

LECTURE FOR MEDICAL STUDENTS

WORK IS ENNOBLIG

- TO BE EMPLOYED HELPS TO FIND THE CREDIT WITHIN THE SOCIETY
- UNEMPLOYMENT IS ASSOCIATED WITH:
- POVERTY,
- DEPRIVATION
- BARRENNESS

HEALTH CONSEQUENCES

- WORSE LIFESTYLE (MALNUTRITION, ALCOHOLISM, SMOKING, DRUGS ABUSE, POOR HYGIENE)
- PSYCHOSOMATIC DISEASES
- PSYCHIATRIC MORBIDITY

WORK AS A HEALTH RISK

- OCCUPATIONAL D.:
- MAINLY AMONG WORKERS
- CAUSE SPECIFIC
- OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE IS ESSENTIAL

- WORK-RELATED D.:
- LARGELY IN THE POPULATION
- MULTIFACTORIAL
- OCCUPATIONAL
 EXPOSURE MAY BE
 A FACTOR

THE SOCIAL APPROACH

- **NOTIFABLE**
- COMPENSABLE
- OCCUPATIONAL D.: WORK-RELATED D.:
 - MAY BE NOTIFABLE
 - MAY BE **COMPENSABLE**

- FACTORS:
- MECHANICAL
- HEAVY PHYSICAL LOAD

- OUTCOMES:
- ACCIDENTS, INJURIES
- MUSCULOSCELETAL
 DISORDERS,
 INJURIES, LOW
 BACK PAIN

ERGONOMIC

MONOTONY

- MUCSULOSCELETAL DISORDERS (D. FROM REPEATED OVERLOAD)
- MENTAL STRESS, LOWERED QUALITY AND PRODUCTIVITY
- D.FROM REPEATED OVERLOAD

PHYSICAL HAZARDS

- NOISE
- VIBRATION
- RADIATION
- EXTREME MICROCLIMATE

- HEARING LOSS
- PSYCHOSOMATIC D.
- TR.VASONEUROSIS
- CANCER, RADIAT.D.
- CATARACT
- CVD, HYPERTHERM.
 - CHILBLAINS

CHEMICAL HAZARDS

DUSTS

- PNEUMOCONIOSIS
- SILICOSIS
- ASBESTOSIS
- BERRYLIOSIS
- SIDEROSIS

CHEMICAL HAZARDS

WIDE SPECTRUM OF HUNDREDS COMPOUNDS

- INJURIES, IRRITATION
- TOXICANTS
- CARCINOGENS
- ALERGENS
- TERRATOGENS

BIOLOGIC HAZARDS

- ANIMALS
- MICROBIAL AND VIRAL FACTORS

- INJURIES,
- ANTROPOZOONOS.
- INFECTIONS
- ALLERGIES
- PLANT ALLERGENS
 ALLERGIES

PSYCHOLOGICAL STRAIN

DIFFERENT STRESS FACTORS

- NEUROSIS
- DEPRESSION
- DISSATISFACTION
- CONFLICTS
- PSYCHOSOMATIC D.

WORK FACTORS AND WORK-RELATED D.

- BEHAVIORAL AND PSYCHOSOMATIC D.
- HYPERTENSION

- WORK OVERLOAD
- WORK UNDERLOAD
- SHIFT WORK
- CAREER DEVELOP.
- MIGRATION
- INTERPERSONAL CONFLICTS
- RESPONSIBILITY

HEALTH PROFESSIONALS PRACTICE

WHICH OF THEM CAN YOU FIND?

- INFECTIOUS AGENS
- X-RAY
- INJURY
- POSTURAL STRESS
- NOISE, VIBRATION

- CHEMICALS:
- ORGANIC SOLVENTS
- CHEMICAL CARCINOGENS AND TERRATOGENS (CHEMOTHERAPY, ANESTESIOLOGY)
- ANORGANIC MERCURY

- ACRYLATES, LATEX/RUBBER
- ANTIBIOTICS
- SULFONAMIDES
- IODINE, FAMOSEPT, FORMALDEHADE
- PROCAIN, MESOCAIN
- ALLERGENS:

OCCUPATIONAL STRESS

- sy. OF OVERFILL WAITING-ROOM
- LACK OF DRUGS
- LACK OF DIAGNOSTIC METHODS
- ADMINISTRATIVE OVERLOAD
- PATIENT'S MOOD
- PATIENT'S RELATIVES
- INTERPERSONAL RELATIONSHIPS

SHIFT-WORK

OUTCOMES OF STRESS

- BURN OUT" sy.
- PSYCHOSOMATIC DISEASES
- ALCOHOLISM, SMOKING, DRUGS
- PSYCHIATRIC DISORDERS SUICIDES RR 2,0 (Finland, UK) – 4,0 (USA)

TRY TO DEVELOPE THE WORKPLACE CHECKLIST FOR THE PATIENT WITH ICHS – MAN, 50 YEARS OLD

WHICH RISK FACTORS WILL BE IMPORTANT FOR HIM?

- INCREASED HEART RATE, BLOOD PRESSURE, NEEDS OF OXYGEN:
- STRESS (working time/shift, timing monotony work, noise, mental stress – responsibility)
- ERGONOMY (outdoor/indoor workplace microclima, postural stress, physical overload

- DECREASED SOURCE OF OXYGEN:
- ENVIRONMENTAL TOBACCO SMOKE (nicotine, carbon monoxide, hydrocyanide)
- CARBON MONOXIDE
- CARBON DISULPHIDE
- NITRATES (Monday morning death)

- COBALT (Quebec Beer-drinker's Cardiomyopathy)- Co + alcohol (?)
- HALOGENATED HYDROCARBONS (trichlorethylene, fluorocarbons) – ventricular fibrillation
- SILICOSIS, INFECTIONS, INJURY pericarditis

- LEAD
- CADMIUM
- NOISE

=> HYPERTENSION

TRY TO DEVELOPE THE WORKPLACE CHECKLIST FOR PREGNANT WOMAN

WHICH RISK FACTORS WILL BE IMPORTANT FOR HER AND FOR FETUS?

- INCREASED NEEDS FOR OXYGEN FROM THE 2nd TRIMESTER
- STRESS
- ERGONOMY

- DECREASED SOURCE OF OXYGEN:
- POSTURAL STRESS
- ENVIRONMENTAL TOBACCO SMOKE
- CARBON MONOXIDE
- CARBON DISULPHIDE

- EXPOSURE TO TERRATOGENS:
- SMOKING + ENVIRONMENTAL TOBACCO SMOKE
- ALCOHOL
- THALIDOMID
- ORGANIC MERCURY

- TERRATOGENS:
- VIRAL/MICROBIAL INFECTIONS
- X-RAYs
- CADMIUM, LEAD
- ORGANIC SOLVENTS
- COCAIN, HEROIN, MARIHUANA

- NOISE, VIBRATION
- LIPOSOLUBLE VITAMINES
- SOME DRUGS
- EL.MAG. WAVES
- POLYCYCLIC CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS (PCBs, PCDDs, PCDFs)

PRIMARY PREVENTION

- CONTROL OF NEW HAZARDS
- CONTROL OF KNOWN HAZARDS
- SUBSTITUTION OF RISK FACTORS
- TECHNICAL CONTROLS TO MINIMASE EXPOSURE
- ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

PRIMARY PREVENTION

- ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING
- BIOLOGICAL MONITORING OF EXPOSURE
- IDENTIFICATION OF VULNERABLE PERSONS (pre-employed examination)
- PERSONAL PROTECTIVE DEVICES

PRIMARY PREVENTION

- SMOKING REDUCTION/CESSATION
- ALCOHOL APPROPRIATTE AMOUNT, ONLY IN THE PRIVACY
- EXERCISE AND FITNESS
- NUTRITION IN WORKPLACE CANTEENS, IN VENDING MACHINES

SECONDARY PREVENTION

- SCREENING = EARLY DETECTION OF DELETERIOUS EFFECTS
- PERIODIC MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS
- TESTs OF CHEMICAL EXPOSURE:
- -measurement of chemical/metabolite
- -measurement of conjugates
- -measurement of body reactions

RESPONSIBILITY IN PREVENTION

- EMPLOYERs:
- INFORMATION ABOUT RISKS
- CONTROL FOR REDUCTION OF EXPOSURE
- CONTRACT WITH PHYSICIANSPROTECTIVE DEVICES

RESPONSIBILITY IN PREVENTION

- PHYSICIANS:
- INFORMATION ABOUT HEALTH RISKS OF OCCUPATIONAL HAZARDS
- EXCLUDING THE VULNERABLE PERSONS
- PERIODIC MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS + COLLABORATION WITH SPECIALISTS
- PROPOSALS FOR WORKERS PROTECTION

RESPONSIBILITY IN PREVENTION

- WORKERS:
- ACCEPT THE INFORMATION AND ADVICES FOR SAFETY WORK
- USE THE PROTECTIVE DEVICES
- ABSOLVE PREVENTIVE MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS

RULES IN CZECH REPUBLIC

- HAZARDOUS WORKPLACES ARE STATUTED BY REGIONAL HYGIENIST
- LIMITS/NORMS ARE STATUTED BY GENERAL HYGIENIST
- OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES ARE DIAGNOSED BY SPECIALISTS IN REGIONAL OFFICES

