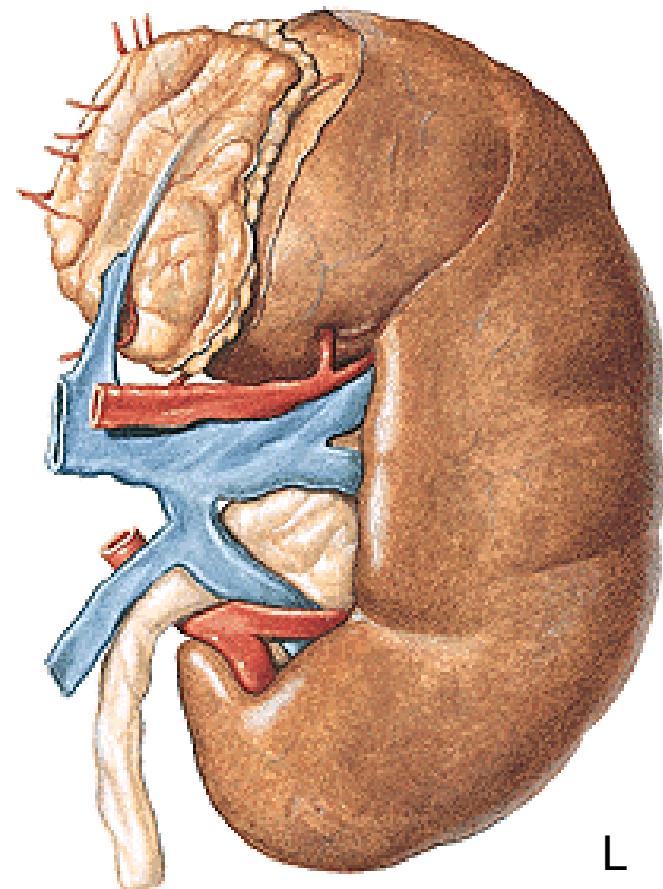
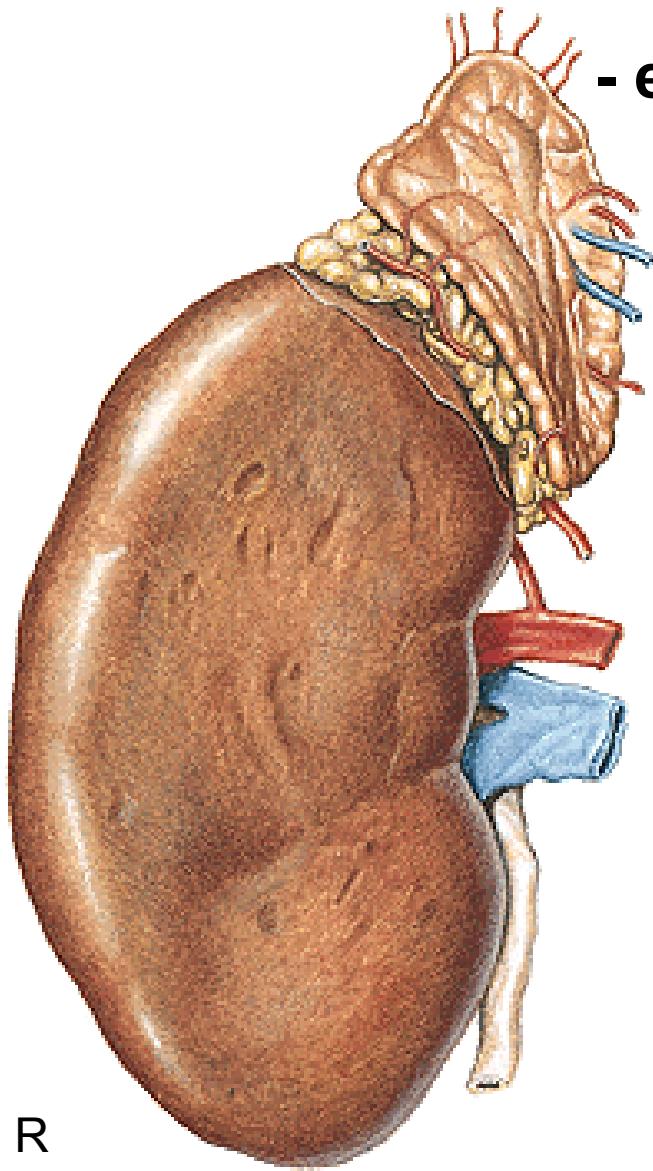


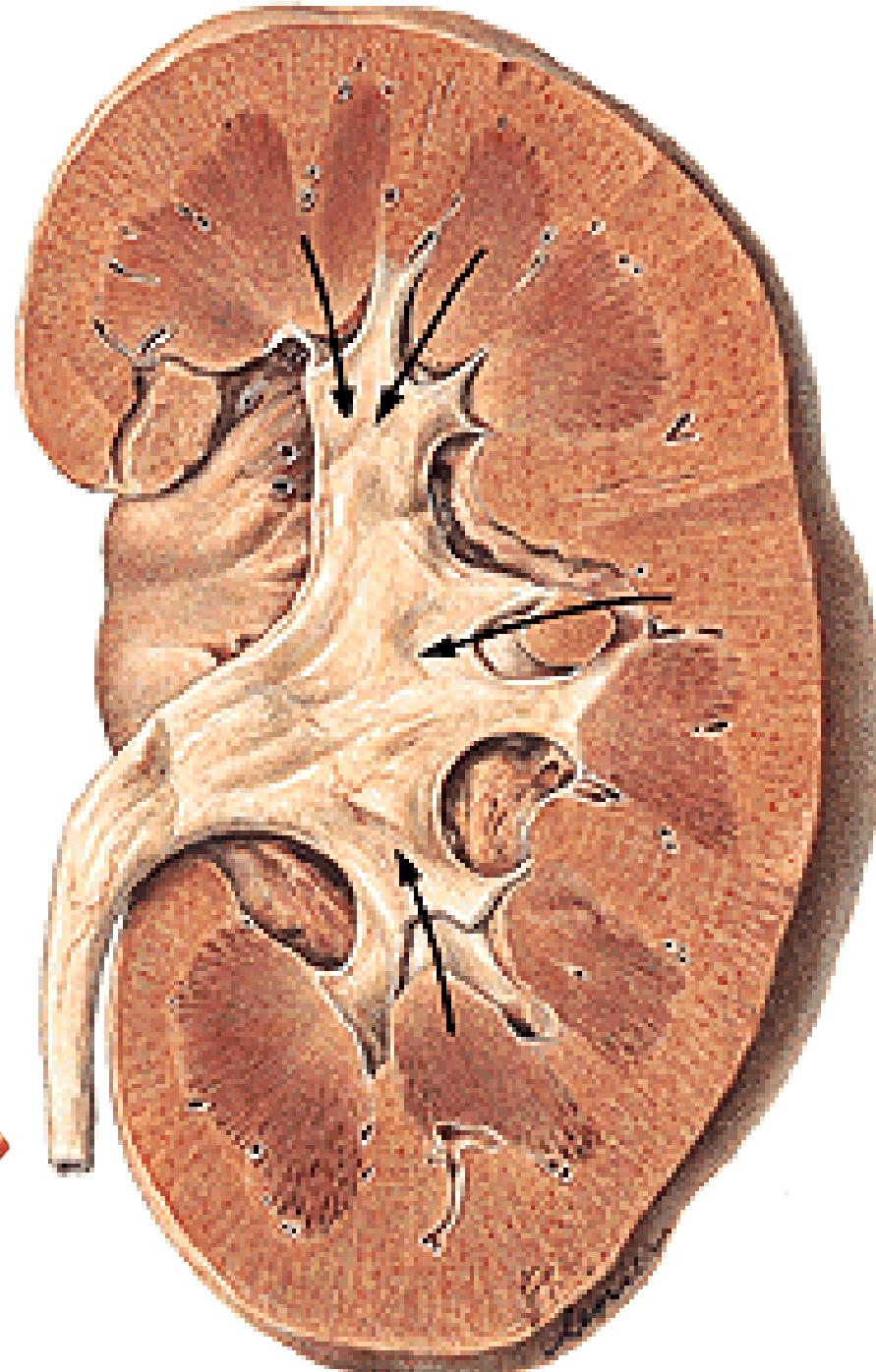
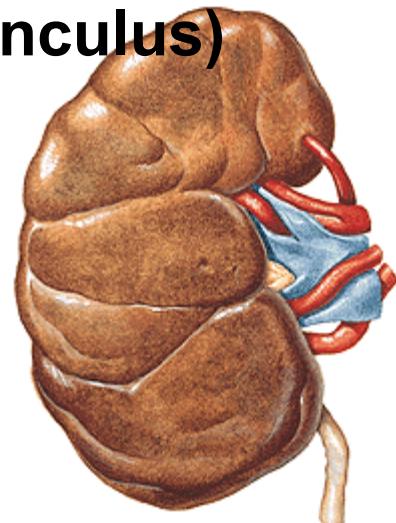
URINARY SYSTEM

REN, NEPHROS - facies anterior et posterior

- margo lateralis et medialis - hilum renale
- sinus renalis
- extremitas superior et inferior



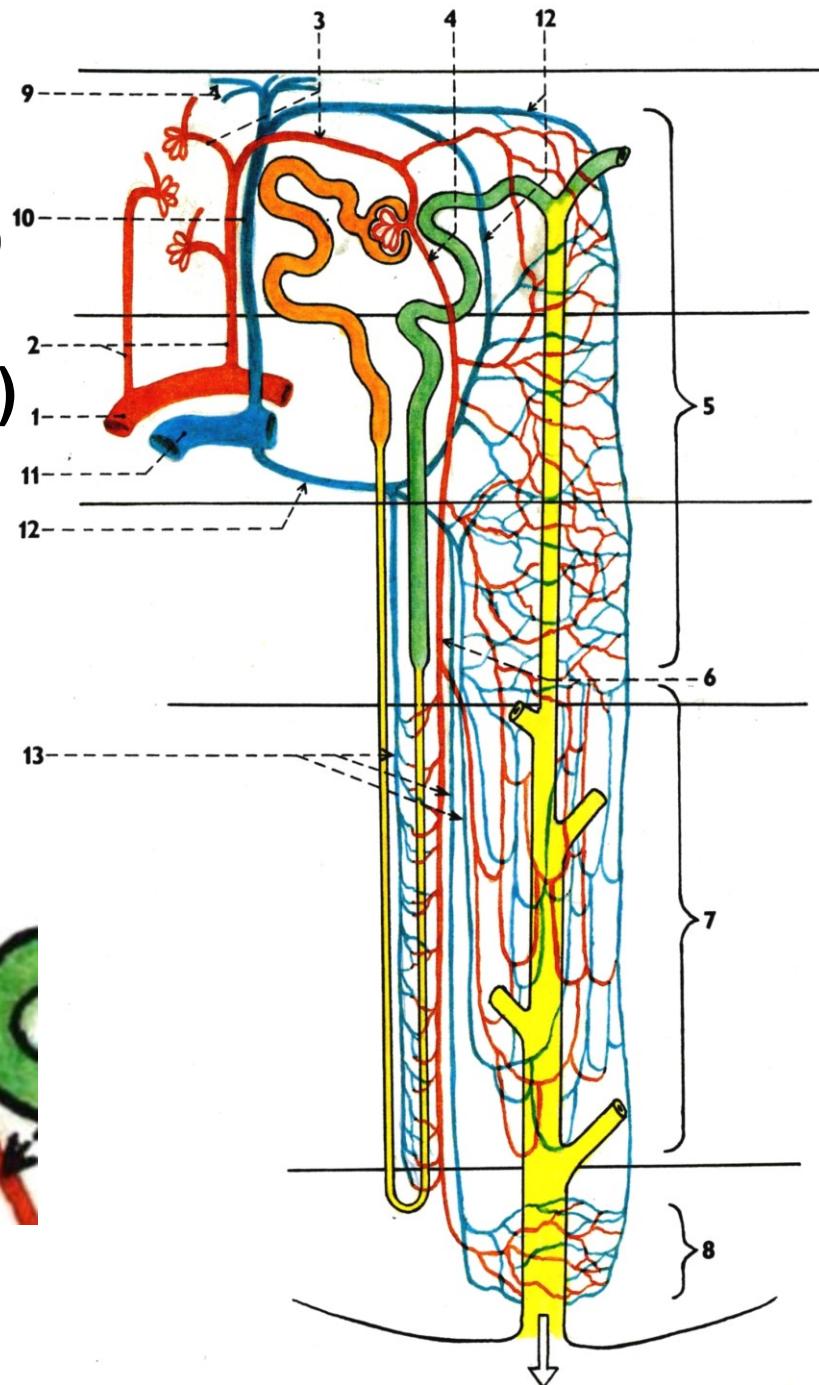
Capsula fibrosa
Cortex renalis
Medulla renalis
– 6-20 pyramides renales
Columnae renales
Pars radiata corticis
Papilla renalis
Ductus papillares
Foramina papillaria
Area cribrosa
Sinus renalis
Lobus renalis (Renculus)
**Renculi-marking
(renculization)**



NEPHRON

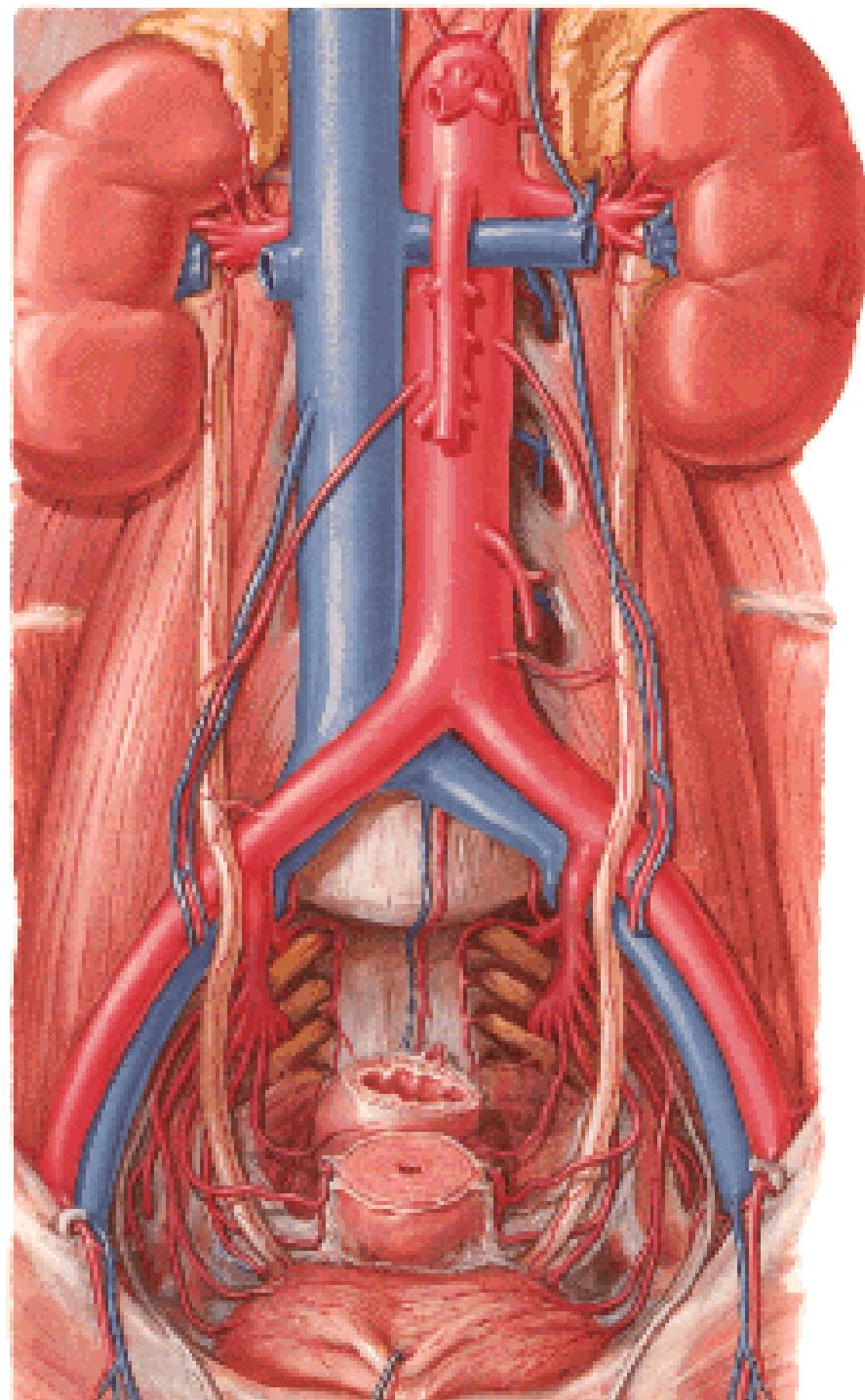
- Corpusculum renale (Malpighi)
 - Glomerulus
 - Capsula glomeruli (Bowman)
- Tubulus proximalis
- Henle's loop
- Tubulus distalis

Tubulus colligens
Ductus papillaris
Foramen papillare



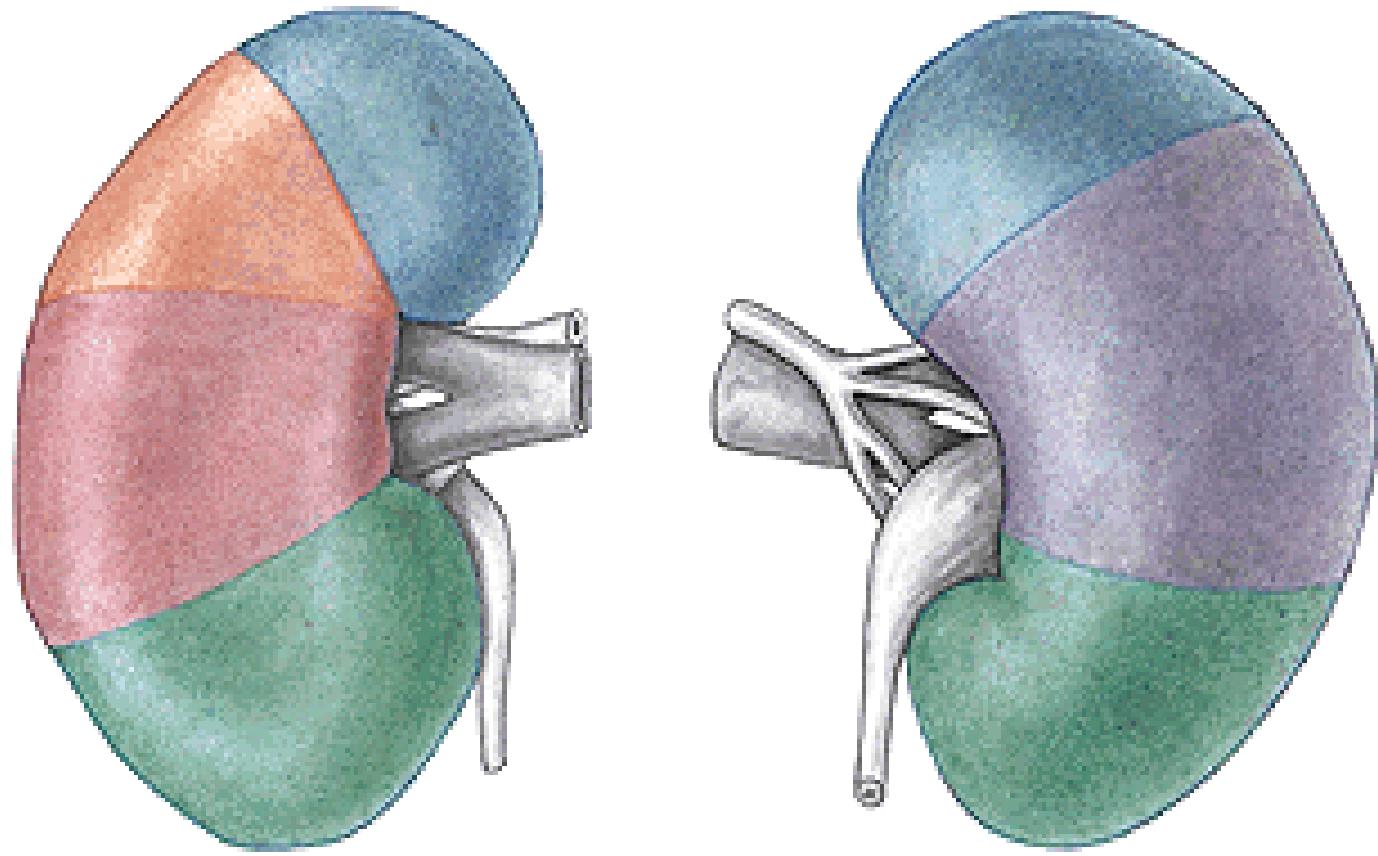
A. renalis

- r. anterior – 4 rr. praepelvici
- r. posterior – r. retropelvicus
- aa. lobares – aa. interlobares



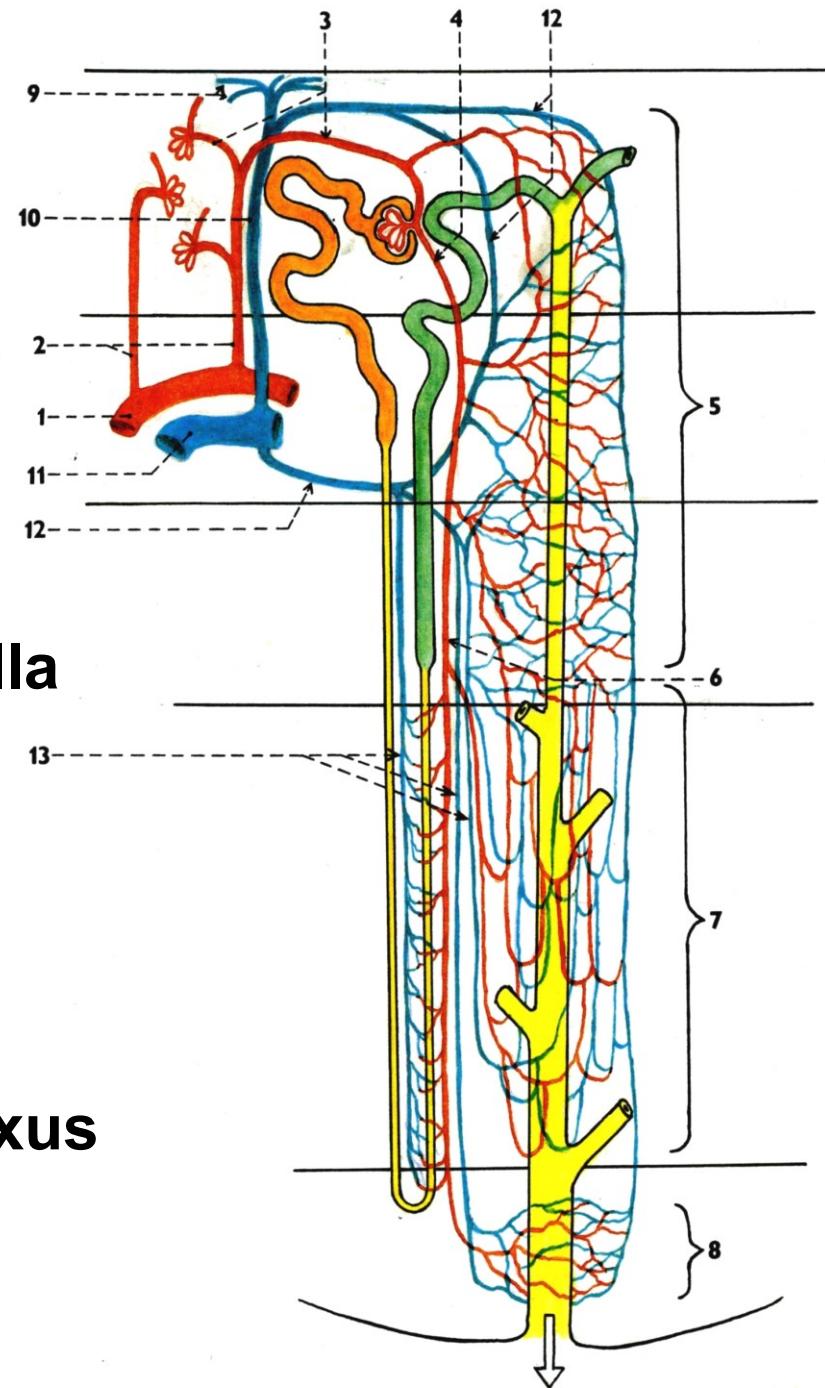
Segmenta renalia – s. superius

- **s. anterius superius**
- **s. anterius inferius**
- **s. inferius**
- **s. posterius**

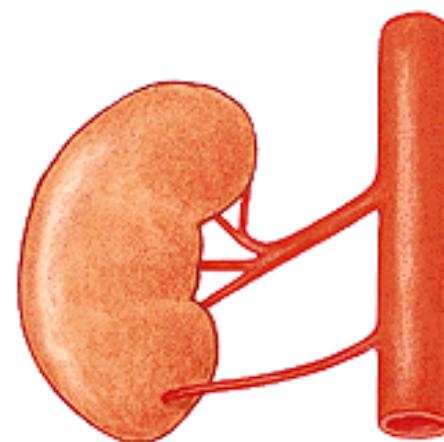
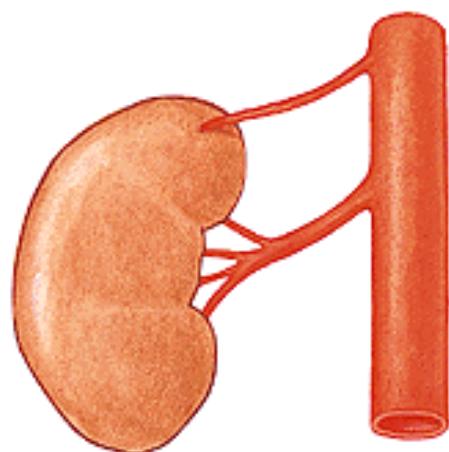
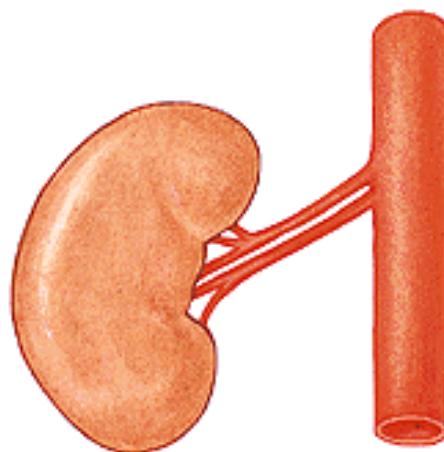
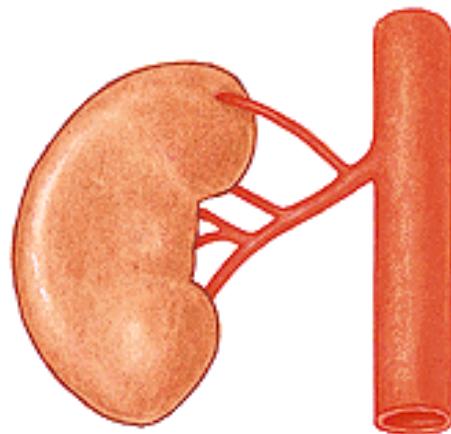


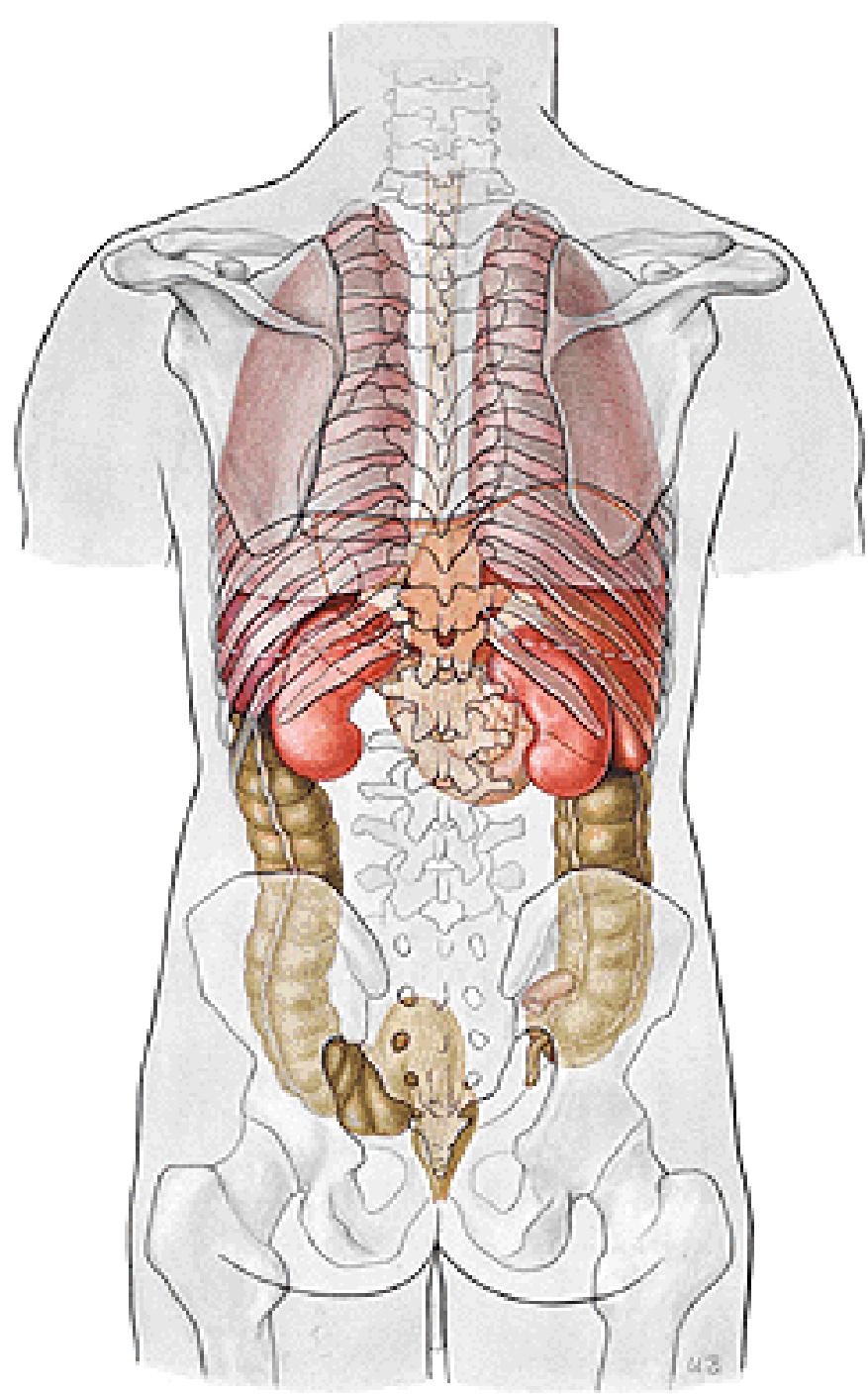
Aa. interlobares:

1. A. arcuata
2. A. interlobularis
3. Vas afferens
4. Vas efferens
5. Peritubular capillary plexus
6. Arteriola recta
7. Capillary plexus in the medulla
8. Capillary plexus around papillary duct
9. Venulae stellatae
- 10.V. interlobularis
- 11.V. arcuata
- 12.Vein from the peritubular plexus
- 13.Venulae rectae

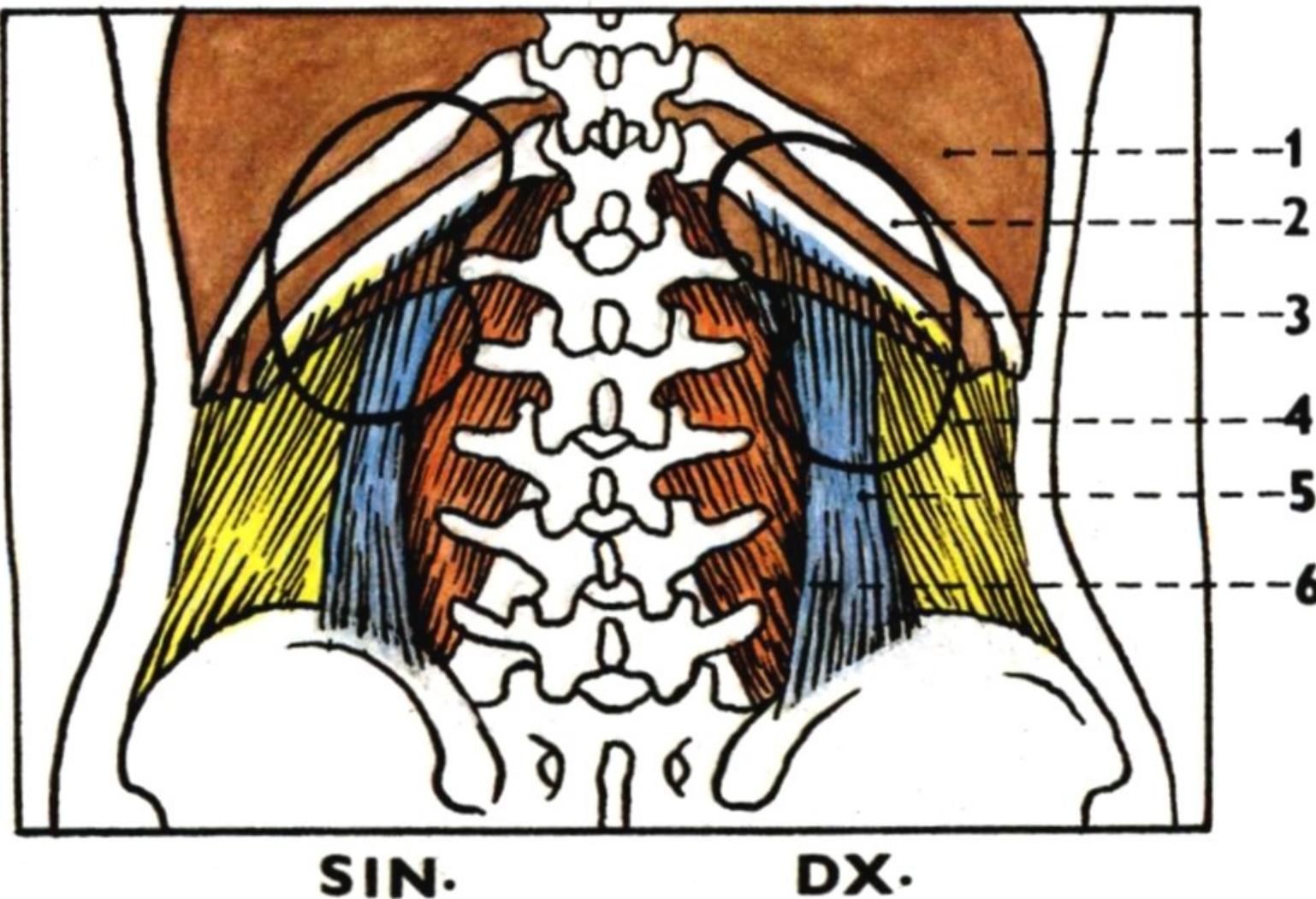


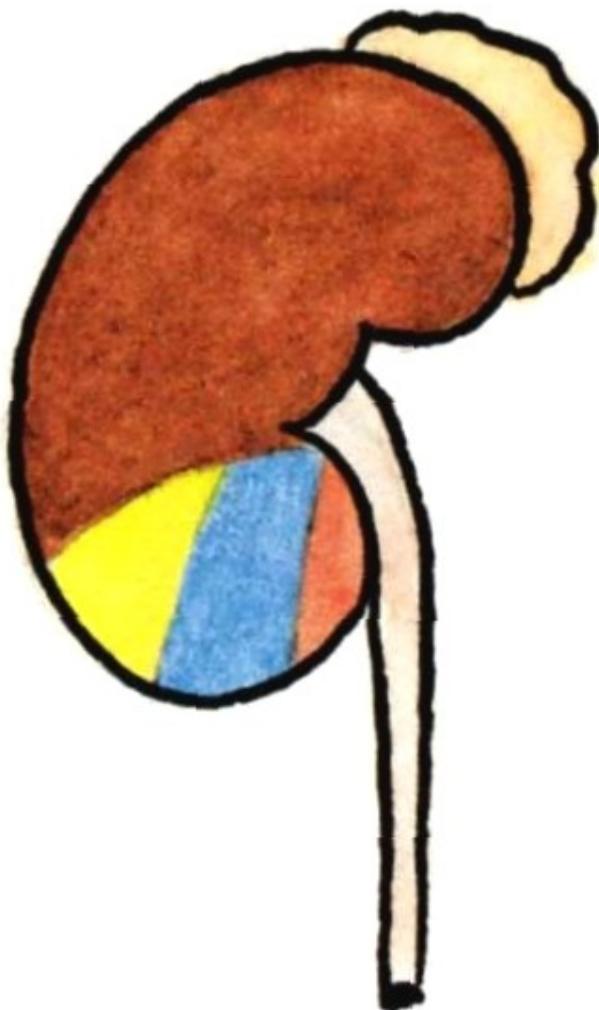
Aa. renales accessoriae



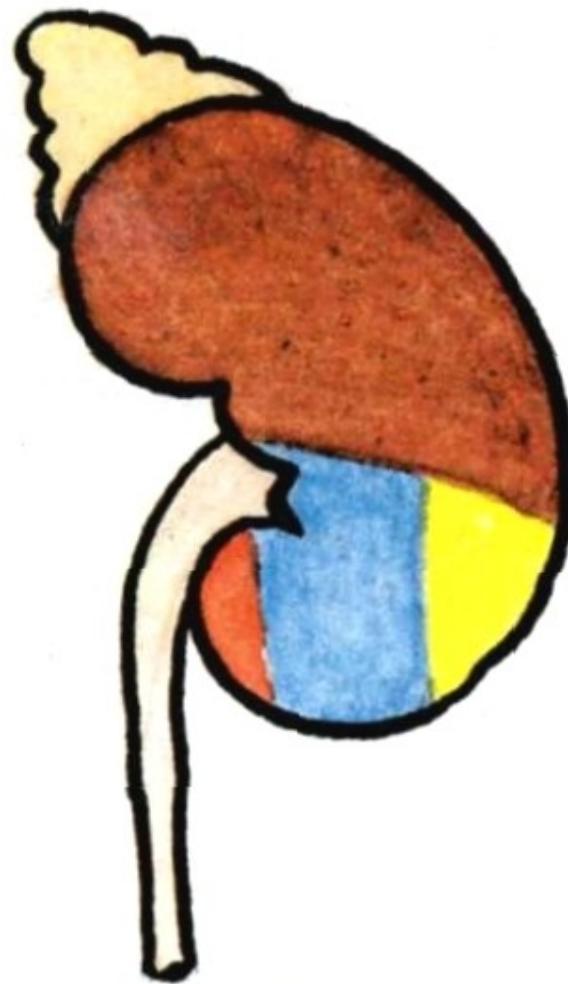


- 1. Diaphragma
- 2. 11th rib
- 3. 12th rib
- 4. M. transversus abdominis
- 5. M. quadratus lumborum
- 6. M. psoas major





SIN.

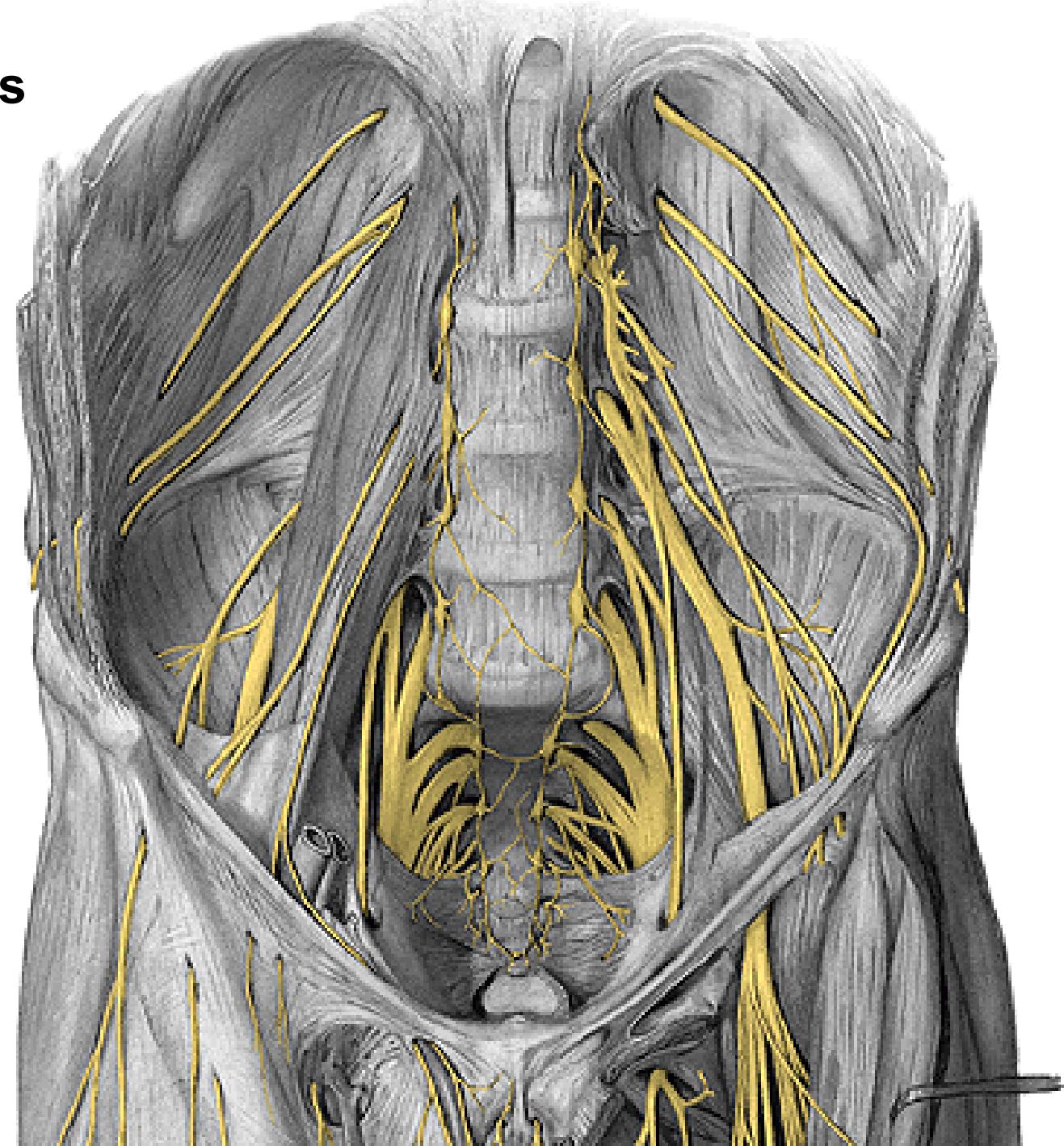


DX.

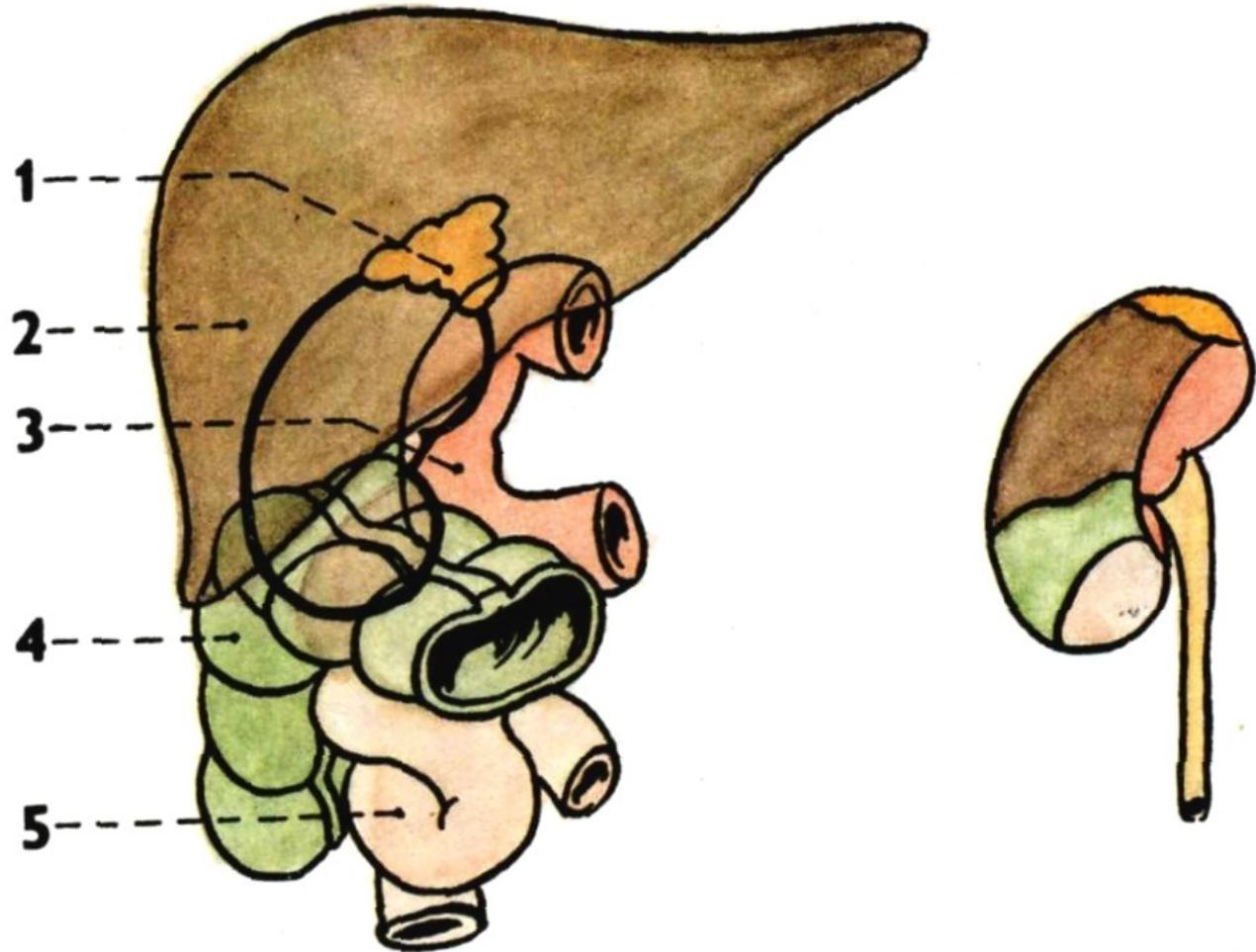
N. subcostalis

N. iliohypogastricus

N. ilioinguinalis



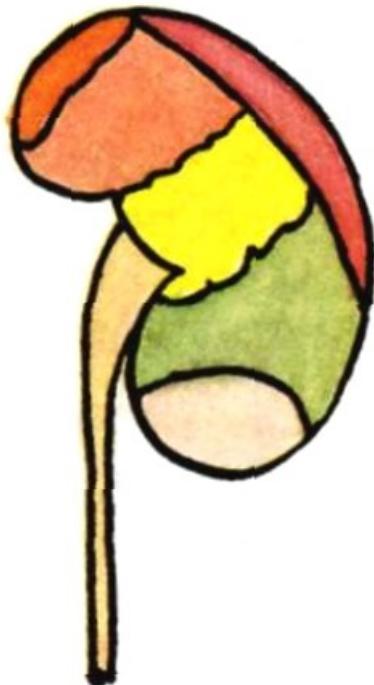
1. Gl. suprarenalis dx.
2. Liver
3. Duodenum
4. Flexura coli dx.
5. Jejunum



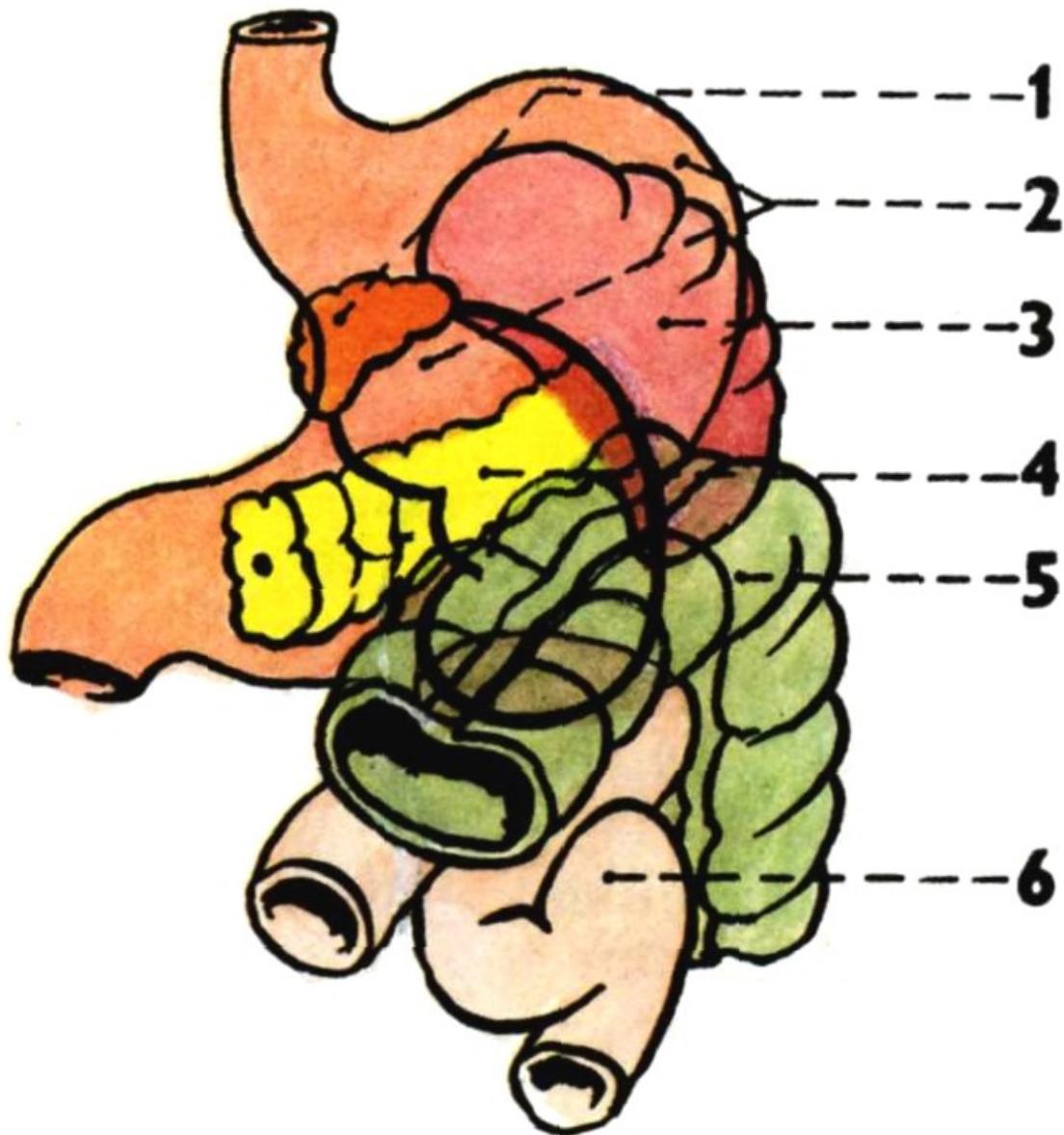
DX.

DX.

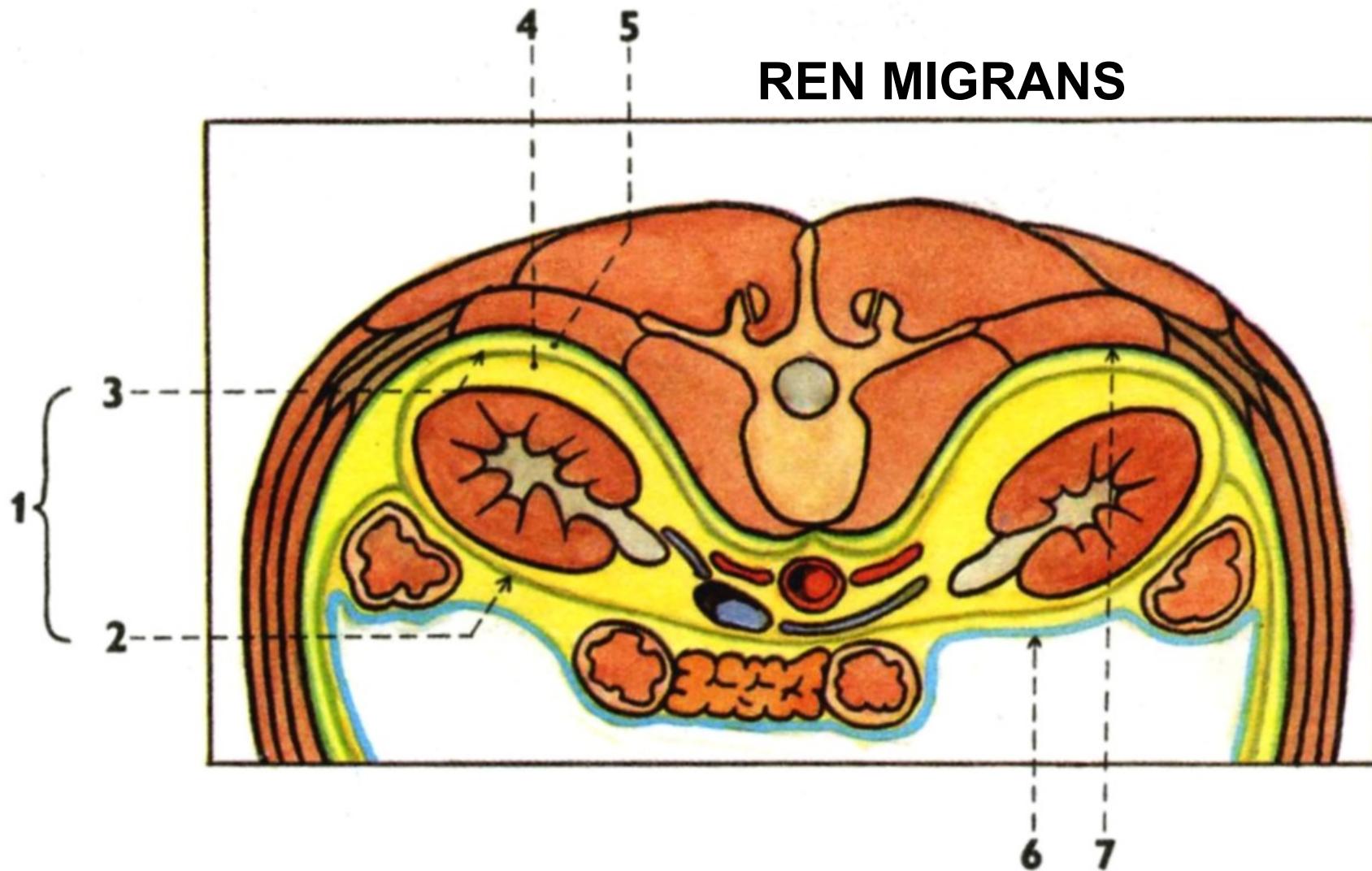
1. Gl. suprarenalis sin.
2. Stomach
3. Spleen
4. Pancreas
5. Flexura coli sin.
6. Jejunum



SIN.

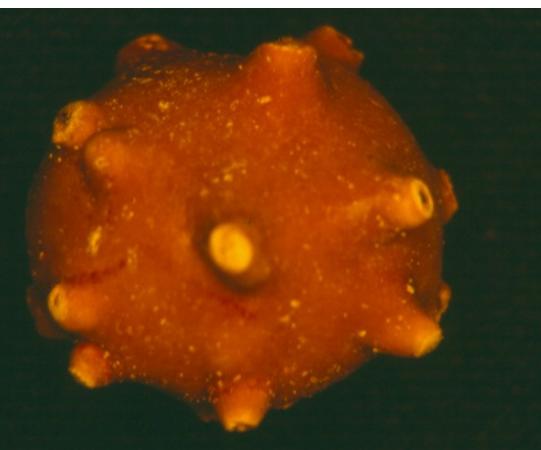
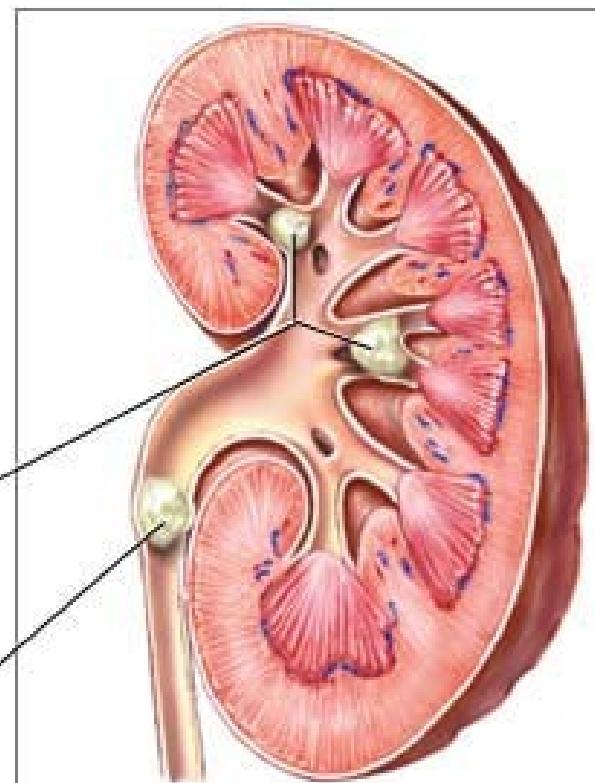
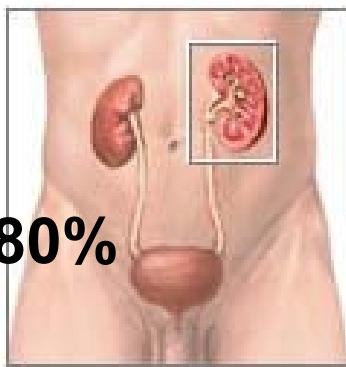


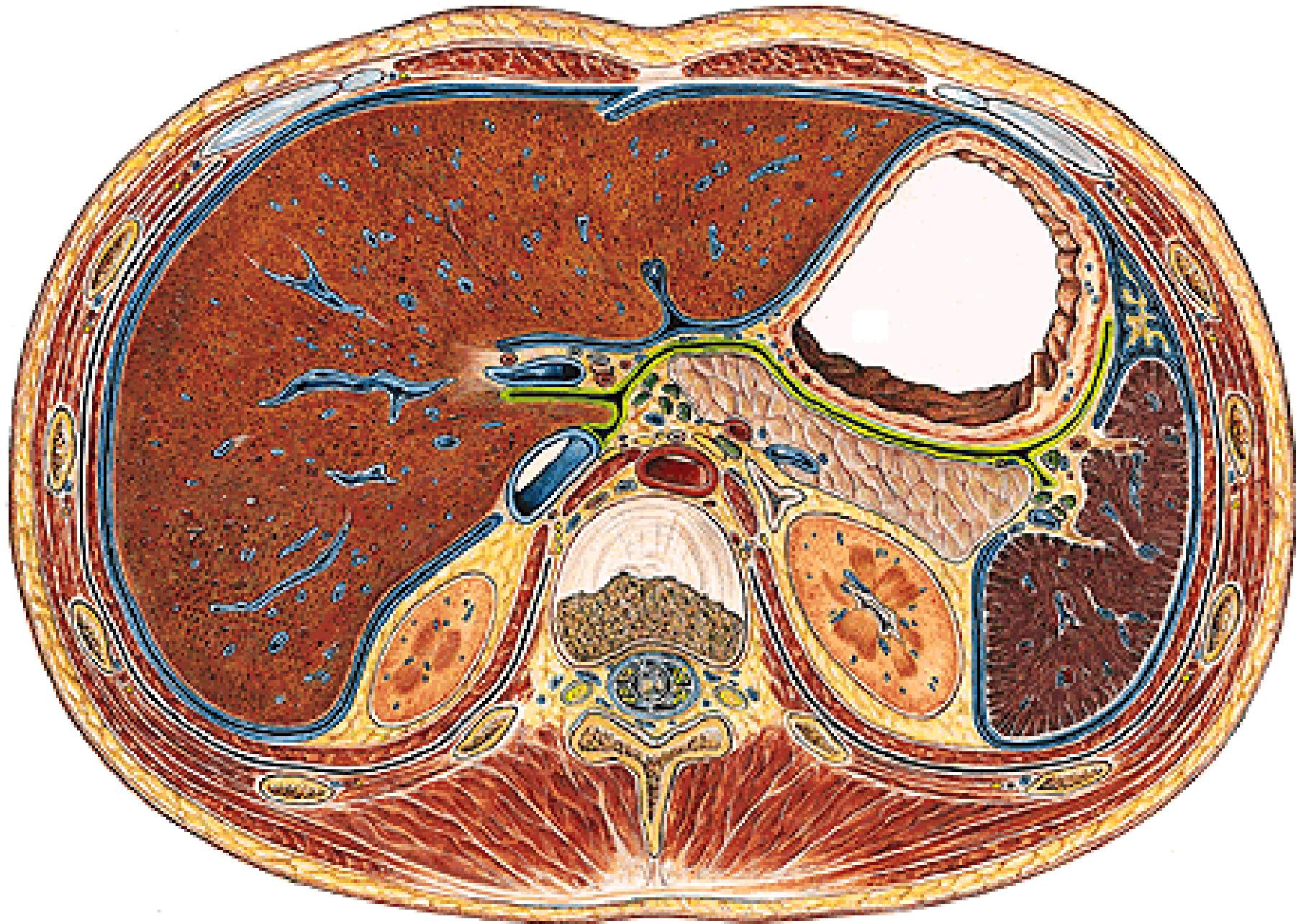
- 1. Fascia renalis
- 2. Lamina praerenalis
- 3. Lamina retrorenalis
- 4. Capsula adiposa
- 5. Corpus adiposum pararenale
- 6. Peritoneum
- 7. Fascia transversalis



Nephrolithiasis

Calcium oxalate crystals – 80%
Uric acid – 5 - 10%





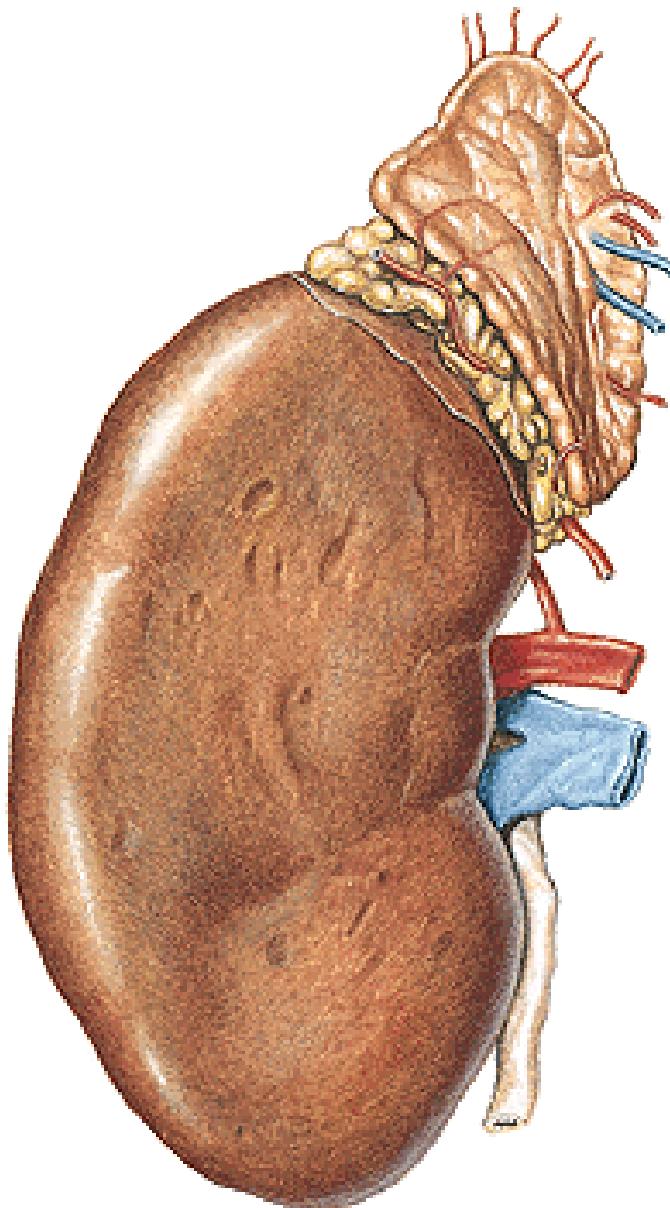
Transverse section through the intervertebral disc between T12 and L1



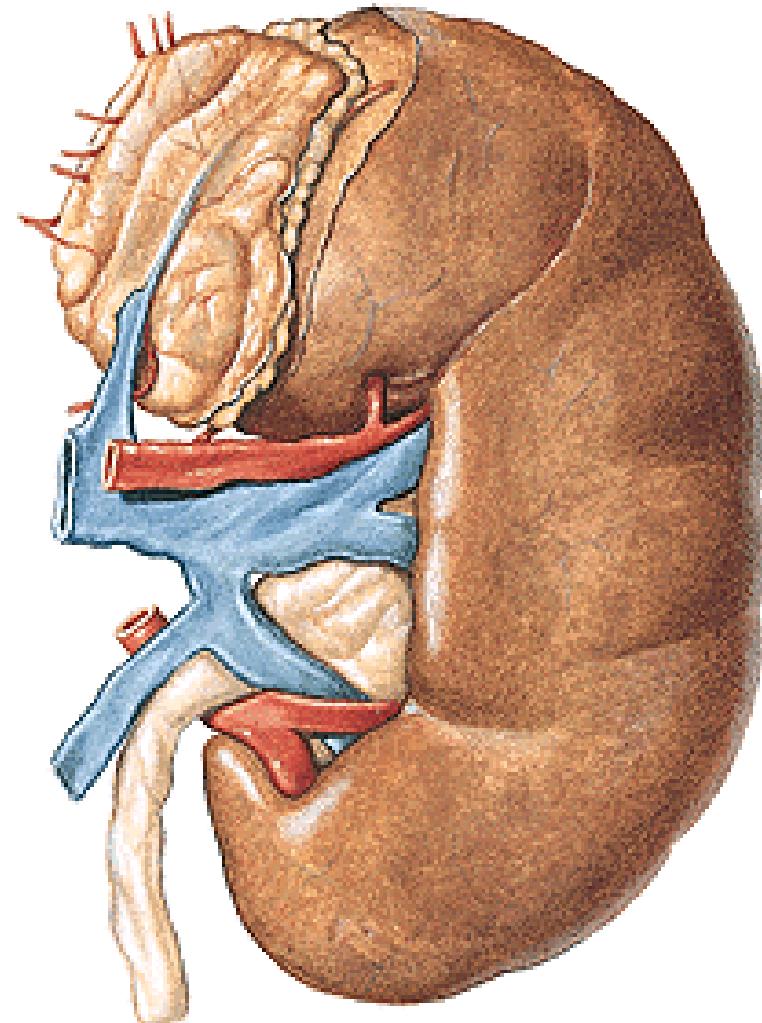
Cross-sectional image through the L1 obtained with CT

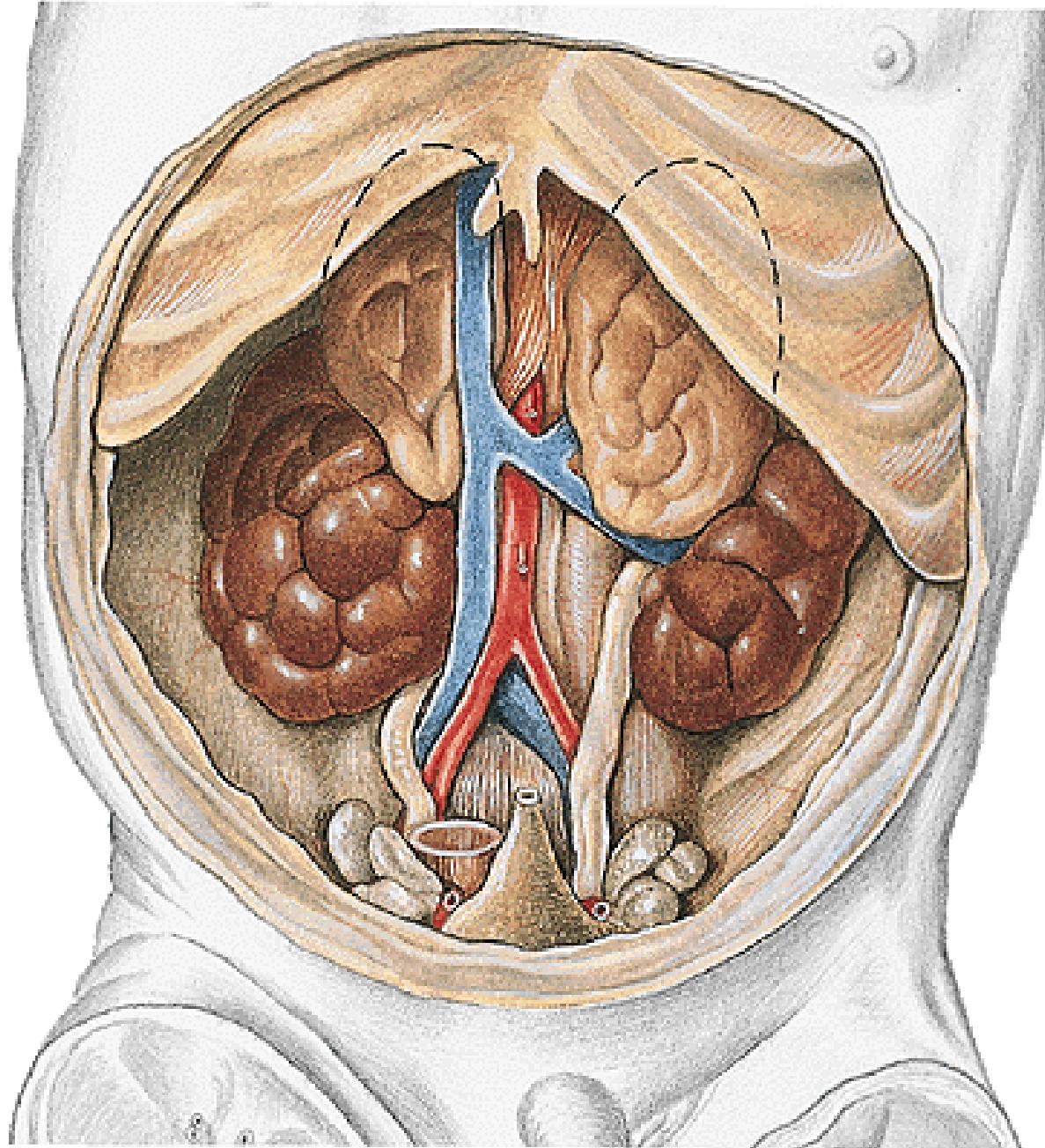
GLANDULA SUPRARENALIS – facies anterior – hilum

- facies posterior**
- facies renalis**



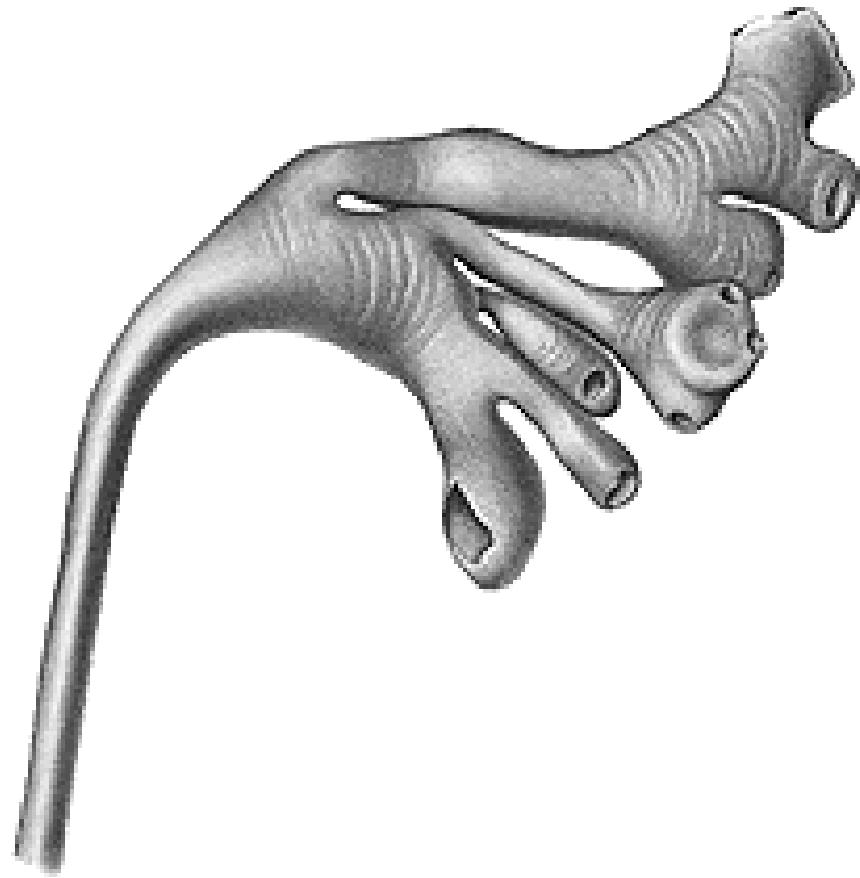
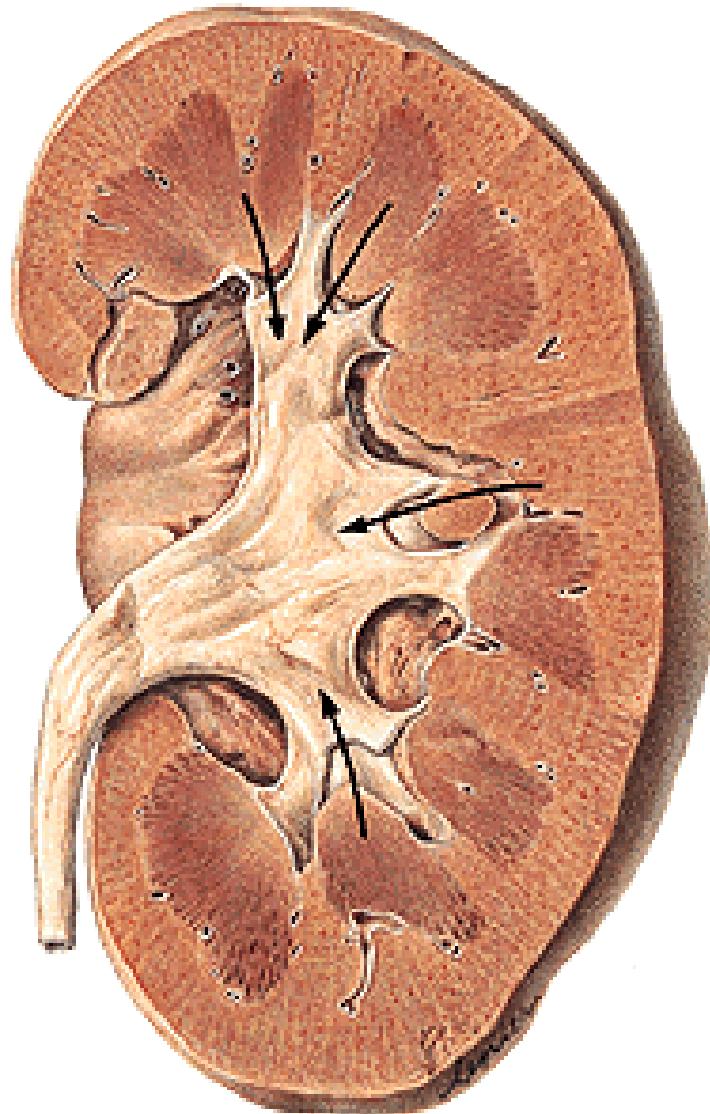
Cortex
Medulla



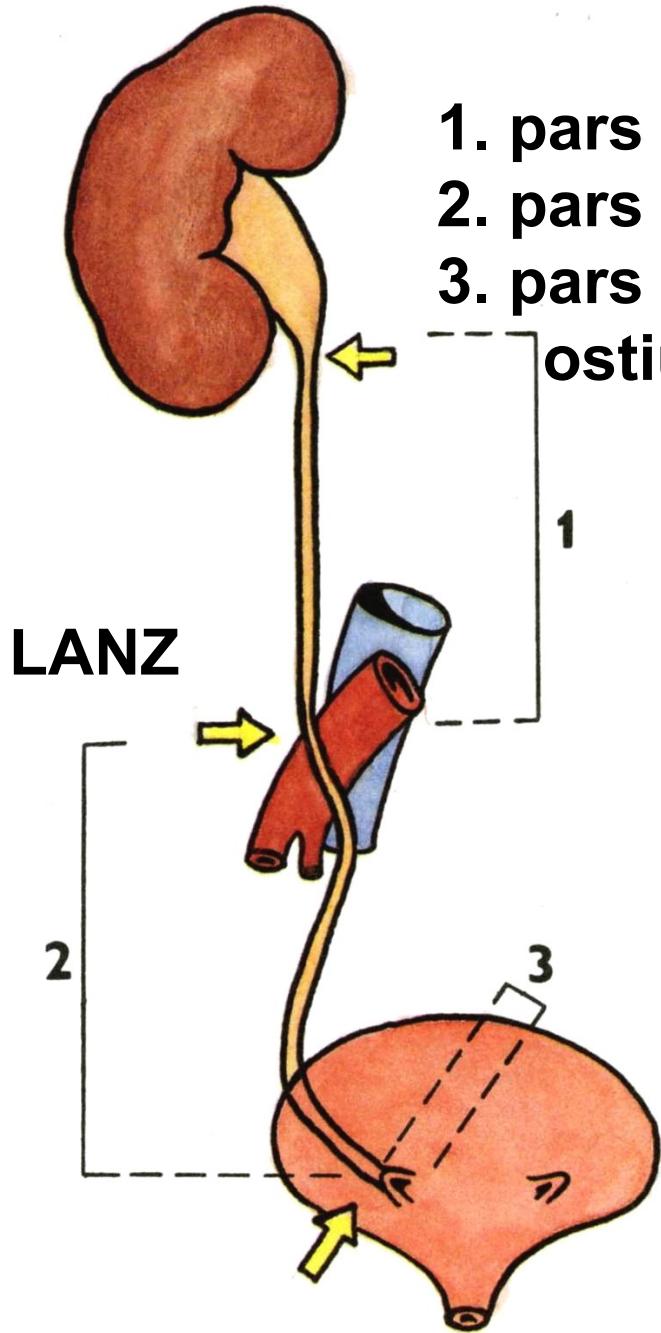


Five-month old fetus

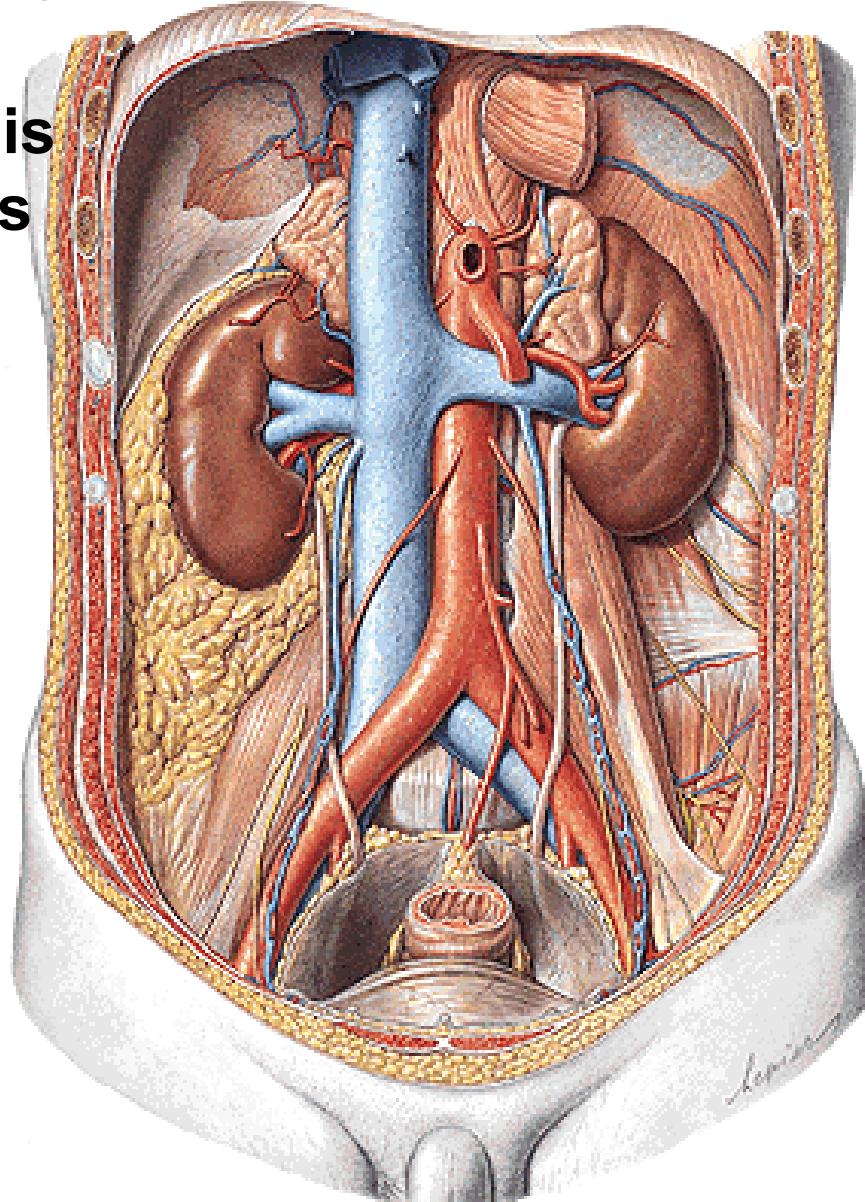
CALICES RENALES – minores et majores PELVIS RENALIS



URETER

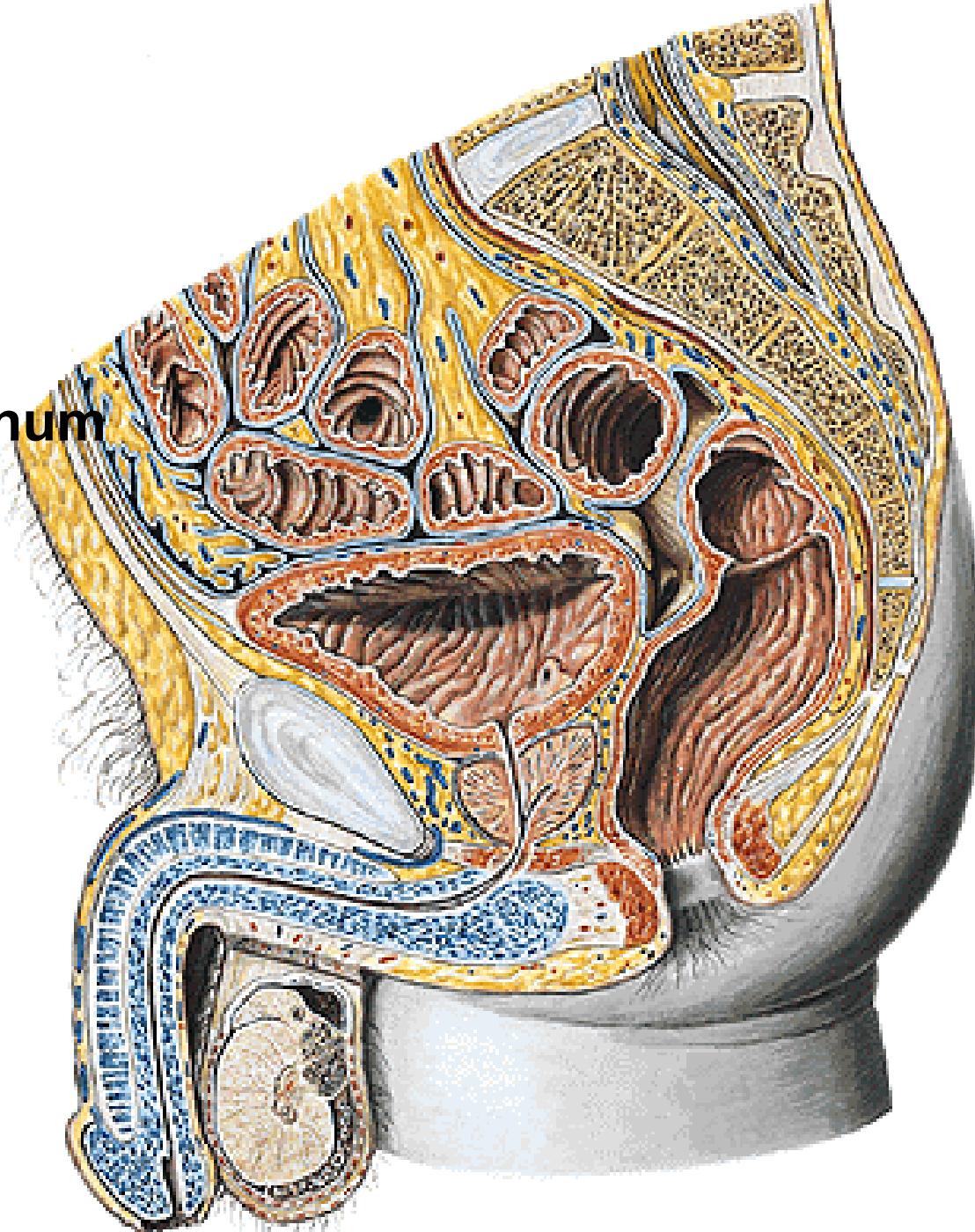


1. pars abdominalis
2. pars pelvina
3. pars intramuralis



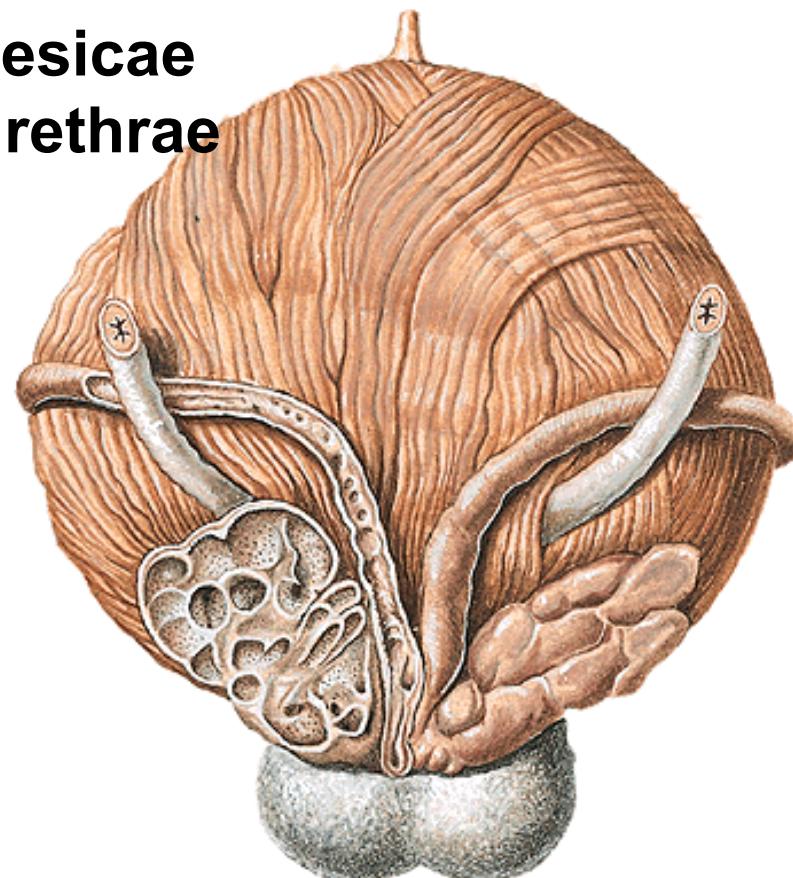
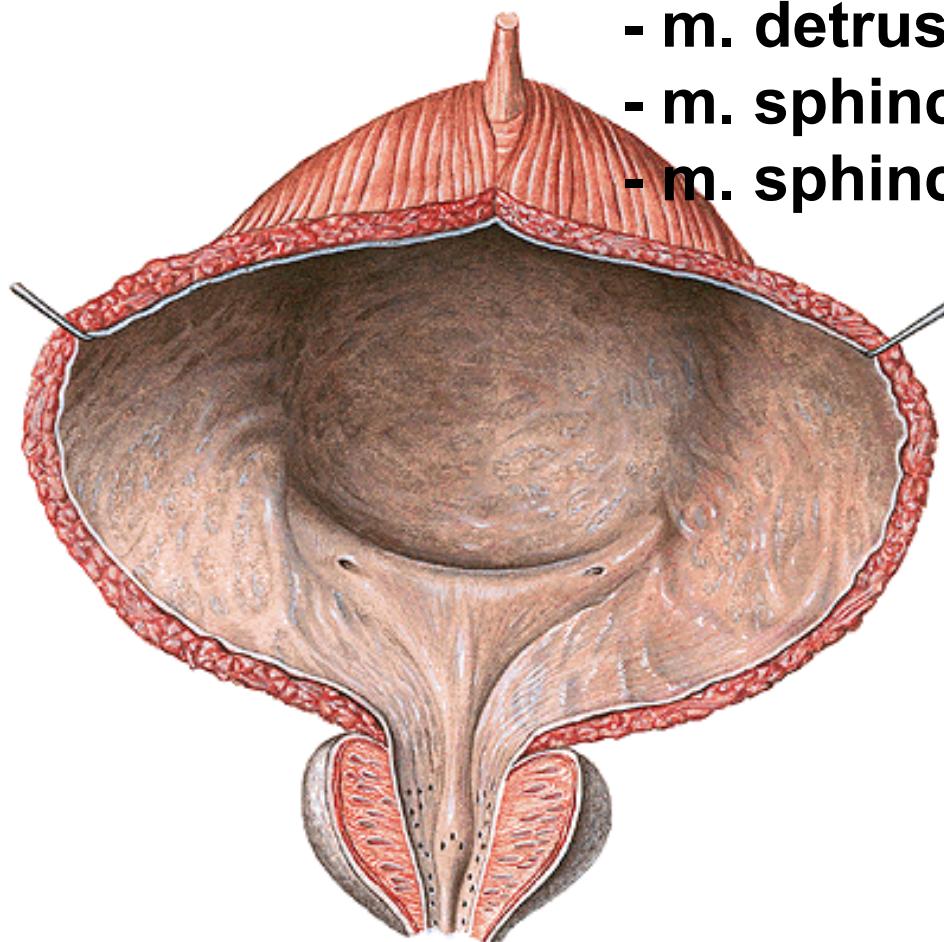
VESICA URINARIA

- fundus vesicae
- corpus vesicae
- apex vesicae
 - lig. umbilicale medianum
- cervix vesicae



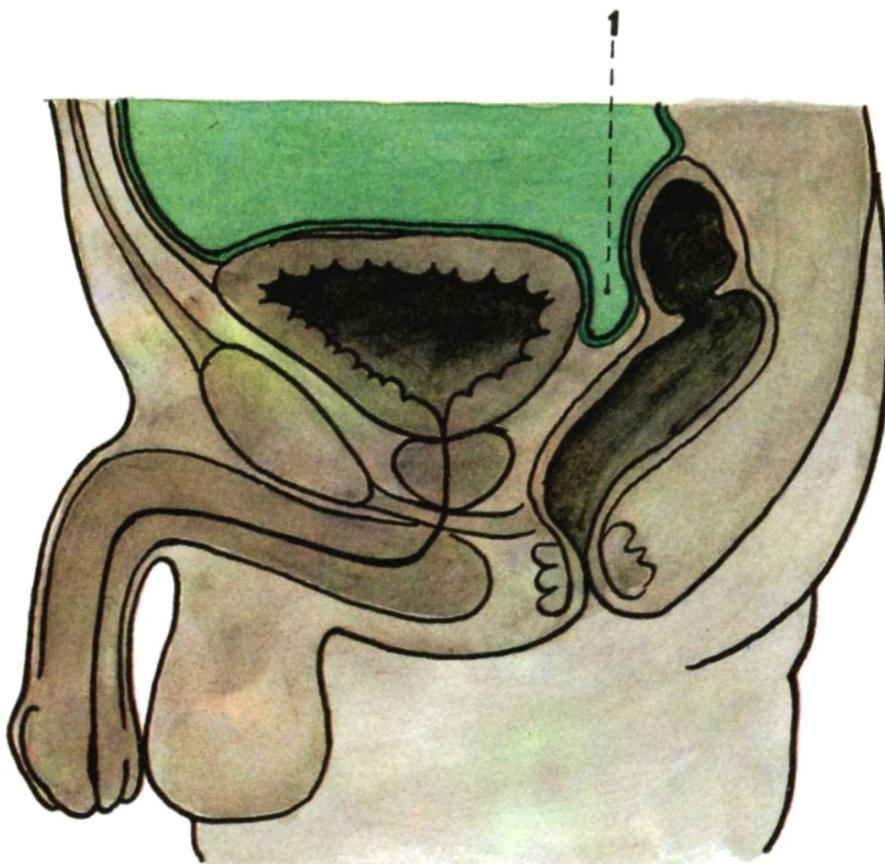
Trigonum vesicae – ostia ureterum

- **ostium urethrae internum**
- **plica interureterica**
- **fossa retrotrigonalis**
- **bundles of Bell**
- **uvula vesicae**
- **m. detrusor**
- **m. sphincter vesicae**
- **m. sphincter urethrae**



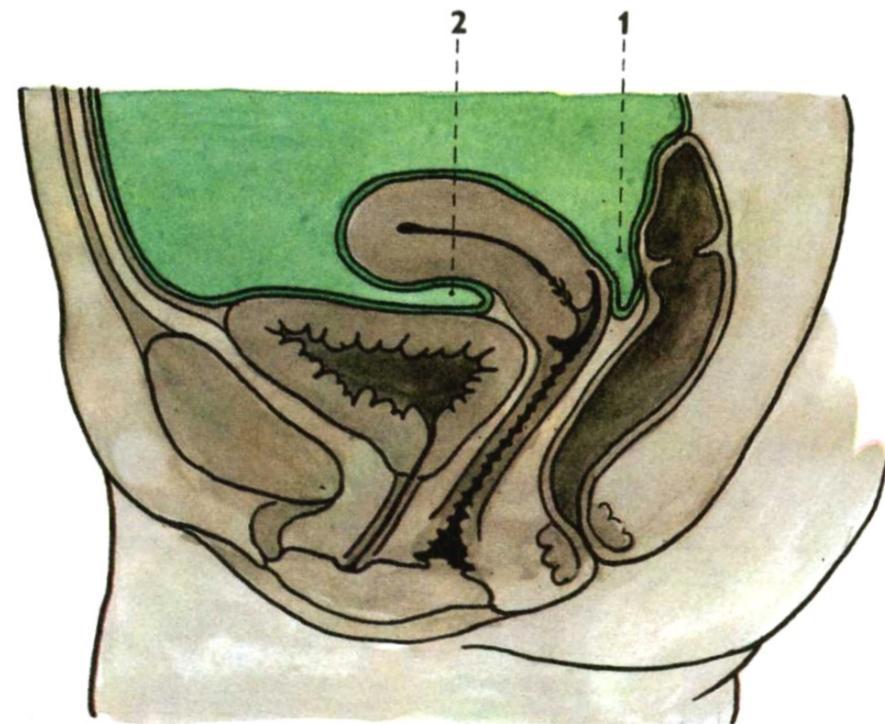
Median section through the male pelvis

1. Excavatio rectovesicalis



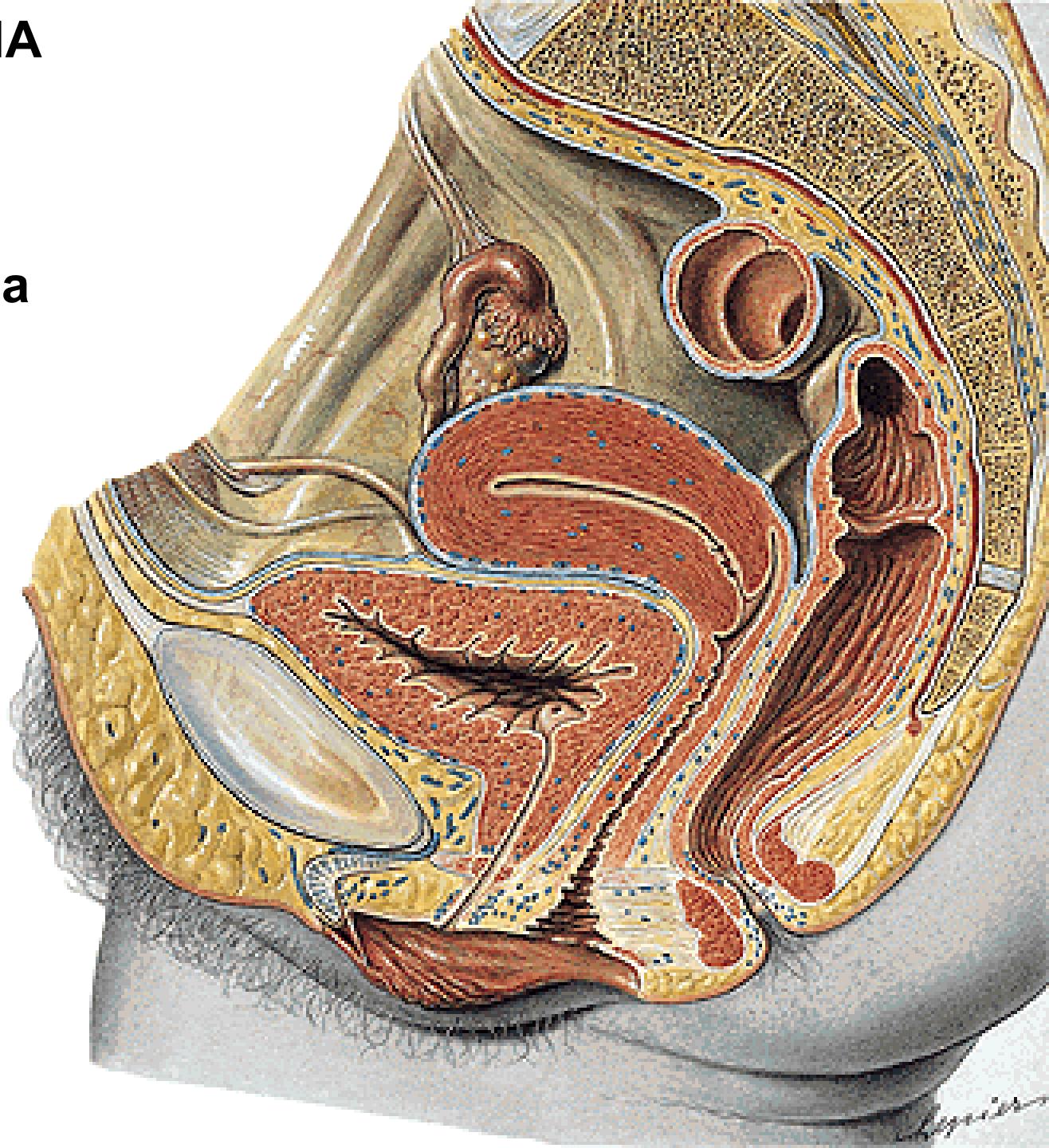
Median section through the female pelvis

1. Excavatio rectouterina
2. Excavatio vesicouterina



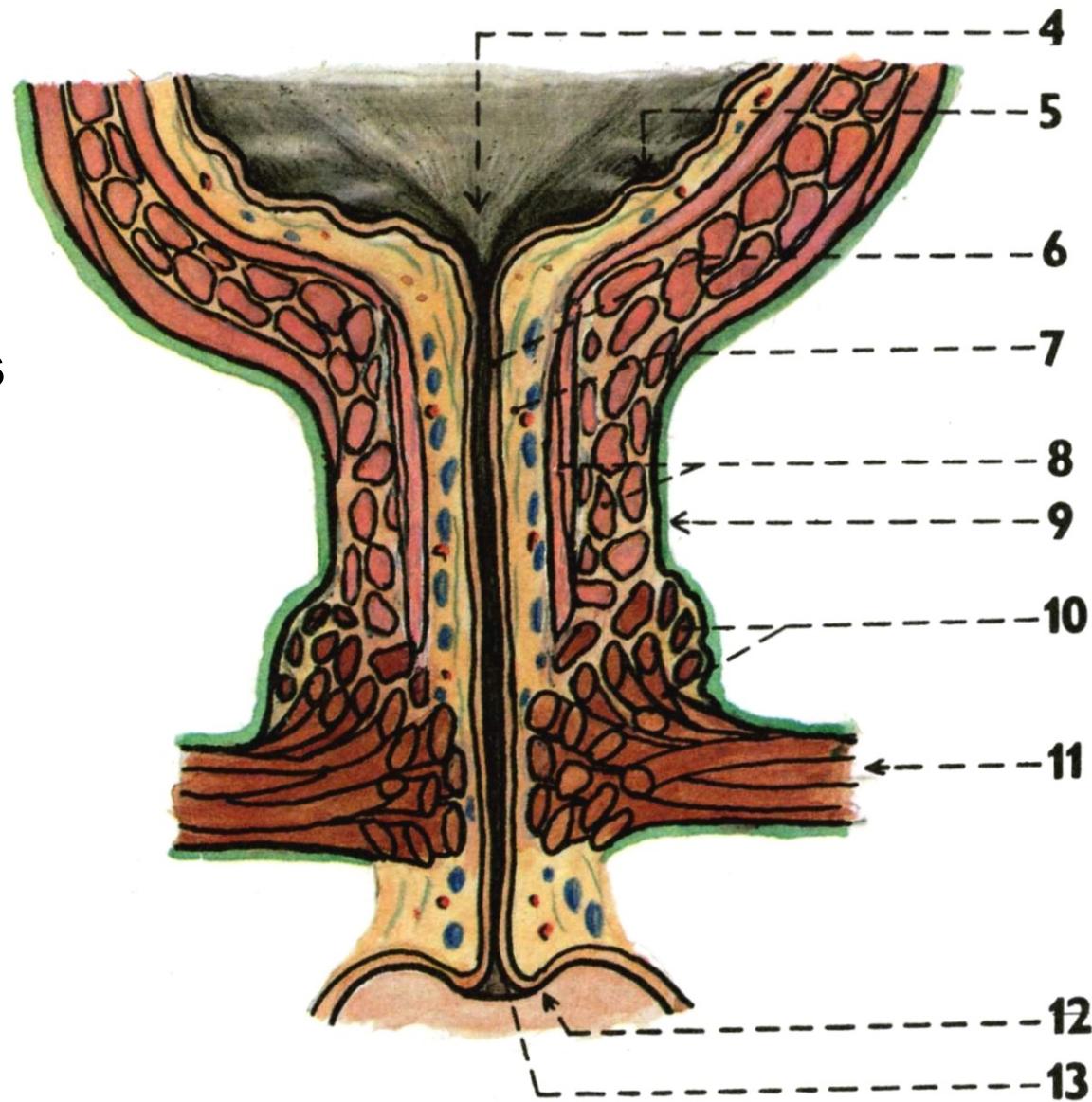
URETHRA FEMININA

- pars intramuralis
- pars pelvina
- pars membranacea
- pars perinealis

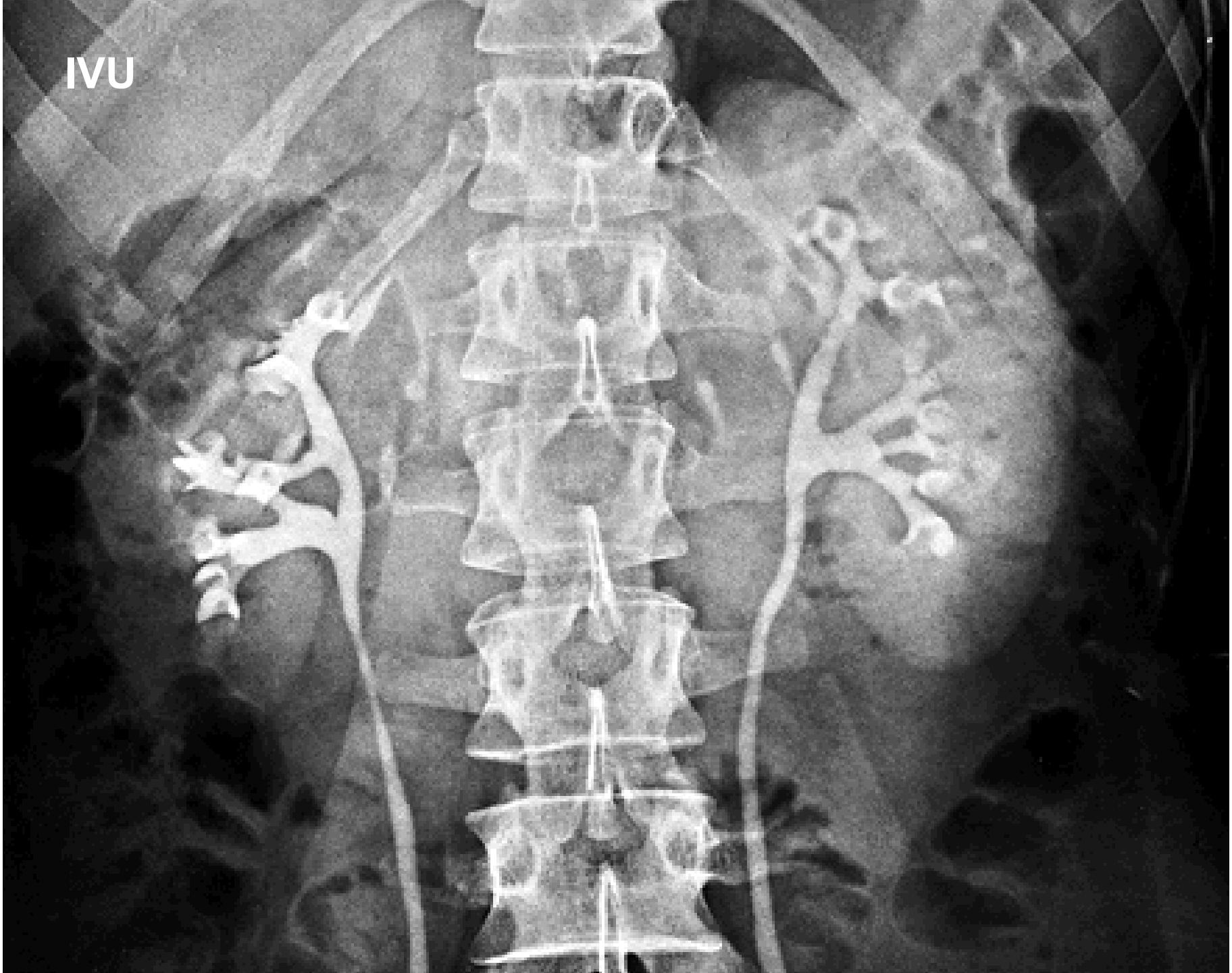


URETHRA FEMININA

Crista urethralis
Lacunae urethrales
Glandulae urethrales
Ductus paraurethrales



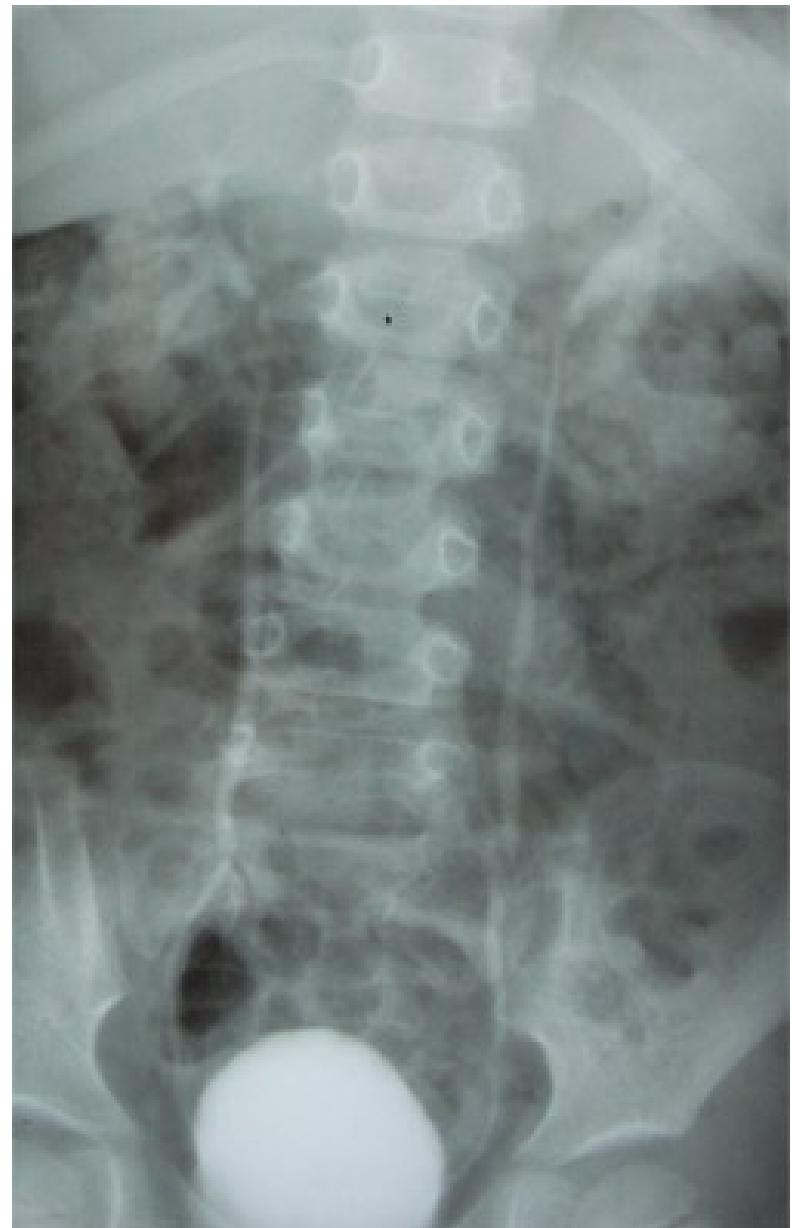
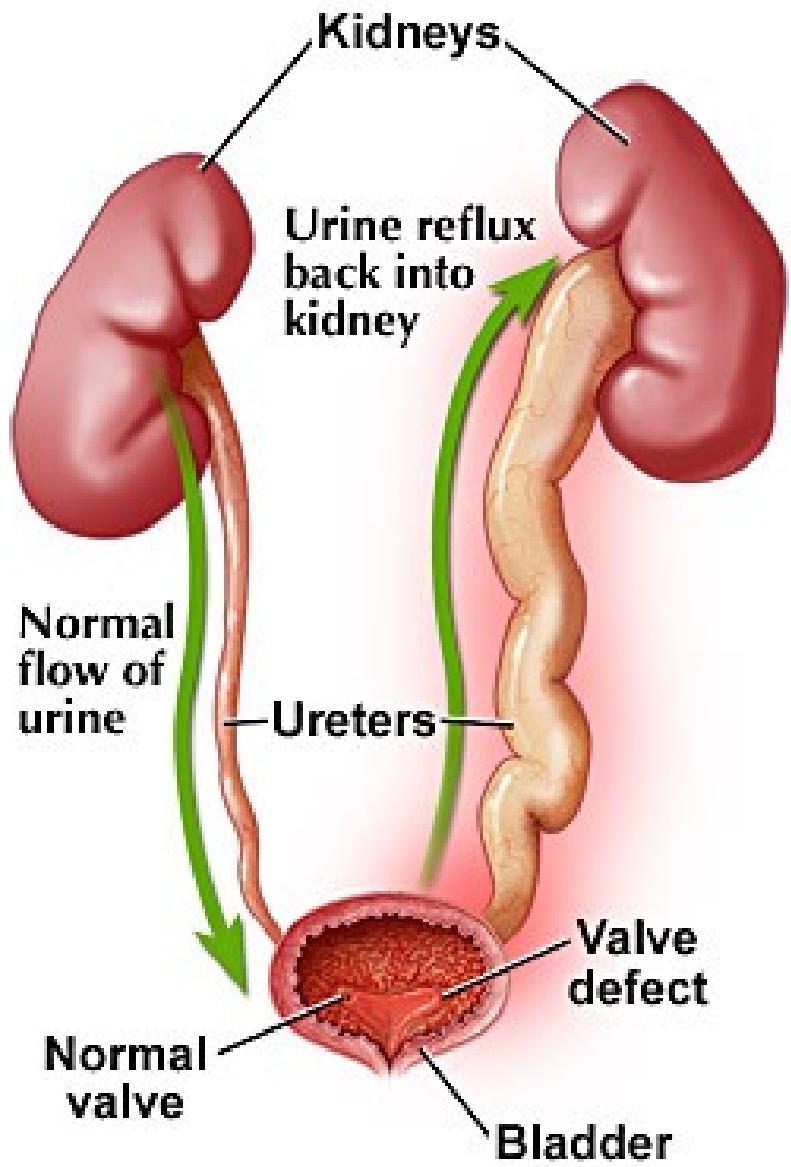
IVU



Retrograde pyelography



Vesicoureteral reflux (VUR) – voiding cystourethrogram (VCU)





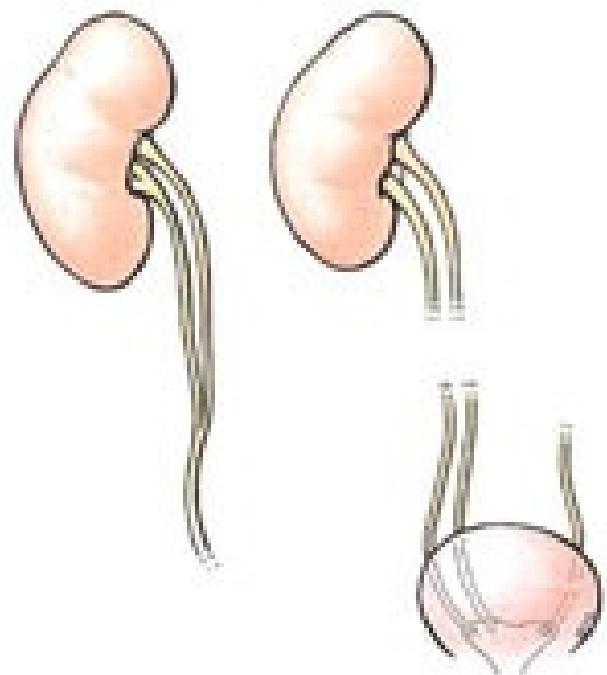
Retrocaval ureter

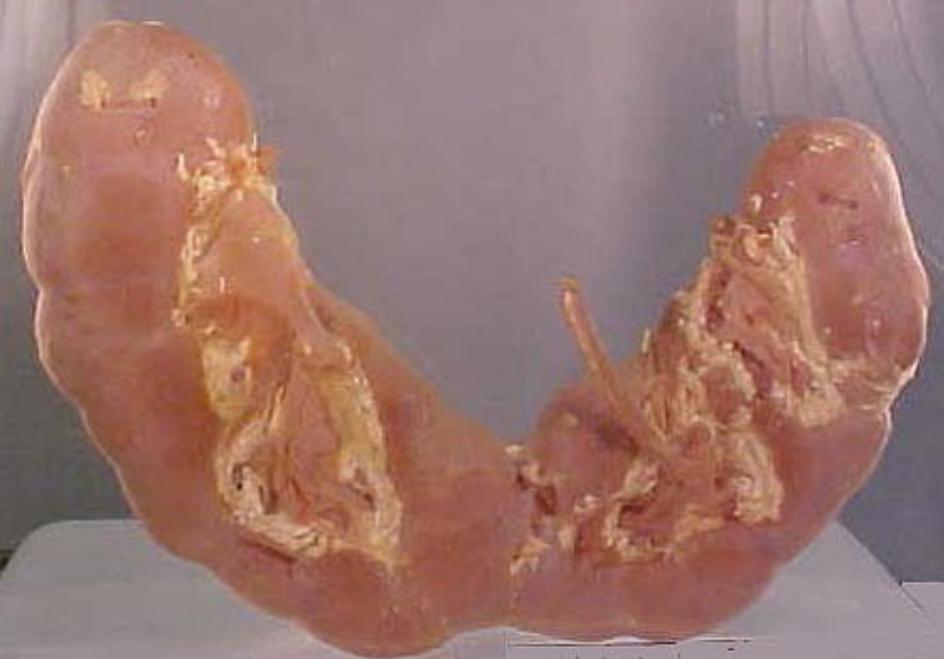




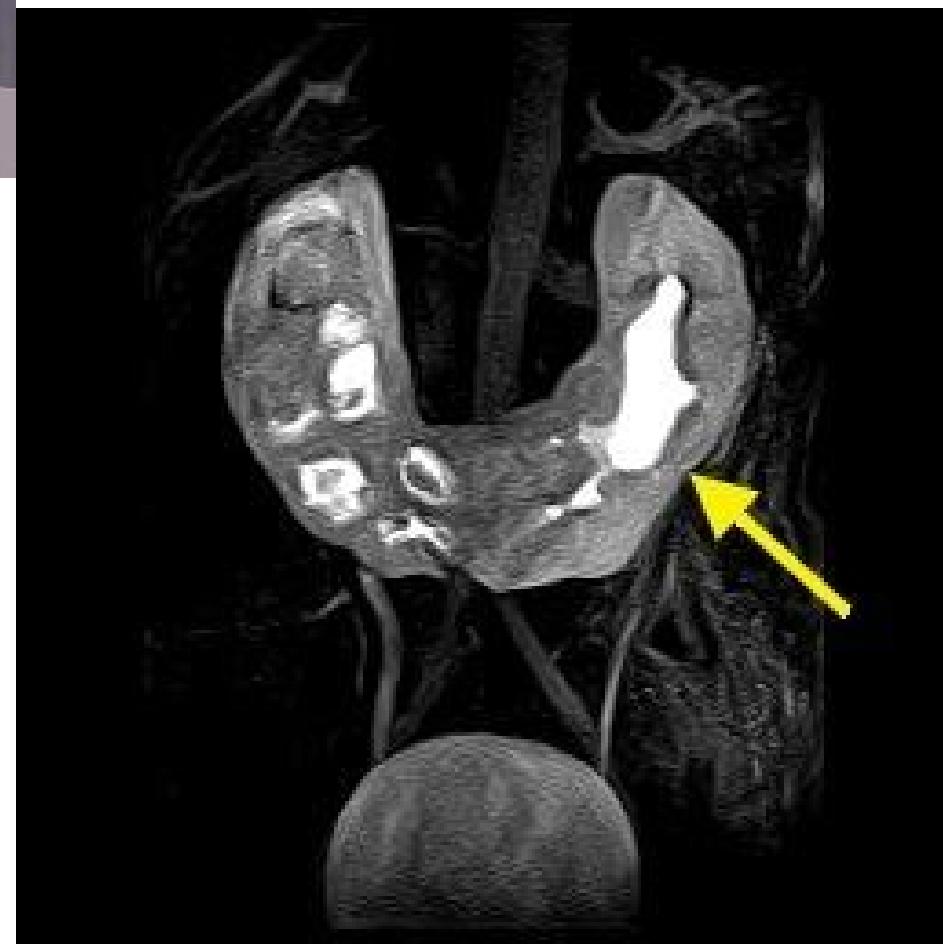
A black and white anterior-posterior abdominal radiograph. It shows the skeletal structure of the spine and pelvis. There are multiple bright, irregularly shaped opacities visible, particularly in the lower abdomen and pelvis, which are characteristic of multiple renal shadows seen in patients with ureteral anomalies like duplex kidneys.

Ureter duplex





Horseshoe kidney



Illustrations 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 12, 17-24, 26 and 28 were copied from:

**Atlas der Anatomie des Menschen/Sobotta.
Putz,R., und Pabst,R. 20. Auflage. München:
Urban & Schwarzenberg, 1993)**

Illustrations 4, 7, 10, 11, 13-15, 21, 25, and 27 were copied from:

**Čihák R: Anatomie 2 (Splanchnologia). Avicenum,
zdravotnické nakladatelství, Praha, 1988.**