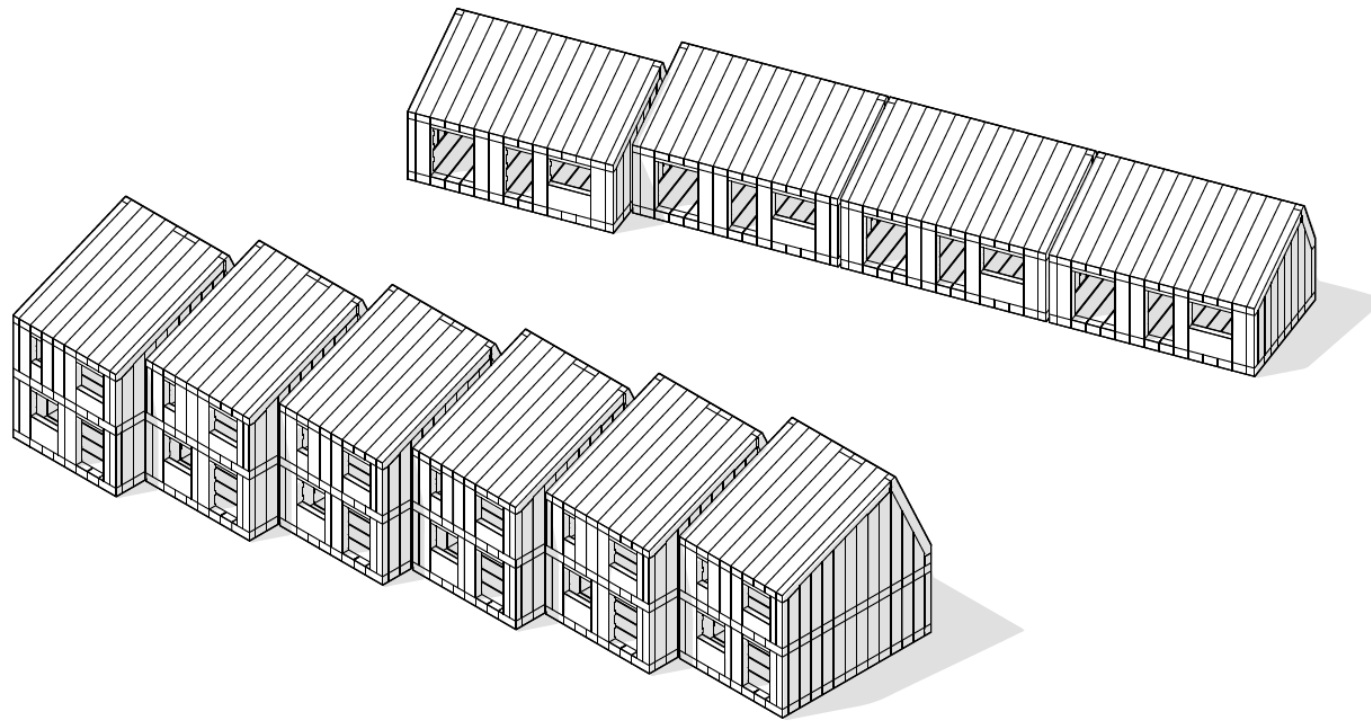


Option 3 - Wrapping with access from the North

- Four 1 and 2 bed flats per floor
- Access via North wintergarden
- Private outdoor space via South wintergarden layer
- New wintergarden layer provides access and exterior spaces
- Lift could also be added in the wintergarden zone to make all flats fully accessible
- Some more significant changes to the fabric of the building - many windows become doors
- Internal staircase removed
- External insulation

This option creates a full wraparound that acts as a new thermal envelope for the building, providing access on the North facade and extensions to the flats along the South facade in the form of a new balcony or Winter Garden. This approach enables the existing interior stair to be removed and additional accomodation added.





# Lancaster Gardens, Whiteleigh

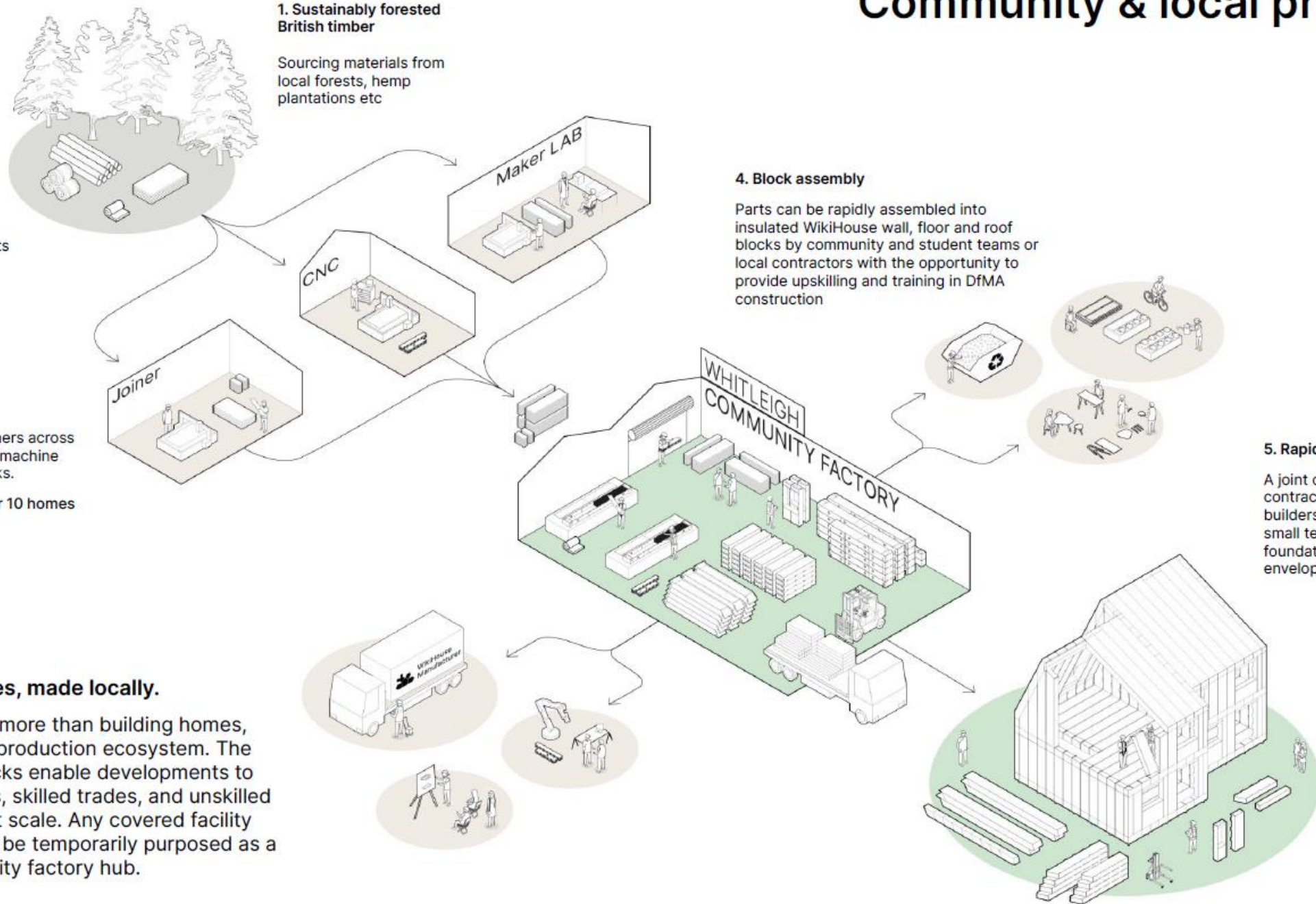
Partnership between  
Whiteleigh Community  
Trust, WCA, Wikihouse,  
University of Plymouth







# Community & local production

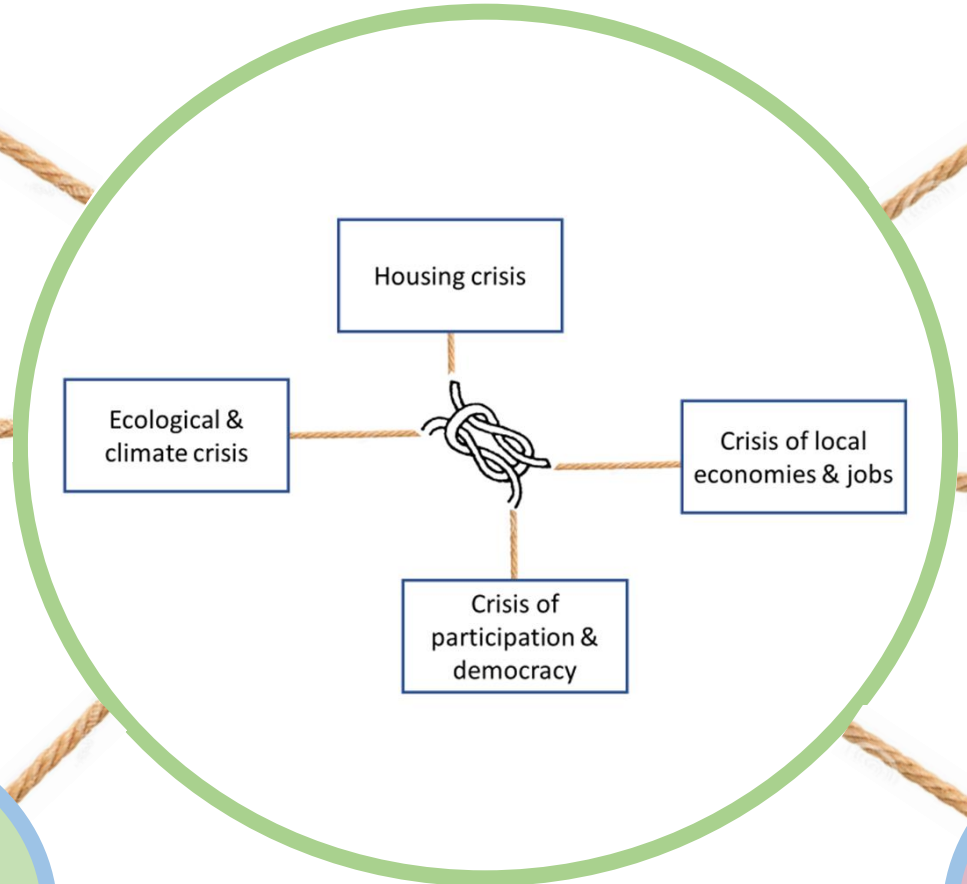


## Zero-carbon homes, made locally.

WikiHouse is about more than building homes, but building a local production ecosystem. The simple modular blocks enable developments to leverage local SMEs, skilled trades, and unskilled novices to deliver at scale. Any covered facility local to the site can be temporarily purposed as a WikiHouse community factory hub.

<https://wecanmake.org/>





**Supporting cultivation of timber & hemp**

**Community engagement & participation**

**Building local supply chains**

**Legal & financial model for self-finish housing**

**Creating new capacity for processing & manufacture**

**Education & training programmes**