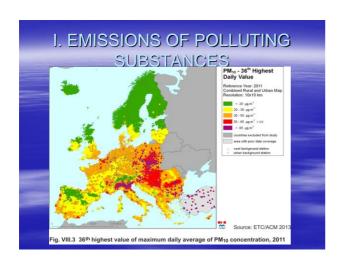
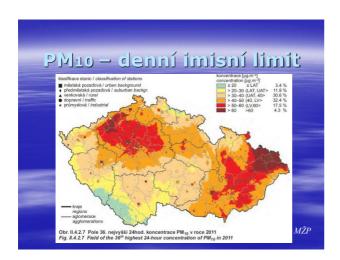
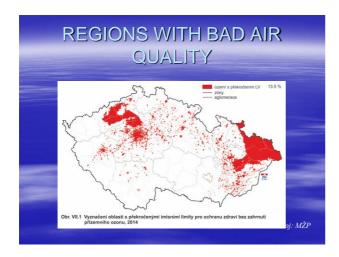
LEGAL REGULATION OF THE AIR PROTECTION Ilona Jancarova **ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS** RELATED TO AIR Emissions of polluting substances (pollution) Ozone layer depletion Climate change SYSTEM OF THE REGULATION Air pollution (stationary and mobile sources) Act No. 201/2012 Coll., on the Air Protection Act No. 56/2001 Coll., on Conditions of the Vehicles Operation on Roads, as amended Directive 2016/2284/EU on the reduction of national emissions of certain atmospheric pollutants (2001/81/EC) Directive 2008/50/EC on ambient air quality and cleaner Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) and many others









CLASSIFICATION OF SOURCES OF AIR POLLUTION
Mobile sources
 Stationary sources – a) listed in Annex 2 of the Air Act
b) others

2 LEVELS OF AIR PROTECTION:
Standard level of air protection
Special air protection

Standard level of air protection Regulatory tools: the admissible level of air pollution plans and other program documents fuel quality requirements bans and duties of individual persons permits and approvals monitoring, record-keeping and reporting requirements authorization sanctions. Standard level of air protection 1. Admissible level of air pollution: Emission limitaton Emission ceillings Air quality standards Standard level of air protection 2. Plans and other program documents: National program for emisson reductions Programs for air quality improvement To comply with air quality standards as soon as possible

Standard level of air protection 3. Permits and approvals: Approval of APA to development consents Approval of APA to construction permits Permit to operate Opinion of APA to land use plans Compensatory measures Standard level of air protection 4. Duties of persons: General duties Specific duties (for persons handling paints, distributors of fuels, authorized persons etc.) Duties of operators of stacionary sources: - General - Specific for sources listed in Annex 2 Standard level of air protection 5. Fees Amount of emissions Emission rate

Standard level of air protection 6. Authorization: Measurements of air quality Measurements of emissions Disperse models etc. Standard level of air protection Sanctions: Fines Corrective measures Prohibiton to operate Standard level of air protection Other regulatory instruments: Fuel quality requirements Monitoring, reporting Register of air quality information system Register of sources of pollution

Special air protection Regulatory tools: designation of areas with bad air quality, continual monitoring of the air pollution levels, air quality improvement programs, specific air quality standards smog warning and traffic regulation systems specific conditions of operation for selected stationary sources of pollution low – emission zones in cities.

Mobile sources regulation

Regulatory tools:

- technical requirements and emission limits
- fuel quality requirements (biofuels)
- duties of operators
- low emission zones in cities.
- sanctions.