

# STŘEVNÍ PARAZITI

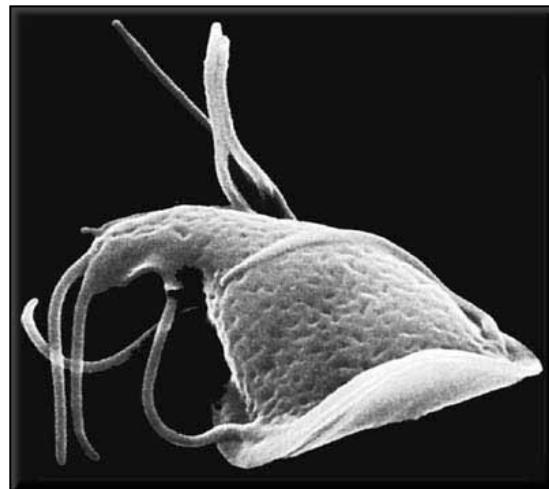
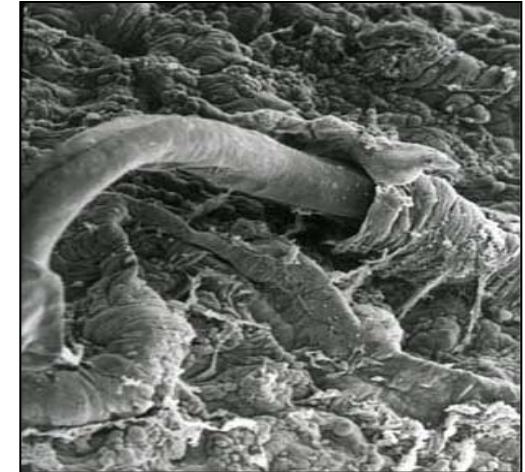
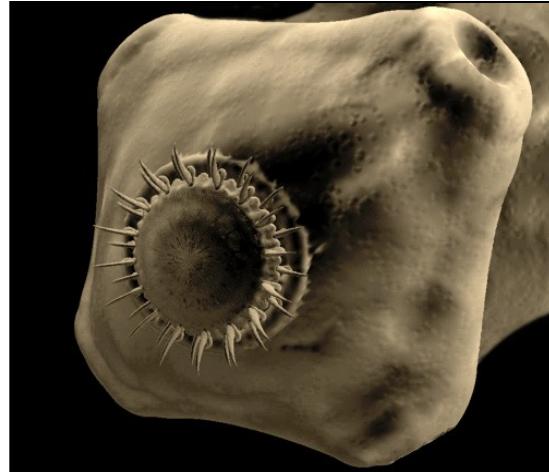
PETRA KUBÁČKOVÁ  
OKM

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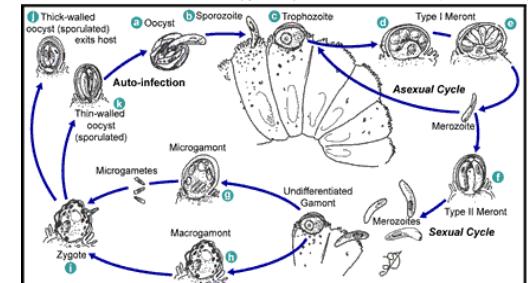
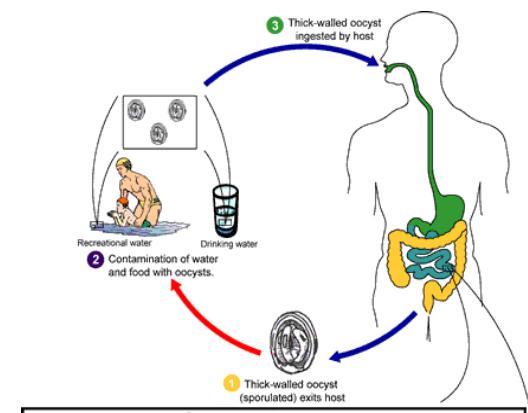
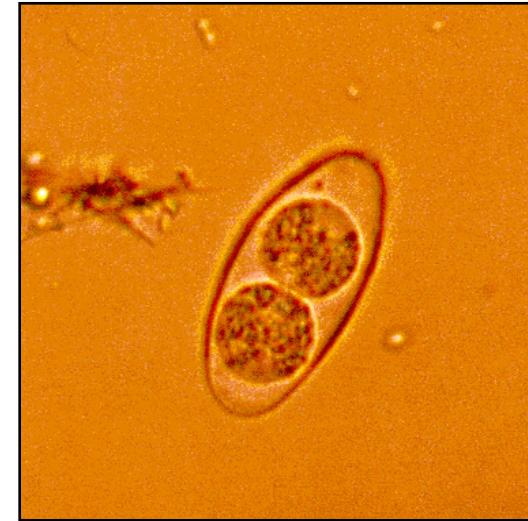
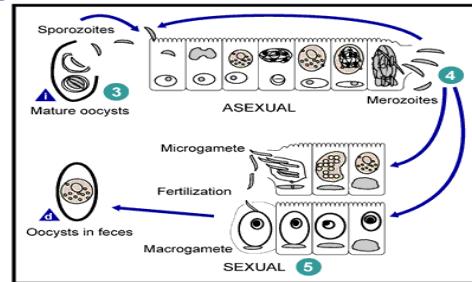
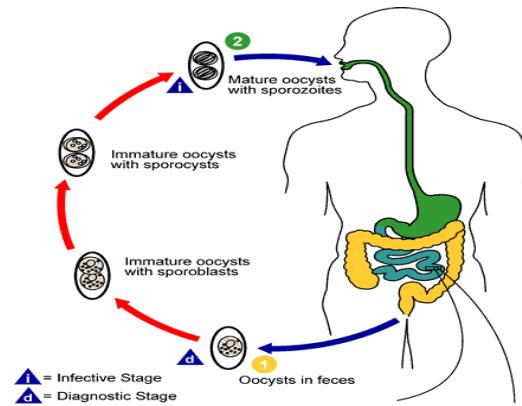
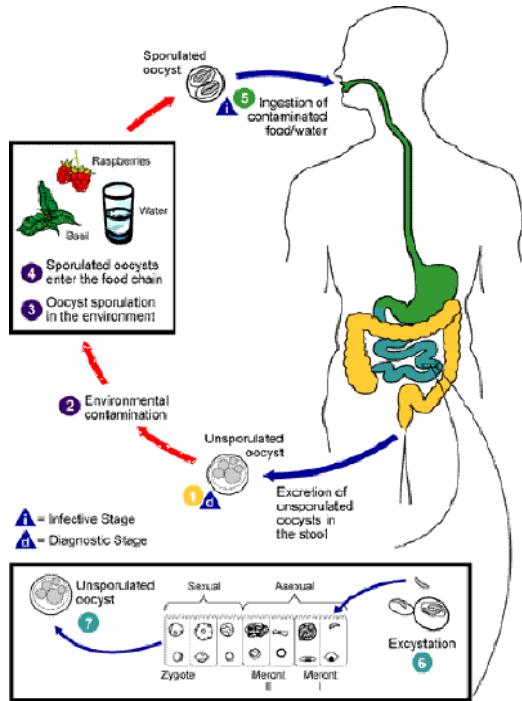
- vyvolávají onemocnění lokalizované ve střevě
- vyskytují se na celém světě s výrazně vyšší prevalencí v zemích s teplým klimatem a nedostatečnou hygienickou úrovní
- k nákaze dochází perorální cestou po požití kontaminované vody nebo potravin, výjimečně jinou cestou (průnikem larev přes kůži)

# STŘEVNÍ PARAZITI

- Jednobuněční:  
Coccidia  
Amoebae  
Flagellates
- Mnohobuněční:  
Nematodes  
Trematodes  
Cestodes



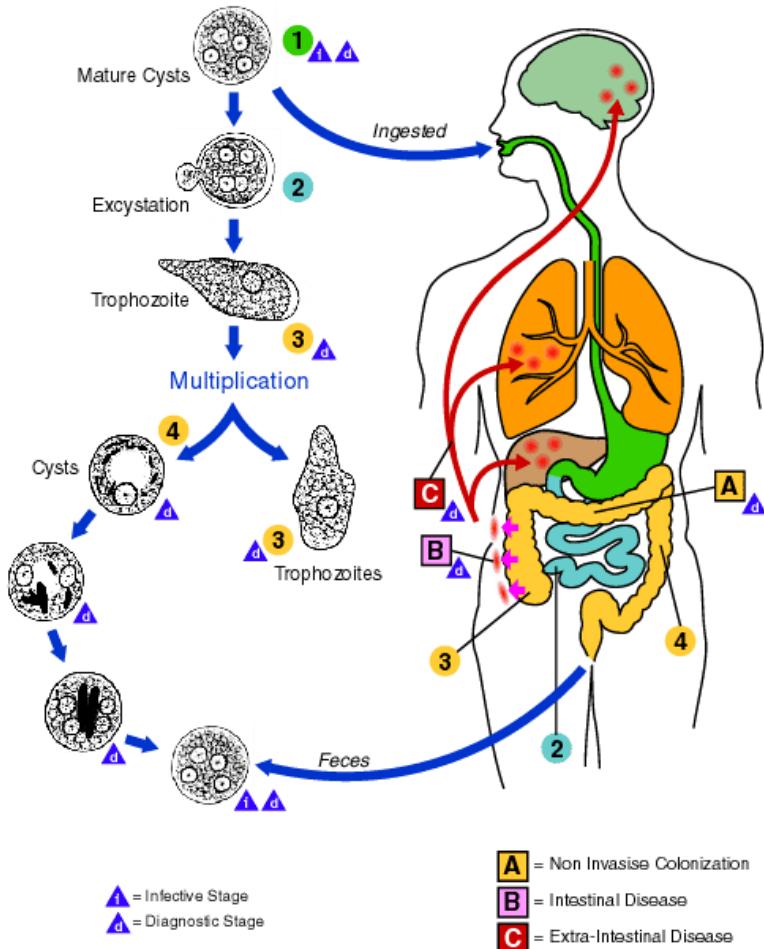
# COCCIDIA



- *Isospora belli*
- *Cryptosporidium* spp.
- *Cyclospora cayetanensis*

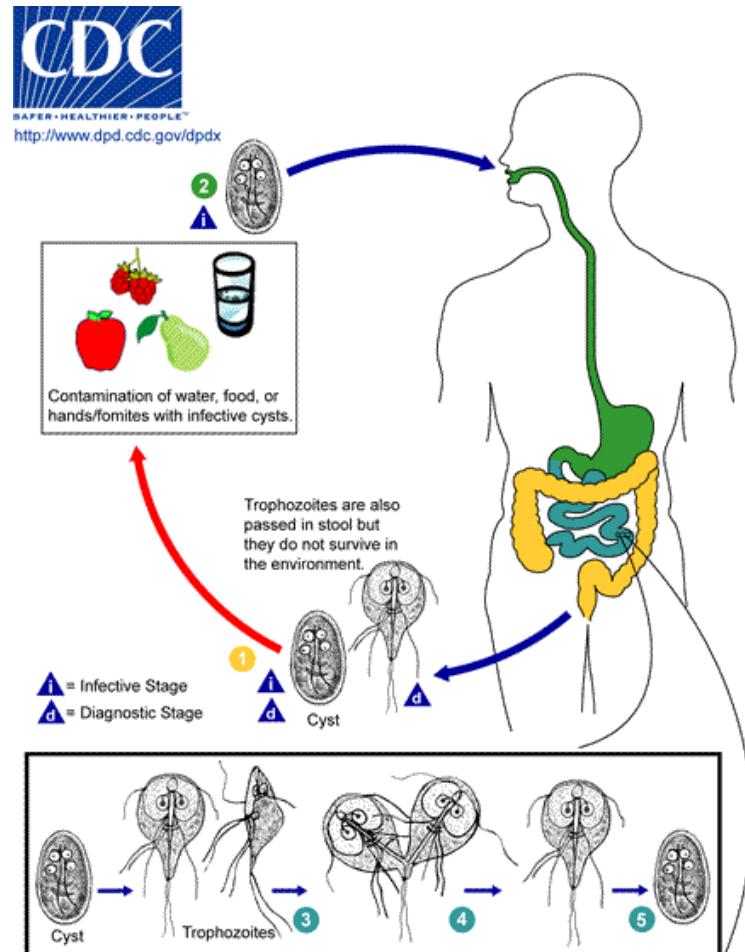
# AMOEBAE

- *Entamoeba histolytica*  
střevní projevy – krvavý  
průjem  
mimostřevní projevy –  
abcesy vnitřních  
orgánů (jater)



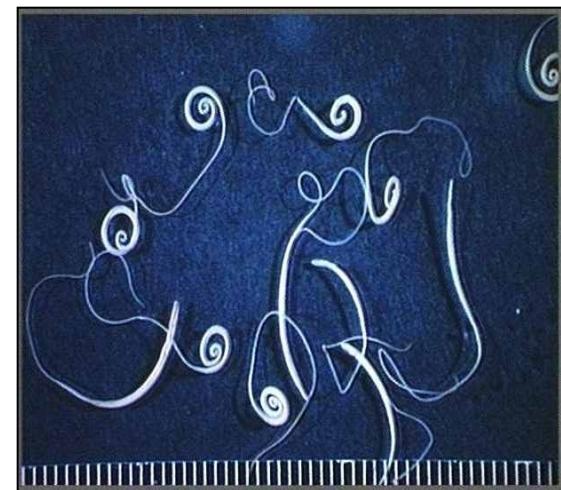
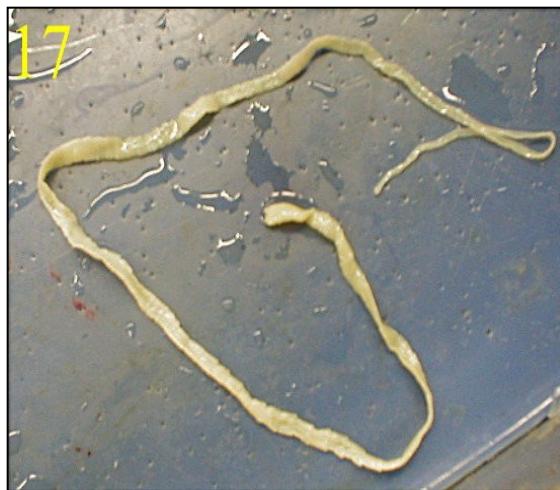
# FLAGELLATES

- *Giardia intestinalis*  
chronický průjem  
nejčastěji postiženy  
malé děti



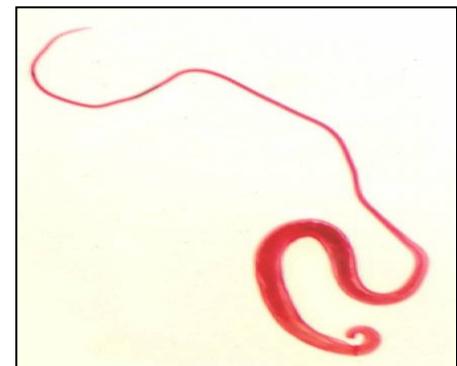
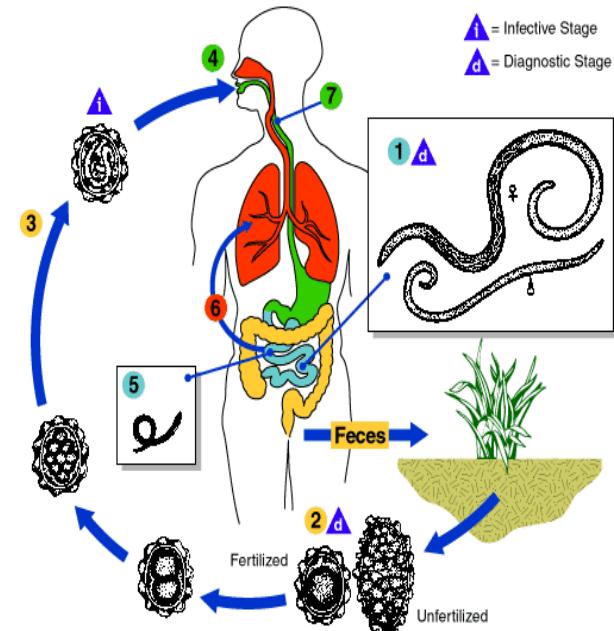
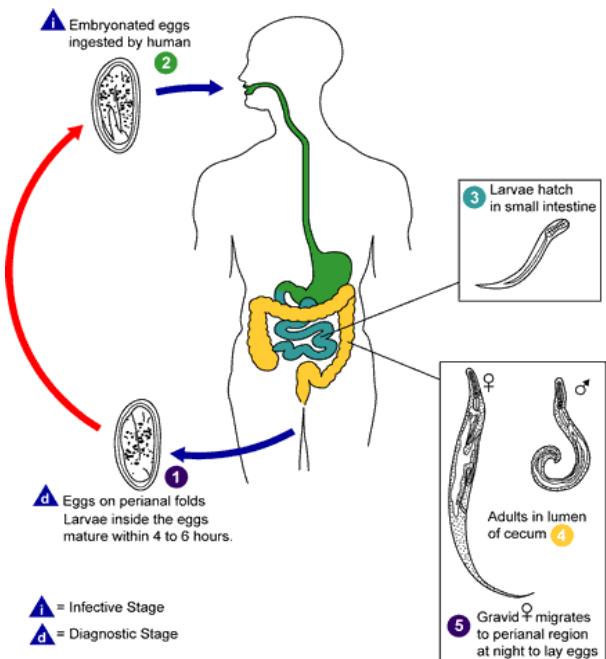
# HELMINTI

- Nematodes
- Trematodes
- Cestodes



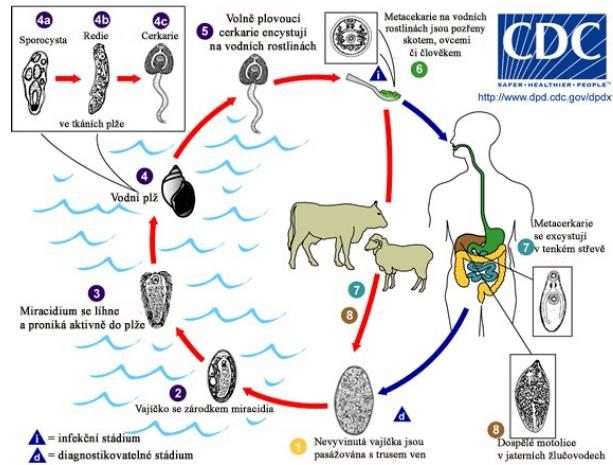
# NEMATODES

- *Ascaris lumbricoides*
- *Trichuris trichiura*
- *Enterobius vermicularis*



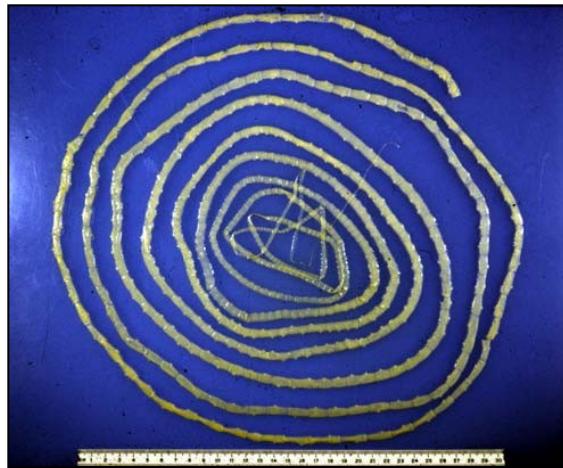
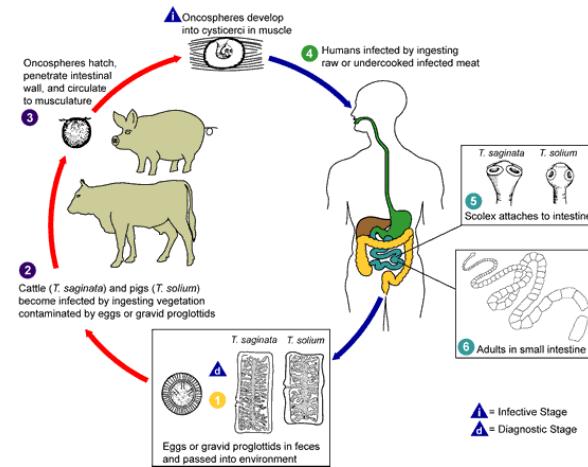
# TREMATODES

- *Schistosoma mansoni*
- *Fasciola hepatica*
- *Fasciolopsis buski*



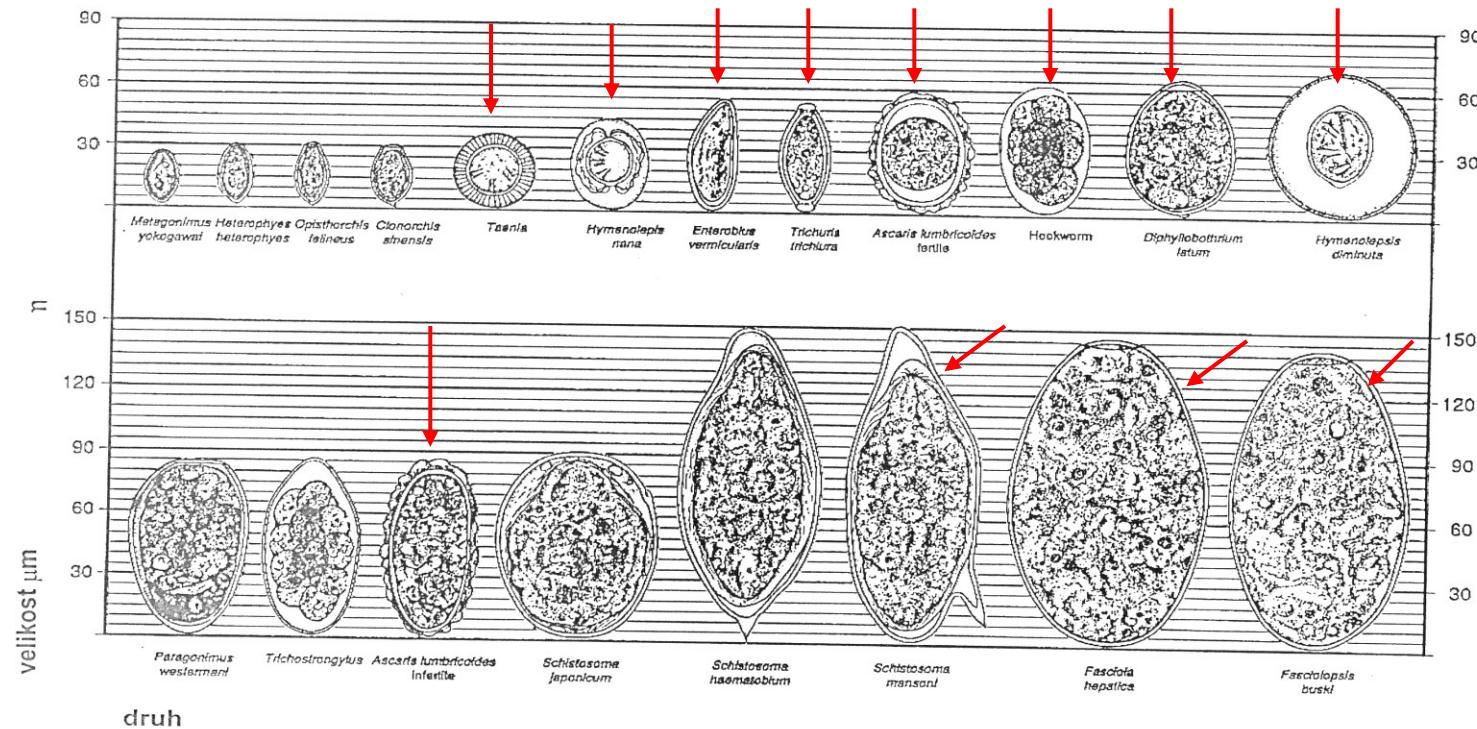
# CESTODES

- *Taenia saginata*
- *Taenia solium*
- *Diphyllobothrium latum*
- *Hymenolepis nana*



## Vajíčka zdravotnicky významných helmintů

Zdroj: Basic Laboratory Methods in Medical Parasitology. WHO, Geneva, 1991





DĚKUJI ZA POZORNOST

