



# ■ Derivatives

## ■ Derivace

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# 1. Test 1



- Complete fields inside the following patterns for derivative and press **Enter**.
- You can see the correct answer clicking **Ans**.
- For comments concerning writing mathematical expressions see the file [instrukce.pdf](#).



- Complete the derivatives and press **Enter**.
- If you did not succeed, try again, or click **Ans**.
- Mathematical expressions should be written as shown in the file [instrukce.pdf](#).



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## Quiz

1.  $\left(e^{x^2}\right)' = e \quad \cdot 2x$

2.  $\left(\arcsin \frac{1}{x}\right)' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{x^2}}} \cdot (-1)x^{-2}$

3.  $(-\ln(\cos(x)))' = -\frac{1}{\cos(x)} \cdot (-\sin x)$

4.  $\left(4e^{1-x^3}\right)' = 4e^{1-x^3} \cdot (-3x^2)$

5.  $(2 \operatorname{atan} \sqrt{x})' = \frac{2}{x+1}$

6.  $\left(3 \frac{e^x}{x+1}\right)' = 3 \frac{e^x(x+1) - e^x}{(x+1)^2}$

7.  $\left(\frac{\ln x}{x^2}\right)' = \frac{(x^2 - 2x \ln x)}{x^4}$

8.  $(x \sin^2 x)' = \sin^2 x + 2x \sin x \cos x$

9.  $\left(\ln \frac{x+1}{x}\right)' = \frac{1}{x+1}$

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$$10. \left( x^2 \cos x \right)' = \cos x + (-\sin x)$$

$$11. \left( (x+2) \sin^3 x \right)' = 1 + (x+2)$$

$$12. \left( \frac{\sin(2x)}{x} \right)' = \frac{x -}{x^2}$$

$$13. \left( \frac{e^{-x} + 1}{\sqrt{x}} \right)' = \frac{\sqrt{x} + (e^{-x} + 1)}{x}$$

$$14. \left( \operatorname{atan} \frac{x+1}{\sqrt{3}} \right)' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$15. \left( \operatorname{atan} \sqrt{\sin x} \right)' = \frac{1}{1 + \sin x}$$

$$16. \left( \sin(x^2 \ln x) \right)' = \cos(x^2 \ln x)$$

$$17. \left( \sqrt{\frac{x}{\sin x}} \right)' = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{x}{\sin x} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin^2 x}$$

$$18. \left( e^x (x^2 + x + 1) \right)' = e^x \left( \quad \right) + e^x \left( \quad \right) \\ = e^x \left( \quad \right)$$



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$$19. ((x+5)\sin(x) - (x-3)\cos x)' = 1 + (\quad) \cos(x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & - [1 \quad + (x-3)(\quad)] \\ & = (\quad \sin x + (\quad) \cos x \end{aligned}$$

$$20. \left( (x^2 + 2x + 5)e^{-2x} \right)' = (2x+2)e^{-2x} + e^{-2x}$$

$$= e^{-2x} \left( \quad \right)$$

$$21. \left( \ln \frac{x+1}{x-1} \right)' = \frac{1}{(x-1)^2} =$$

## 2. Test 2

### Quiz

Find the derivative, simplify and write into the field.

Zderivujte a upravte.

$$1. (x^2 + 3)' =$$

$$2. \left( -\frac{1}{9}x^4 + \frac{2}{3}x^2 \right)' =$$



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3.  $(4x^3 - 3x^4)' =$

4.  $(-2 + 12x - x^3)' =$

5.  $(x^2 + x)' =$

6.  $( (x^2 + 2\sqrt{x})x )' =$

7.  $\left(\frac{1+2x}{\sqrt{x}}\right)' =$

8.  $(x^2 e^x)' =$

9.  $(xe^{x^2})' =$

10.  $(\sqrt{x^2 + 1})' =$

11.  $(\sin(x^3 + x))' =$

12.  $(e^{\sqrt{x}})' =$

13.  $(\cos(2x - 1))' =$

14.  $\left(x + \frac{4}{x}\right)' =$



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$$15. \left( \frac{x}{(x+1)^2} \right)' =$$

$$16. \left( x^2 - 2 \ln x \right)' =$$

$$17. \left( 2\sqrt{x} - x \right)' =$$

$$18. \left( \frac{x}{1+x^2} \right)' =$$

$$19. \left( \frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2} \right)' =$$

$$20. \left( e^x(x^2 - 2x + 2) \right)' =$$

$$21. ((x+1)e^x)' =$$

$$22. (x \ln(x+1))' =$$

$$23. \left( 1 - \sqrt{3x+1} \right)' =$$

$$24. \left( (x^2 + x + 2)^2 \right)' =$$

$$25. (\sin(2x))' =$$

$$26. \left( e^{x^2} \right)' =$$



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27.  $\left( (x^2 + 1)^3 \right)' =$

28.  $\left( (x + 1) \ln(x^2 + 1) \right)' =$

29.  $\left( \left( \frac{x-1}{x+1} \right)^2 \right)' =$

30.  $\left( \frac{e^x}{x+1} \right)' =$

31.  $\left( x \ln(x^2 - 1) \right)' =$

32.  $\left( \frac{1}{4} \ln \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + 1} \right)' =$

33.  $\left( \sqrt{x+1} - \ln(1 + \sqrt{x+1}) \right)' =$

34.  $\left( \ln \frac{x+1}{x-2} \right)' =$

35.  $\left( \ln(1 + \sin^2 x) \right)' =$

36.  $\left( x^2 e^{-x} \right)' =$

37.  $\left( e^{\tan x^2} \right)' =$

38.  $(\ln \sin x)' =$



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$$39. \left( x \sqrt{1 - x^2} \right)' =$$

$$40. \left( \operatorname{atan}(x + x^2) \right)' =$$

$$41. \left( \operatorname{atan} \frac{x+1}{x} \right)' =$$

$$42. \left( x \ln^2 x \right)' =$$

$$43. ((3-x)\sqrt{x})' =$$

$$44. \left( \frac{x^2}{1-x} \right)' =$$

$$45. \left( \left( \frac{1+x}{1-x} \right)^4 \right)' =$$

$$46. \left( \frac{x-2}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} \right)' =$$

$$47. \left( \frac{x^2}{x^2+1} \right)' =$$

$$48. \left( \frac{\ln^2 x}{x} \right)' =$$

$$49. \left( \frac{\ln x}{\sqrt{x}} \right)' =$$



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$$50. \left( xe^{\frac{1}{x}} \right)' =$$

$$51. \left( (x^2 + 1) \operatorname{atan}(x) \right)' =$$

$$52. \left( \ln(\operatorname{atan}(x^2)) \right)' =$$

$$53. (\ln(\sin(2x)))' =$$

$$54. \left( \operatorname{atan} \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \right)' =$$

$$55. \left( \arcsin(x) + \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x+1} \right)' =$$

$$56. \left( \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{3+x^2}} \right)' =$$

$$57. \left( \arcsin \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x}} \right)' =$$