Towards the ESM and 'Six Pack': the Players



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The European Council

- Summit of heads of State and government of EU Members States.
- Conduct at least two annual meetings.
- Determines the 'high policy' of the EU, which is later translated into details by other EU bodies.
- Democratically elected in their states.
- Represent domestic and EU interests.



The Council of the EU

- Composed of the relevant ministers (=ministers of finance) of EU Member States.
- In charge of EU legislation (with EU Parliament)
- In charge of policy and pragmatic decisions aimed at pursuing the high policy decisions taken by the European Council.
 - Democratically elected in their countries.
 - Represent domestic and EU interests.
- Majority?
- Relative voting power?





The EU Parliament

- Representatives are democratically elected in the Member States.
- Represent domestic and EU interests.
- Representation and voting powers are relative.
- Involved in the nomination of the President of EU Commission and its DGs.
- Usually in charge of EU legislation (with the Council).

Criticism: was not enough involved in the decisions with regard to the ESM and 'Six Pack'.



The EU Commission

- In charge of monitoring the implementation of EU law by the Member States ('guardian of the Treaties) and of drafting EU legislation.
- A professional body of experts of varied EU nationalities. Not elected democratically.
- Headed by politicians:
 - President nominated by EU Parliament and Council of Ministers' consent.
 - DGs elected by national governments, nominated by EU Parliament and Council of Ministers' consent.

The ECB (European Central Bank)

- Consists of:
 - Executive Board
 - Board of Governors
- Professional, not democratically elected.
- Rotation of representation.
- Relative voting power?
- EU countries which are not EMU Members are only consulted, have no voting rights.





Conclusion

- The decision-making process about the ESM and 'Six Pack' involved the following bodies: The European Council, the Council of the EU, and to a certain (limited) extent the European Parliament. All these bodies involve politicians democratically elected in their countries.
- The European Commission and the ECB where professionally consulting decision makers. These institutions involve politically-nominated high officials, but basically consist of professional staff.
- The decision making process was an urgent act, taken during a severe financial crisis.



Thank You

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