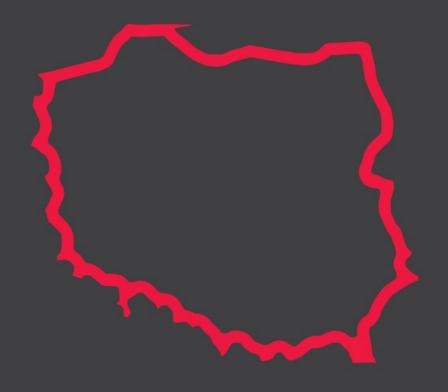
POLAND YOUR BUSINESS PARTNER





Poland is the 6th EU country in terms of population.

Poland - basic data

□Data: 07/2018



Area: 312,679 square kilometres



Population: 38,146,000



Birth rate per 1,000 inhabitants: 0.9



Currency: PLN



Language: Polish



Capital: Warsaw

☐ Macroeconomic data:

□GDP (2017)

EUR

467.2 bn

GDP annual growth rate (6/2018) 5.1%

Unemployment rate (9/2018) 3.5%

Inflation rate (9/2018) **1.9%**

Regions of Poland

Poland is divided into 16 provinces called voivodeships.

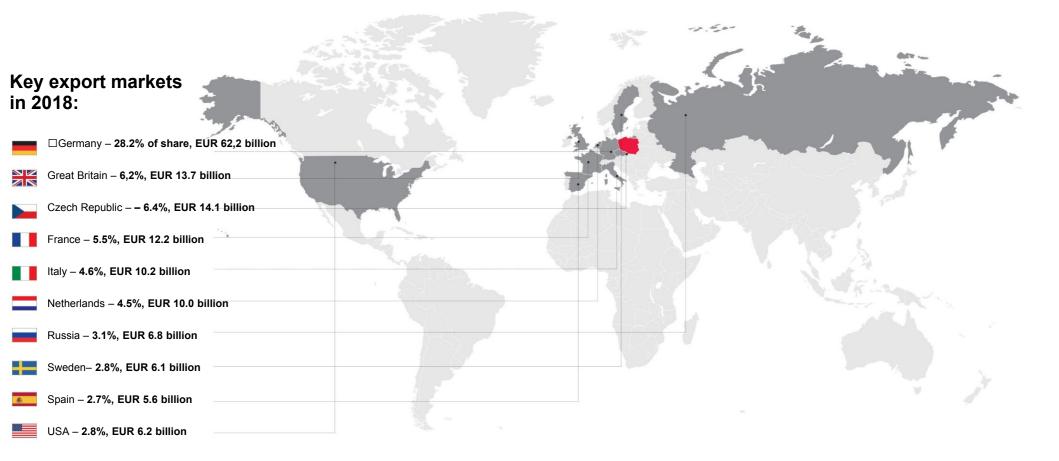




Poland is the world's 24th exporter (2017) with a 1.26% share in global export. This figure continues to grow. One fourth of Polish exports are machines, mechanical and electric devices together with their parts and accessories.

With export growing at an annual rate of **6.3%** in 2013-2017, Poland ranks **5th** among the 50 fastest world exporters, following Vietnam, Philippines, Ireland, and the Czech Republic.

In 2017 the rate of export growth reached **11.8%**, and continued at the level of **7,7%** in 2018.



Technologically advanced products accounted for 8.4% of Poland's total export in 2018.

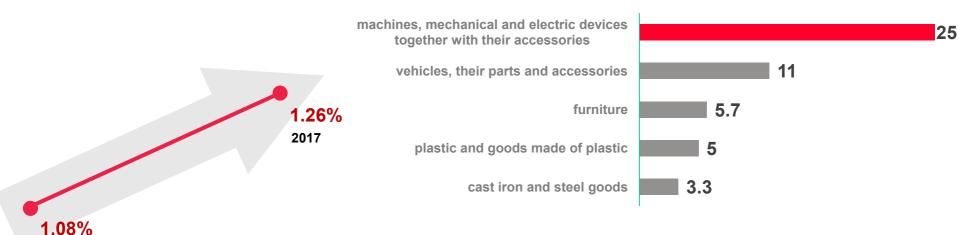
Poland's share of world export

2013

2013-2017

Poland's top export goods in 2018

(% of share)



□Import

Most of Polish imports (23%) come from Germany, with China and Russia also ranking among the top three sources of import. Polish trade with other countries is mostly of an intra-industry character.

Because of this, the structure of our import resembles the structure of our export.



Strengths of Polish economy

Poland is considered **one of the five most attractive markets for business in Europe**. Our advantages include macroeconomic stability and the ease of establishing multisectoral cooperation.

Here are some reasons why Poland is an attractive destination for investment:

- Ambitious and hardworking people
- Diversified economy
- Macroeconomic stability
- High quality of products and services on offer
- Infrastructural investments
- Large internal market and access to EU market

Investment data are the best proof of Poland's attractiveness.

At the end of 2017 the value of liabilities arising from direct foreign investments amounted to **EUR 199 billion** (National Bank of Poland - NBP)

According to EY's European
Attractiveness Survey 2017,
Poland is the 5th most attractive
destination for business in
Europe, and the 1st one in the CEE
region.

Polish Investment Zone

- ➤ Investment-related tax exemptions available across the country.
- Focus on well-paid, prospective and stable jobs.
- Exemptions granted for 10, 12 or 15 years.
- ➤ Bonuses for enterprises that help make regional economies more competitive and innovative, and thus contribute to Poland's economic development.

☐Source: MPiT

☐In Poland is home to over 130 clusters, 16 of which have the Key National Cluster (KKC) status.

Key National Clusters (KKCs) are organisations which are pivotal to the national economy and can effectively compete on the international stage.

Key National Clusters:

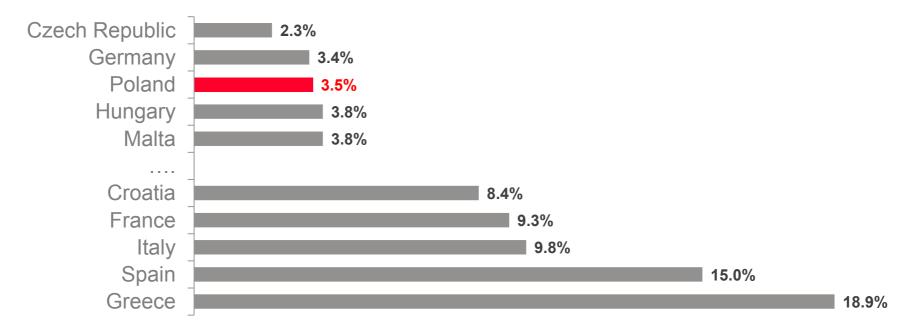
- □ Klaster Dolina Lotnicza (Aviation Valley Cluster)
- Polski Klaster Aluminium (Polish Aluminium Cluster)
- Mazowiecki Klaster ICT (Mazovia Cluster ICT)
- Klaster Interizon (Interizon Cluster)
- Wschodni Klaster Budowlany (Eastern Construction Cluster)
- Klaster bki Metali (Metal Processing Cluster)
- Zachodniopomorski Klaster Chemiczny "Zielona Chemia" (West Pomeranian Chemical Cluster Green Chemistry)
- Klaster LifeScience w (LifeScience Cluster Krakow)
- MedSilesie □ska Siec w Medycznych (MedSilesie
- Silesian Medicinal Product Network)
- □ski Klaster Lotniczy (Silesian Aviation Cluster)
- Nutribiomed Klaster (Nutribiomed Cluster)
- Wschodni Klaster ICT (Eastern Cluster ICT)
- Klaster Gospodarki Odpadowej i Recyklingu (Waste Management and Recycling Cluster)
- Klaster □ ona Infrastruktura (Sustainable Infrastructure Cluster)
- Klaster Logistyczno-Transportowy knoc Południe (North-South Logistic and Transport Cluster)
- Bydgoski Klaster Przemysłowy (Bydgoszcz Industrial Cluster)

Source: MPiT

Poland globally

Poland is among the EU countries with the lowest unemployment rate. Having dropped to 3.5 % in August 2018, our joblessness rate was the third lowest in the EU following the Czech Republic and Germany.

Unemployment rate in the EU



Source: Eurostat

Poland globally

Poland posting the highest GDP growth in the EU in the first quarter of 2018

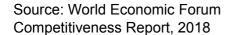
(% growth)

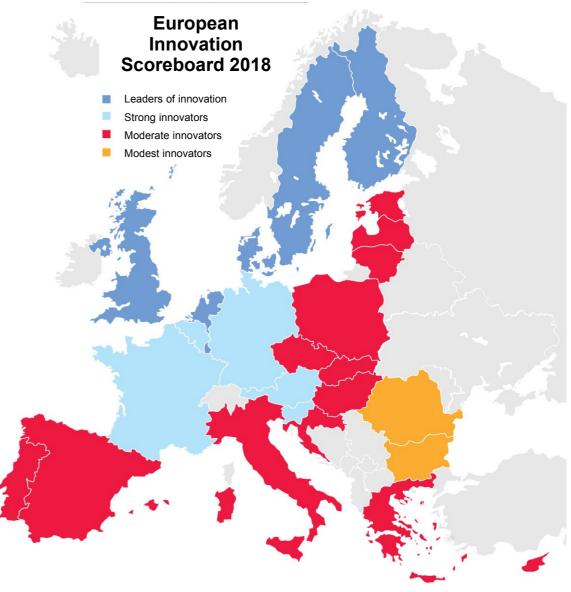
Poland	1.6
Latvia	1.6
Hungary	1.2
Lithuania	0.9
Austria	0.8
Greece	0.8
Spain	0.7

Netherlands	0.5
Denmark	0.4
Italy	0.3
Belgium	0.3
France	0.2
Romania	0.0
	Source: Eurostat

The world's forty most competitive countries

2.	Singapore
4.	Switzerland
6.	Netherlands
8.	Great Britain
10.	Denmark
32.	Estonia
37 .	Poland





Source: European Commission

Priority sectors

Poland has selected 12 sectors with export and image potential to build a strong and widely recognizable Polish Economy Brand. These include:



medical equipment sector



machinery and equipment sector



beauty sector



'Polish fashion' sector, including clothing, footwear, leatherware and jewellery



IT/ICT sector



furniture sector



biotechnology and pharmaceutical sector



healthcare services sector



Polish food specialties sector



construction sector



yachts and recreational boats sector



vehicle and aircraft parts sector

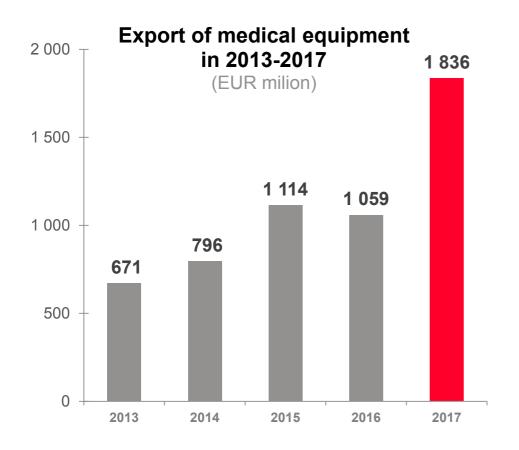


Their development is supported by the Ministry of Entrepreneurship and Technology, i.a. under the 'Promotion of economy on the basis of product brands – Polish Economy Brand' project, submeasure 3.3.2 of the Intelligent Development Operational Programme 2014-2020.

Medical equipment

Poland is a highly appreciated partner as a competitive manufacturer of top quality instruments and devices used in healthcare, surgery, dentistry and veterinary medicine.

Polish companies export medical equipment mostly to the EU (64%).



In 2017 the value of Polish medical equipment export exceeded EUR 1.8 billion.

Its share in the entire export has been increasing for years:

- from 0.3% in 2004
- to 0.88% in 2017.





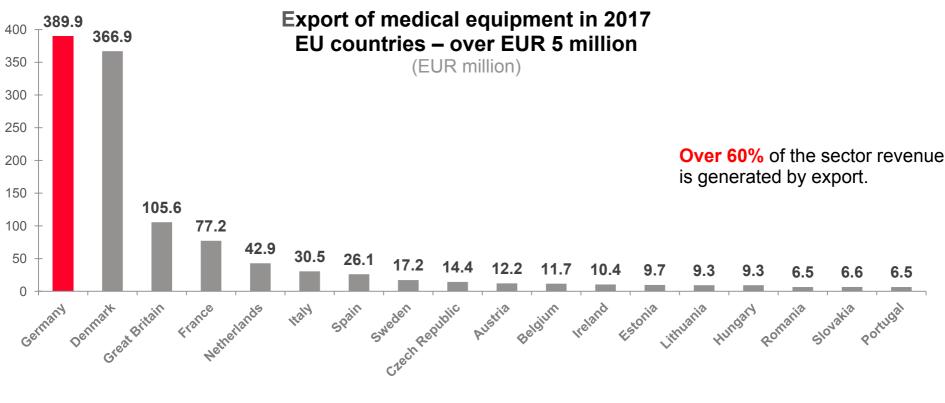


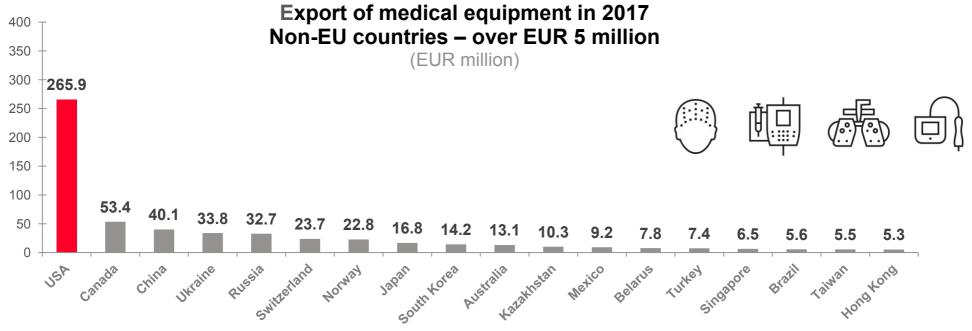






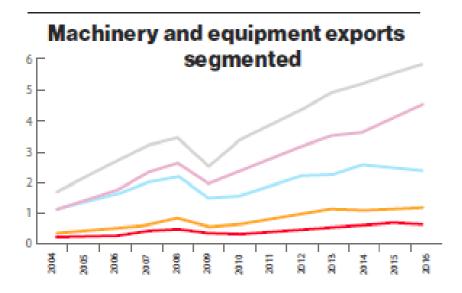




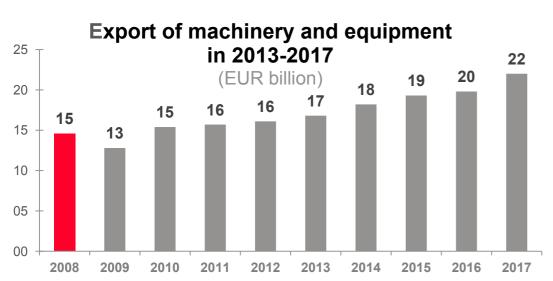


Machines and equipment

Growing demand for raw materials stimulates the development of the machinery and equipment sector.



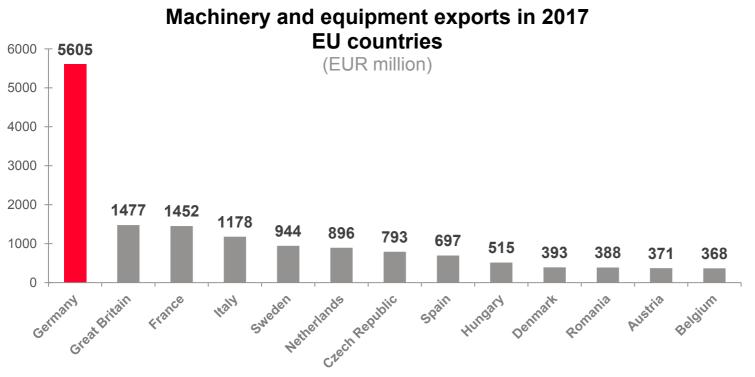
EUR 11,292 million – machinery and equipment sales in 2017 (Statistics Poland, GUS)



10.7

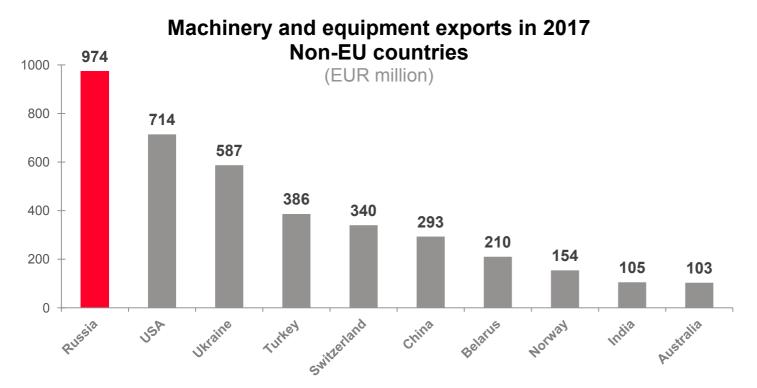
share Orlachinery and equipment in total exports (2017)

The local market of construction machinery comprises 60,000 machines and devices – including ca. 10,000 mobile cranes, 11,000 diggers, 10,000 caterpillar dozers, 3,000 wheel loaders, etc.



☐EUR 1.2 billion: value of Polish machines and equipment exports in 2017; 18.4% more than during the same period of 2016

Source: machine.trade.gov.pl



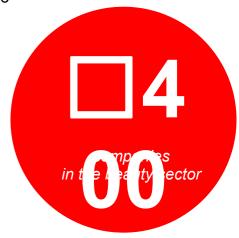


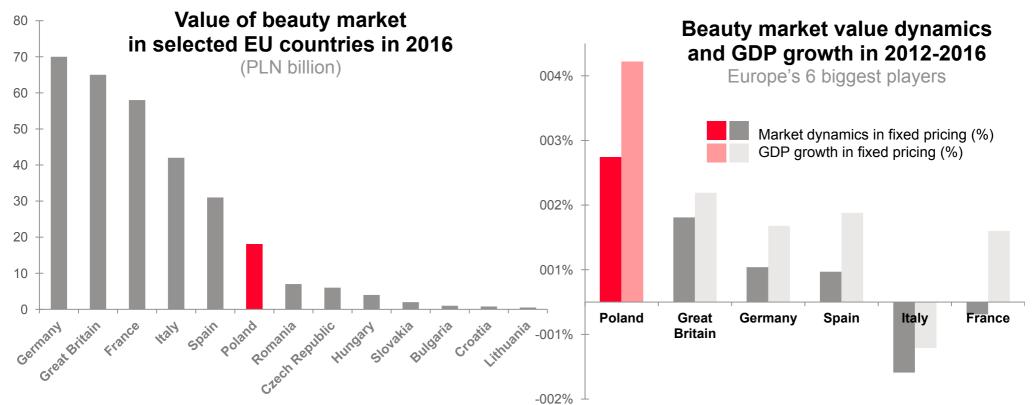
The Polish beauty market ranks 6th in Europe in terms of market value and export.

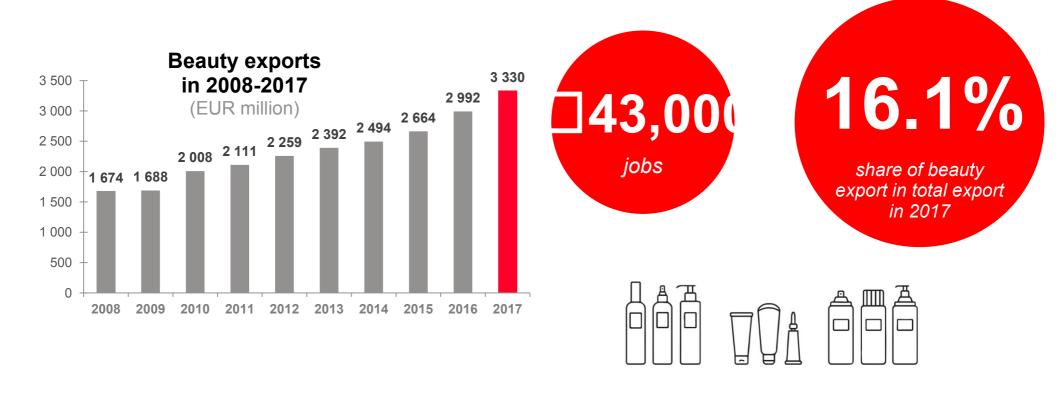
Beauty products

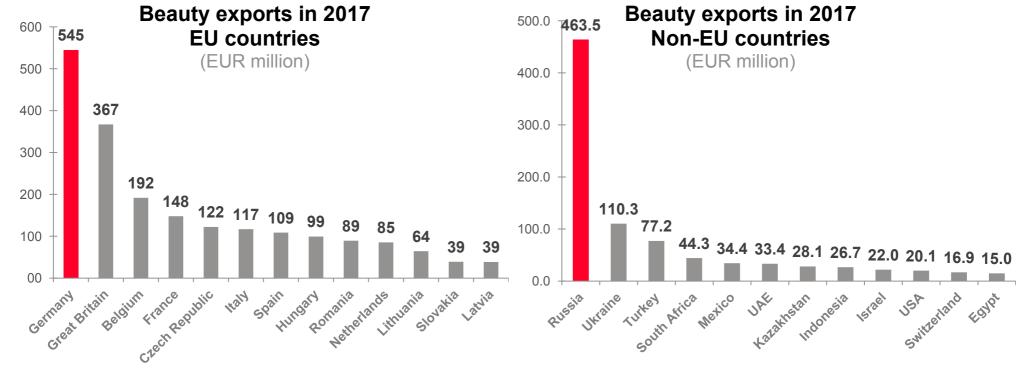
Innovation, high quality and experience are the main reasons the sector is so competitive with other European countries.









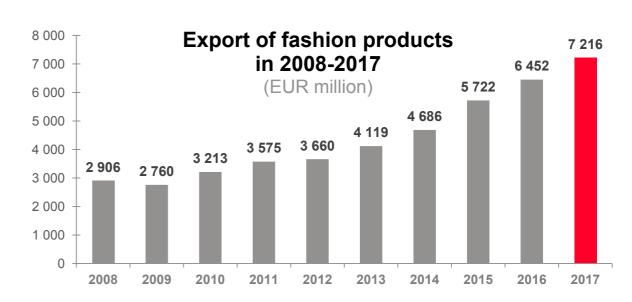


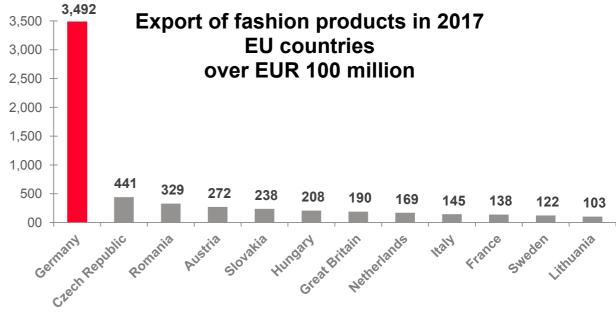
□ Fashion

The Polish clothing industry is Europe's 8th in terms of turnover, and 6th in terms of investments. The Polish designer market is also gaining significance in this sector.





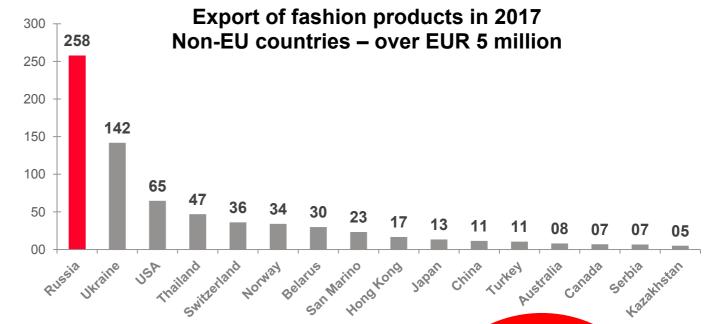


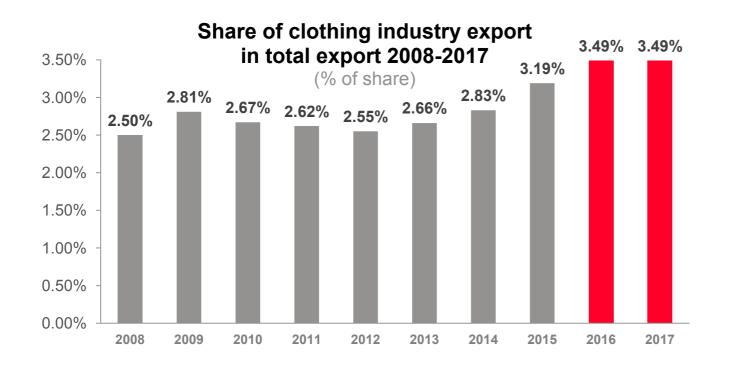


Share of expenses on clothes and footwear in total HH spending in selected EU countries

□□Estonia 6.8% 6.3% Portugal 6.2% Italy Poland 5.2% Czech Republic 3.6% Hungary 3.6% 3.4% Romania 3.2% Bulgaria

☐Source: Eurostat

















EUR 2,230 million

garment production sold in 2017

22,080

number of companies in the clothing sector in 2016

69,000 individuals

average employment in the clothing industry in 2016

EUR 4.676 billion

clothing export in 2016

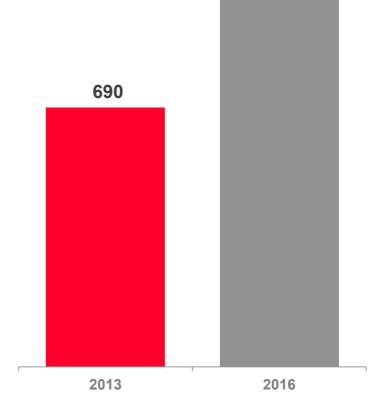
□Source: GUS

1 000

Growth in leatherwear export

(EUR million)







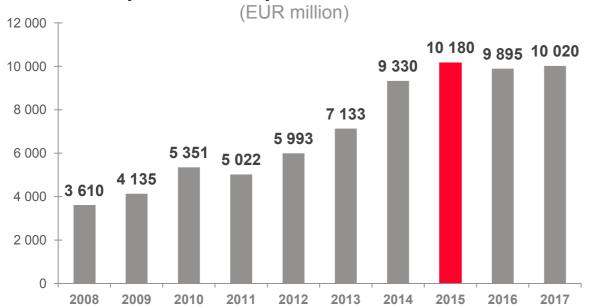


Areas of Polish expertise in the ICT sector

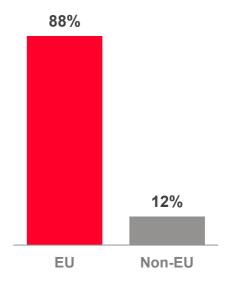
Custom software	34.7%
Production of games	22.3%
BPO/ITO services	19.8%
Internet technologies	14%
Software R&D	5%
Hardware R&D	0.8%

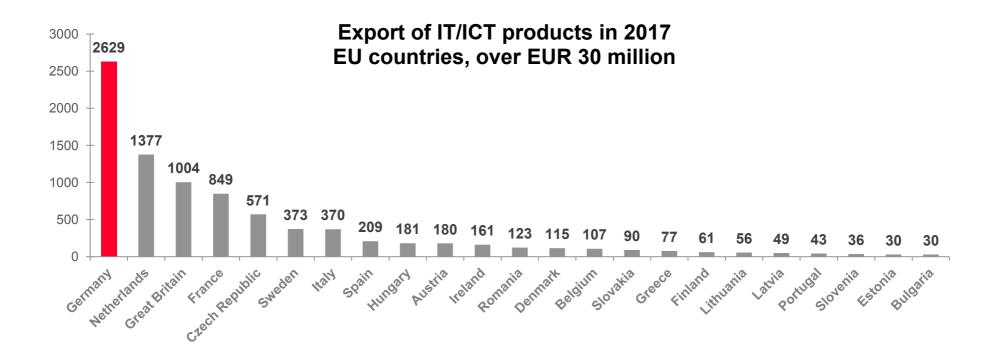
Source: 'Growth prospects of the Polish TCT sector until 2025' report, Ministry of Infrastructure and Development

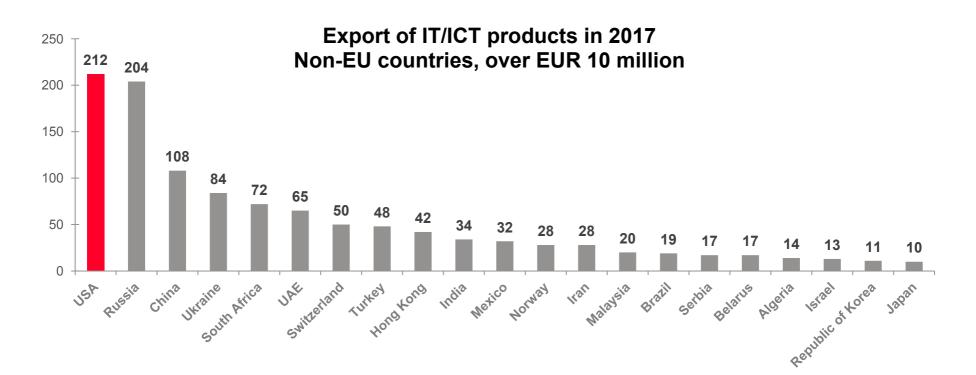
Export of IT/ICT products in 2008-2017



Geographic structure of IT/ICT exports in 2017

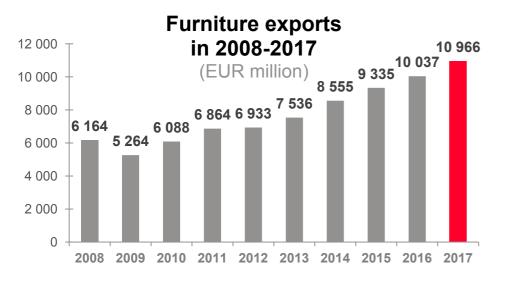






□Furniture

Due to relatively low costs of labour, high product quality and flexible production, Poland has been a longstanding leader of furniture export.



Value of furniture sold

(billion EUR)

□□2010		25.7
2011	30.2	
2012	28.8	
2013	31.6	
2014	35.3	
2015	39.1	
2016	42.6	
2017	46.4	

Source: GUS (Statistics Poland), SWAID base

According to KPMG, in 2020 the value of furniture production sold in Poland will amount to ca. EUR 11.7 billion.



150,000 people

average annual employment in the furniture sector in 2016





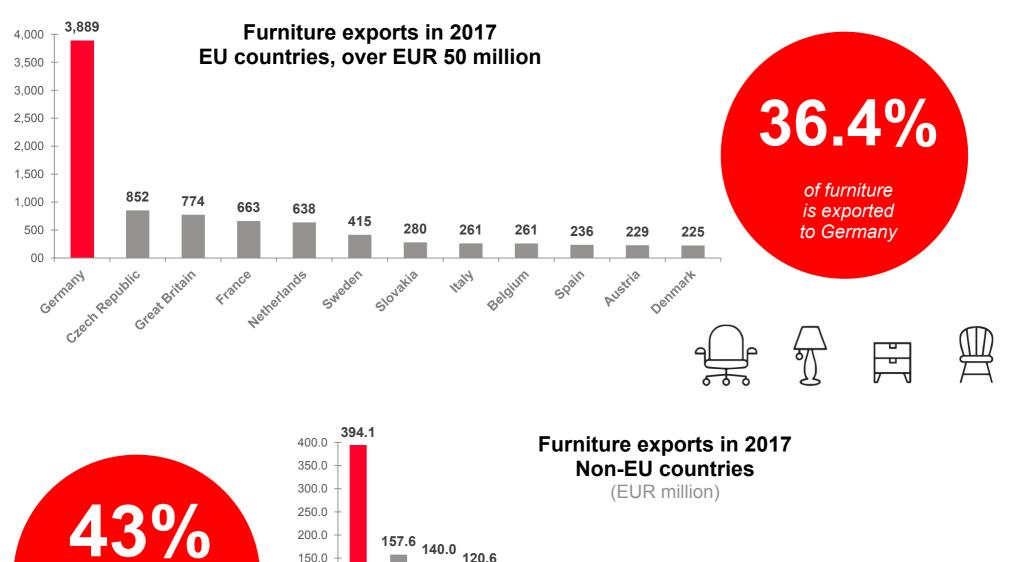








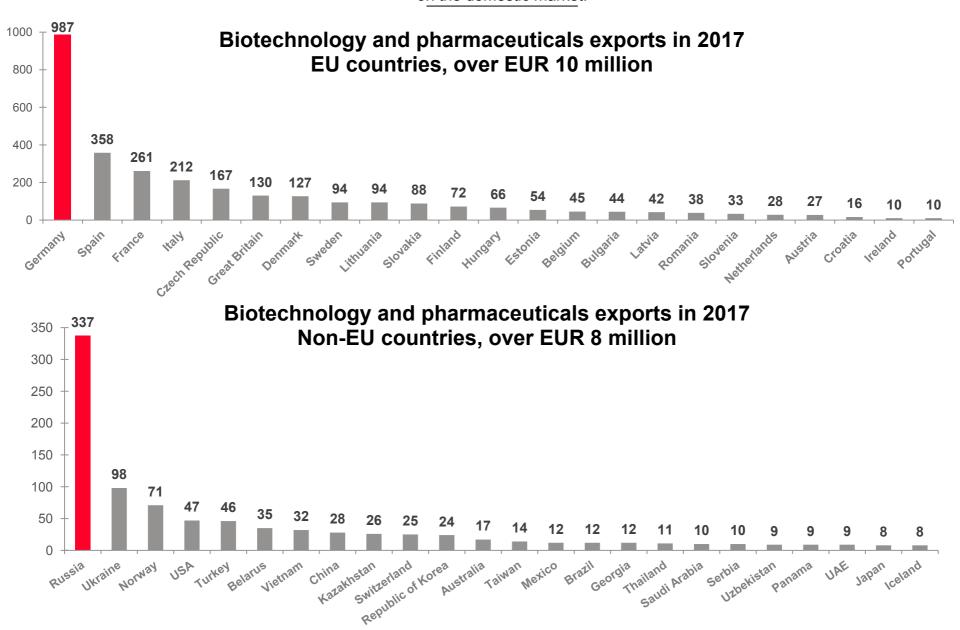
5.3% share of furniture in total export

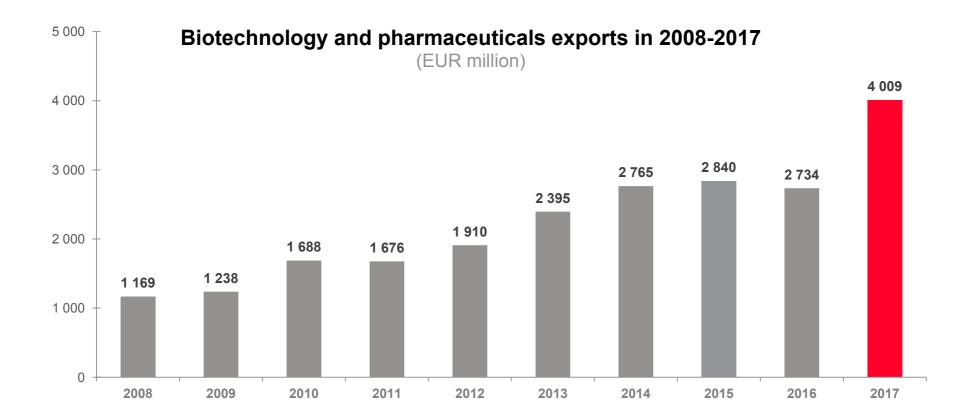


157.6 _{140.0 120.6} 150.0 96.5 100.0 64.1 \square of companies 29.2 26.2 21.4 18.3 18.0 28.0 26.3 50.0 operating on the 0.0 Polish furniture Switzerland Saudi Arabia Russia Istael Ukraine South Africa China Hornay serbia USA market sell their products abroad

Biotechnology and pharmaceuticals

Highly qualified specialists and extensive scientific know-how give the Polish biotechnological sector a competitive advantage. Pharmaceutical companies are in turn an important investor on the domestic market.





□184 8,875 EUR 2.7 billion PLN 14,413 million EUR 2.6 billion number of enterprises operating in the biotechnology sector in 2016 number of people employed in the biotechnology sector in 2016 value of biotechnology exports from Poland in 2016 value of the pharmaceutical sector production sold in 2017 value of Polish pharmaceutical exports in 2016

Healthcare service sector

Nearly 400,000 foreign patients visit Poland every year. The potential of health tourism lies in domestic specialist medical services, i.e. cardiology, ophthalmology, or plastic surgeries.

Selected medical procedures in various countries

(prices in thousand USD)

								Poland
Bypass surgery	113	10	20	9	3.25	-	14	7.1
								9.5
Hip replacement	47	8.25	12	12.5	12.5	-	-	7.9
								0.95

Facilities important to medical tourism

General hospitals	355
Other medical entities (misc.) - Medical entities not classified elsewhere	590
Ophthalmology – facilities providing chiefly ophthalmological services	140
Orthopaedics – facilities providing orthopaedic services	30
Rehabilitation – rehabilitation centers other than health resorts, sanatoriums and hospitals	77

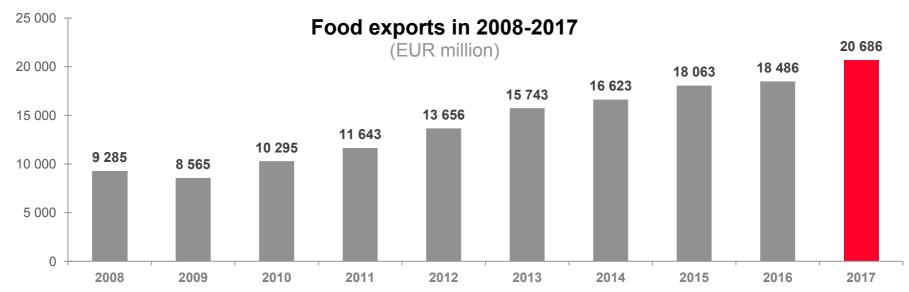
Source: Polish Tourism Organisation, 2016

Country	Medical Tourism Index
Great Britain	74.85
Singapore	73.96
Italy	72.01
Philippines	70.66
France	70.22
Spain	69.33
Jamaica	67.68

India	67.50
IIIuia	
United Arab Emirates	66.10
Poland	65.48
Argentina	64.35
South Africa	62.05
Russia	50.28
Source: International Healthcare Re	search Center

Food specialities

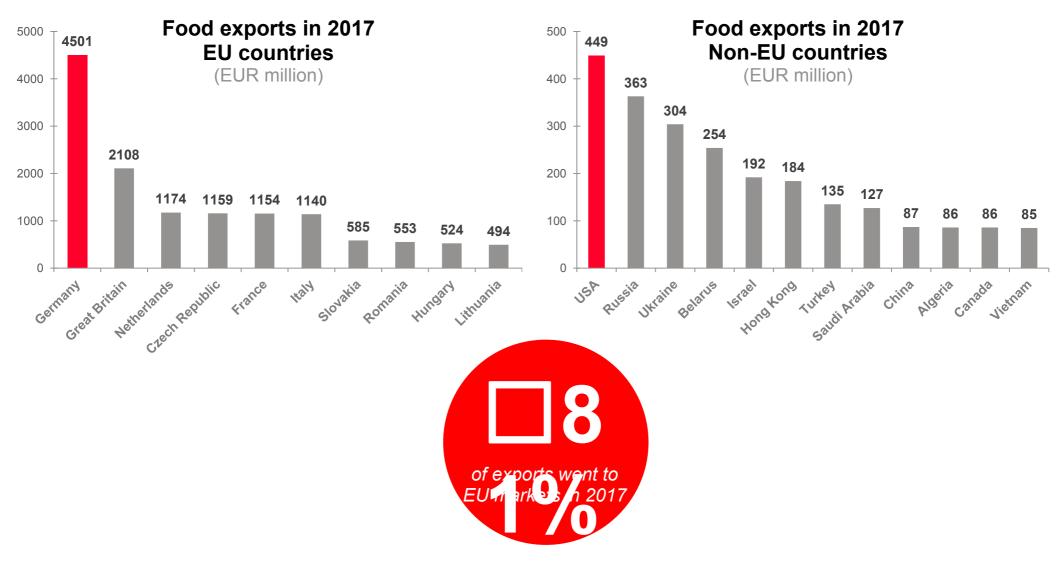
After Poland joined the EU, the agri-food industry became one of the key sectors of the Polish economy. Some of its branches have even achieved the status of EU-wide leaders.



Strengths of the Polish agri-food sector

- Polish food: natural, healthy, innovative.
- Fast adaptation of merchandise to buyers' needs.
- High level of knowledge among sector employees.
- · Competitive prices.
- Modern processing base guaranteeing consistently high quality.
- Growing efficiency and productivity of labour.
- Advanced quality control procedures and implementation of new quality systems.
- Relatively stable financial situation.
- High flexibility allowing adaptation to changing market conditions.





EUR 54,799 million 17% 67% 5% 14%

sold production of food products in 2017

fruit and vegetable share in the value of agricultural production in Poland share of fruit and vegetable exports in domestic production Poland's share of the value of fruit and vegetable production in the EU-28 Poland's share of the EU frozen vegetable production

Construction market

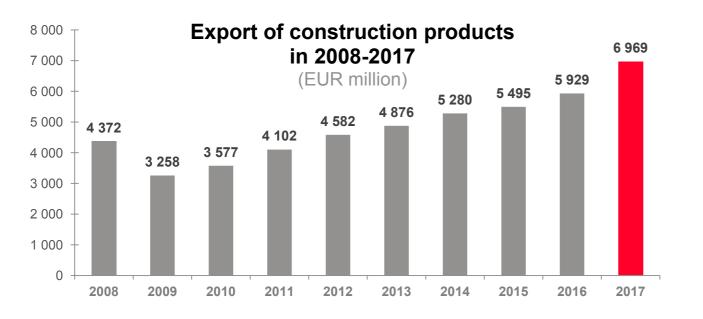
The value of the Polish construction market will exceed PLN 200 billion in 2018.

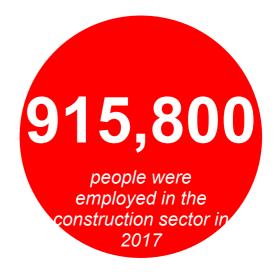
According to GUS data, during the first half of 2018 the construction and assembly production in companies hiring over 9 employees was nearly one fourth higher than a year earlier. Poland's specialty is construction joinery. In 2017 we exported over 10 million windows and doors. According to the Centre of Sectoral Analyses, Poland is undoubtedly the EU's biggest exporter with exports worth EUR 1.87 billion.

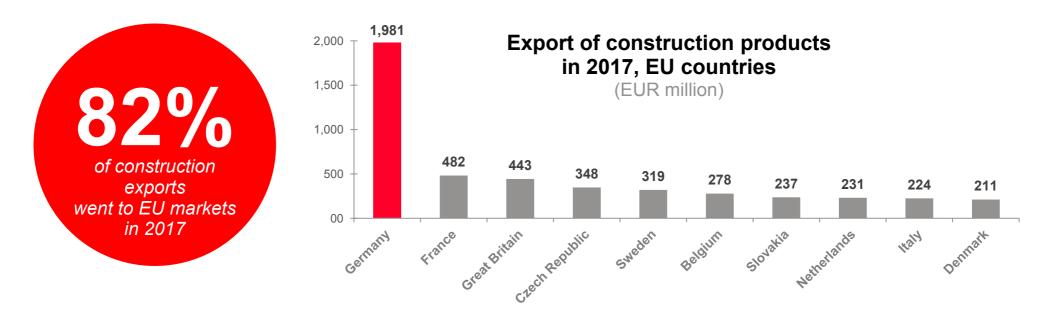
Size of the Polish construction market in 2014 – 2016 segmented

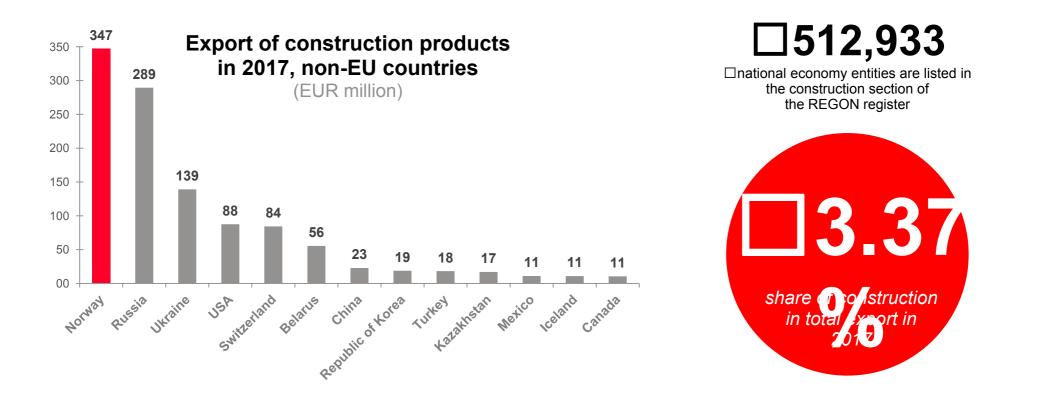
(billion EUR), data in current prices, exclusive of VAT

Specialist construction works	63.2	69.9	67.9
Construction works related to erection of buildings	55.5	56.7	52.9







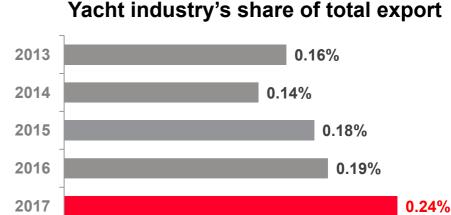


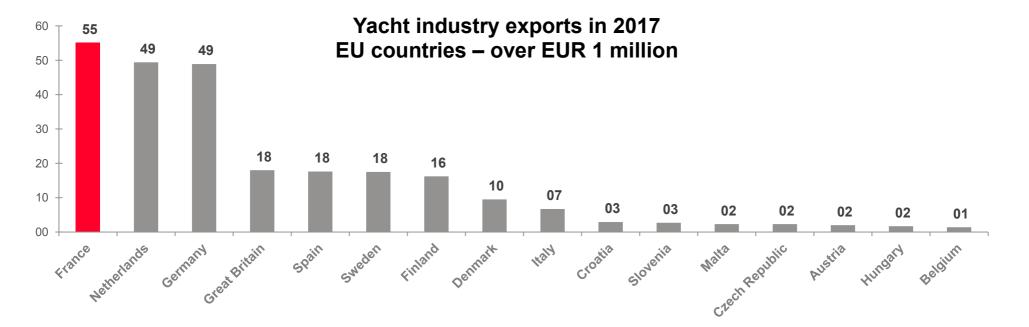
Yachts and boats

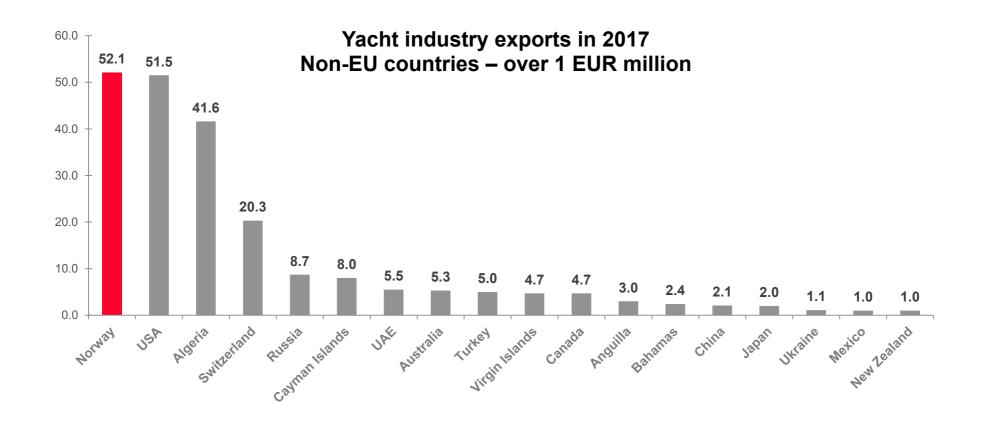
Boats produced in Poland are internationally recognized for their top quality, prefect finish and attention to detail. Our industry specialises in 6-9 meter long motor yachts.

Strengths of the Polish industry include individual approach, unique designs and custom orders. Our industry specialises in 6-9 meter long motor yachts. In this category, Poland is second only to the United States.











□22,00

yachts a produced in cand annually

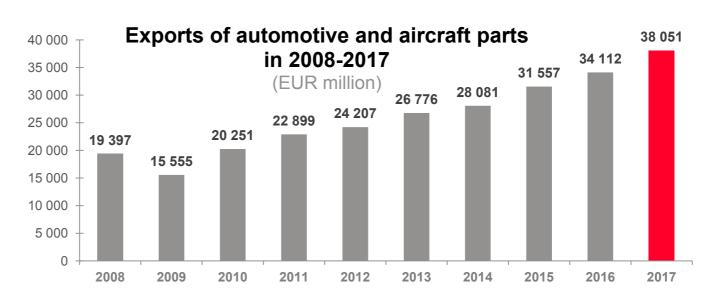


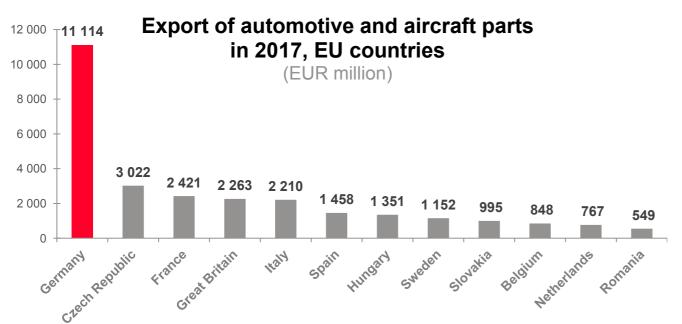


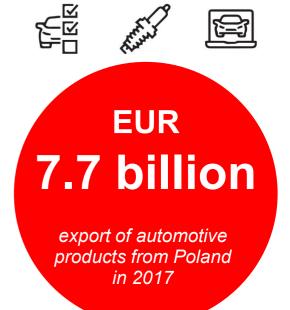
Car parts

Poland is one of the leaders of the car part sector globally.



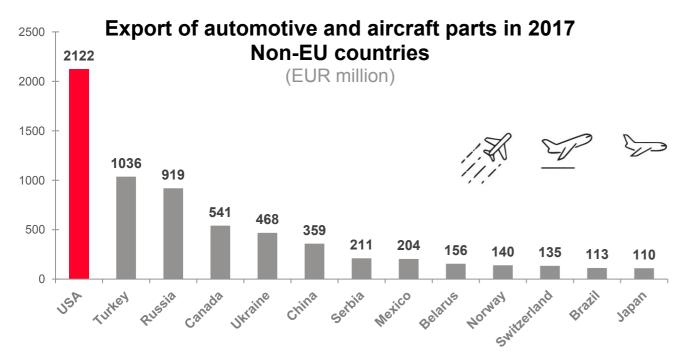


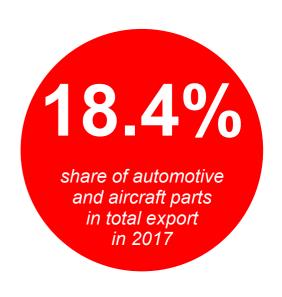




Aircraft parts

Poland's share of the European aircraft industry is significant. For nearly 100 years our country has been designing planes and their elements, winning acclaim all over the globe. Every plane flying in the world today has at least one part produced in Poland.







The aeronautic sector in numbers

- Sales value: EUR 1.6 billion (2016) / an increase by 22% YoY (EUR 1.3 billion in 2015)
- Share of industrial production: 0.6%
- Number of employees: 15,200 (according to GUS; based on data obtained from companies PAIH estimates this number at as many as 30,000)
- Number of companies in the sector: 140 (including 24 companies with a staff of over 49)
- Average salary in the sector: EUR 1,170 gross (national average salary in the industrial sector in 2016: EUR 1,056)
- Export value: EUR 1 billion (an increase by 48% YoY)



Ministry of Entrepreneurship and Technology

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Publication co-financed from the European Regional Development Fund.

Publikacja współfinansowana ze środków Europejskiego Funduszu Rozwoju Regionalnego







