# (VII.) Electrocardiography

Physiology

# Electrocardiography

Definition: the process of recording the electrical activity of the heart

#### Keywords

- Specialized excitatory and conductive system of the heart
- equipment for ECG recording
- limb and chest leads
- unipolar and bipolar leads
- heart vector, electrical axis of the heart

#### Specialized excitatory and conductive system of the heart



## Electric dipole



Electrode: records electrical potential (Φ) Elektric lead: connection of two electrodes

- Recordes voltage between electrodes
- Voltage: difference between el. potentials (V= Φ1- Φ2)

# Einthoven s triangle (standard, limb, bipolar leads) R

Bipolar leads: both electrodes are active (variable potential en electrodes)

#### Augmented leads (Goldberger s, limb, unipolar leads)



Unipolar leads: one electrode is active (variable el. potential) and the second one is indifferent (constant el. potential)

Active electrode is always positive

## **Chest leads**





#### Chest electrode: connection of chest electrode and Wilson's central terminal

Unipolar leads:

chest electrodes are active (positive) and Wilson's central terminal is indifferent (el. potential 0 mV, electrically centre of the heart)

### Leads acording to Cabrera





## Electrical axis of heart

Average deviation of QRS complex in each lead

1. ORS of I,II and III lead



2. Sumation of QRS complex



3. Drawing in triangle



Physiological interval: -30 - 110

# Diagnostic use of ECG

#### Arrhytmia: irregular heartbeat

Fibrillation: is the rapid, irregular, and unsynchronized activity of cardiac muscle fibers



#### Atrial fibrillation

(absence of P, "jagged" isolinia, irregular RR, HR 80 – 180 bpm)

#### Ventricular fibrillation

(heart cannot pump, brain damage after 3 – 5 min)

Atrioventricular block: conduction between the atria and ventricles of the heart is impaired



# Diagnostic use of ECG

Myocardial ischemia, heart-attack



#### hyperkalaemia



Normal tracing (plasma K<sup>+</sup> 4–5.5 meq/L).



Hyperkalemia (plasma K<sup>+</sup> ±7.0 meq/L).

## Diagnostic use of ECG

#### 24-hour monitoring of ECG (Holter)

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