

CURRENT EVENTS IN THE MIDDLE EAST

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Politics and Society in the Middle East

NEW COLD WAR IN THE MIDDLE EAST?

- 1. "Saudi" inaccurately "Sunni" bloc
- maintaining the conservative regimes of the Middle East (mainly Saudis, UAE + Bahrain, Egypt) + Israel
- 2. "Iranian" inaccurately "Shiite" bloc
- Iran, Syria, Lebanese Hezbollah, largely the government in Iraq
- 3. Qatar and Turkey





TURKEY AS A NEW KEY PLAYER

- Member of NATO (2nd strongest army).
- Fighting Kurds (YPG / PKK).
- It benefits from the problems of Syria.
- An important role in the context of the migration crisis.
- Increasing domestic and foreign influence of President Erdogan.
- Business partner of the United States.





EU AND MIGRATION CRISIS

- Start in 2015 sharp increase in the number of migrants – over a million people came.
- EU response was guite slow. ٠
- Cooperation of neighbouring countries is crucial for tackling illegal migration.
- Most problematic border is Turkey-Greece FRONTEX action needed – Treaty with Turkey.
- Currently most people come through Spain, but the numbers are much smaller.





Migrants arriving by sea

Year	Spain	Italy	Greece
2018*	23,048	18,645	16,114
2017	22,108	119,310	29,595
2016	8,162	181,436	173,561

Nationality of migrants arriving in Spain (by land and sea)



MORIA CAMP, GREECE



CHANGE OF ISRAELI POSITION

- Move of the US embassy from Tel Aviv to Jerusalem in 2018.
- Normalization of the diplomatic relations with selected Muslim countries in 2020:
 - United Arab Emirates.
 - Bahrain.
 - Sudan.
 - Morocco.
 - Intensifying cooperation between Israel and the Sunni countries of the region.
- Arab-Israeli conflict is no longer the dividing line of the region – Has the world forgotten the Palestinians?





CRISIS ISRAEL vs. HAMAS (2021)





CURRENT POLITICAL CHALLENGES

- Change in US foreign policy gradual abandonment of the Middle East X increase of Russian and Chinese influence in the region (COVID-19 vaccine diplomacy).
- Post-conflict reconstruction, high unemployment in post-war states (Iraq, Syria).
- High debt and corruption.
- Political and religious instability.
- Missing and insufficient infrastructure.
- Consequences of covid-19 pandemic.



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION