

## PARKINSON'S SYNDROME

70% Parkinson's d.  
30% Other disease

## RED FLAGS

- - MEDICATION (NEUROLEPTIC!!)
- - positive familial history
- - early falls, postural instability
- - rapid progression
- - **nondoparesponsibility**
- - early autonomic disturbance
- - oculomotor disturbance
- - serious pseudobulbar syndrome
- - **early dementia**
- - separate leg disability
- - pyramidal or cerebellar syndrome



# DIFFERENTIAL DIAGNOSIS IPN

- A/ other NEURODEGENERATIV Disorders
- ( PARKINSON PLUS d.)
- - rare, nondoparesponsibility, rapid progression, serious prognosis
  - 1. Synukleinopathy (MSA, DLBD)- intracytoplasmatic inclusion alfa-synuklein
  - 2. Tauopathy (PSP, CBD) – intracytoplasmatic inclusion tau-protein
  -
- B/ Other NEUROLOGIC Disorders
- HD Westphal variant - familial
- (Wilson´s disease)
- C/ SECUNDARY parkinson syndrome
- Side effects of drug, vascular, NTH



# DRUG INDUCED FARMAKOLOGIC ANAMNESIS

- **TYPICAL NEUROLEPTIC !!**
- Haloperidol, Chlorpromazin, Chlorprotixen, Tisercin
- TREATMENT: Akineton
  
- ANTIEMETIC, PROKINETIC
- Cerucal, Degan, Torecan
  
- ANTIHISTAMINIC
- Prothazin
  
- BLOCK of Calcium channels
- cinarizin, flunarizin

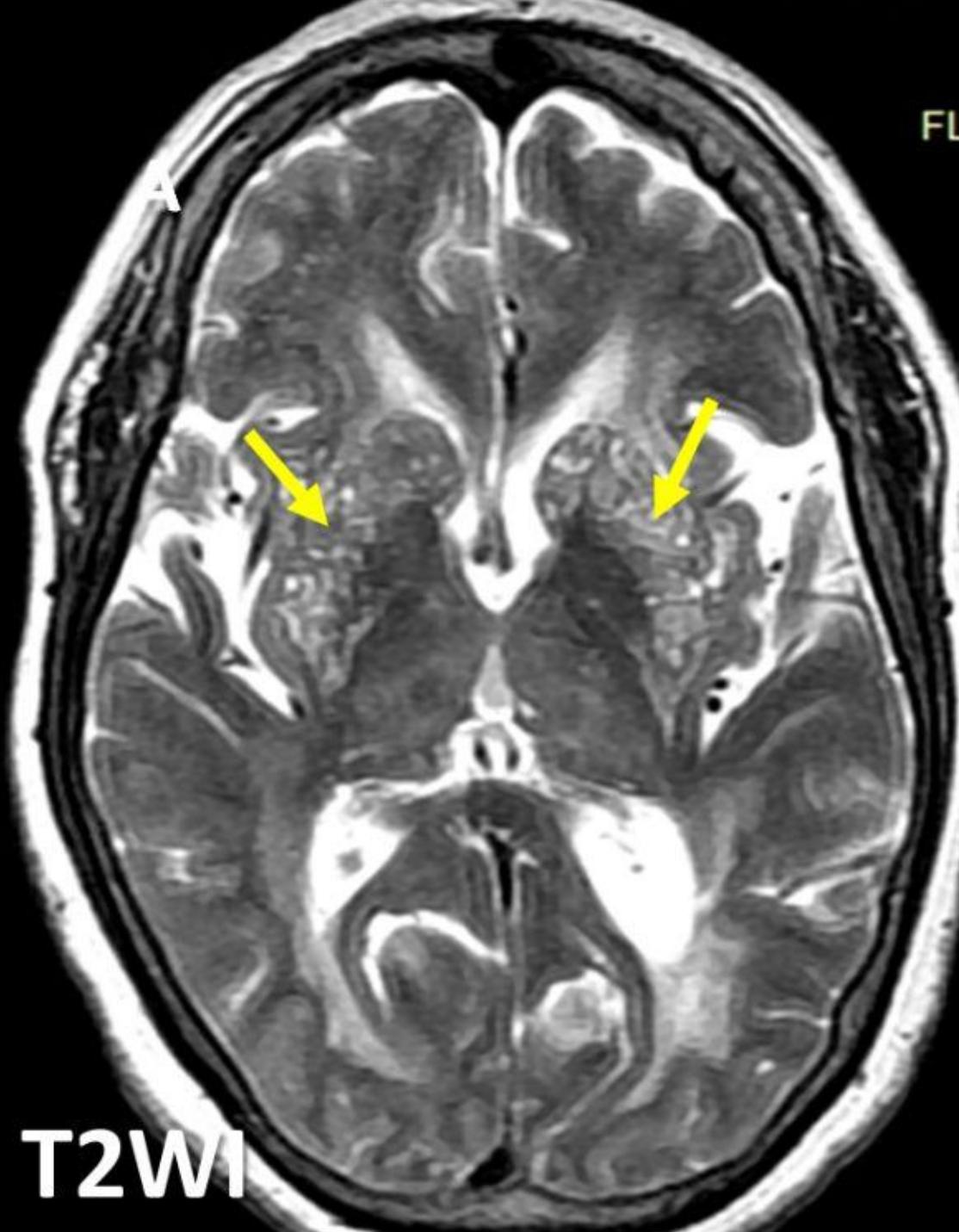


# VASCULAR

- OFTEN
- MRI finding: multiinfarct changes -  
**status lacunaris**
- - development gradually or as a stroke
- - Pa sy **UNILATERAL** during the first year after stroke      after stadium of hemiparesis
- - Pa sy **BILATERAL** (frontal **only gait** disturbance)
- **LOWER BODY parkinsonismus**
- other signs: pseudobulbar palsy, dementia,incontinency
- - rapid progression
- - TREATMENT : low effect of amantadin
- NO! L-Dopa because of postsynaptic DA receptors lesion



FL

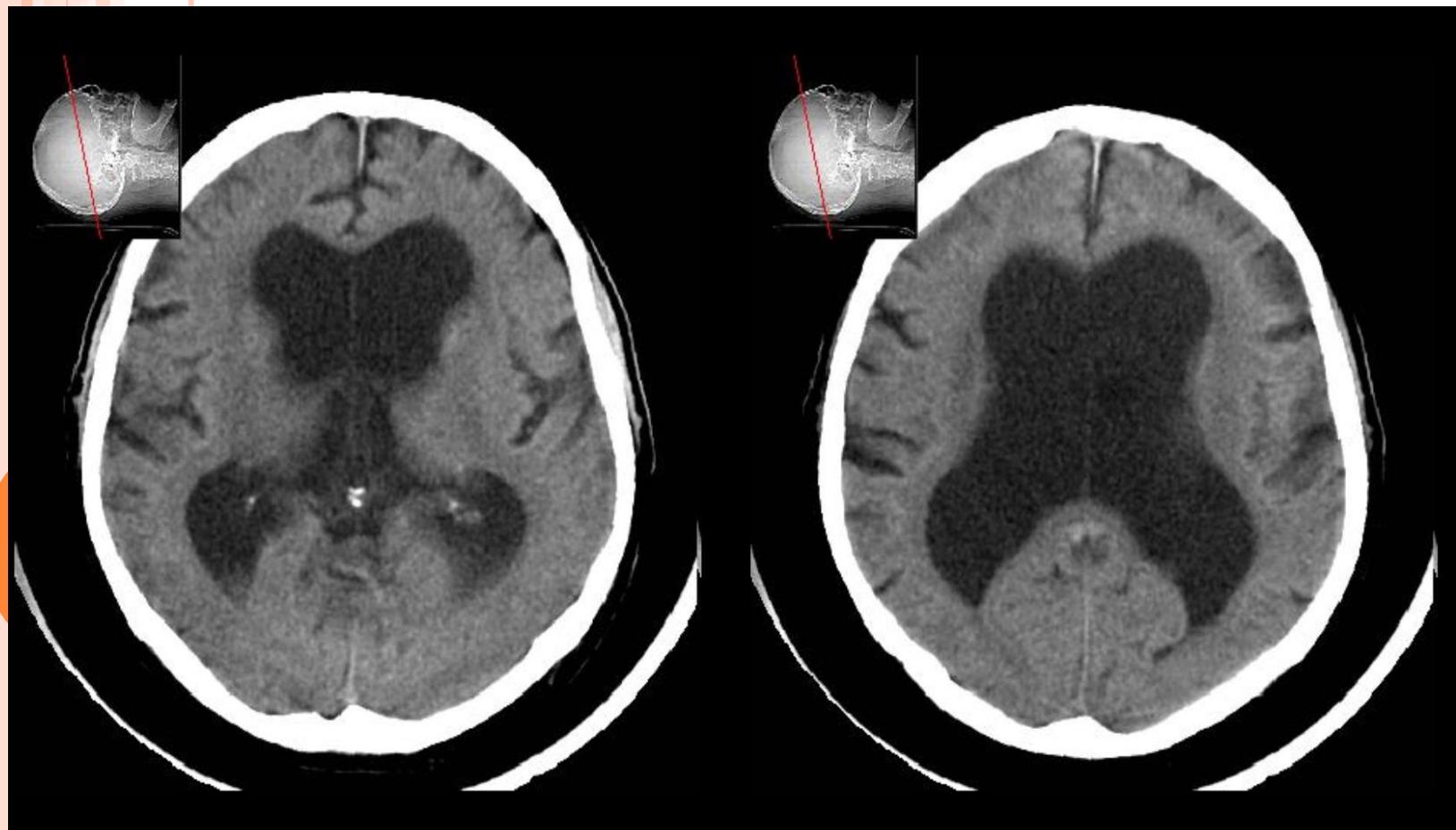


T2WI

# NORMOPRESSURE HYDROCEPHALUS

- Disproportion : production X absorption of CSF  
(liquor pressure is not increased )  
Old aged mostly men
- Hakimo clinical features :**dementia**  
**urinal incontinency**  
**gait apraxia**  
(bradykinezia,wide base)
- MRI communicated hydrocephalus
- **TREATMENT**- lumbal punction (- 50ml CSF)....
- gait improvement .... V-P shunt





# MSA

## MULTIPLE SYSTEM ATROPHY

- STN ..... first s. parkinson sy MSA type P
- OPCA....first s. cerebellar sy MSA type C
- Shy-Drager sy....autonomic sy MSA type A
- (orthostatic hypotension, incontinency)

The possibility : combination or isolated

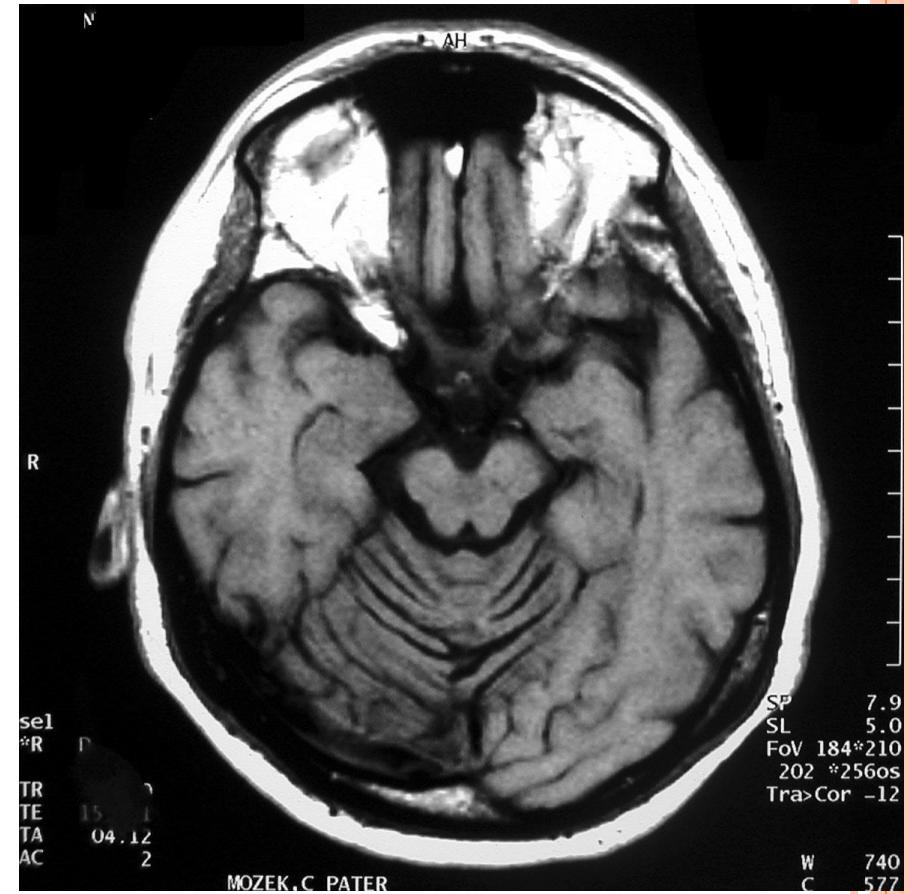
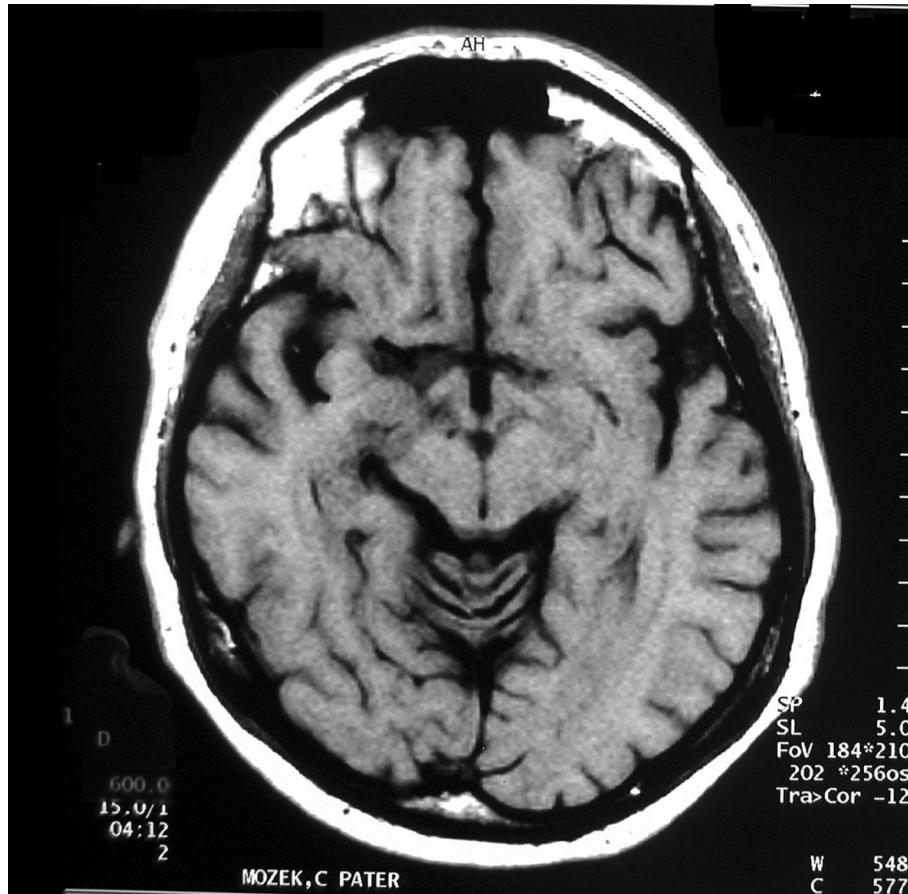
- Initial stadium: 50% autonomic sy
- 45% parkinson sy
- ( 5% cerebellar sy)
- SYNUKLEINOPATHY



- - prevalence 5-15/100 000, 8%
  - cerebellar + brainstem SN, striatum, palidum,
  - ONUF's ncl (segment S2-S4)
- - doparesponsibility in the **early** stadium  
29%...**differentiation from PD difficult**
- Clinical Features: dystonia, pseudobulbar palsy, inspiration stridor, polyneuropathy
- - no dementia!

# EXAMINATION

- Brain MRI – cerebellar + brainstem atrophy



- - EMG anal external sphincter – denervation of Onuf's ncl.
- - EMG for diagnostic Polyneuropathy
- - test of Vegetative system (EKG variability R-R interval)
- - Orthostatic test (BP while lying down and 1 min after posture .....differences 30/15)



# PSP

## PROGRESSIVE SUPRANUCLEAR PALSY

- - prevalence 7/100 000, 7-12%
- - middle and old age
- - **Atrophy mesencephalon** + pons  
tegmentum + F polar part of cortex
- TAUOPATHY



# CLINICAL FEATURES

- - pa sy with dominant **axial rigidity** without tremor
- - extended trunk
- - **early falls** due to postural instability
- - **vertical gaze palsy**, hypometric saccades
- - apraxia eye lids, retraction of upper eye lids (**surprised look**)
- - subcortical dementia (F lobe)
- - pseudobulbar palsy
- - dystonia (focal cervical )
- - inspiratory stridor
- - nondoparesponsibility



# EXAMINATION

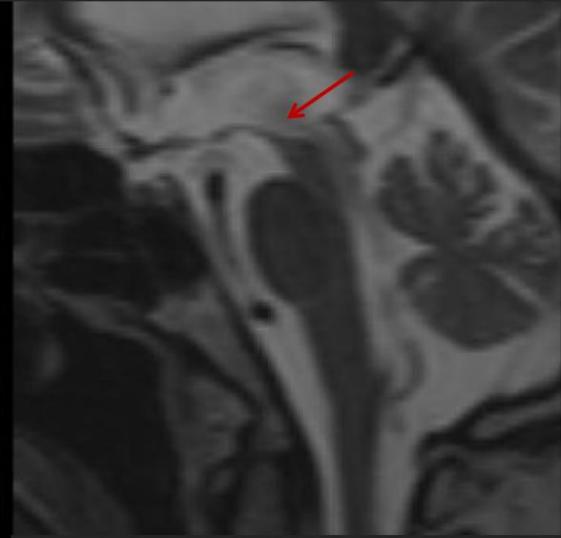
- - Hearing EP .....central lesion
- - Brain MRI... mesencephalon atrophy
  - enlarged III. ventricule
  -



**Norma**



**MR obraz PSP**



**DLBD**

DIFFUSE LEWY BODY DISEASE



# CBD

## CORTICOBASAL DEGENERATION

- - prevalence 0,5%
- - age over 70 years
- - unilateral cortical atrophy F+P
- - atrophy SN
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- TAUOPATHY



# CLINICAL FEATURES

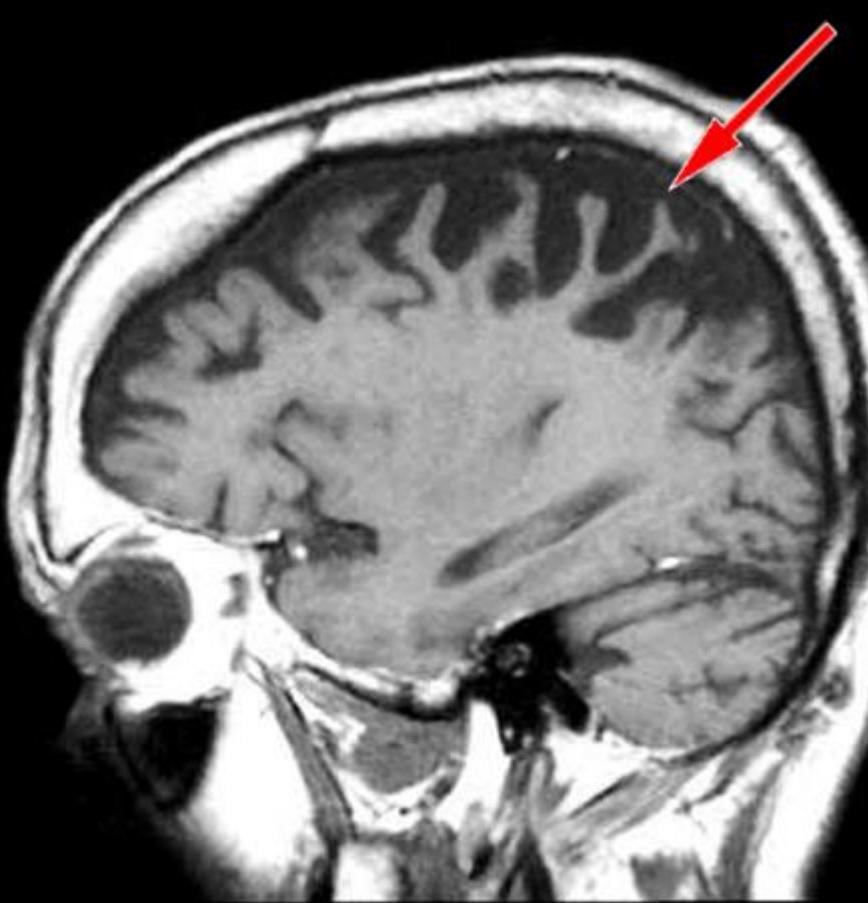
- - contralateral hemiparkinsonism
- - cortical (limb apraxia..alien hand syndrome, hemihypestesia, symbolic function disturbance)
- - dementia
- - cortical myoklonus
- - dystonia
- - pyramidal syndrome



# EXAMINATION

- Brain MRI - asymmetric cortical atrophy P + F
- Brain PET - (hypometabolism F-P cortex)





## WESTPHAL VARIANT HUNTINGTON D.

- - Autosomal Dominant
- - 5% patient of HD
- - **young age** (manifestation before 20 years)
- - the first symptom **parkinsonism** (rigidity + hypokinezia)
- - later chorea + dementia
- - rapid progression
- - genetic test



# ADVANTAGE OF DAT SCAN IN PARKINSON SYNDROME

- PD                  asymmetric re-uptake in striatum
  - 
  - MSA,PSP    symmetric re-uptake in striatum +  
postsynaptic disturbance
- DLBD                  asymmetric re-uptake in striatum

VASCULAR              pa sy                  normal

DRUG INDUCED      pa sy                  normal

