

1. Fill in the table according to the example

Noun	Genitive	Gender	Declension	Adjective
skull	cranium	-ii	N	2 (cerebrum)
<i>nose</i>				
<i>tooth</i>				
<i>mouth</i>				
<i>lower jaw</i>				
<i>eye</i>				
<i>tongue</i>				
<i>palate</i>				
<i>neck</i>				
<i>ribcage</i>				
<i>breastbone</i>				
<i>belly</i>				
<i>breast</i>				
<i>hand</i>				
<i>collar bone</i>				
<i>scapula</i>				
<i>arm bone</i>				
<i>elbow</i>				
<i>elbow bone</i>				
<i>radial bone</i>				
<i>wrist</i>				
<i>metacarpus</i>				
<i>finger</i>				
<i>vertebra</i>				
<i>coccyx</i>				
<i>thigh bone</i>				
<i>knee</i>				
<i>shaft bone</i>				
<i>calf bone</i>				
<i>heel</i>				
<i>tarsus</i>				

2. Connect:

injury of muscles + head, face, neck, eye, tongue, palate, pharynx, larynx, trunk, chest, back, belly

dislocation of joint(s) + hand, foot, elbow, wrist, thumb, the big toe, knee, fingers

operation of complicated fracture of bones + skull, face, thorax, vertebral column

symptoms + acute inflammation of the bronchi, tumour of lips, TB, chronic inflammation of the liver, diabetes mellitus, Infectious disease, internal bleeding, concussion (brain shock), premature birth

3. Derive the adjective and agree it with the noun; follow the example:*EX: vertebra >> vertebralis, e**columna vertebralis*

costa >>	<i>fovea</i>
cranium >>	<i>margo</i>
latus >>	<i>angulus</i>
dorsum >>	<i>tuberculum</i>
nasus >>	<i>musculus</i>
superficies >>	<i>pars</i>
musculus >>	<i>tunica</i>
ventriculus >>	<i>plica</i>
cortex >>	<i>septum</i>

4. Change into plural, if possible find the adjective with opposite meaning as well:

Morbus sanabilis	.....
Remedium simplex	.....
Musculus brevis	.....
Ligamentum breve	.....
Intoxicatio gravis	.....
Trauma leve	.....
Musculus biceps	.....
Carcinoma operabile	.....
Pelvis renalis	.....
Intestinum crassum	.....
Os ethmoidale	.....
Musculus opponens	.....
Dens permanens	.....
Arteria perforans	.....
Morbus recurrens	.....
Remedium adiuvans	.....
Pars ascendens	.....