The Contemporary Transformation of the International System

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Lecture 4

The transformation of the states-system: underdeveloped and developing states

Key question = relationship between the State (its internal organisation and external relationship(s) and position in international system) AND processes and opportunities for development

 this relationship is shaped through the degrees of Sovereignty and Autonomy a State possesses or commands

State Sovereignty:

"a state's claim to authority: its claim to a right to rule rooted in recognition of that right by the state's own citizens and by other states"

State Autonomy:

"the states ability to rule: its ability to make independent decisions such as policy choices around an economic development strategy"

the *Autonomy* of a state requires *Sovereignty* (it must have the recognised right to exercise its authority)

BUT, *Sovereignty* alone is not a sufficient condition for *Autonomy* (autonomous action)
many states have *Sovereignty*, but not necessarily *Autonomy*

A State's Autonomy has to include 2 things:

- 1) *Autonomy* of the national state from external pressure;
- 2) *Autonomy* in respect of the State's relation to its own citizens (authority and legitimacy)

'Developmental State' (Chalmers Johnson)

- see, Wilton, J. 'Transformation, stabilisation and growth in the Czech Republic: New Institutionalism and interactive economic. social and political lessons from the East Asian miracle', in Masaryk Universiy, Faculty of Economics and Administration, **Transformation**, Stabilisation and Growth, Brno, 2000, pp.481-493.

Chalmers Johnson's 'Developmental State'

1) an ideological commitment to economic growth and development;

2) the capacity of the State to promote that ideological commitment, and implement policies to do so.

The political 'arena' in which external (exogenous) intervention in African states has occurred has been through:

- a) foreign aid;
- b) unfair, exploitative terms of trade with Western companies
- e.g. Tanzania
- reached aid agreement with IMF 1986
- lost autonomy over most policy decisions 1986-1995
- regained some autonomy/control after 1996

