# PREFIXES + SUFFIXES

#### DERIVE ADJECTIVE USE -ARIS, E OR -ALIS, E

ACROMION PATELLA

OS (mouth) TIBIA

OCCIPUT FIBULA

DIGITUS PALMA

MAXILLA CAPUT

STERNUM SCAPULA

DENS CLAVICULA

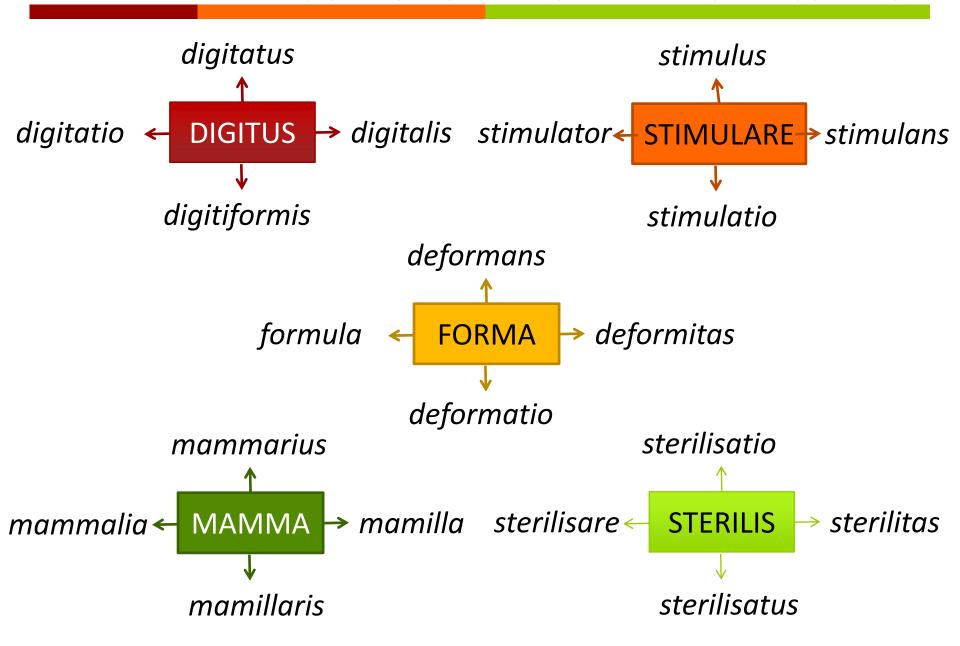
CAPUT TRACHEA

INTESTINUM DUODENUM

CELLULA MANUS

FEMUR DORSUM

#### **EXPLAIN THE MEANING OF WORDS DERIVES BY PREFIXES AND SUFFIXES**



### **IDENTIFY THE SUFFIX, EXPLAIN ITS MEANING**

strict<u>ura</u> caud<u>atus</u>

circul<u>atio</u> acid<u>itas</u>

lacteus hepat<u>icus</u>

fora<u>men</u> lob<u>ulus</u>

ligamentum latitudo

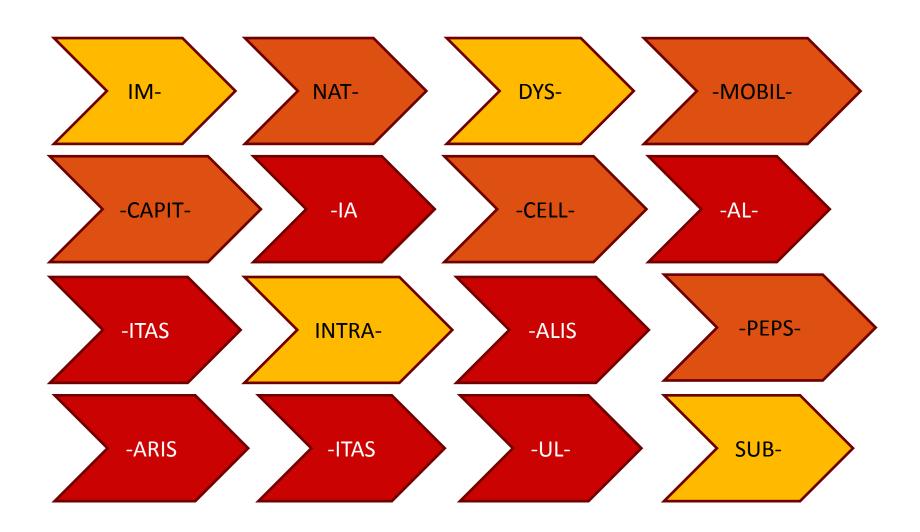
adduct<u>or</u> obes<u>itas</u>

cereb<u>ellum</u> tuber<u>culum</u>

arteri<u>ola</u> ventr<u>alis</u>

### FORM FIVE TERMS BY COMBINING THE FOLLOWING

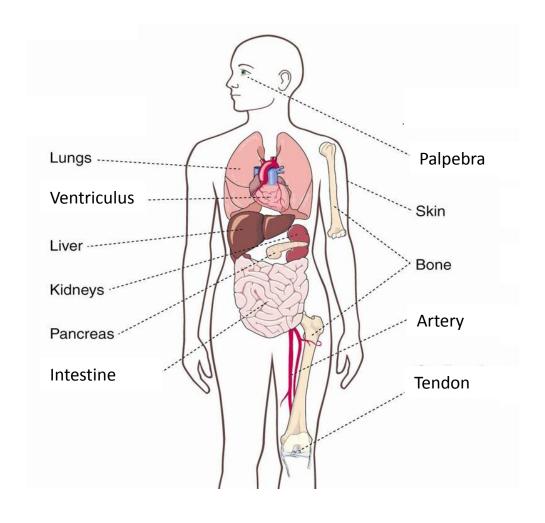
## PREFIXES/ROOTS/SUFFIXES:



#### 1: LABEL FOLLOWING STRUCTURES/ORGANS IN LATIN

#### 2: DERIVE ADJECTIVES USING THE FOLLOWING ENDINGS:

a) -eus, a, um (3x) b) -aris, e (1x) c) -icus, a, um (2x) d) -alis, e (5x)



#### 1: LABEL FOLLOWING STRUCTURES/ORGANS IN LATIN

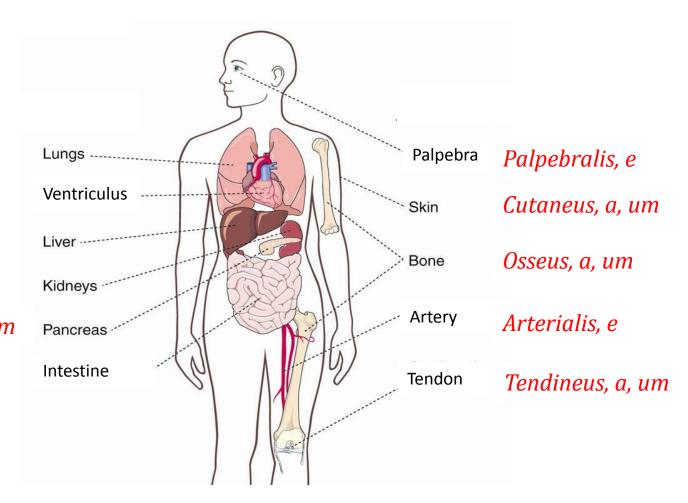
#### 2: DERIVE ADJECTIVES USING THE FOLLOWING ENDINGS:

a) -eus, a, um (3x)

b) -aris, e (1x) c) -icus, a, um (2x)

d) -alis, e (5x)

Pulmonalis, e Ventricularis, e Hepaticus, a, um Renalis, e Pancreaticus, a, um *Intestinalis, e* 



# SUB- AB- -ILIS -OR -ATUS -OIDEUS

It is a flat, quadrilateral skeletal muscle located on the posterior side of the hip joint, besides other functions it also acts to stabilize the femoral head in the acetabulum, it is called *musculus* 

In English this muscle is called slender muscle of the thigh, what should be its name in Latin? *Musculus* 

A long, heavy triangular muscle of the medial aspect of the thigh which acts to pull a thigh away from the body is: *musculus* \_\_\_\_\_ magnus

A large triangular muscle that covers the shoulder joint and serves to abduct, flex, extend and rotate the arm is: *musculus* \_\_\_\_\_

This muscle is of triangular shape and it is placed under the collar bone, it is: *musculus* \_\_\_\_\_

#### NAME ANATOMICAL STRUCTURES ON THE BASE OF DEFINITIONS AND/OR IMAGES:

The angle between the right and left costal arch which is measured under the sternum is called <i>angulus</i>
Small branches of <i>aorta thoracica</i> that supply the posterior wall of the pericardium are named <i>rami</i>
Rough bony area between external lip of the iliac crest ( <i>labium externum ossis ilii</i> ) and internal lip of the iliac crest ( <i>labium internum ossis ilii</i> ) is labeled as <i>linea</i>
The Latin name for ligaments which are lying outside a joint capsule is <code>ligamenta</code>
The delicate moveable layer of loose connective tissue between the external surface of the sclera and the fascial sheath of the eyeball should be called <i>lamina</i>
Autonomic nerve plexus around the subclavian artery is labelled as plexus