

MASARYK UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF LAW

CZECH FAMILY LAW

III.
REGISTERED PARTNERSHIP

(C)

Zdeňka Králíčková Radovan Dávid 2015

THE NATURE OF REGISTERED PARTNERSHIP

Act No. 115/2006 Coll.

- "act on registration"
- not "act on rights and duties of partners"

since 1. 7. 2006

- permanent cohabitation of two persons of the same sex
- not a marriage
- not allowed for a man and a woman

IMPEDIMENTS TO PARTNERSHIP

- INFANCY (under 18 years)
- BIGAMY POLYGAMY MARRIAGE REGISTERED PARTNERSHIP
- BLOOD AND ADOPTIVE RELATIONSHIP (siblings, ascendents - descendents)
- MENTAL ILLNESS AND INCAPACITY
- FOREIGNERS (ONE MUST BE A CZECH CITIZEN)

CONCLUSION OF PARTNERSHIP mutual consent

- ONLY CIVIL CONCLUSION
 - before some special municipality authorised to keep registers

PERSONAL RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF PARTNERS

- EQUALITY
- NO to live together, to be faithful to each other, to mutually respect their honour and human dignity, to help each other and no duty to create healthy living environment and background
- to represent each other
- NO to adopt a child together, NO to be foster parents or guardians together

PARTNERS PROPERTY LAW

- NO JOINT PROPERTY OF PARTNERS
- NO COMMUNITY OF PROPERTY
- only OWNERSHIP WITH SHARES TOWARDS THINGS (CC)
- MAINTENANCE DUTY

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

- ONE GROUND:
 - no existence of partnership de facto
- SPECIAL COURT PROCEEDINGS:
 - on the motion of one of the partners or both of them
 - partners are participants of this proceeding

TWO WAYS TO DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

PROOF OF BREAKDOWN

- PRESUMPTION OF "NO EXISTENCE OF PARTNERSHIP"
 - "agreement" of both partners

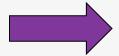
CASE LAW OF THE EUROPEAN COURT OF HUMAN RIGHTS

Schalk and Kopf v. Austria

same-sex couple

no possibility to marry or have their relationship otherwise recognised by law

no violation of Art. 12 no violation of Art. 14 in conjunction with Art. 8



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- Fretté v. France
 - a single homosexual man
 - "difficulties with practical consequences child´s arrival"
 - x the best interest of the child balance - the principle of proportionality

no violation of Art. 14 in conjunction with Art. 8

- E. B. v. France
 - a woman living in de facto same-sex partnership with a woman, who did not want to adopt jointly
 - the role of mother and father
 - but personal qualities and aptitude for bringing up the children
 - best interest of the child

violation of Art.14 in conjunction with Art. 8

no effect on Czech AF or other acts



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COHABITATION

NATURE OF COHABITATION

de facto relationship

PERSONAL RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF COHABITEES

- EQUALITY (Constitution)
- NO to live together, to be faithful to each other, to mutually respect their honour and human dignity, to help each other and no duty to create healthy living environment and background
- NO to represent each other
- NO to adopt a child together, NO to be a foster parents or guardiens together

PROPERTY ASPECTS OF COHABITATION

- NO JOINT PROPERTY OF SPOUSES
- NO COMMUNITY OF PROPERTY
- only OWNERSHIP WITH SHARES TOWARDS THINGS (CC)
- NO MAINTENANCE DUTY

only rights and duties according to contracts/agreements - (inominat) - seldom happen property protection of unmarried mother or pregnant woman (LIMITED MAINTENANCE etc. - CC: 920)

CASE LAW OF THE EUROPEAN COURT OF HUMAN **RIGHTS**

Keegan v Ireland (1994)

the child was born out of marriage, but there was informal long lasting relationship!

mother left the father and gave the child for adoption

violation of Art. 8