

Oral hygiene

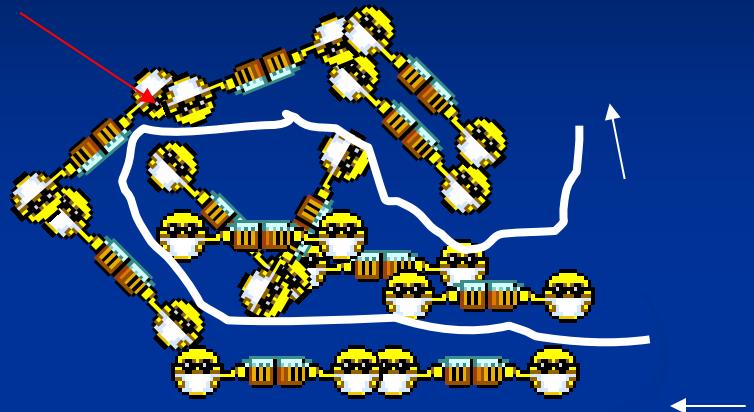
Oral hygiene

■ Aim

- Prevention of dental caries
- Prevention of periodontitis
- Keeping therapeutical results

Dental plaque = biofilm

- Community



- Primitive circulation



More species
Higher metabolic activity
Higher resistance
(*S. sobrinus* CHX 300x, AF 75x)



better conditions to survive
higher virulence

Can it be recognised and removed easily?

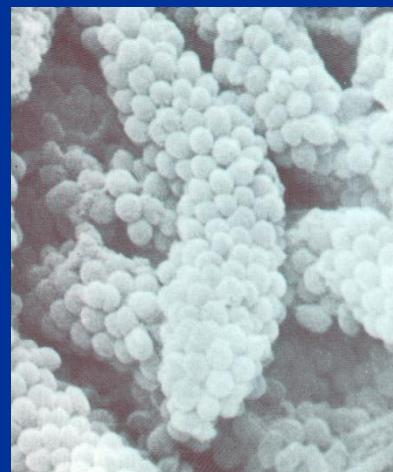


Biofilm

- Adherence



- Colonisation



- Maturation

Plaque detection

- Special liquids
- Tablets
- Gels



Dental calculus





Oral hygiene

- Individual

- Everybody

- Professional

- Dentist

- Dental hygienist

Individual oral hygiene

Removal of rests of food

- Toth brush
- Tooth paste
- Dental floss
- Dental stick
- Mouthwash
- Movement of soft tissues

Individual oral hygiene

Removal of dental biofilm

- Toth brush
- Tooth paste
- Tools for interdental hygiene
- Chemicals decreasing of plaque formation
-

Individual oral hygiene

MUST BE INDIVIDUALIZED!

For each patient individual approach.

General recommendation

- Tooth brushing 2x daily 3 – 4 min
- Mouth wash after meal 30 s
- Mouth wash after acidic or sweet drinks

Local factors

- Bad made crowns and prothesis
- Mucosal disorders – frenum
- Trauma (bad occlusion)- high fillings

Tooth brushing

- Short head, dense fitting fibers, soft.

(hard, medium, soft, super soft, ultrasoft, smart)



Tooth brushing - methods

- Horizontal method



- Fones method – circular movement (for children)

Tooth brushing - methods

- Stillman method – movement from gingiva to tooth in vertical direction



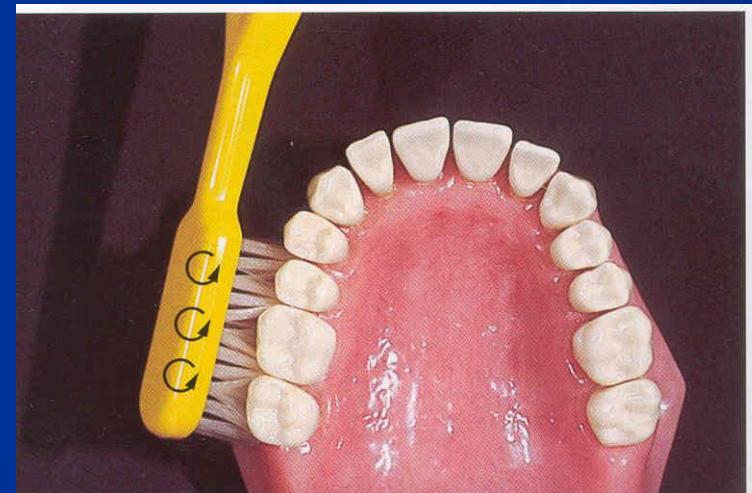
Tooth brushing - methods

- Bass method

Tooth brushing - methods

■ Charters method

movement of the toothbrush from gingiva to teeth, fibers are pressed into interdental spaces and small vibration are recommended



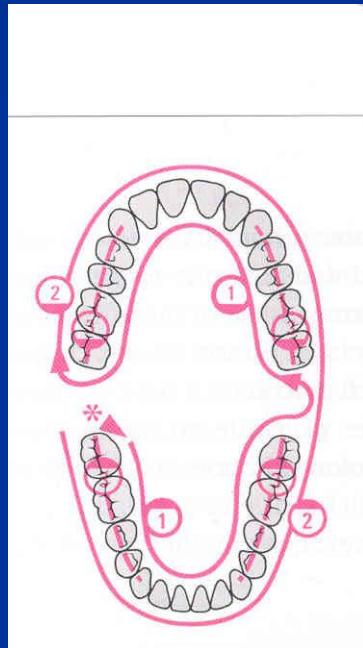
Tooth brushing - methods

■ Single (solo) technique

Single toothbrush. Each tooth is brushed separately.



System of tooth brushing



1. Oral side
2. Vestibular side
3. Occlusal side

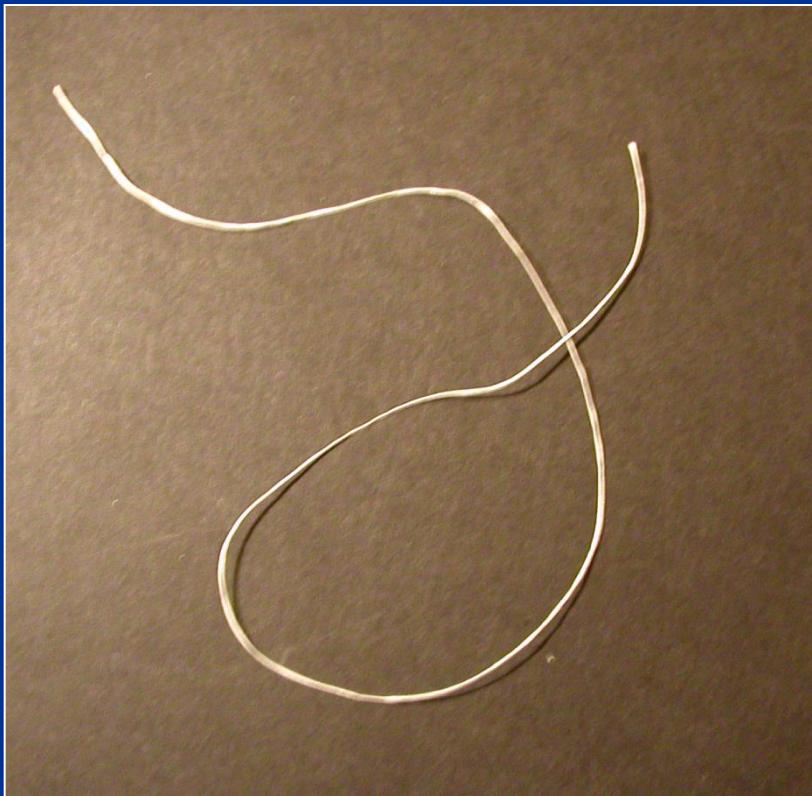
Interdental hygiene

■ 1. Interdental brushes

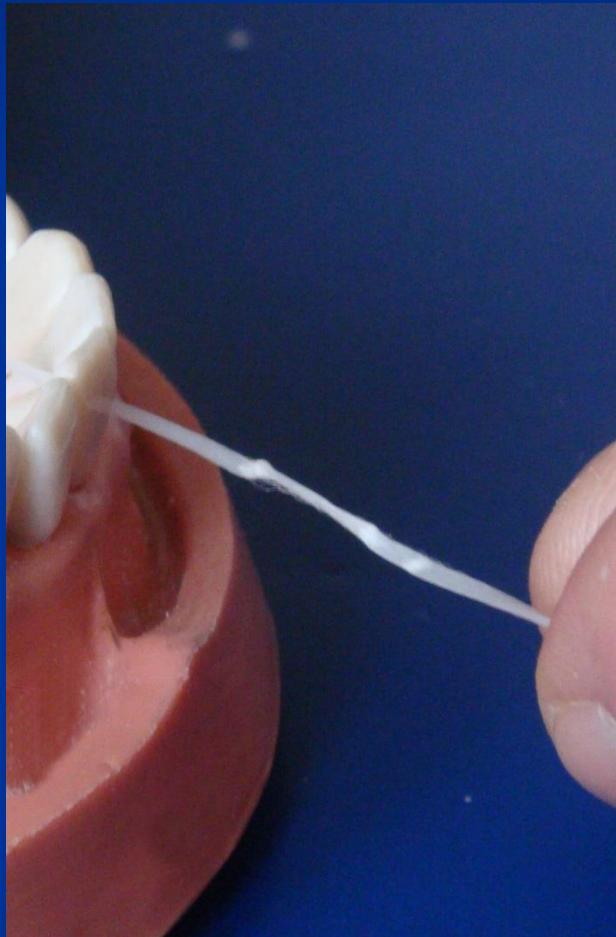
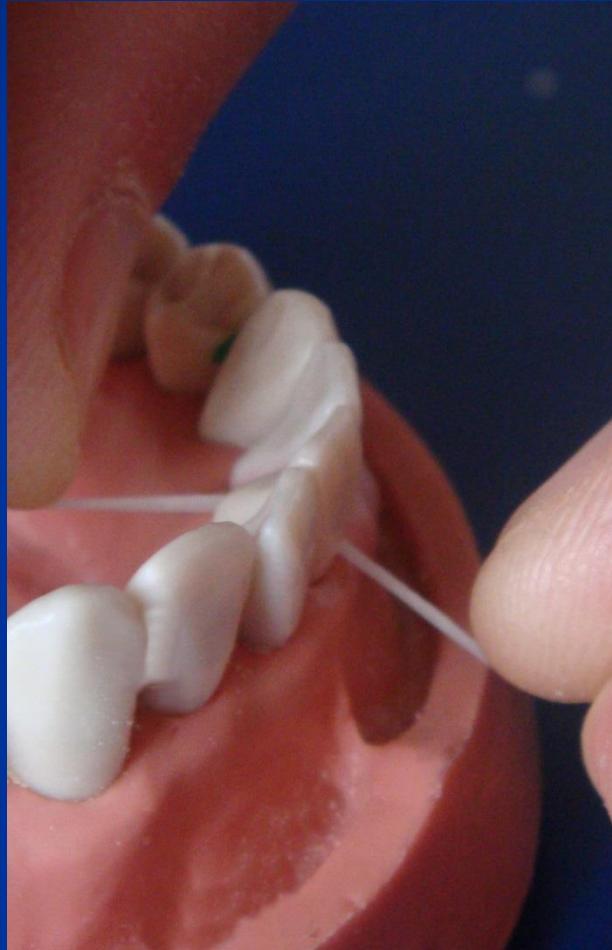


Interdental hygiene

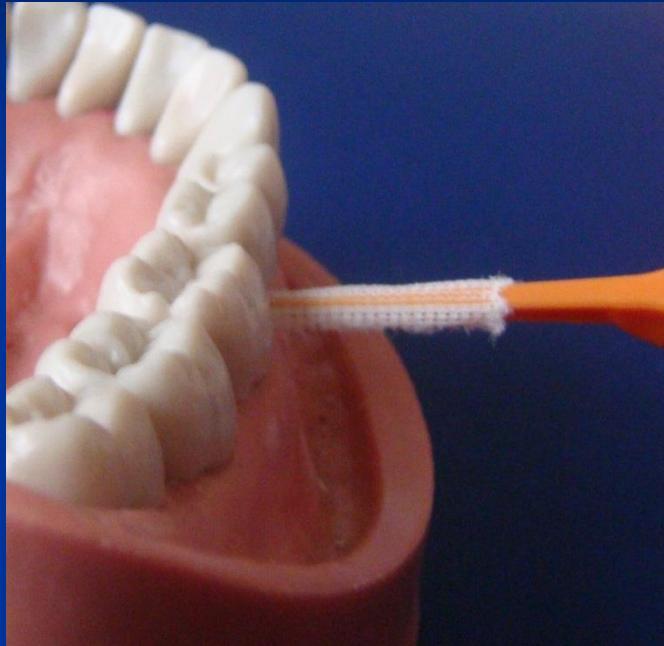
- Floss: waxed, non waxed. Expanded
- Superfloss or brush and floss



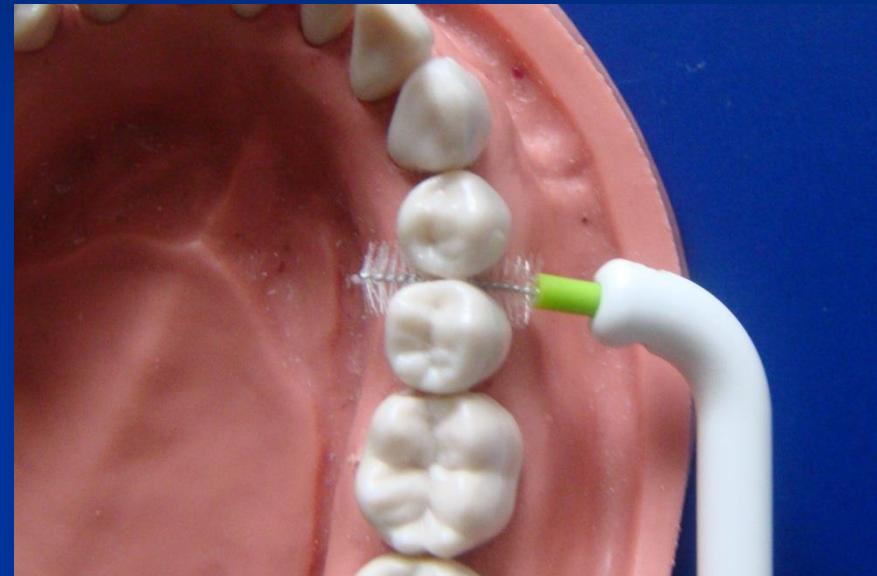
Flossing



Interdental hygiene



Stimulator

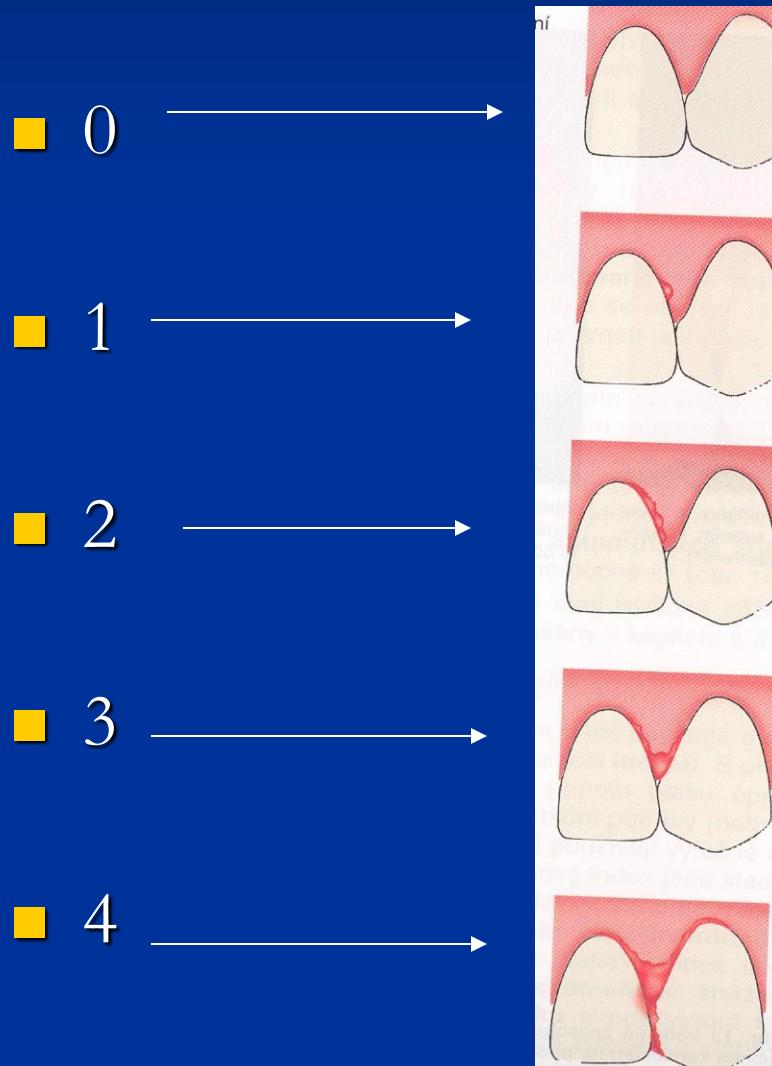


Interdental tooth brush

Professional oral hygiene

- Investigation – history, extraoral and introrral examination, indexes, plaque visualization
- Motivation
- Professional care
- Individual programm

PBI – papilla bleeding index



No bleeding

Point

Line

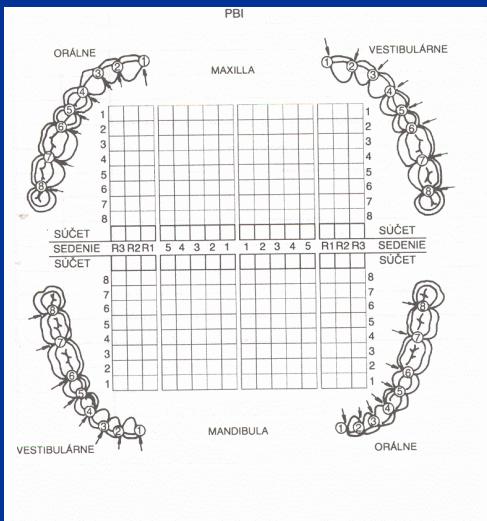
Triangle

Drop



Importance

- Sume divided with number of investigated points - figure

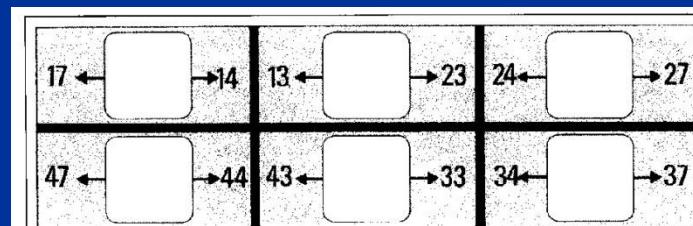
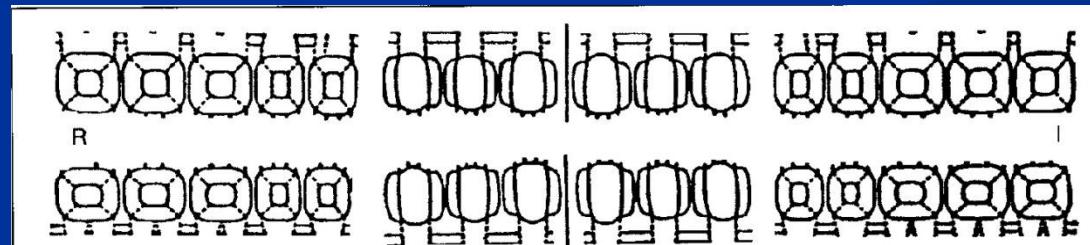
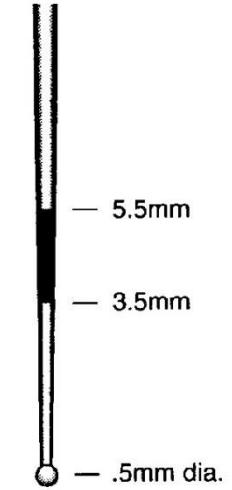


1	2	
3	2	
3	1	
2	2	
1	0	
0	2	
2	3	
12	14	52:28= 1,8
1	1	52/28
2	2	
0	4	
0	3	
3	4	
2	3	
1	0	
9	17	

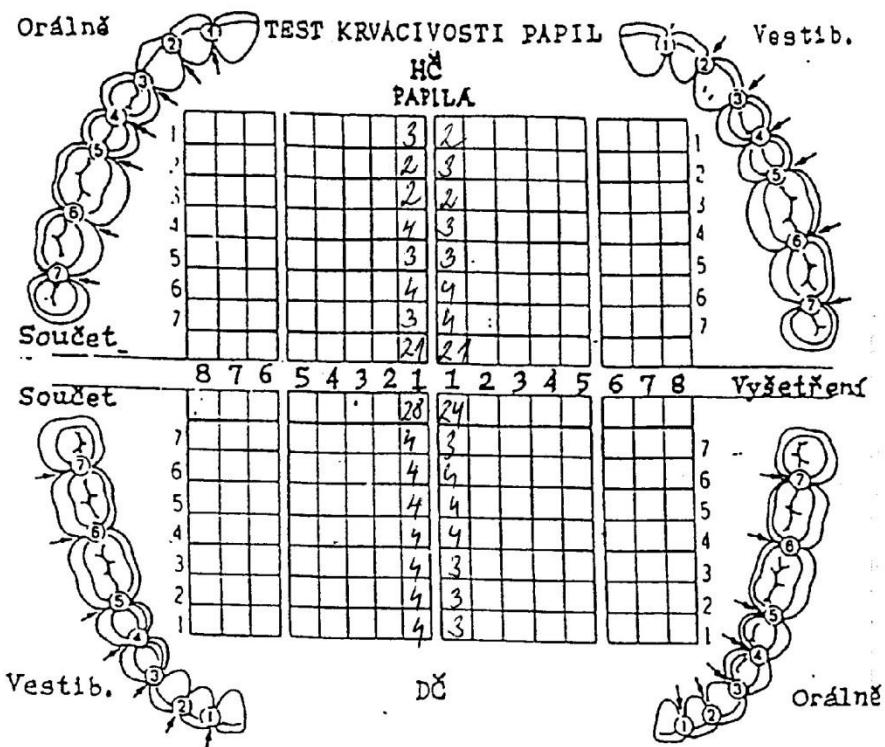
CPITN

(Community periodontal
index of treatment needs)

Kód	Nález	Potřeba ošetření
0	normální	0 bez potřeby léčení
1	krvácení po sondování	I hygienická instruktáž
2	supra- nebo subgingivální zubí kámen, iatrogenní marginální dráždění	II I + supra- a subgingivální scaling
3	choboty 3,5–5,5 mm	
4	choboty > 6 mm	III I + II + chirurgická léčba



INDEX PBI



datum

1.	11.12.00
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
7.	
8.	

součet

94/28

průměr

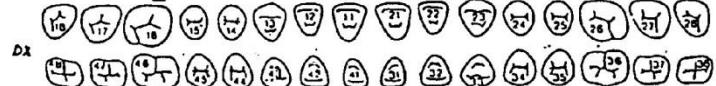
3,35

0 papila nekrváci

- 1 krev -bod
- 2 -linka
- 3 -trojuhelník
- 4 -kapka

INDEX CPITN, BOP (krev -červeně, hnis -zeleně)

datum	8.	7.	6.	5.	4.	3.	2.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.
19.3.02	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	4
3.12.01	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	4	4	3	3	4	3
11.12.00	1.	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	4



datum

11.12.00
3.12.01
19.3.02

1.	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	4
3.	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	3	4	4	4	4	3
4.														
5.														
6.														
7.														
8.														

max.

SIN

ma

4

CPI TN

WHO probe

Slight pressure

Around the teeth

Wait 1 min

CPI TN

- 0 no bleeding
- 1 bleeding
- 2 dental calculus
- 3 periodontal pocket 3 – 5 mm
- 4 periodontal pocket deeper than 5 mm

CPI TN

- 0 -no therapy
- 1 bleeding – improve oral hygiene
- 2 dental calculus – professional oral hygiene,
home care
- 3 periodontal pocket 3 – 5 mm complex
periodontal therapy – more conservative
- 4 periodontal pocket deeper than 5 mm –
complex periodontal therapy including surgical

Plaque visualization

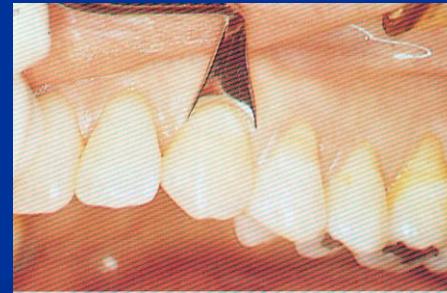
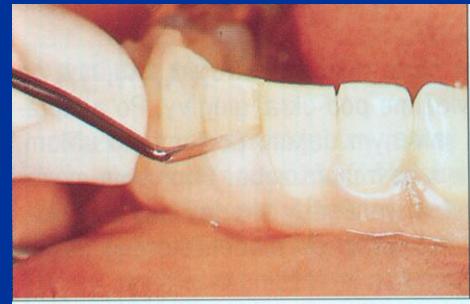
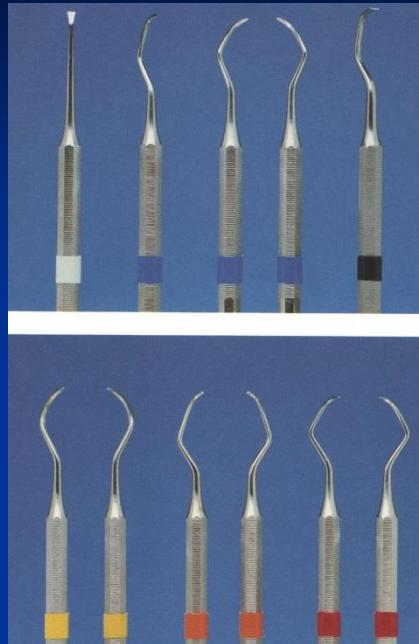


Calculus and plaque removal

- Hand instruments (scalers, currettes)
- Power driven instruments (sonic, ultrasonic)
- Polishing using rotary brushes and pastes
- Air flow

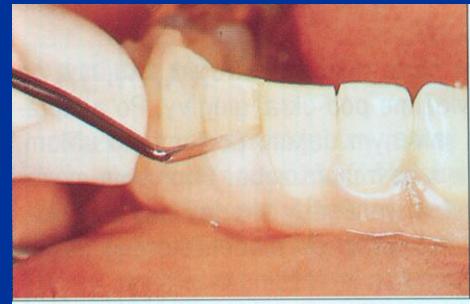
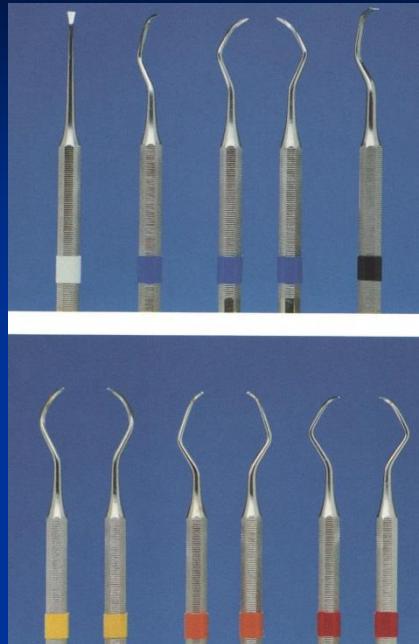
Scalers

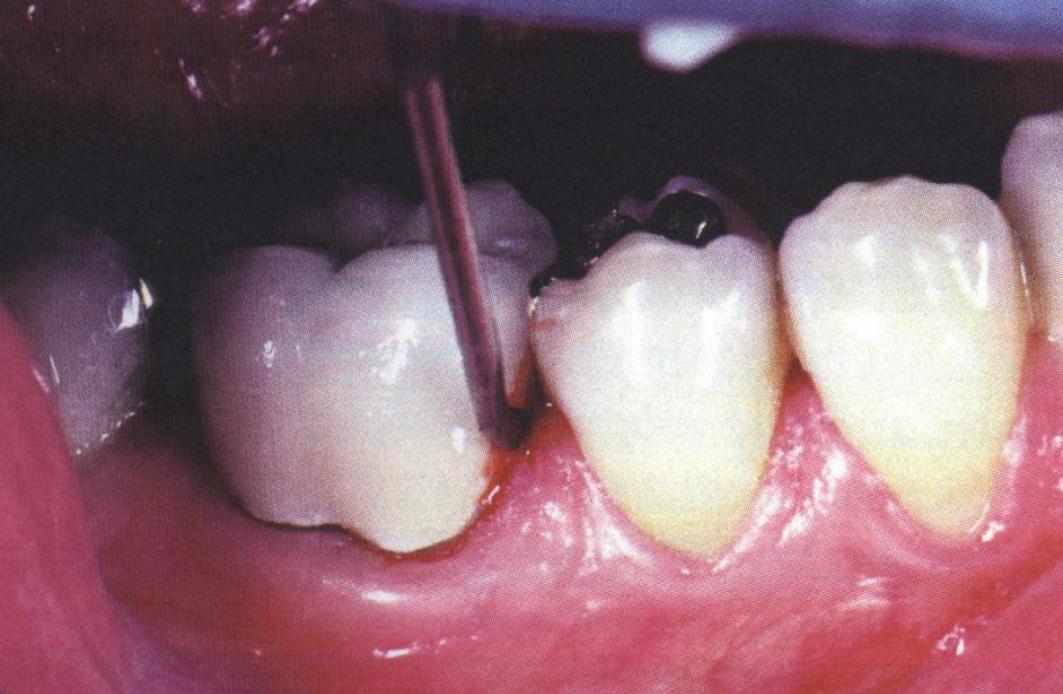
sharp pointed instruments
removal supragingival calculus only



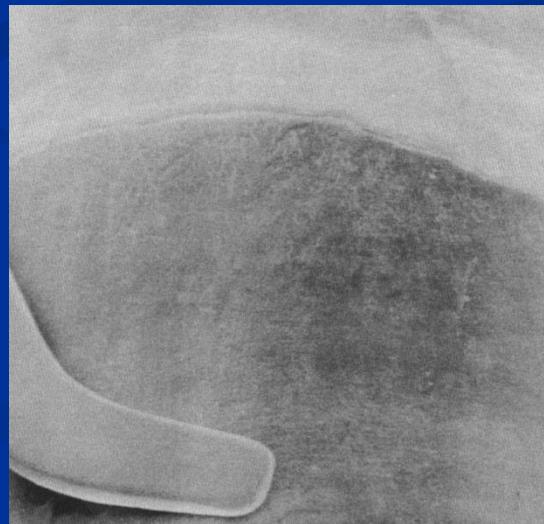
Scalers

sharp pointed instruments
removal supragingival calculus only





Sonic and ultrasonic scalers



Air flow



Currettes

- Sharp spoons for subgingival treatment
- Not pointed
- Two sharp blades - universal
- One sharp blade - special

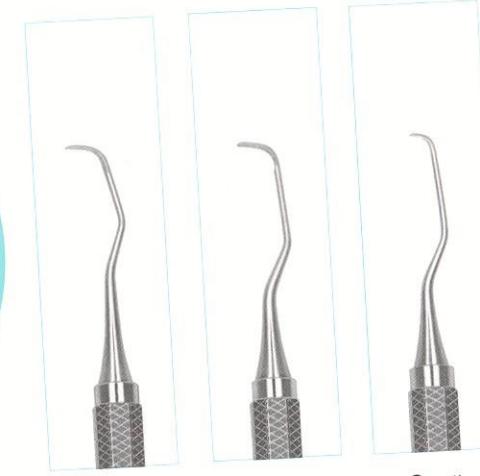
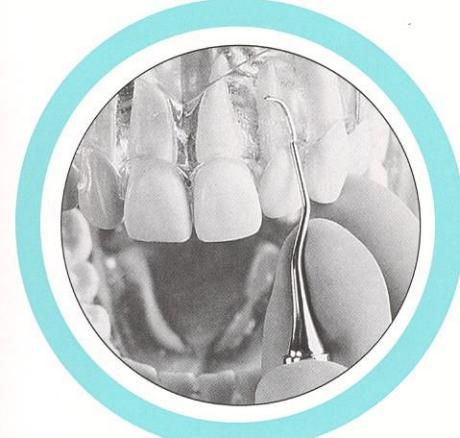
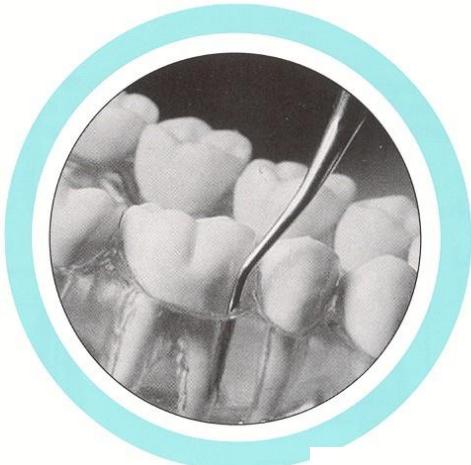
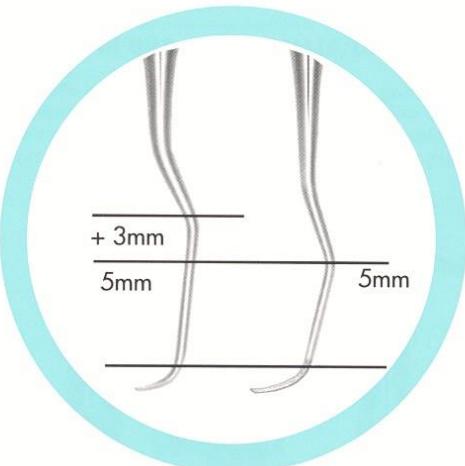
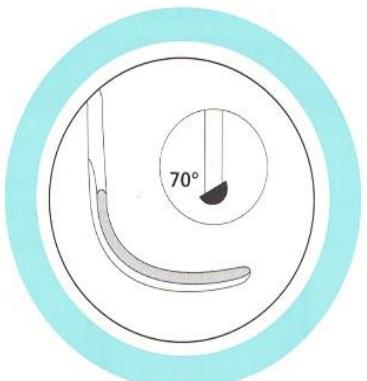
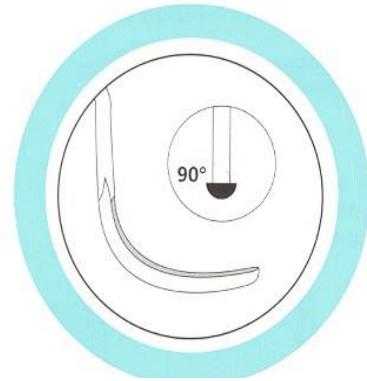
Universal and special currette



Universal
Working part and shaft 90°
Cut also soft tissue

Special
Working part and shaft 70°
Clean only root of the tooth





Scaling, root planing

■ Action of the curette

