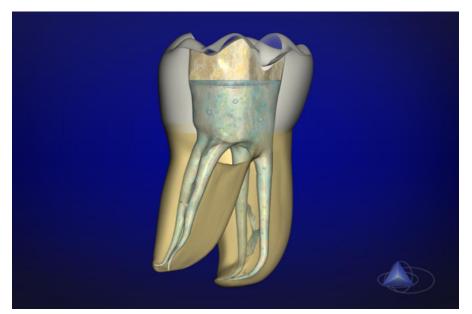
Root canal filling Warm techniques

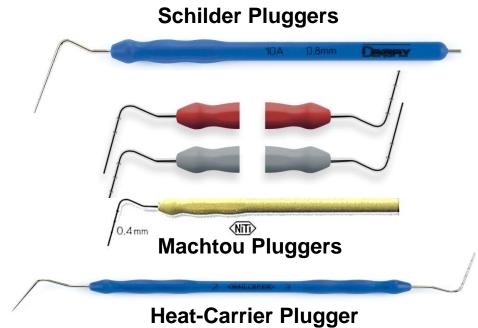
ALWAYS A SEALER IS USED — IN ALL TECHNIQUES!!!

Vertical compaction various possibilities

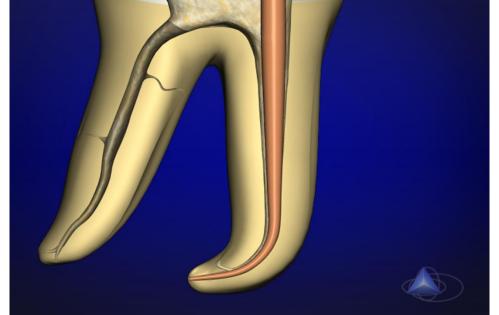
Cone Fit & Plugger Selection

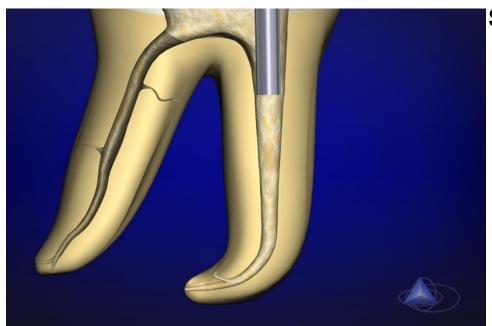


Irrigation and desinfection of root canal system

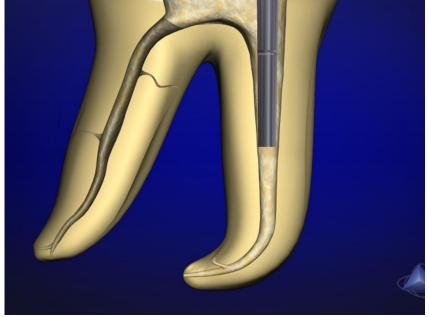


Manual Pluggers for compaction

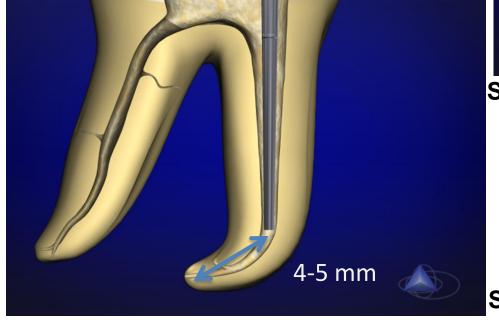




Selection large size manual plugger



Selection medium size manual plugger

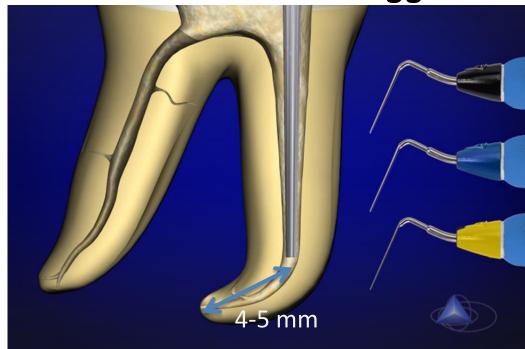


Selection small size manual plugger

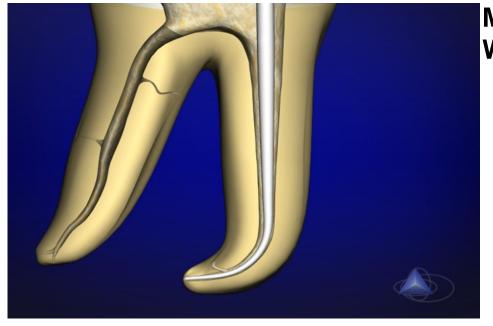


Down-Pack handpiece

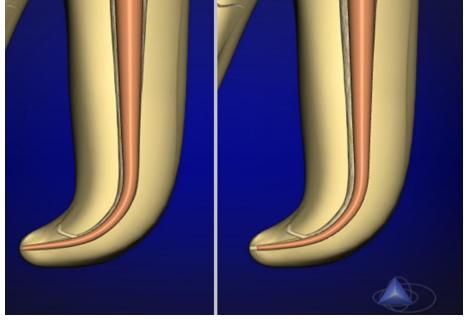
Selection of the Heat Plugger







Mesured paper point to Working Length

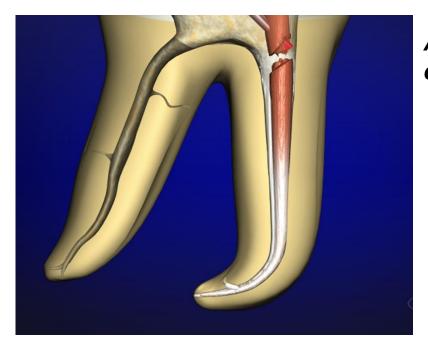


Trim the master cone



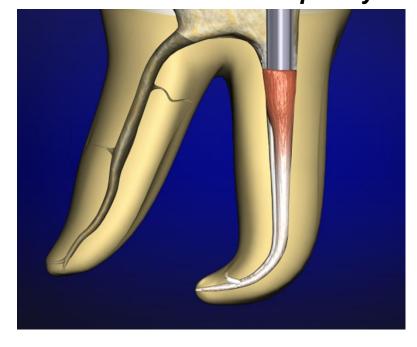
Insert lubricate (sealer) master cone

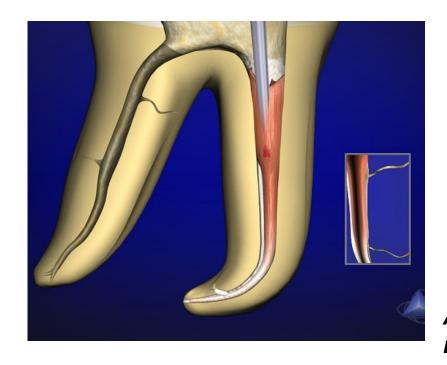
Downpack: Vertical Condensation



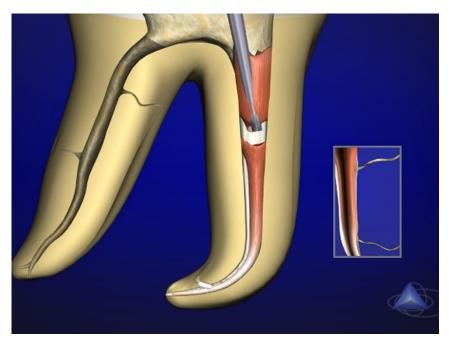
Activate heating and sear off the master cone

Select the larger prefit, manual plugger and move Gutta Percha apically



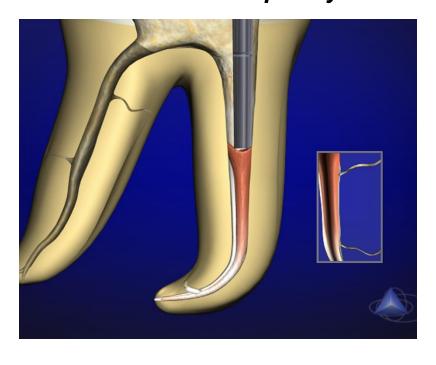


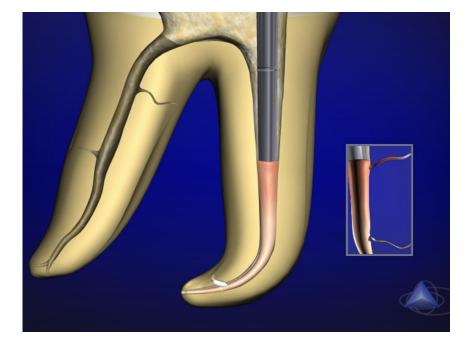
Activate heating and plunge 3-4 mm into the gutta-percha



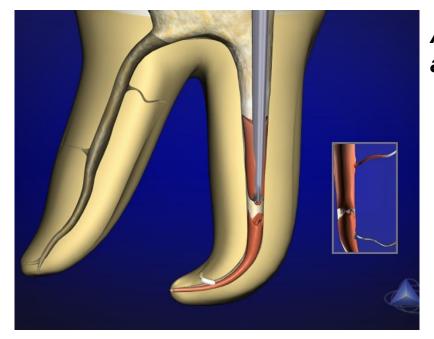
Desactivate *heating* 1-2 seconds, then remove "bite" of Gutta Percha

Select the medium size, manuel plugger and move Gutta Percha apically



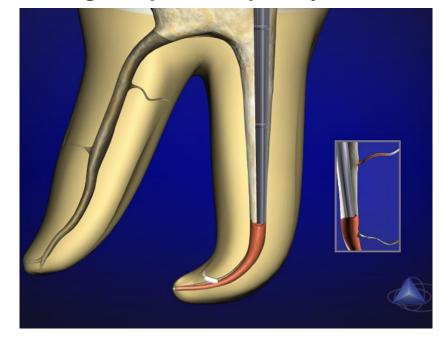


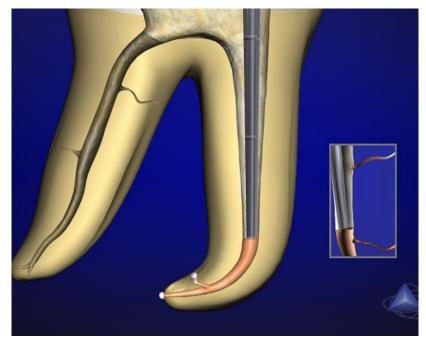
Press apically for 5 seconds



Activate heating, plunge deeper 3-4mm and wait 1-2 seconds after desactivate it

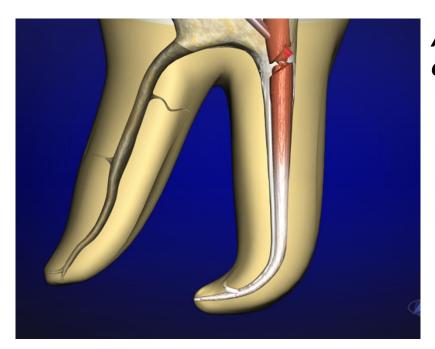






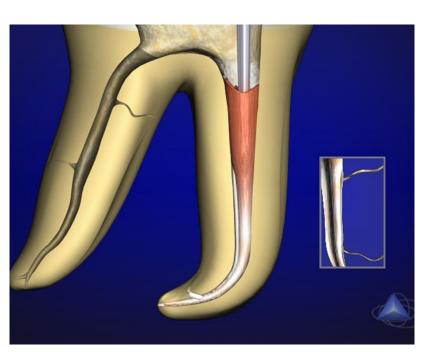
Press small Plugger 5 seconds into the apical third

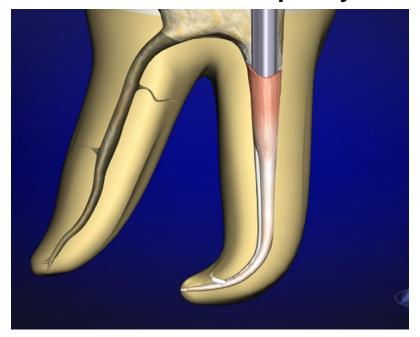
Downpack: Continuous Wave Technique



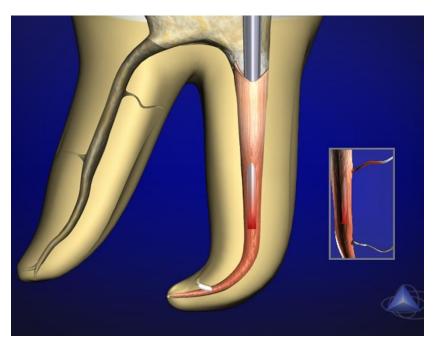
Activate heating and sear off the master cone





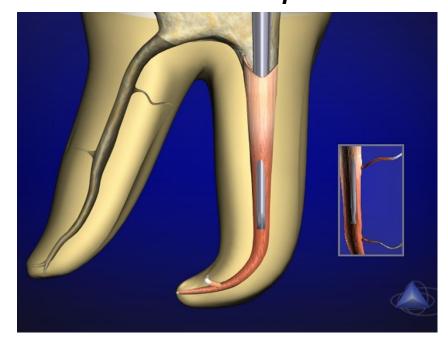


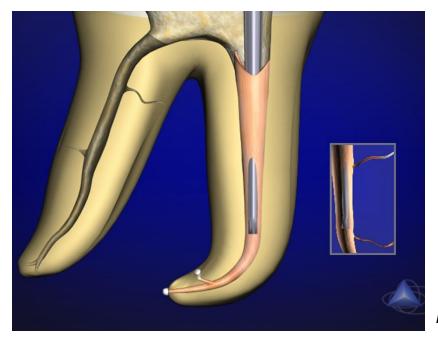
Activate heating



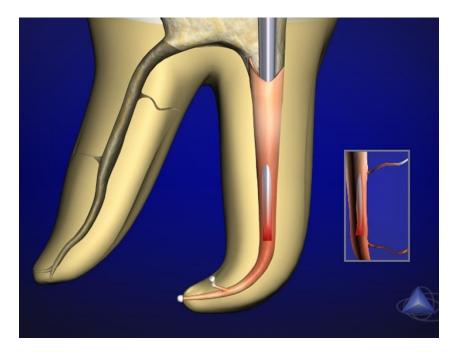
In one continuous motion press until the "stop" is at 2 mm of the reference point

Desactivate heating maintain firm apical pressure till the reference point is reached



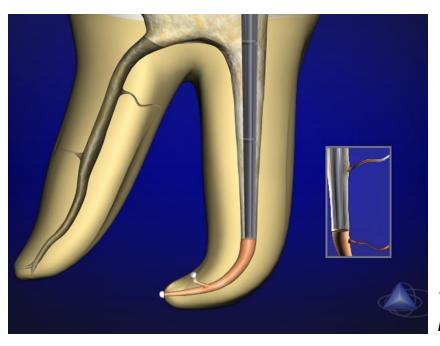


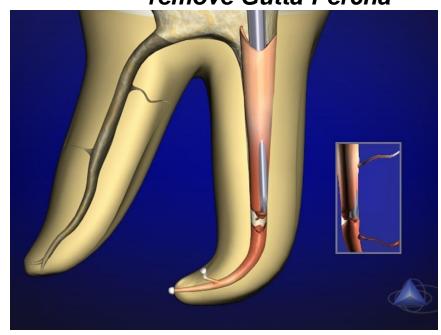
Maintain firm pressure for 10 seconds



Activate heating for 1-2 seconds and desactivate, then remove the plugger

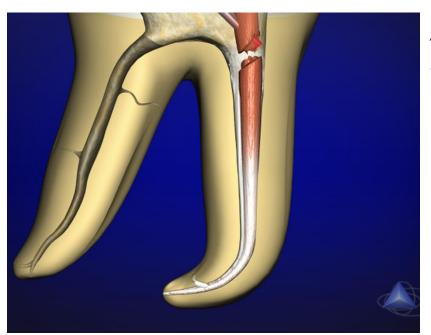






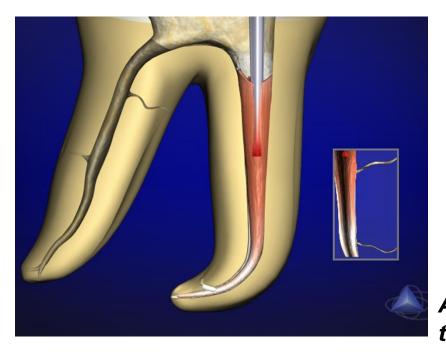
Select the small size, prefit manual plugger and condense the Gutta-Percha

Downpack: Hybrid Technique



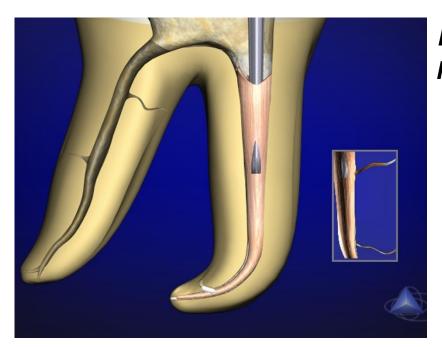
Activate heating and sear off the master cone

Select the larger prefit, manual plugger and move Gutta Percha apically, press 5 seconds to compact gutta-percha



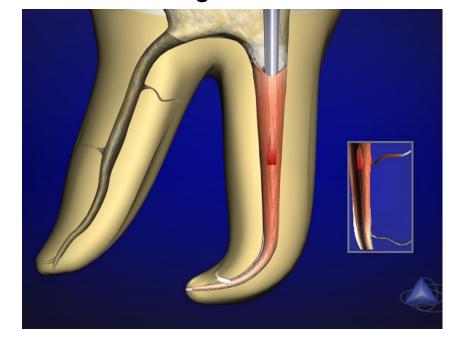


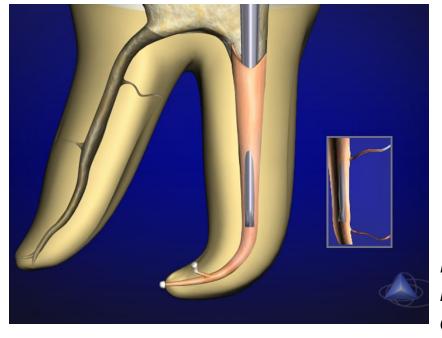
Activate heating and plunge 3-4 mm into the gutta-percha



Desactivate heating maintain 5 seconds pressure to compact gutta.percha

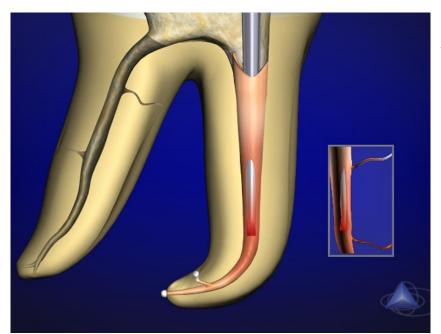






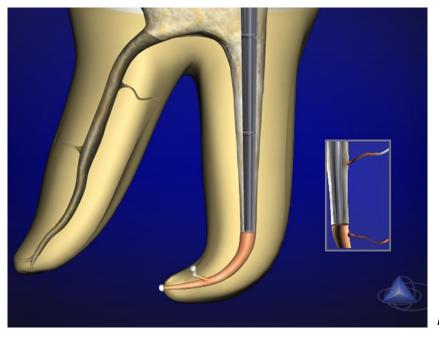
Desactivate and maintain 5 seconds.

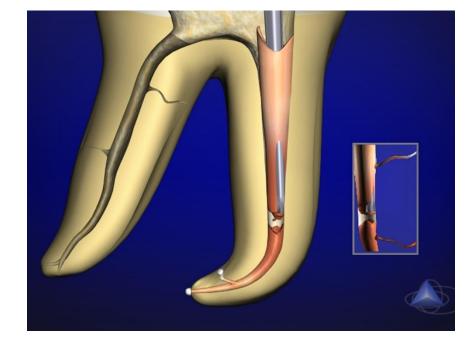
Maintain apical pressure till the working depth is reached



Activate heating 1-2 seconds







Select the small size, prefit manual plugger and condense the Gutta-Percha

BACKPACK Technique

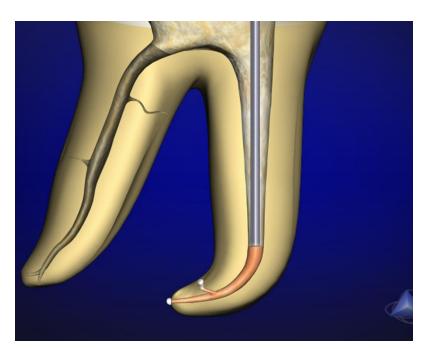


Cartridge of Gutta-Percha

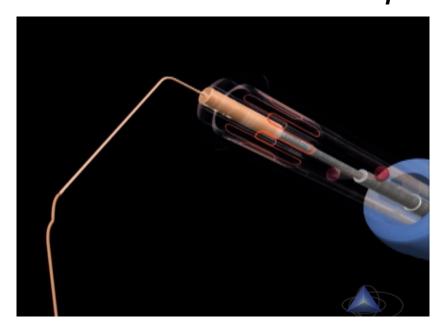
#20(0,8) and #23(0,6)

Cartridge-tip bender

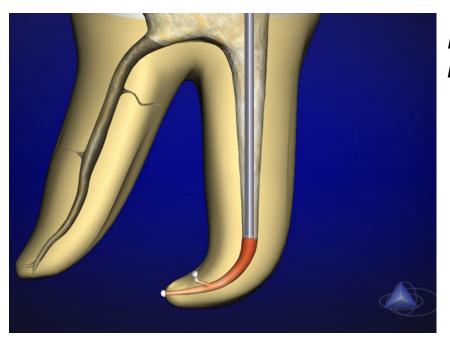
Guttapercha flow handpiece



Internal view of activated flow handpiece

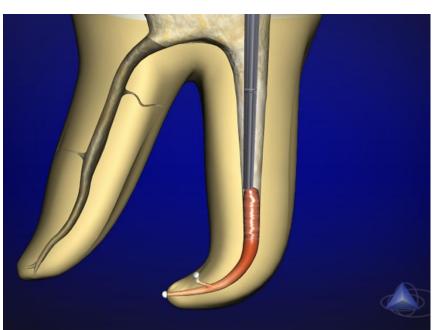


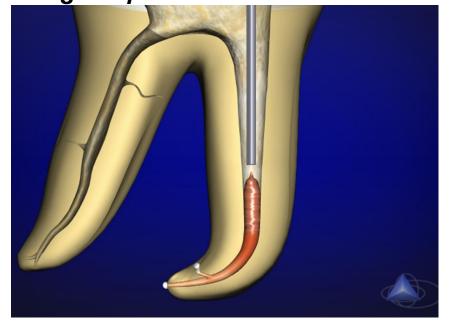
Position the tip against the packed filling material



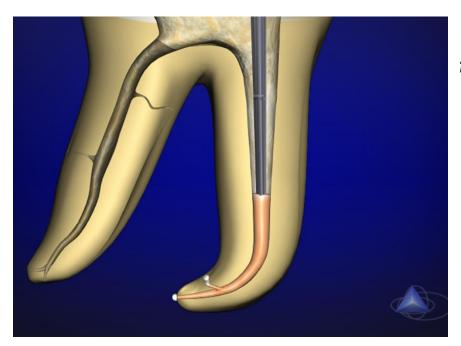
Placing warm tip against packed-material re-thermosoftens gutta-percha

Activate gutta flow, dispense 2-3 mm warm gutta-percha



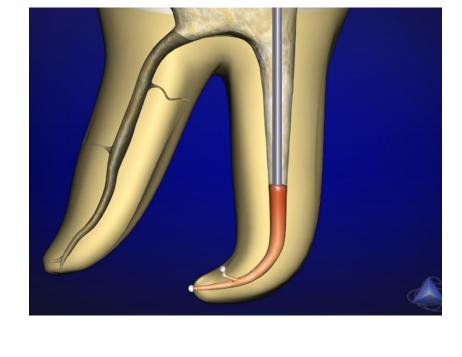


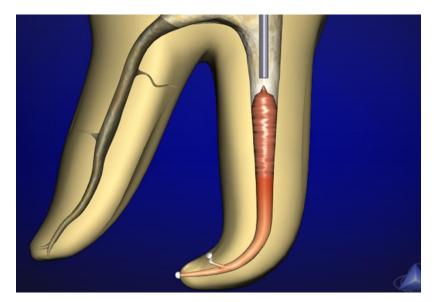
Select smaller prefit manuel plugger and condense material



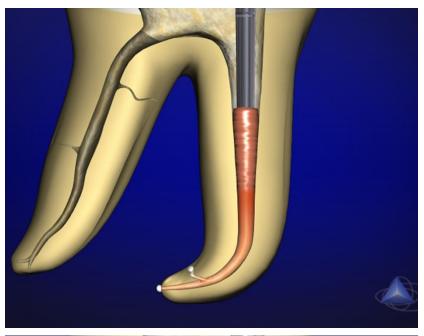
With the same plugger, press 5 seconds to avoid shrinkage during cooling phase

Position tip 5 seconds aginst packed material



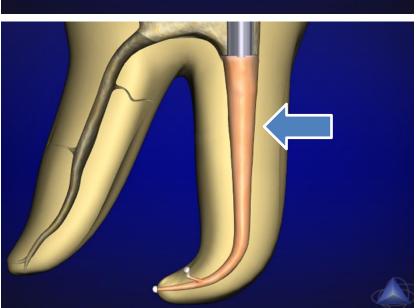


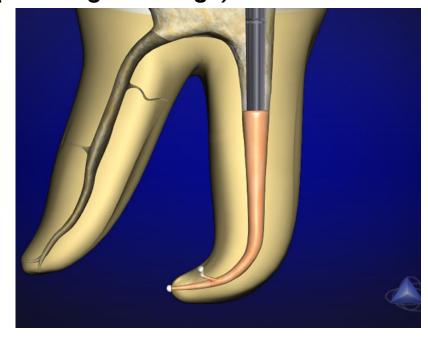
Activate gutta flow flow and dispense 3-4 mm warm gutta-percha



With a prefit, medium size manual plugger condense the material

And press the material for 5 seconds (avoiding shrinkage)





Continue the backfilling in the same manner until the canal is full OR stop to accommodate a post for restorative

Injection of heated guttaprecha

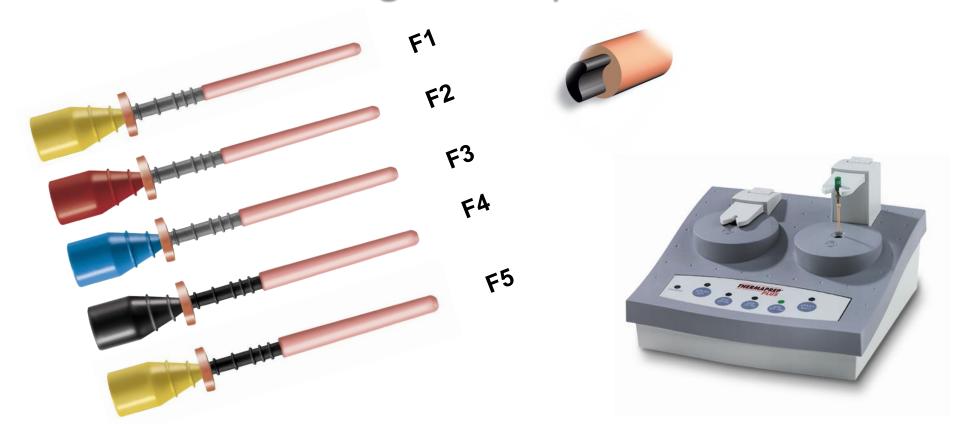
 Can be used also only without vertical compaciton – usually in teeth after apexification or teeth with internal resprpiton.

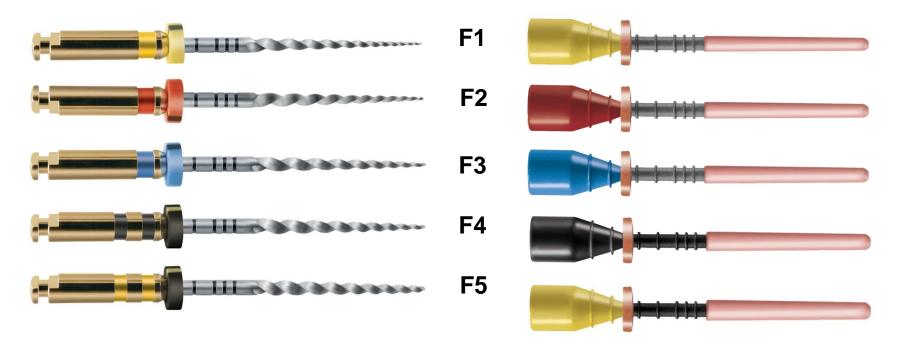
Core-Carrier (PP) - Gutta-Percha Filling Technique — an example Thermafill or Protaper Obturator and others...



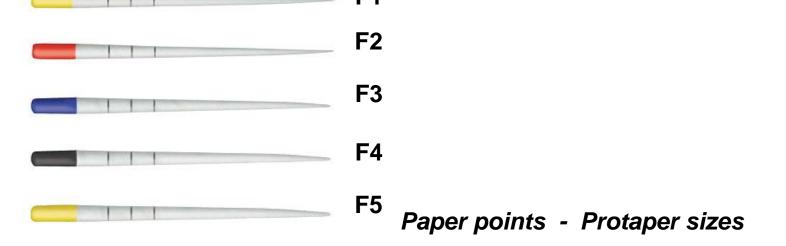
Obturators PROTAPER

Core-Carrier Gutta-Percha Filling Technique

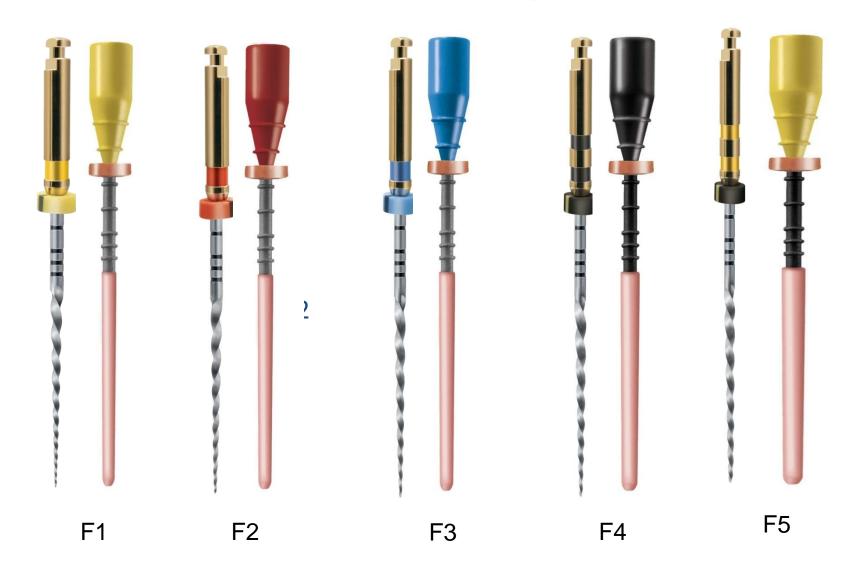




Obturators - Protaper sizes



ProTaper Obturator calibrated to each Finishing File



3D Filling of the Root-Canal System with THERMAFIL Or PROTAPER OBTURATOR





Thermacut bur

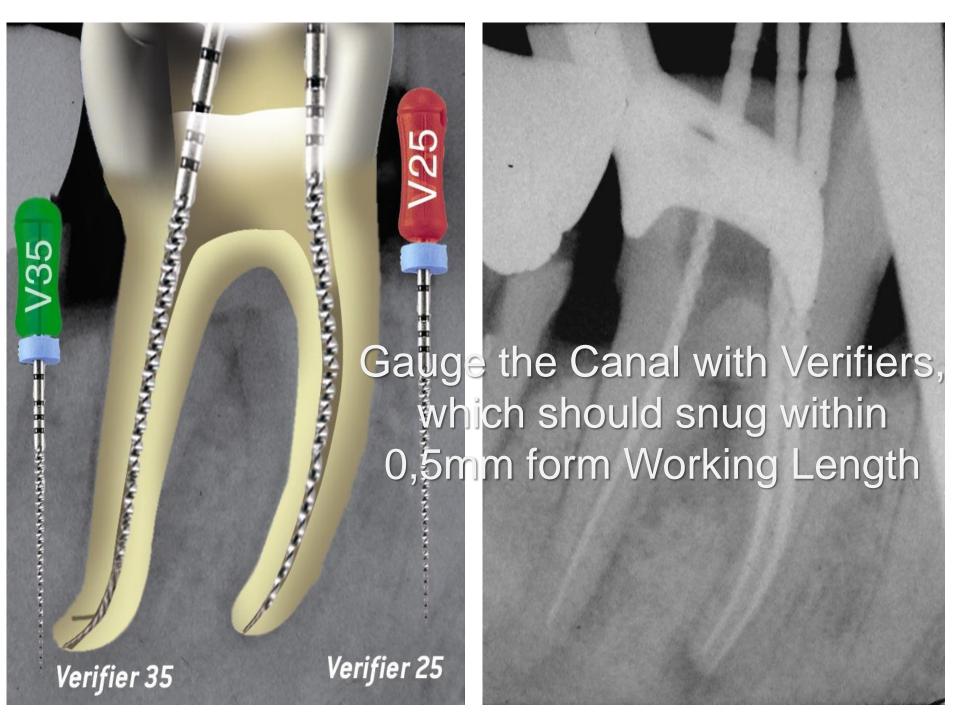
Post space bur

Core-Carrier Obturator Technique

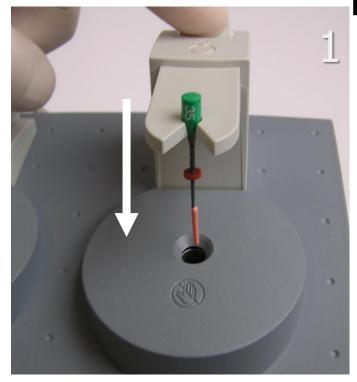


1st step:

Opening cleaning Shaping ...



Place the Obturators



Heat The Obturator

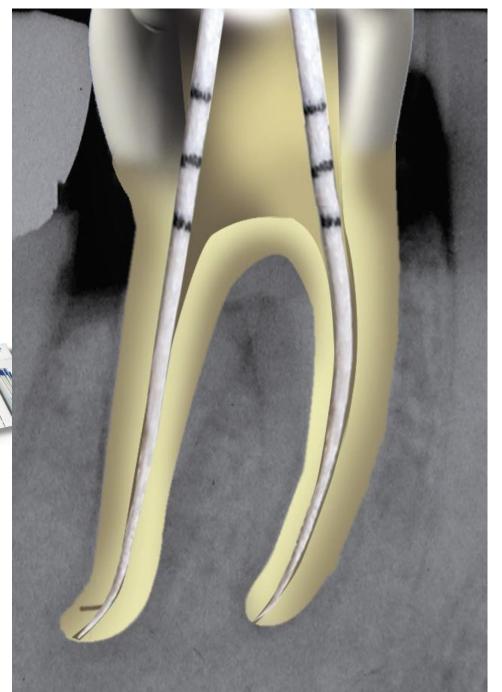




Select the right size and start

Dry the Canals with <u>Sterile</u> Paper Points

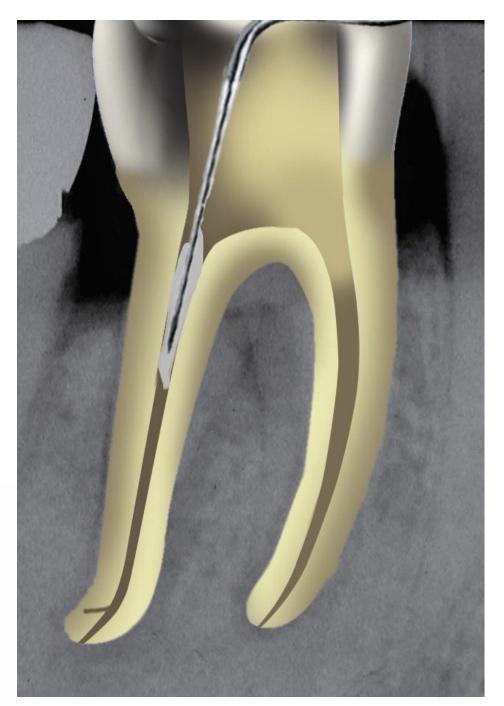


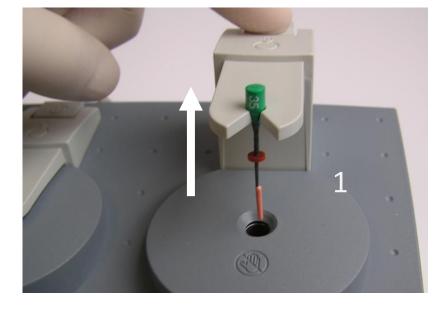


Mix the Sealer and coat thewalls of the canal with a thin layer using a Probe or a paper point

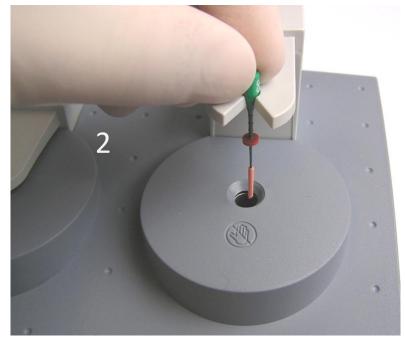


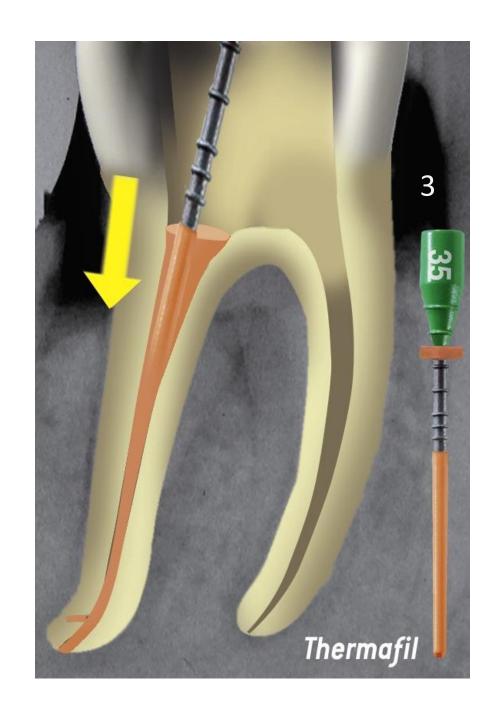


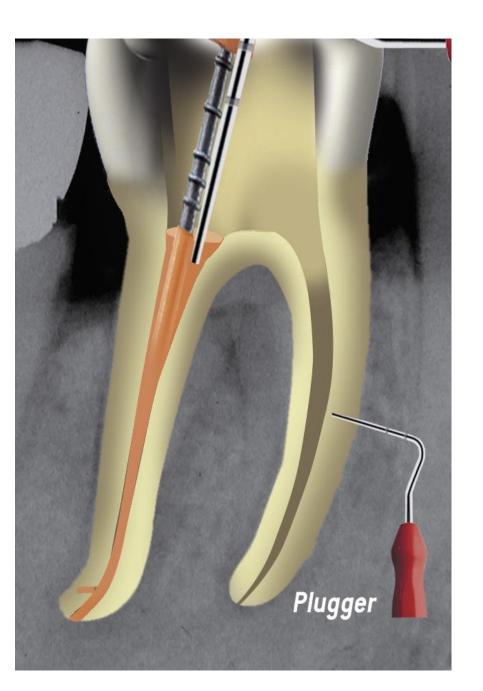


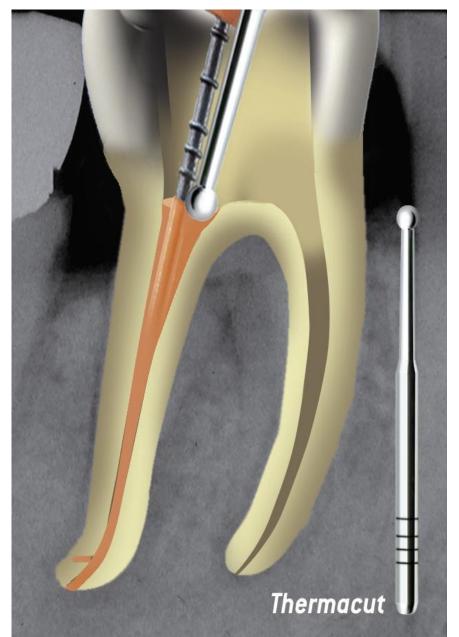


Take it out and insert it in the canal

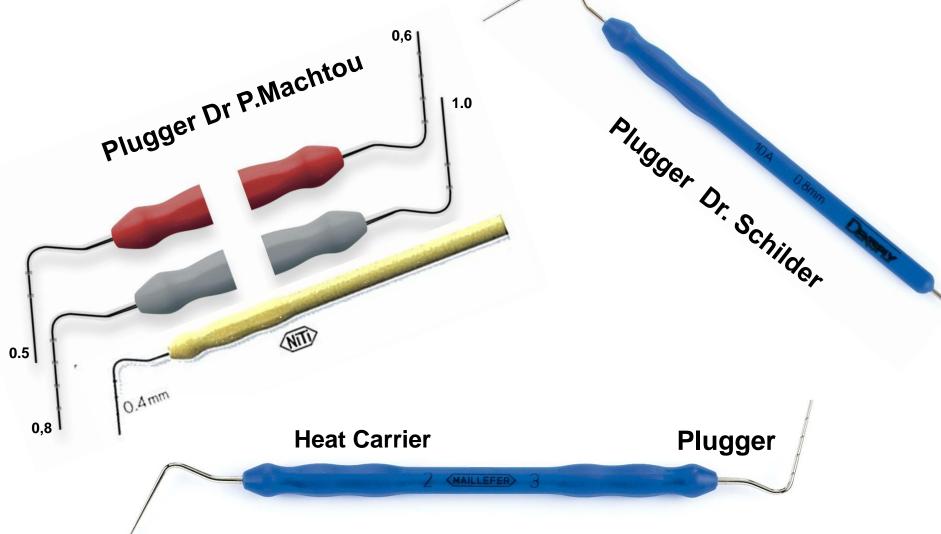


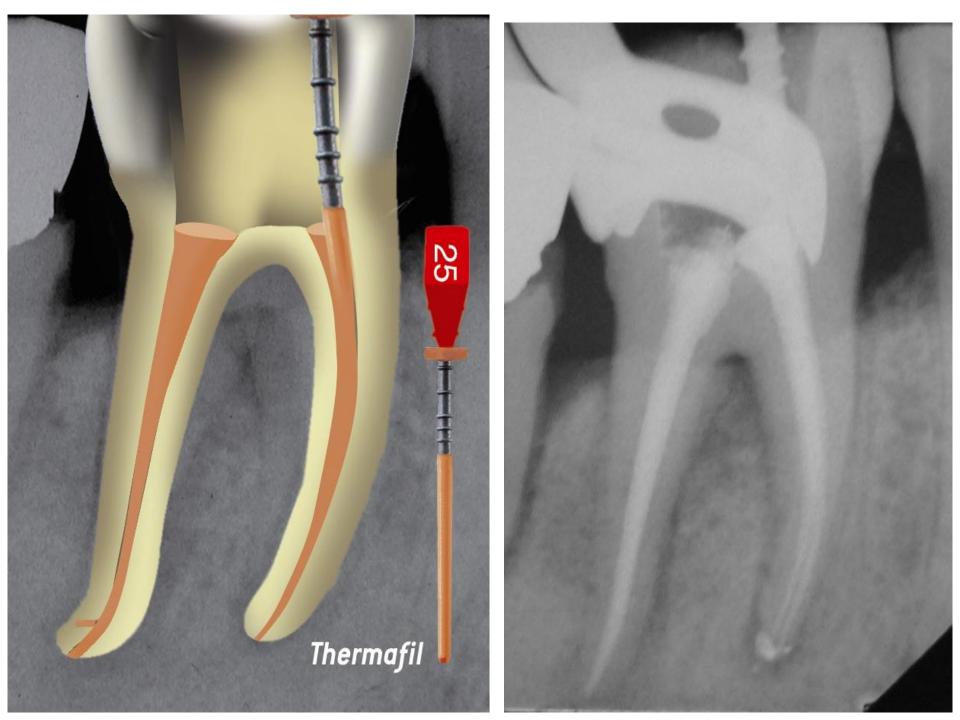






Use of a selected Plugger to ensure homogeneity of the filling.

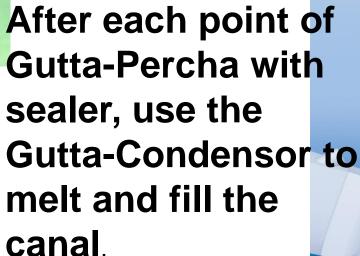




Mc Spadden technique





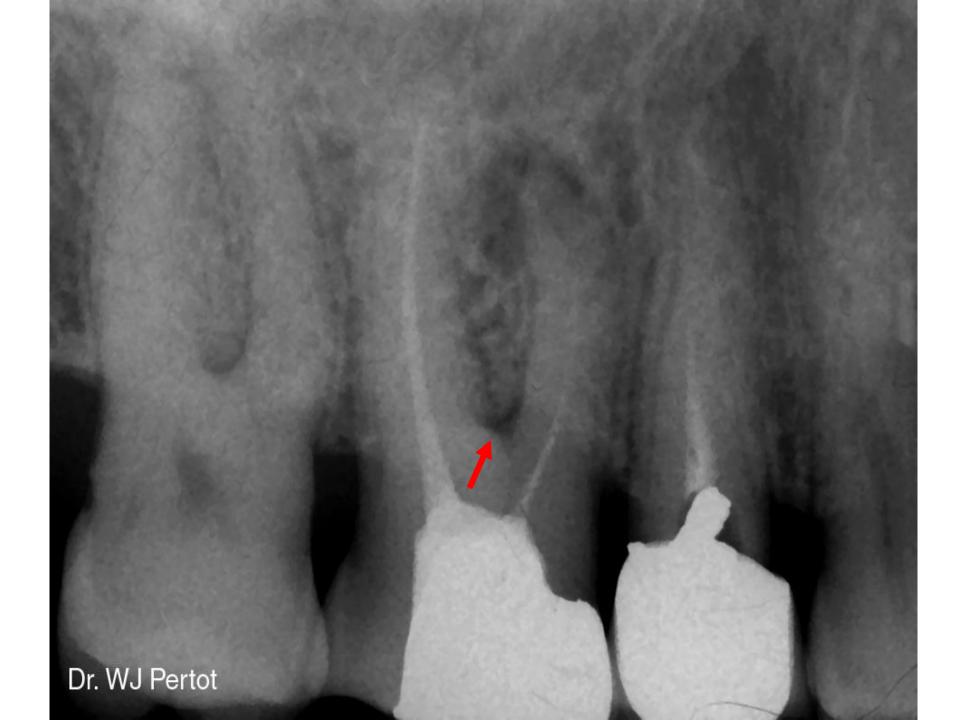


Warm vertical compaction

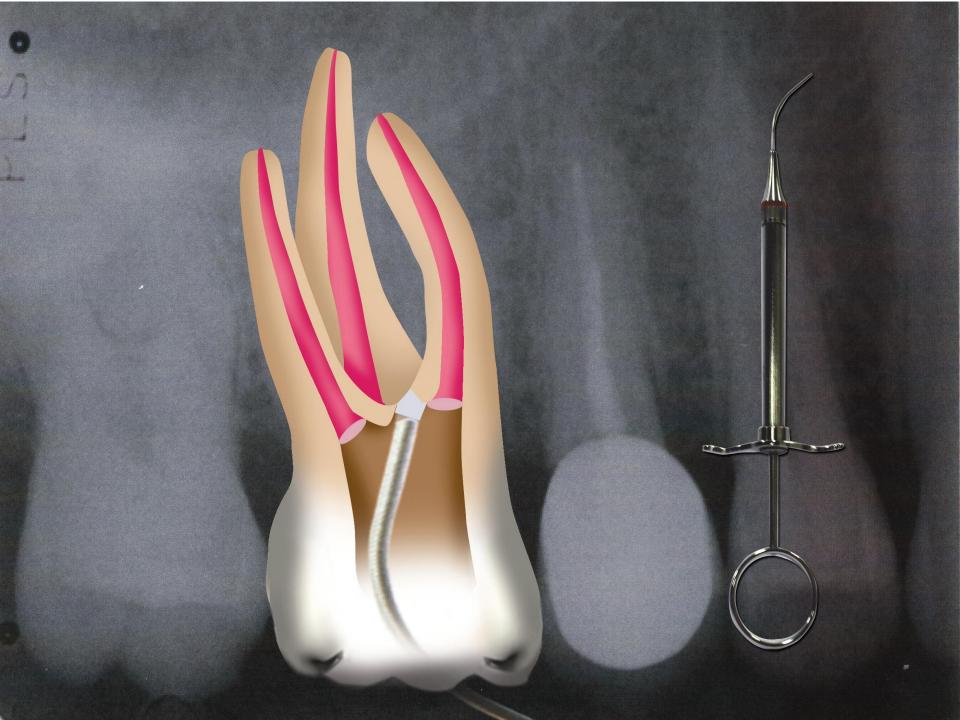
- Gutta cones are heated with special spreader
 - e.g.: Endo Twinn, Endotec and others.

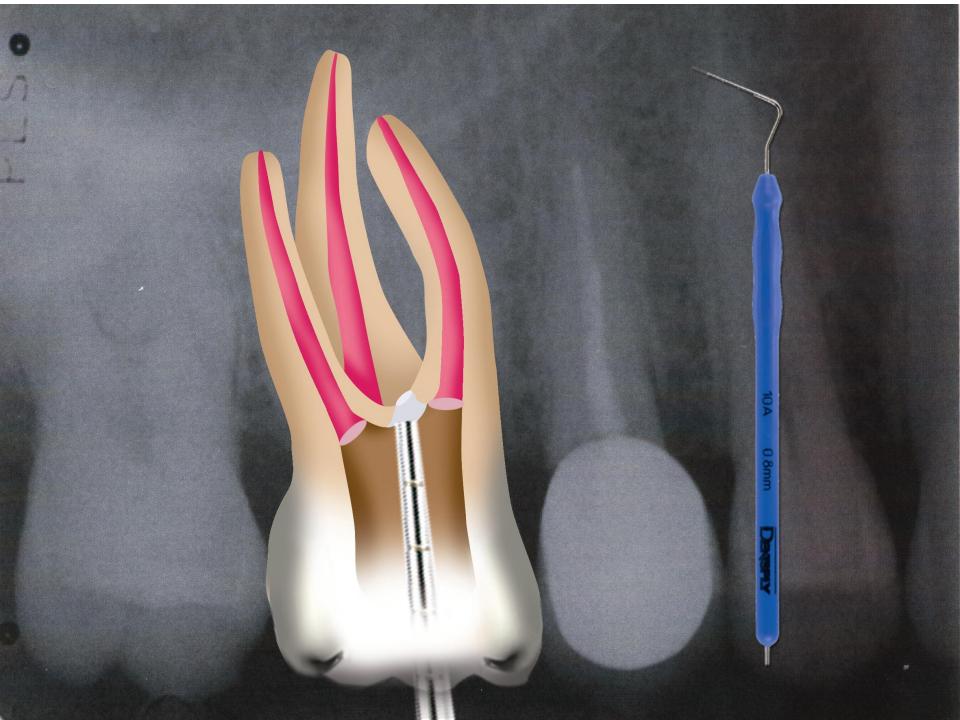
No widely used.

Plug of MTA







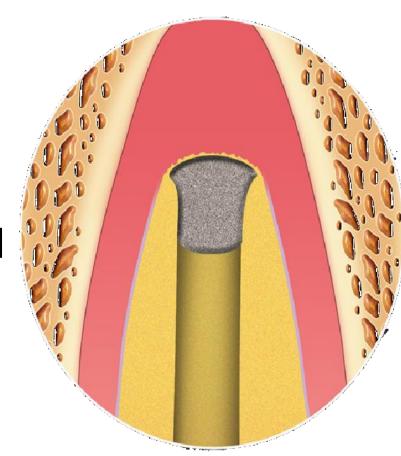






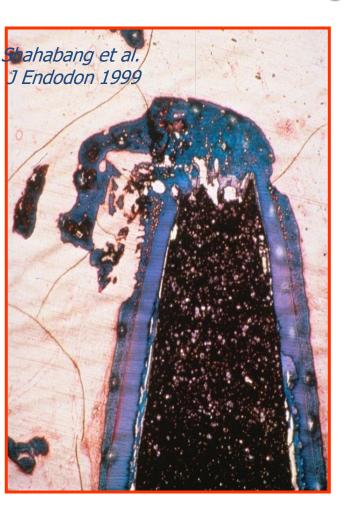
ProRoot MTA For Apexification (Apical Plugs)

- Tittle et al. 1996
- Shahabang et al. 1999
- Hachmeister et al. 2001
- Felippe et al. 2006
- Simon et al. 2007

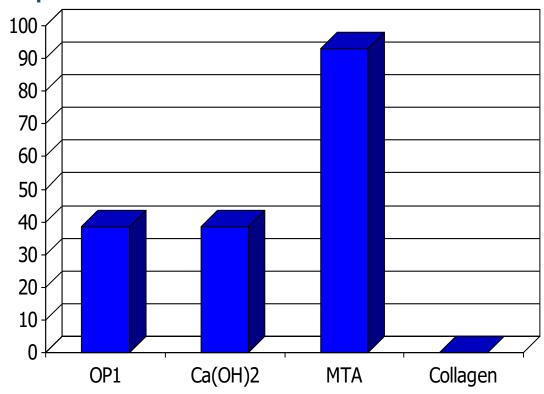


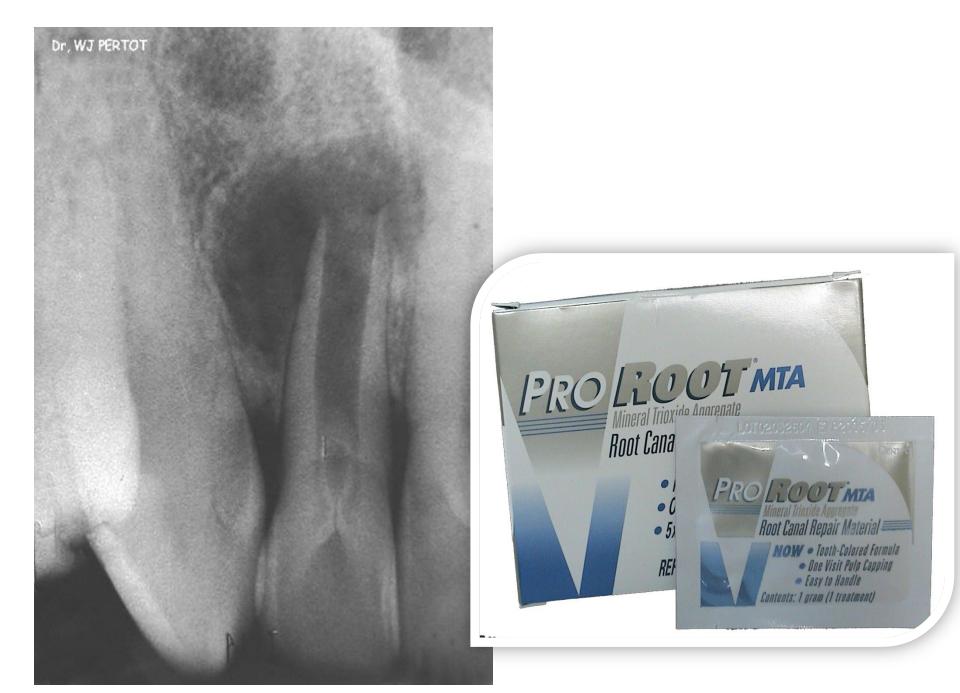
A comparative study of root-end induction using osteogenic Protein-1, calcium hydroxide and Mineral Trioxide Aggregate in dogs.

Shahabang et al. J Endodon 1999; 25: 1-5.



% of roots with apical closure

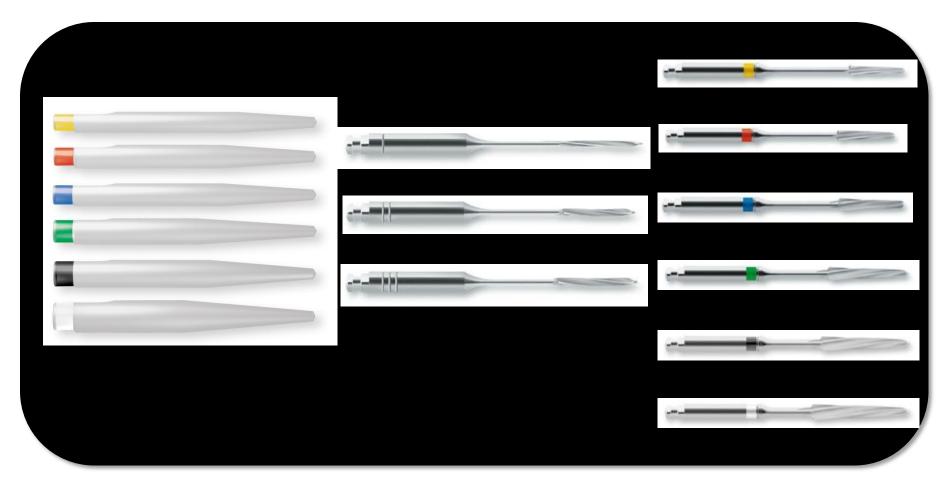






Reendo – an example of FRC post

Radix fiber post

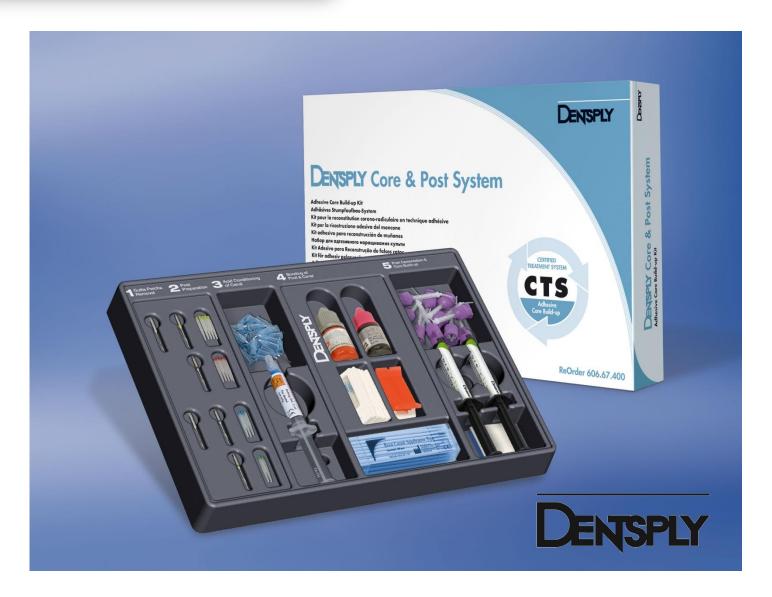


Translucent glass fiber posts in 6 sizes
 3 largo reamers + 6 calibrated drills



Radix fiber post

→ X-Post[™]

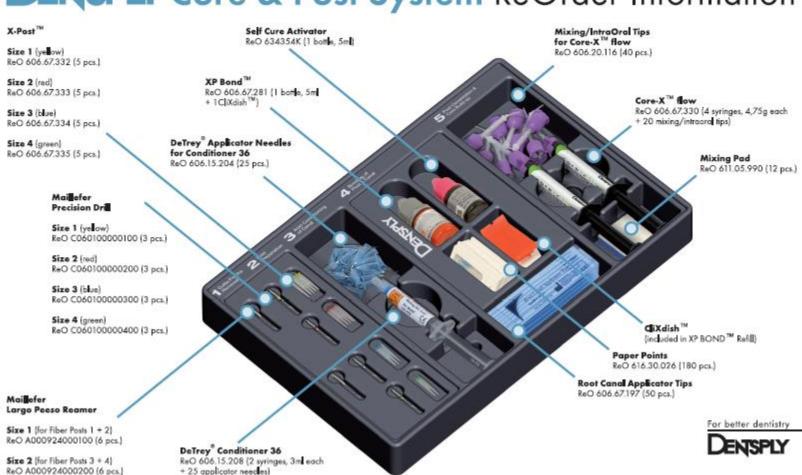


TM X-Post



DENSPLY Core & Post System ReOrder Information

Blister Refill

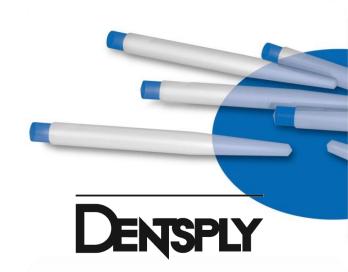


Features & Benefits

- Translucent & light conducting
 - High aesthetics
 - Facilitates light curing



- Durable post for long-lasting restorations
- High shear strength
 - Optimal bond between post and cement
- Radio opaque
 - X-ray detection for easy diagnostics and monitoring
- Compatible with all Dual Cure composite systems
 - Corresponds to different user habits



Clinical Case with Radix Fiber Post X-POST



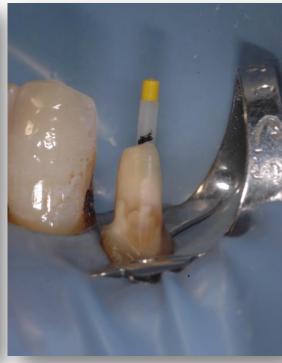


Pre-op. X-Ray

Clinical View



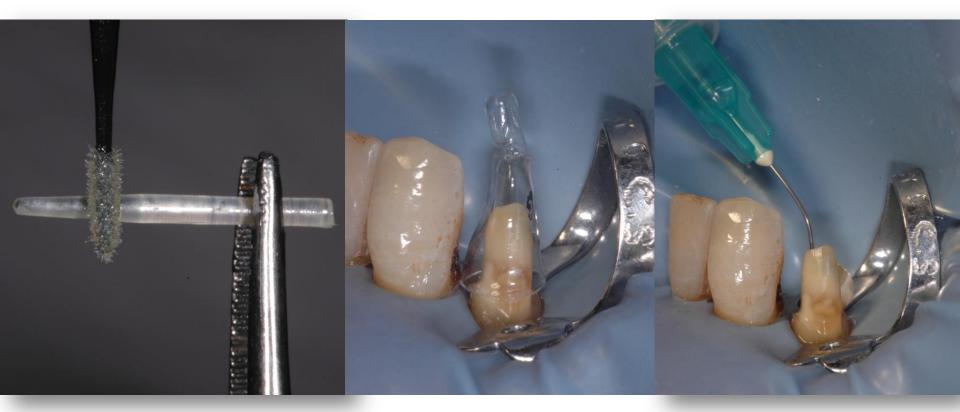




Cleaning of root canal

Choice of post and length

Removal of root canal filling + preparation of post space



Wetting of post with bonding agent

Validation of adapted pre-form for core build-up

Etching and rinsing of dentin



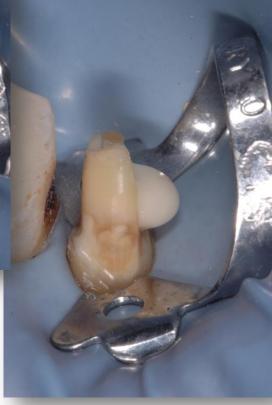
Application of the bonding



Elimination of surplus



Application of the cement



Placement of post



Placement of pre-form



Elimination of surplus



Light-curing





Core build-up