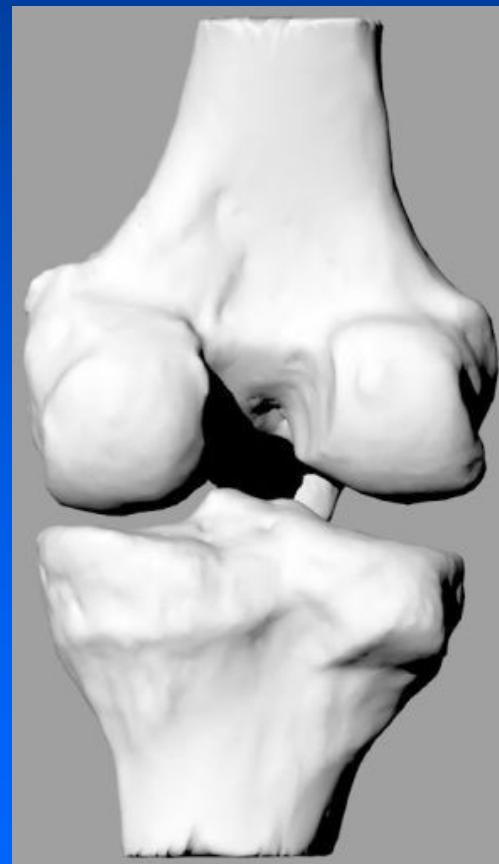


# Total knee replacement

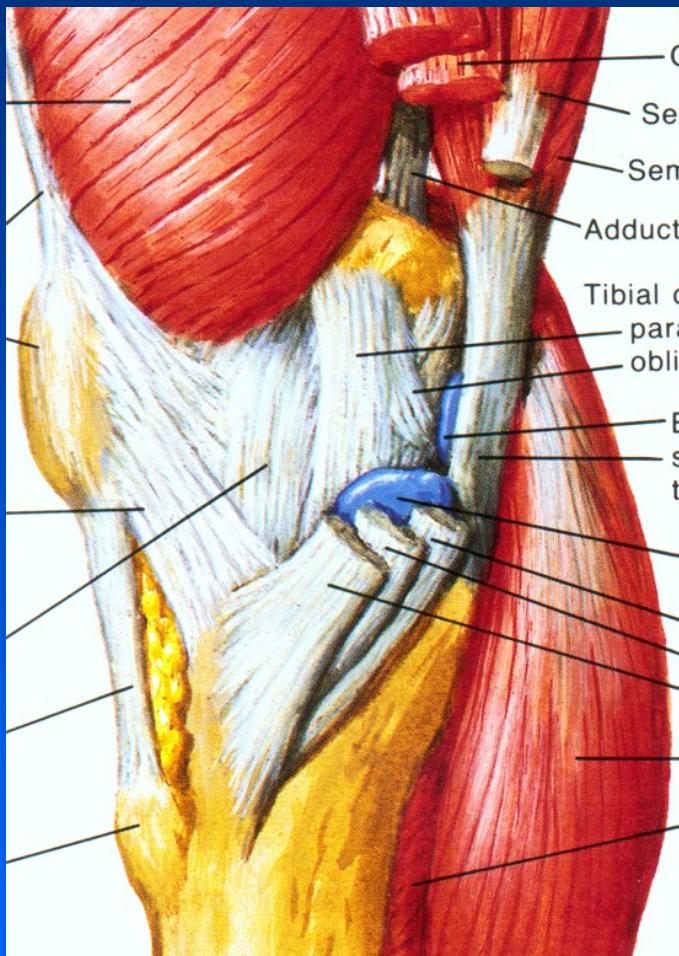
Z. Rozkydal, L. Nachtnebl,  
T. Tomáš, P. Janík

# Knee has a complicated structure

Articulating bones: Femur, tibia and patella

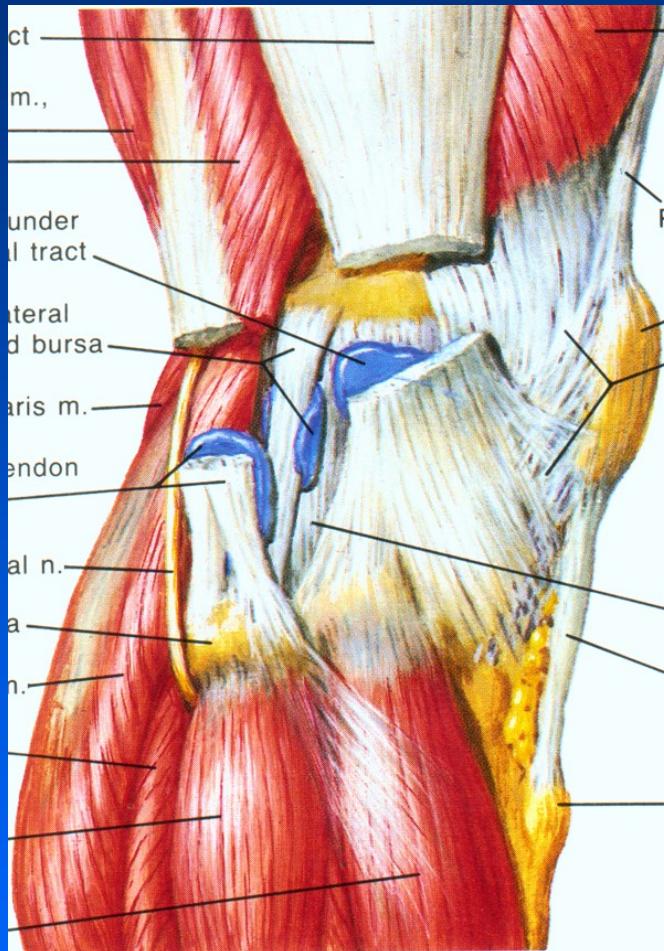


# Stability of the knee



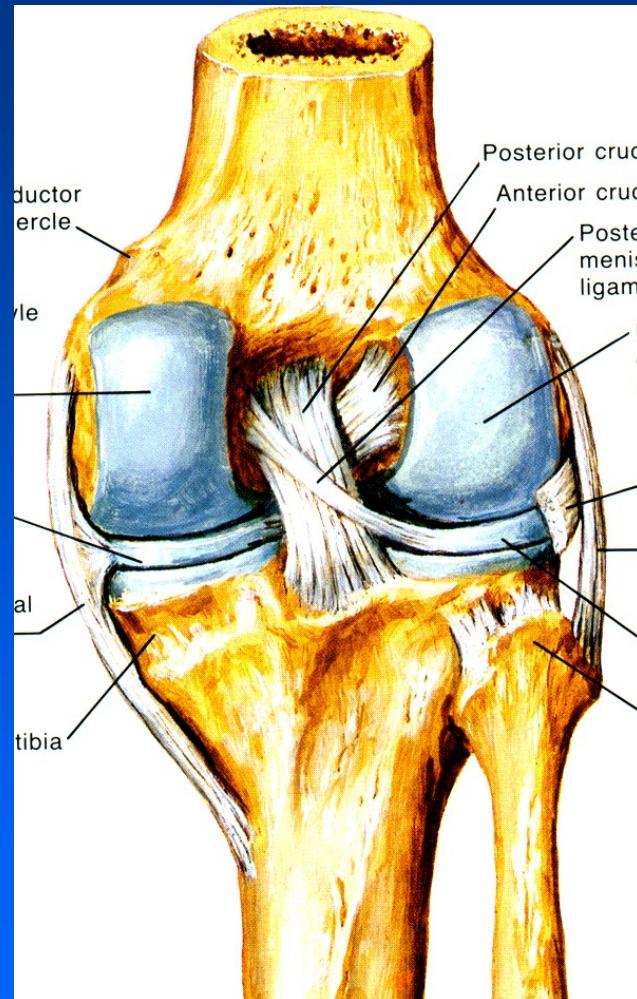
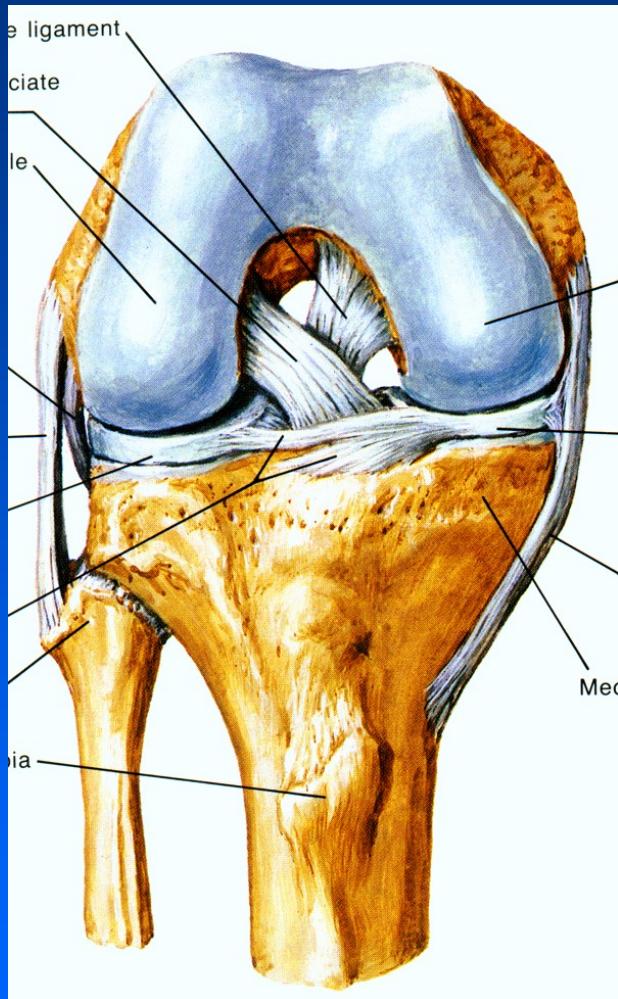
Medial side

# Stability of the knee



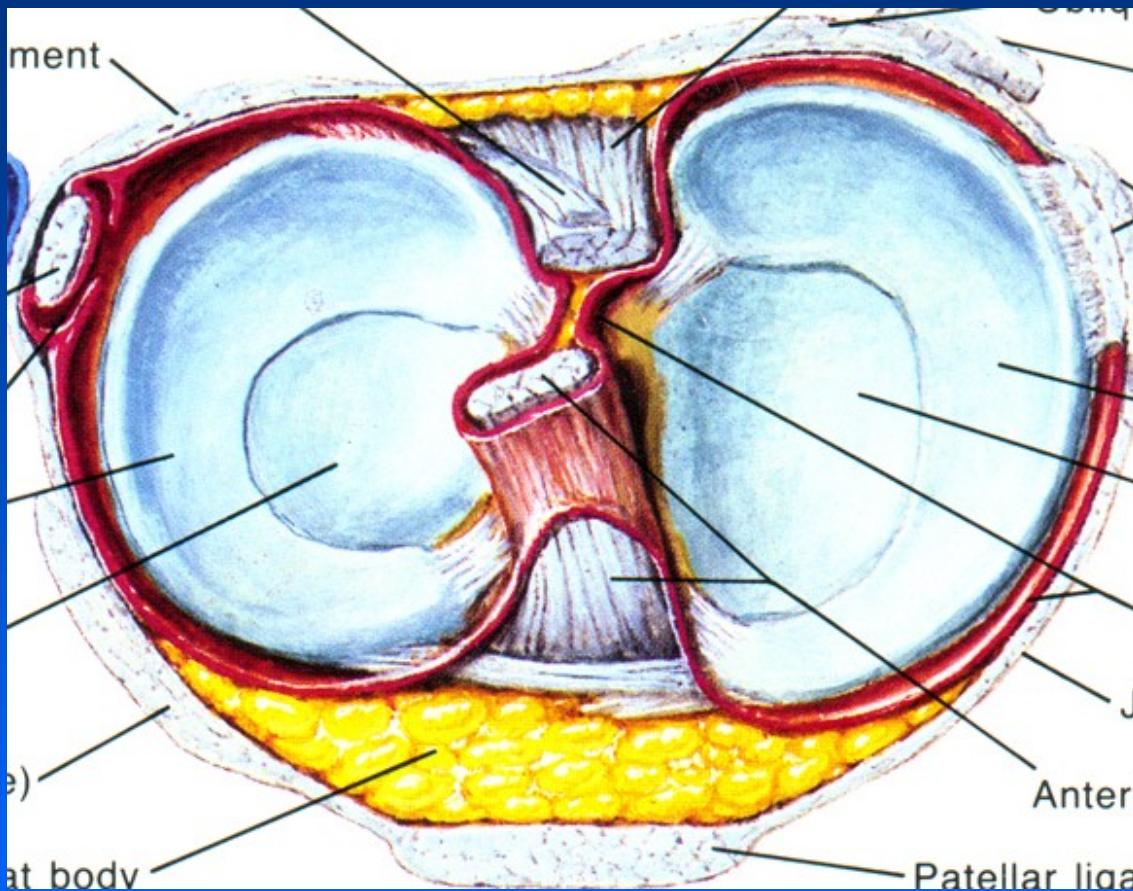
Lateral side

# Stability of the knee



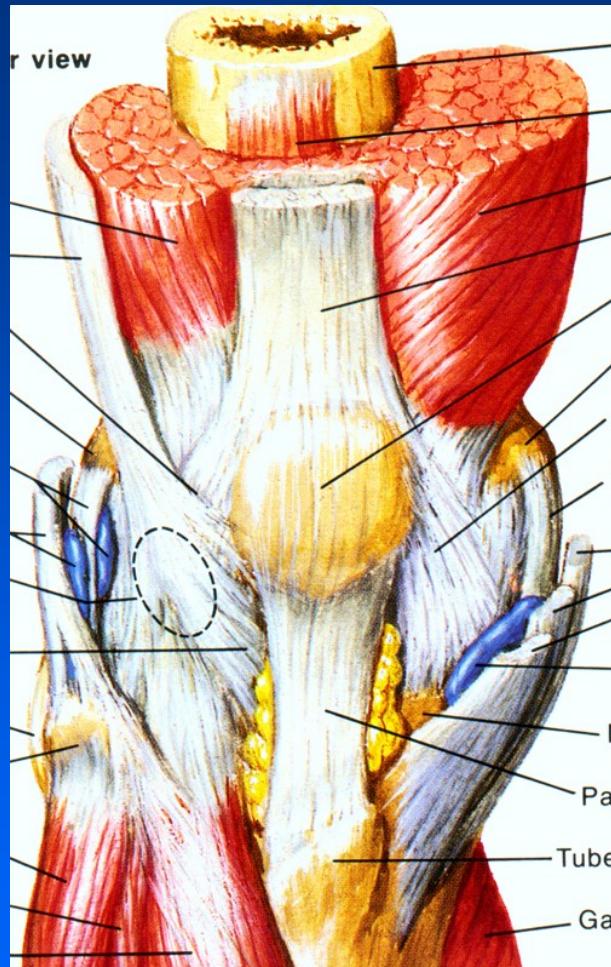
Cruciate ligaments

# Stability of the knee



Menisci

# Stabilita kolena



Muscles

# Movements in the knee joint

Level

Movement

Sagittal

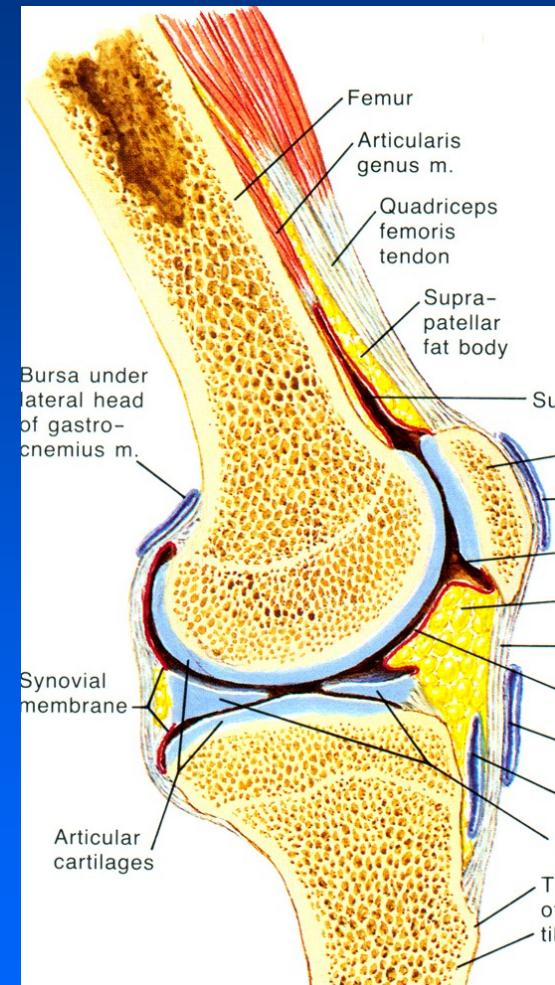
flexion/extension  
rolling  
gliding

Transversal

ext./ internal rotation

Frontal

adduction /abduction

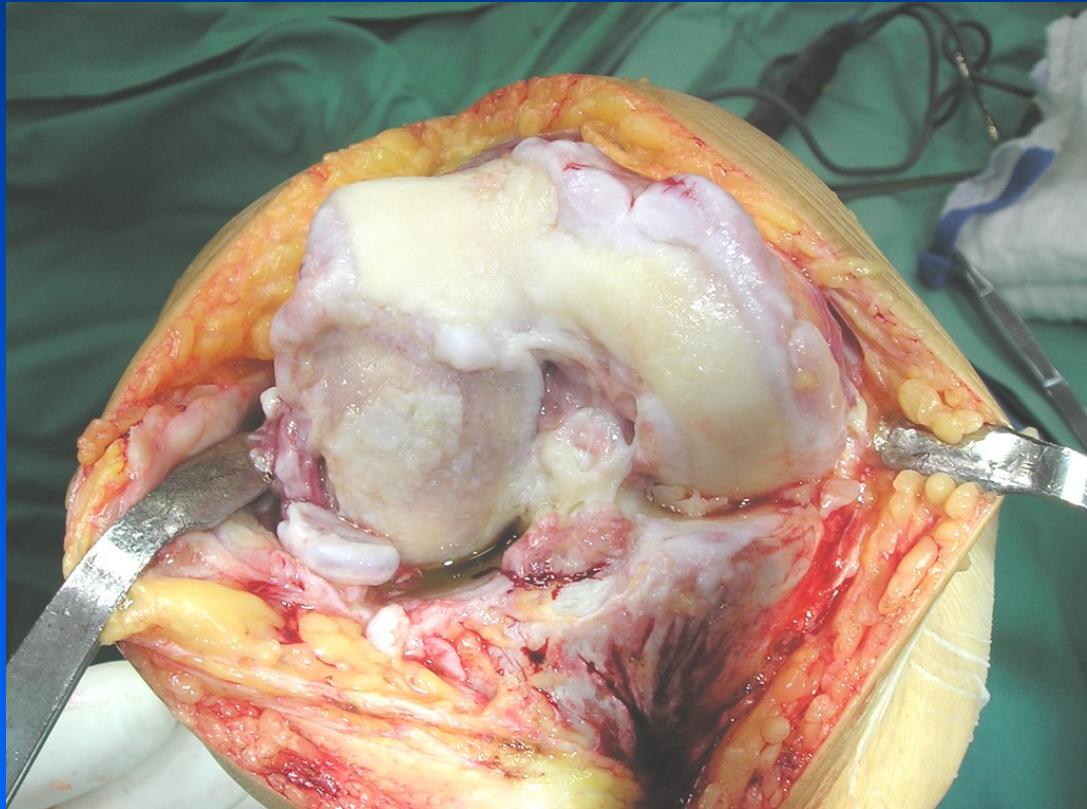


# Indications for TKA

Painful condition  
+ unuccesful  
conservative treatment

No other proceduces  
for mantaining of good  
function are available

Severe dyscomfort



# Indications

Osteoarthritis

- primary
- secondary

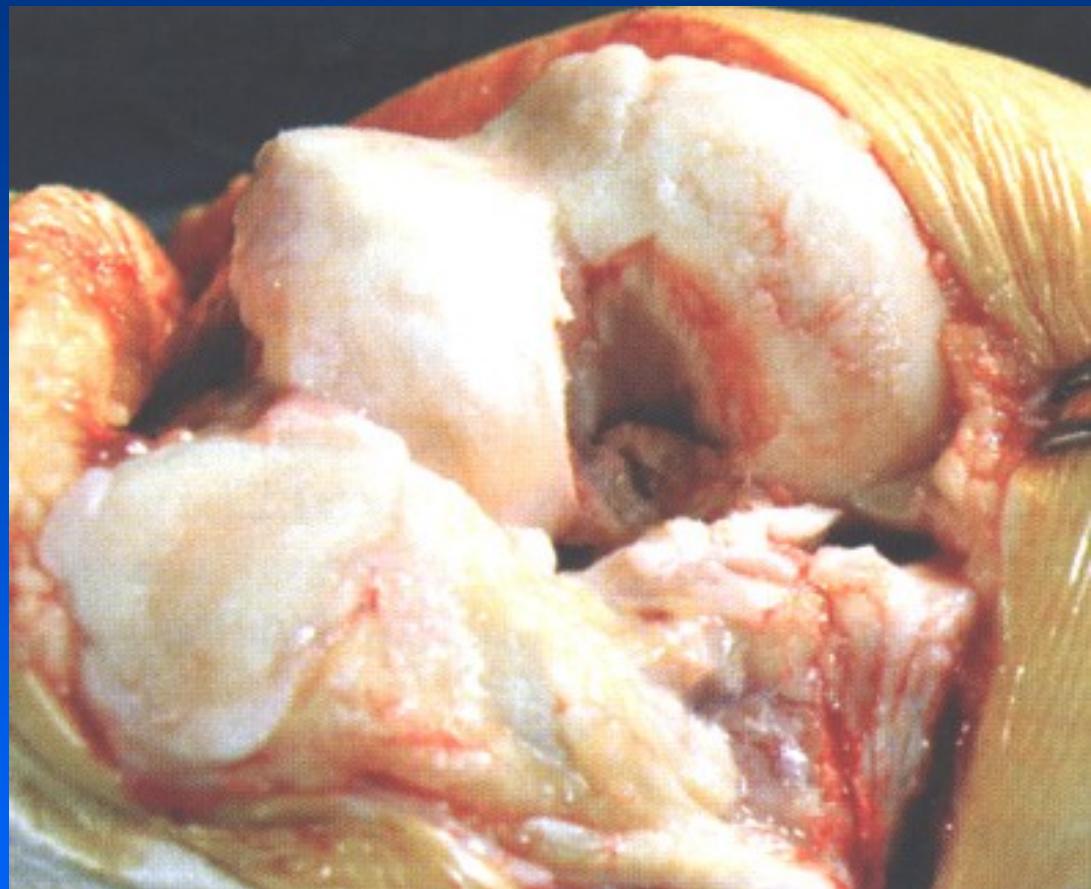
Aseptic necrosis of femoral condyle

Rheumatoid arthritis

Psoriatic arthropathy

Tumors

Haemophilic arthropathy



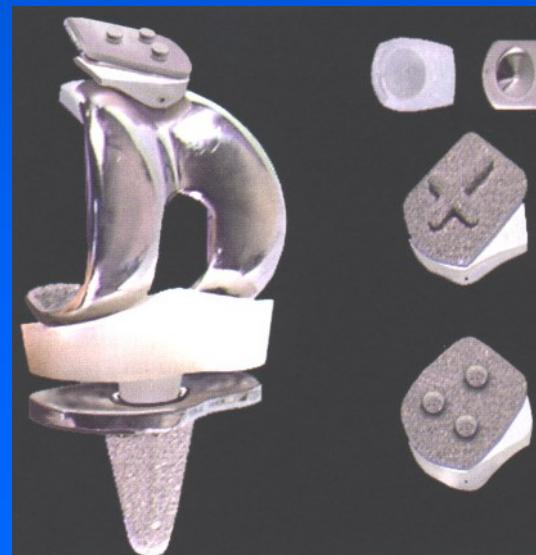
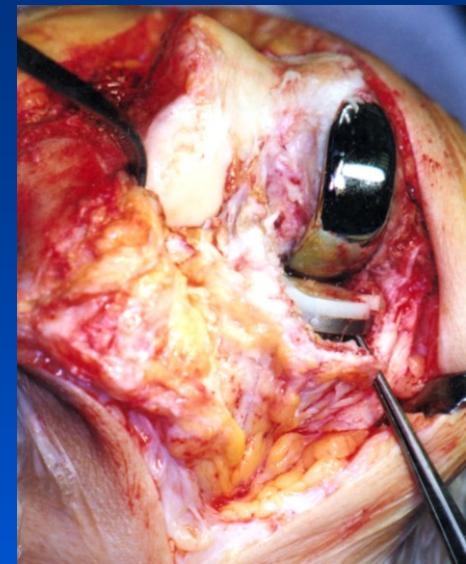
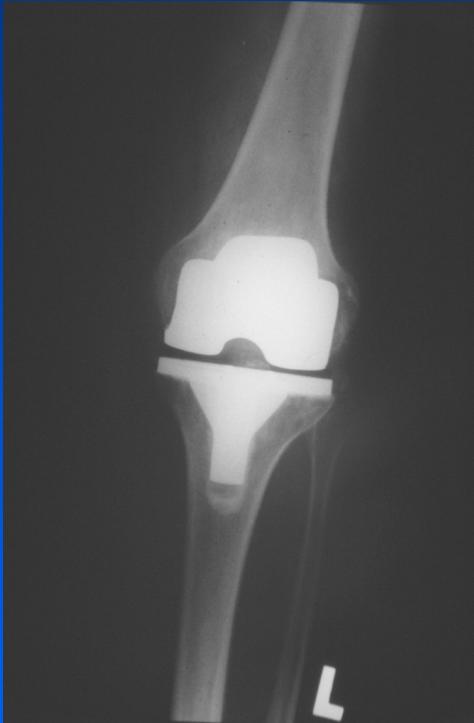
# TKA

- Cemented
- Hybrid
- Uncemented



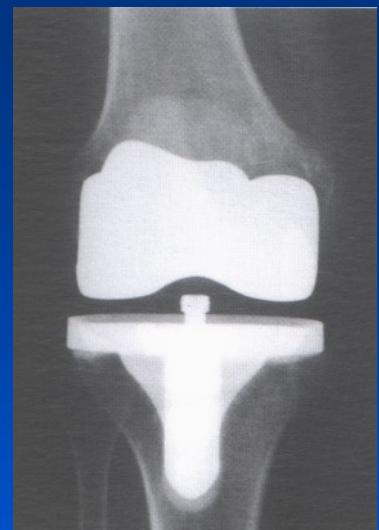
# TKA

- Unicompartmental
- Bicompartamental
- Tricompartmental



# TKA

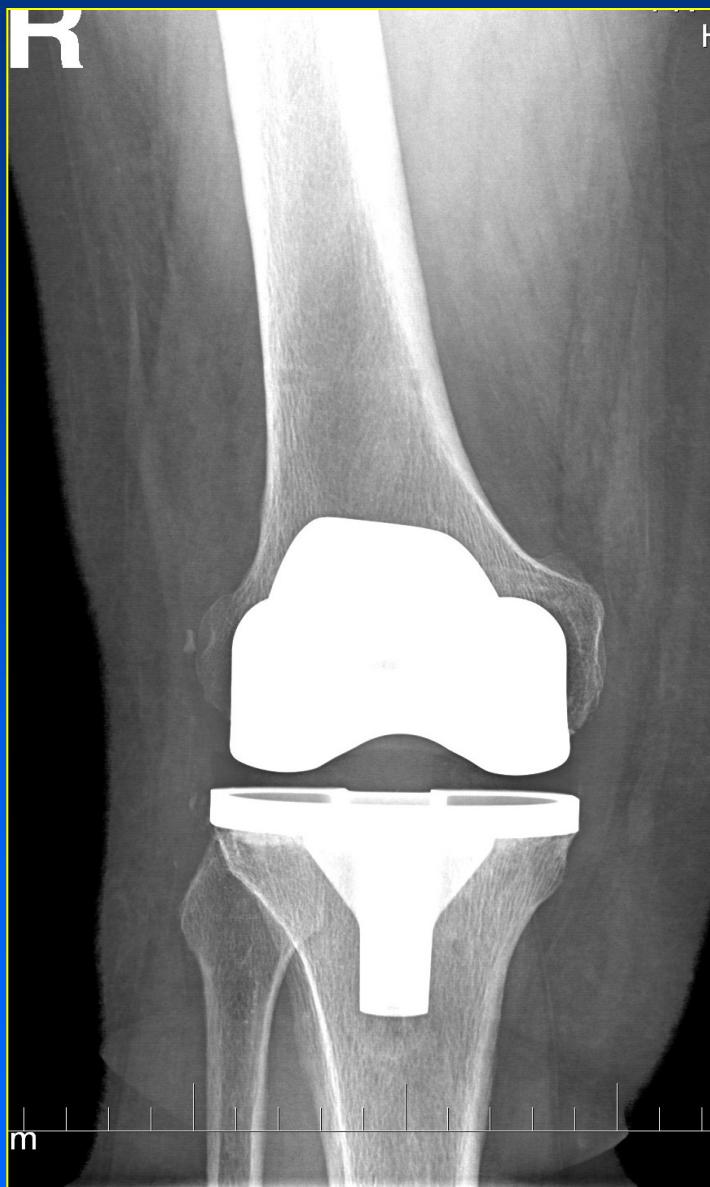
- Unicondylar
- Condylar
  - PCL retaining
  - PCL sacrificing
- Condylar with stem
- Hinge
- For tumors



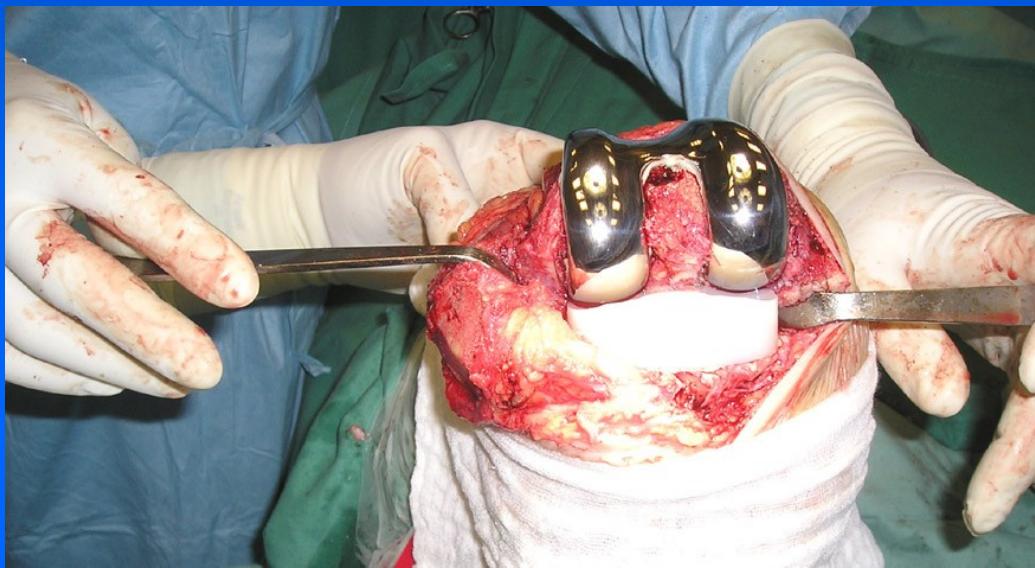
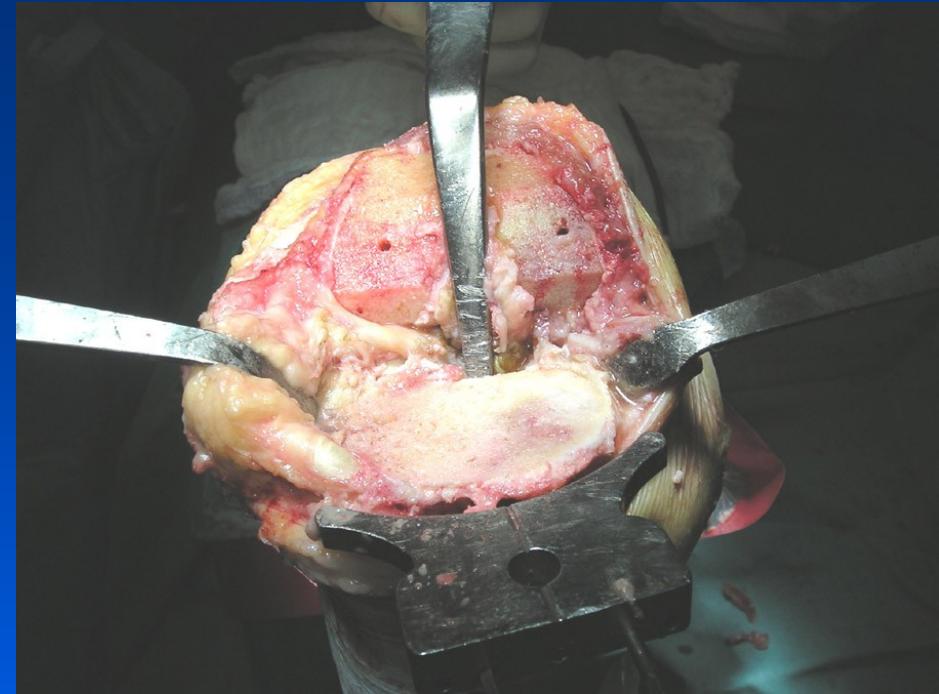
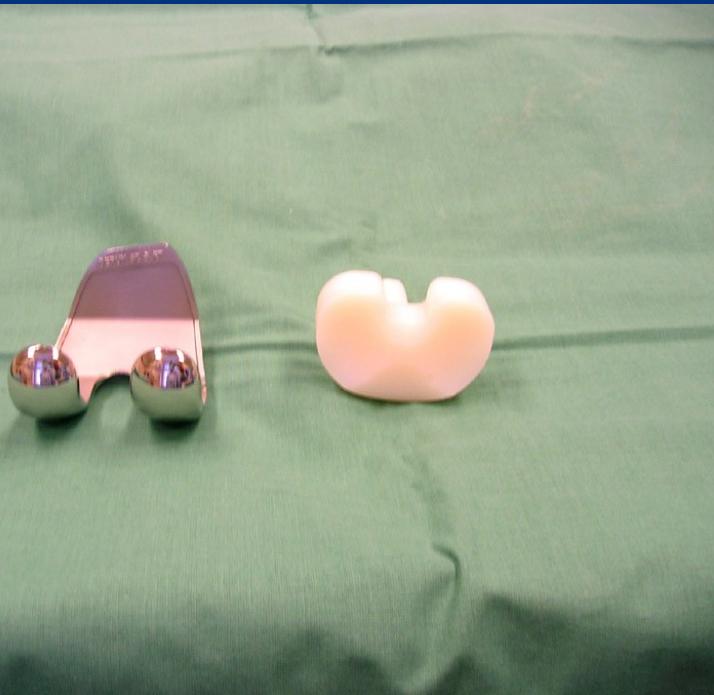
# Unicondylar replacement TKU



# Condylar – PCL retaining



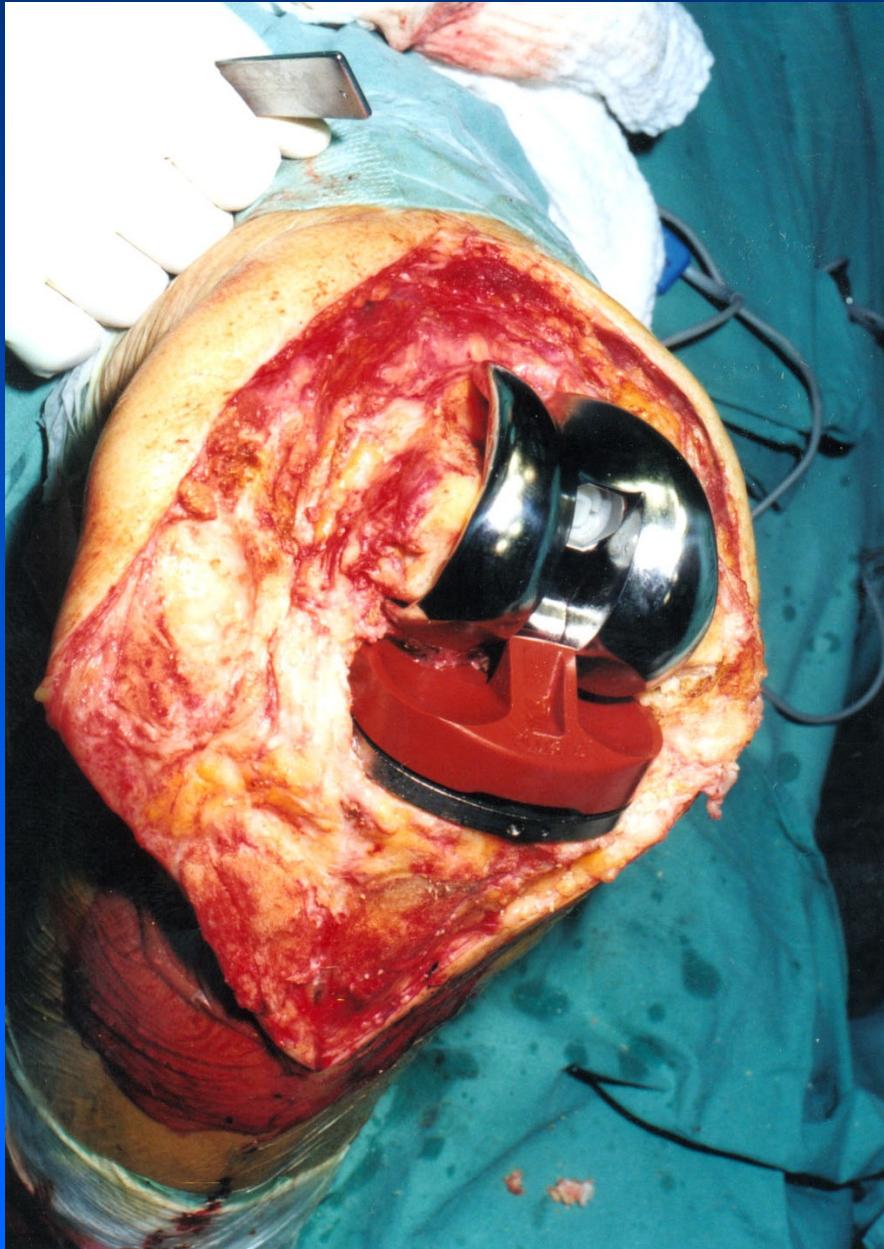
# TKA – all poly type



## TKA – all poly type



# Condylar TKA – PCL sacrificing



# Condylar TKA with stems



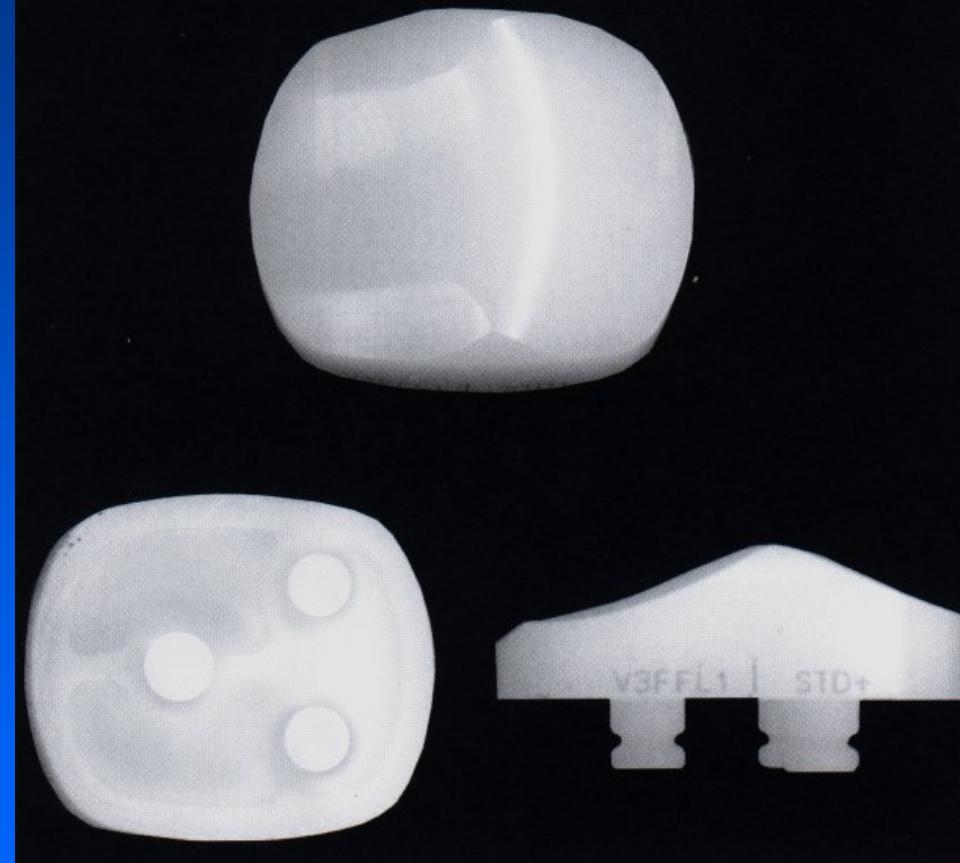
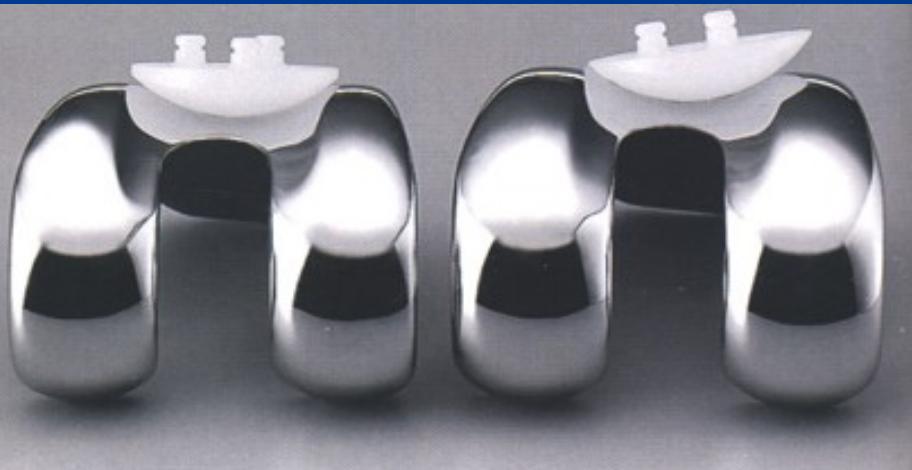
# TKA for tumors



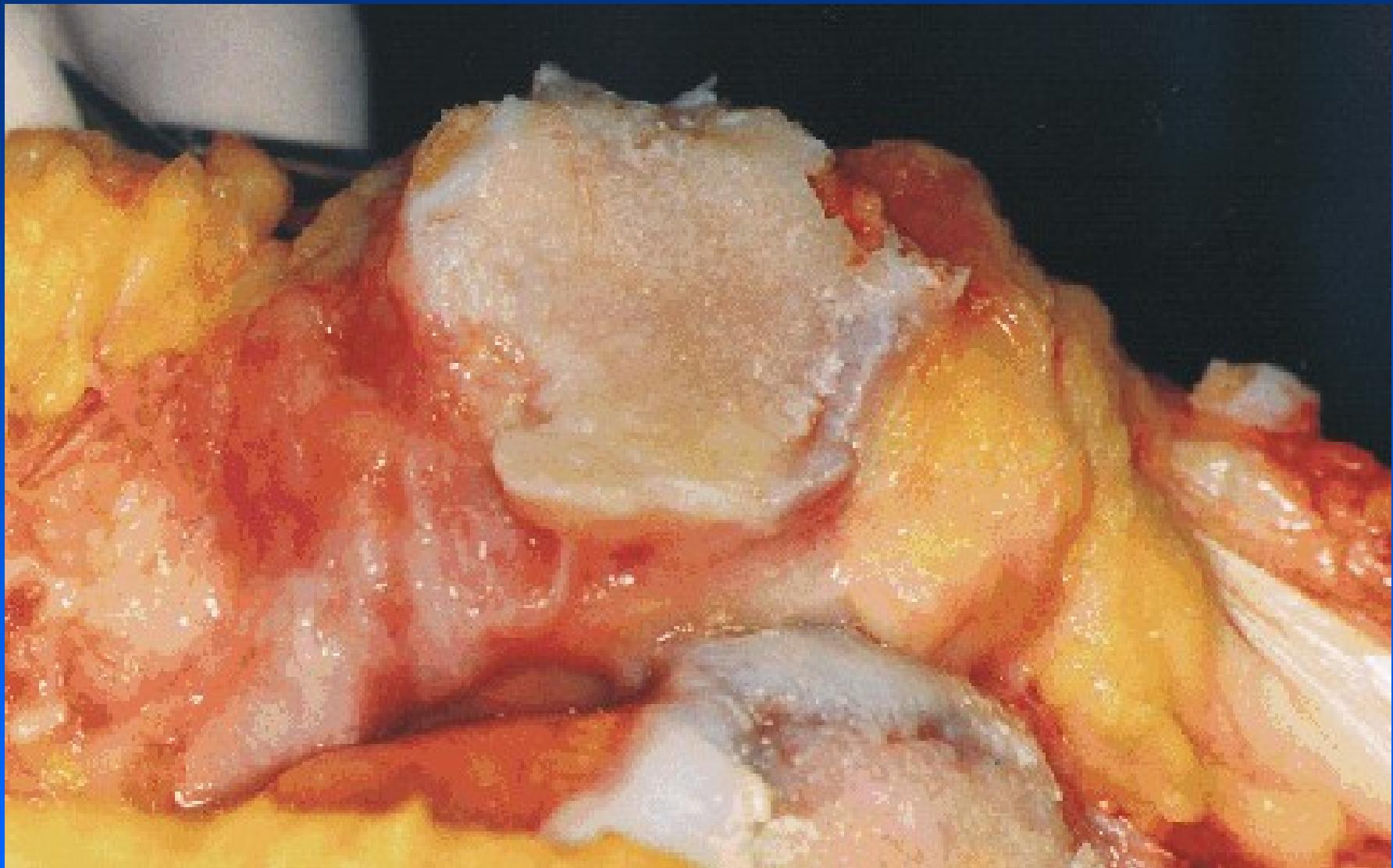
# TKA for tumors



# Replacement of the patella



# Resection of the patella



# Femoropatellar replacement



# TKA Sigma Johnson + Johnson company

Standard PE plateau

PS variant of the plateau

Rotating plateau  
- standard  
- PS variant



# PS variant – TKA Sigma Fixed plateau



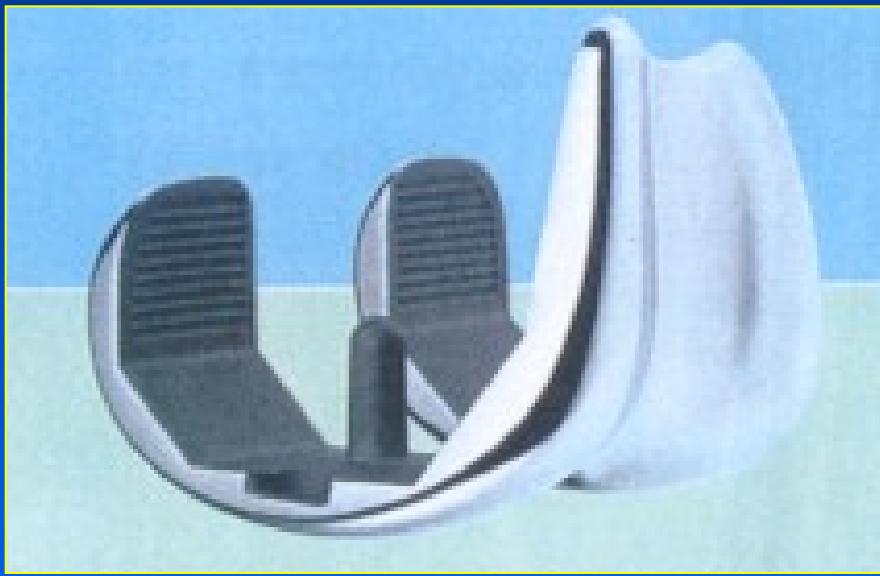
# TKA Sigma Johnson + Johnson

Rotating plateau

- standard
- PS varianta



# Search – Evolution Aesculap



# TKA Innex - Zimmer company



Fig. 1.24. INNEX CR



Fig. 1.26. INNEX Fix CR



Fig. 1.25. INNEX UCOR

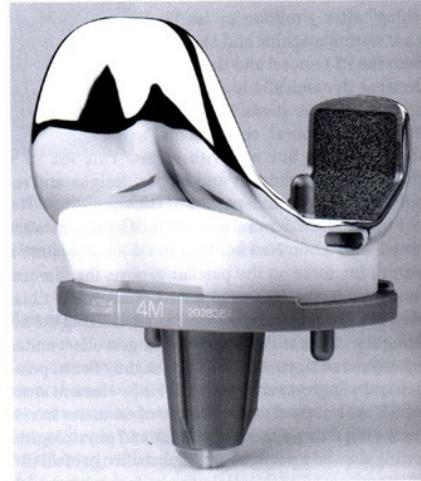
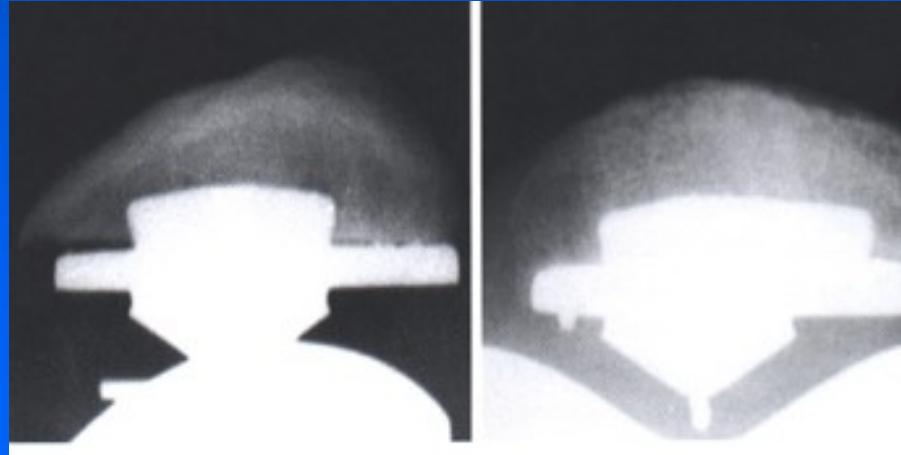
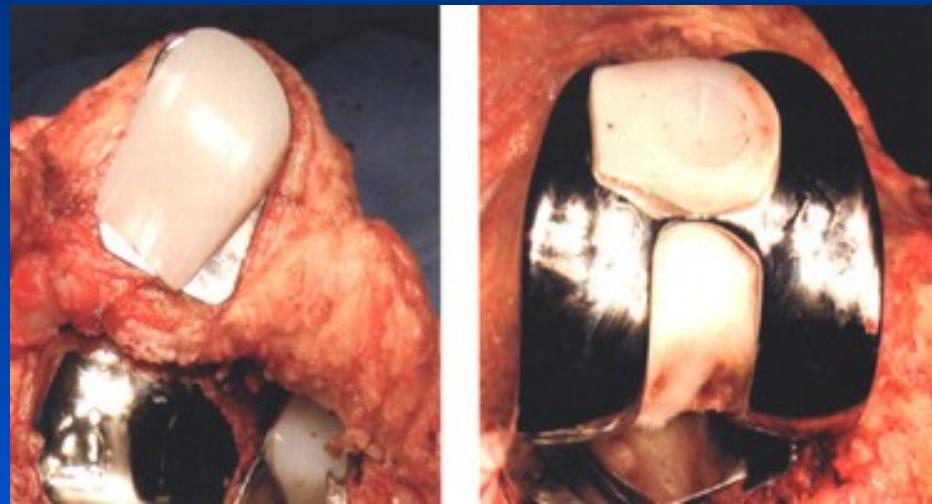
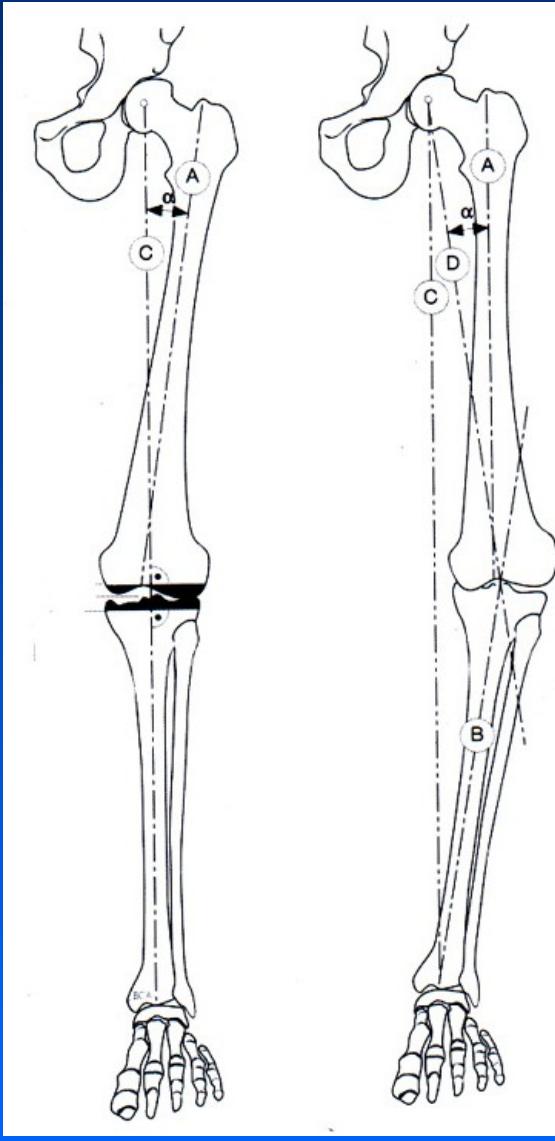


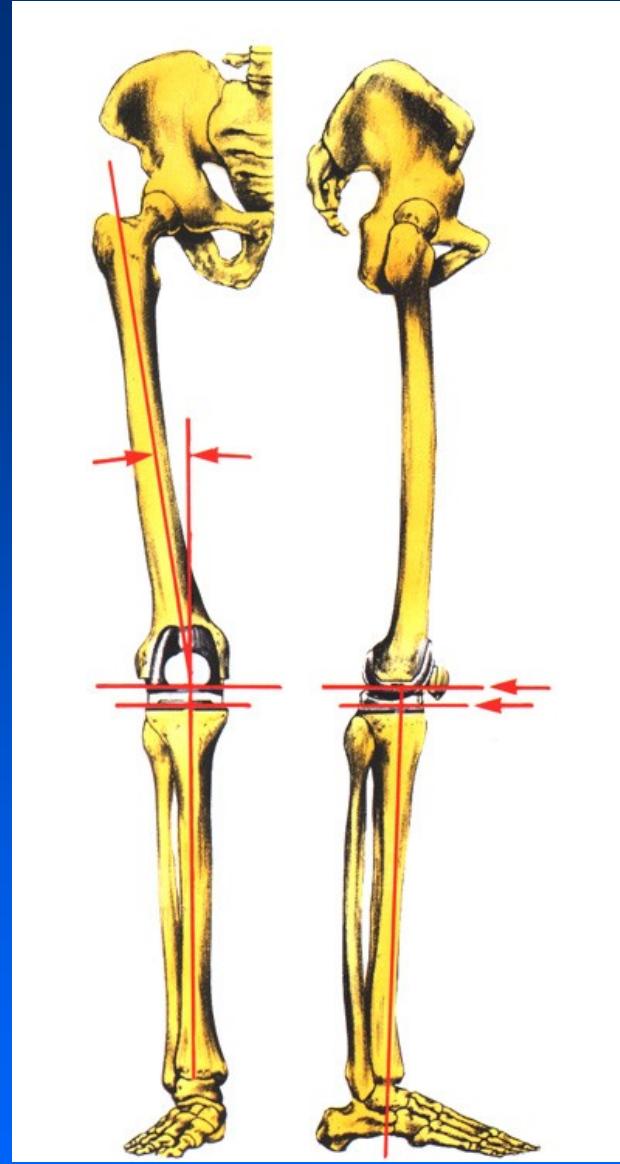
Fig. 1.27. INNEX Fix UC

# LCS TKA





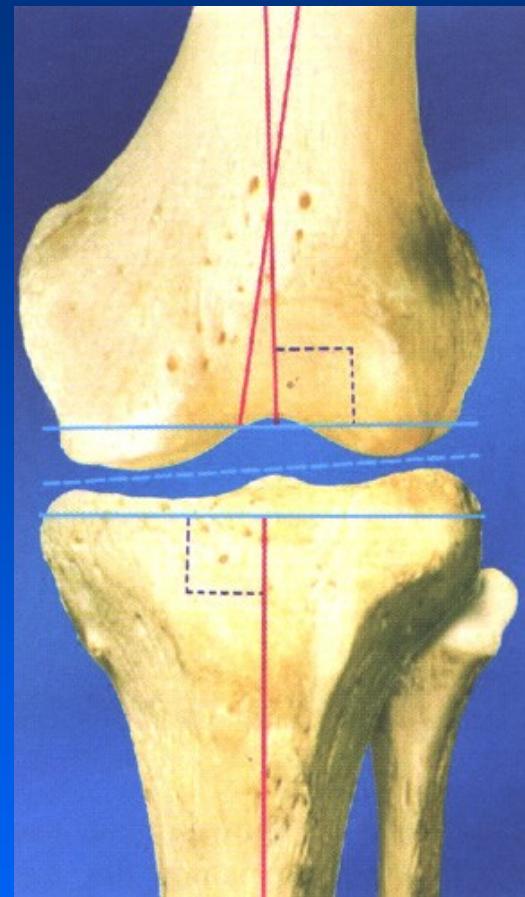
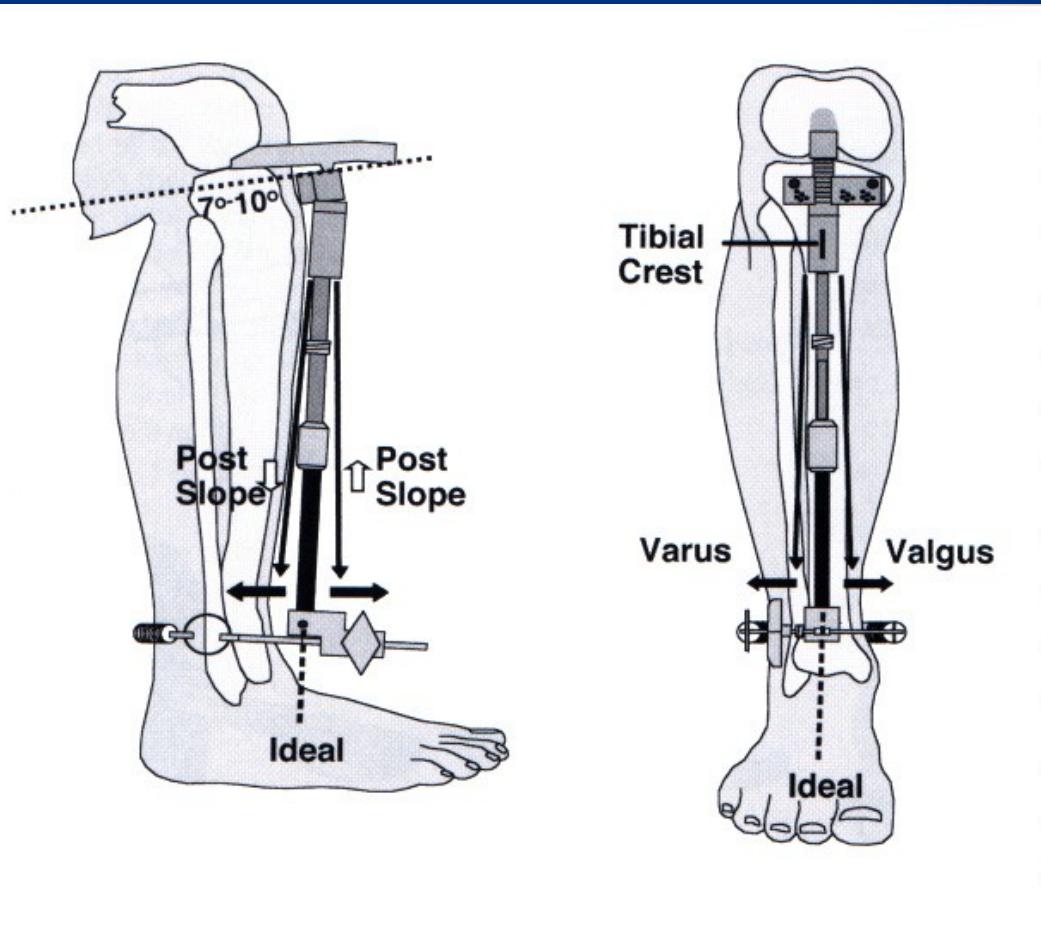
Mechanical alignment



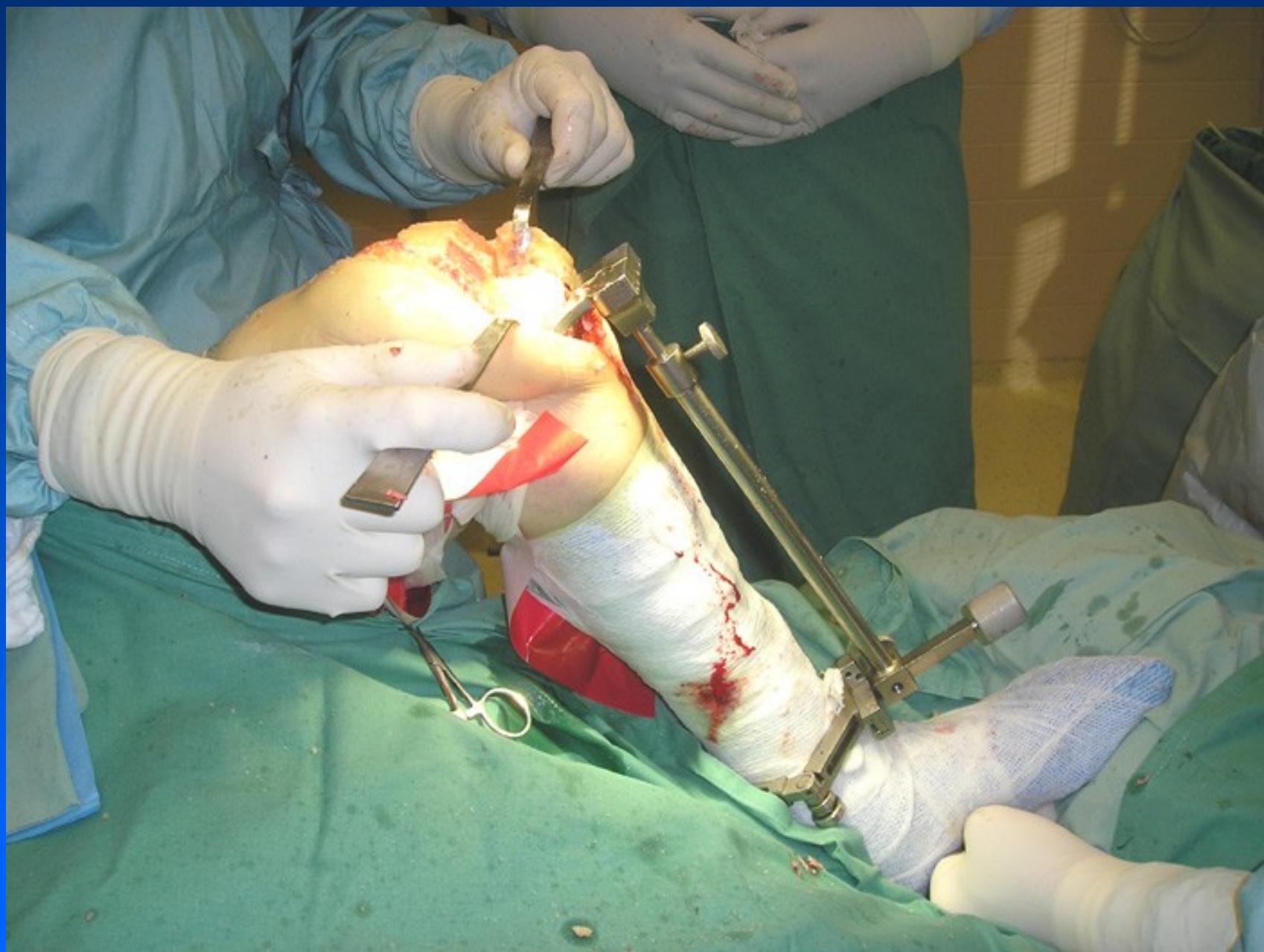
Anatomical alignment

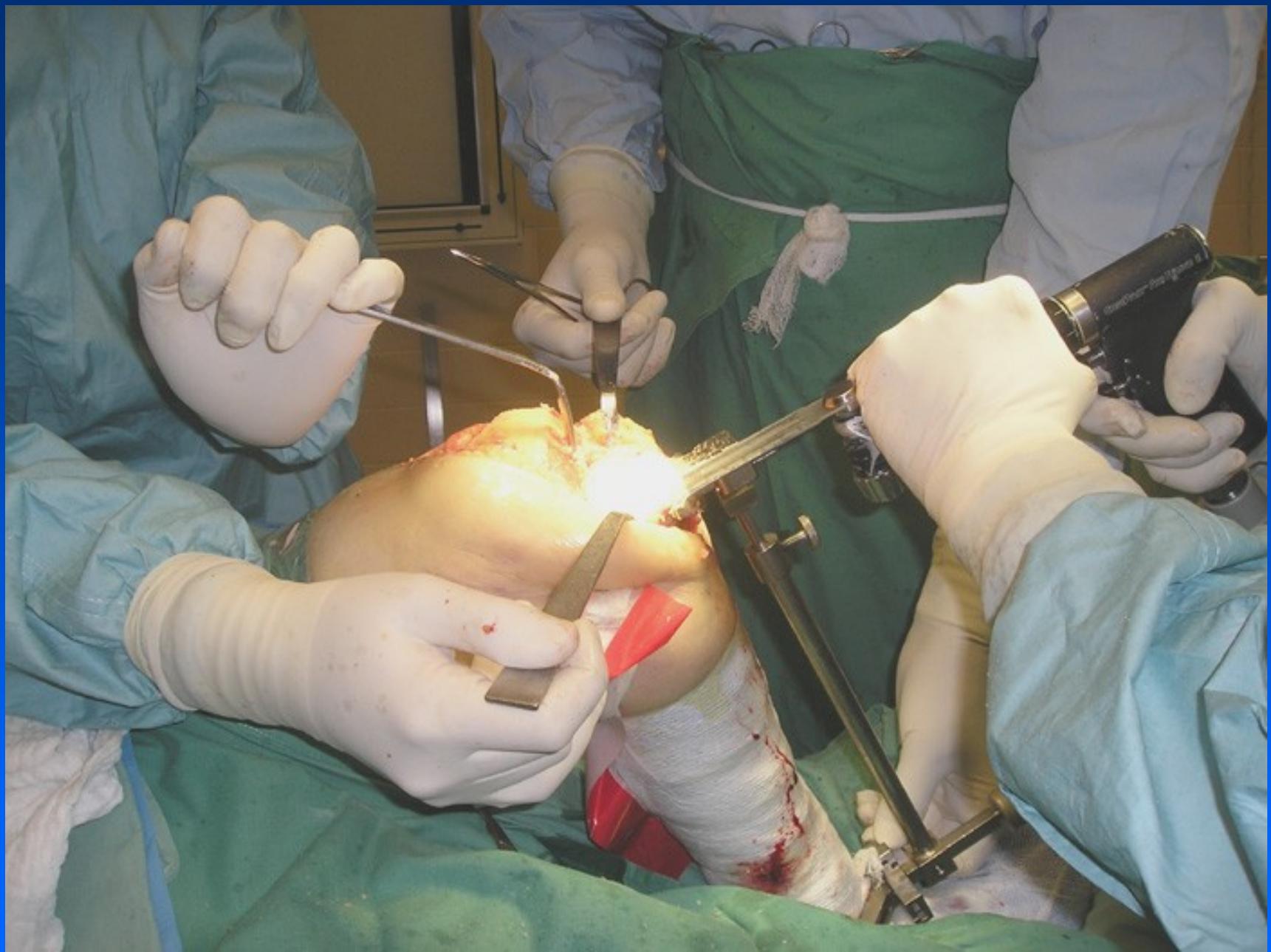
# X ray in standing position



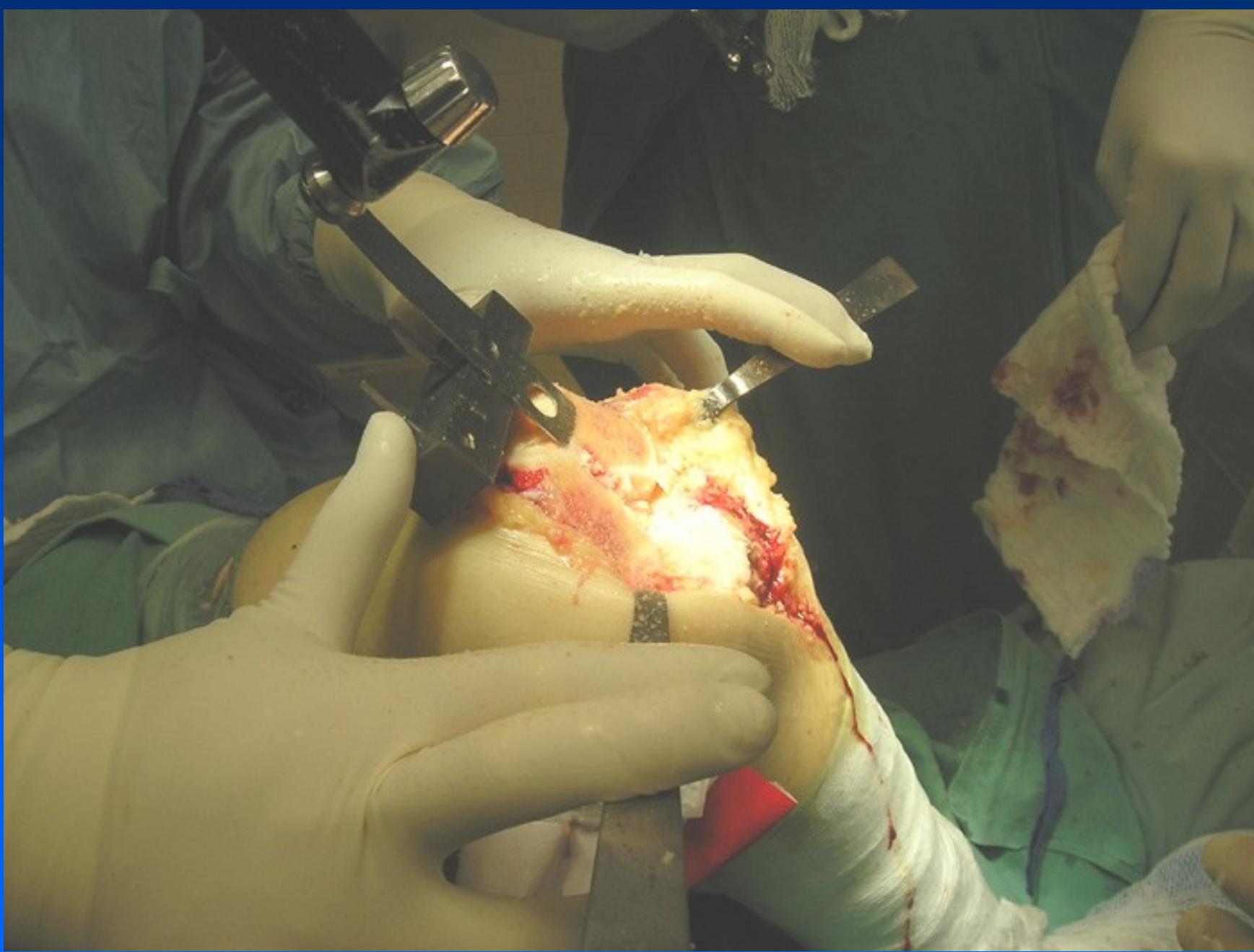


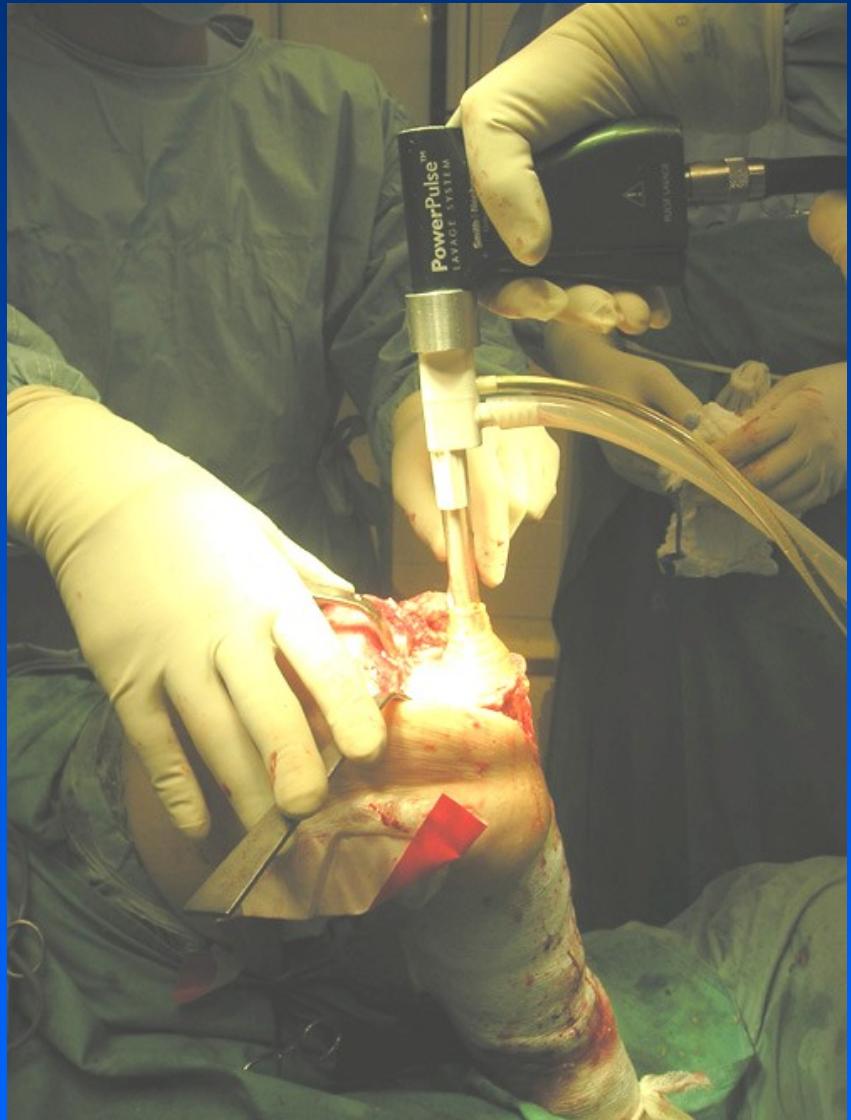
**Resection levels**





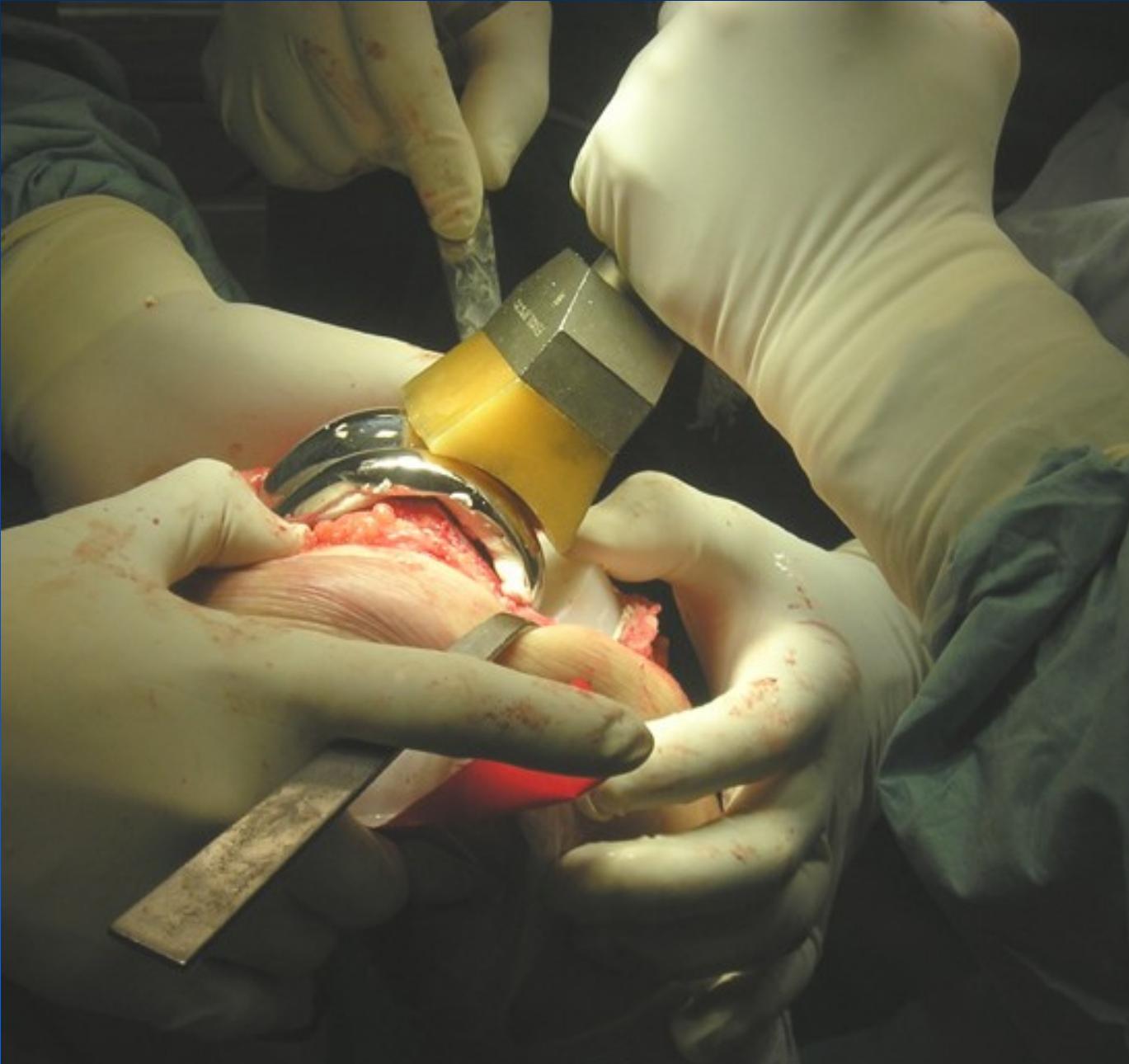


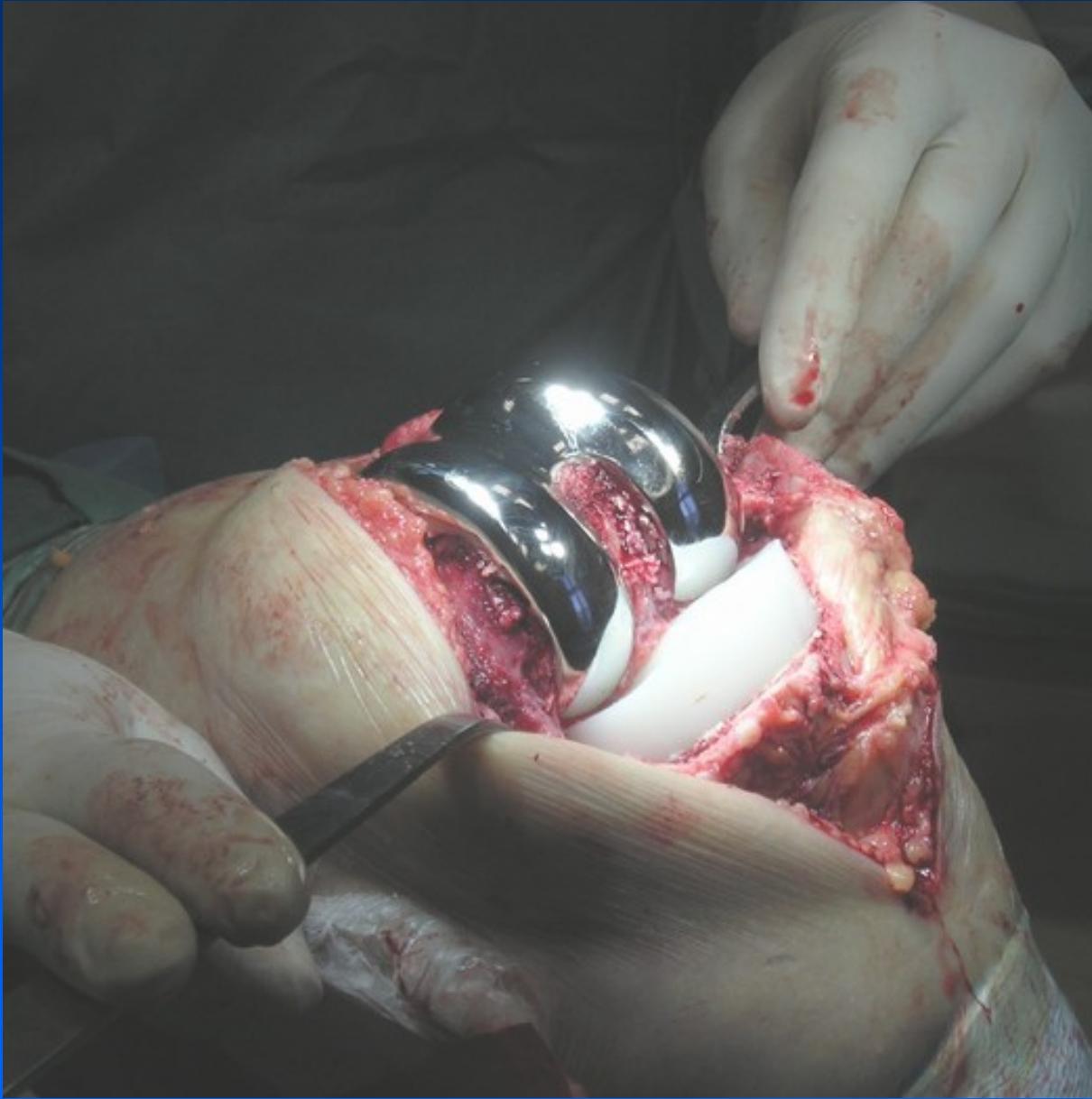








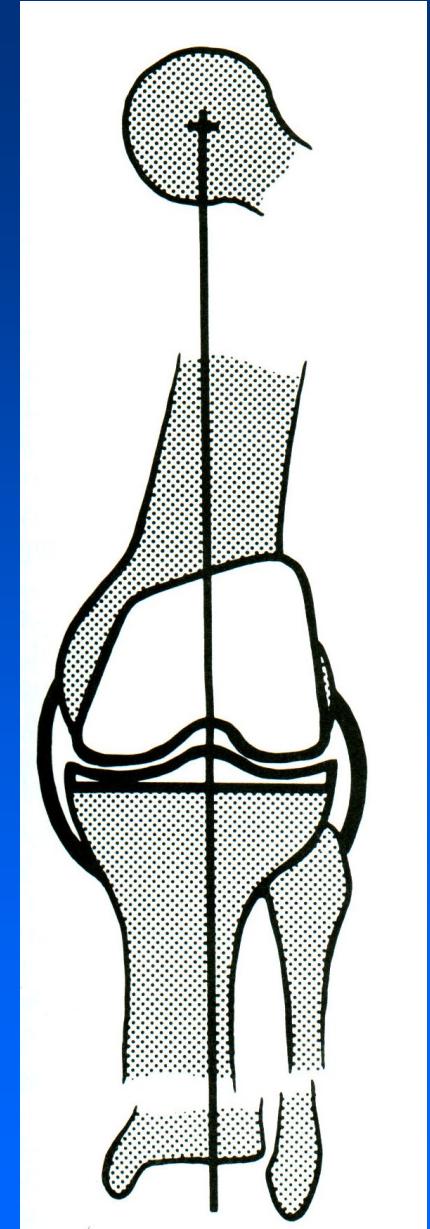




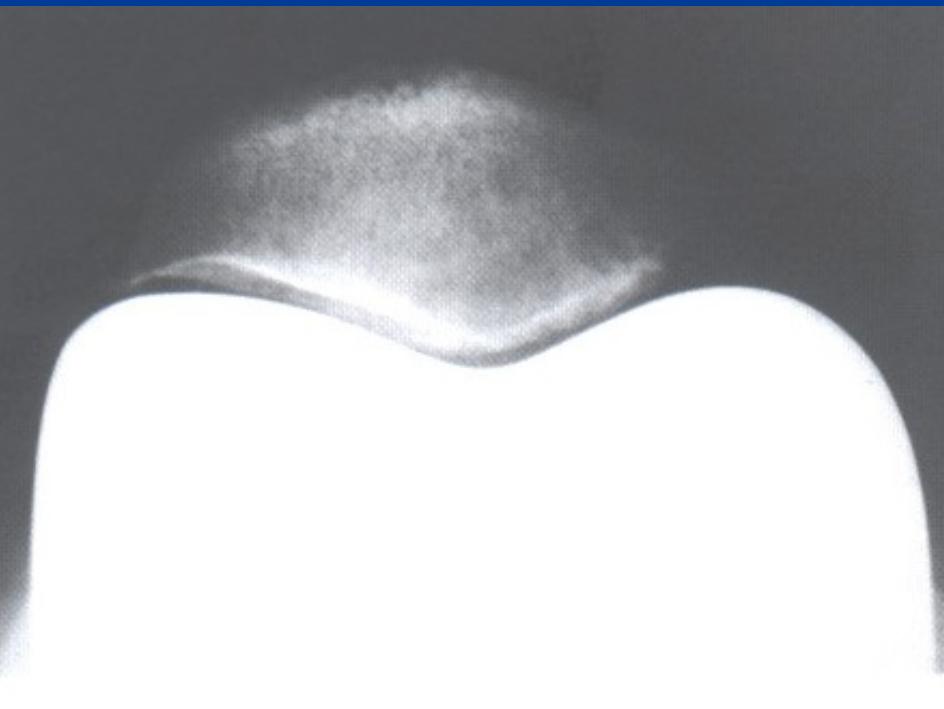


# Principles

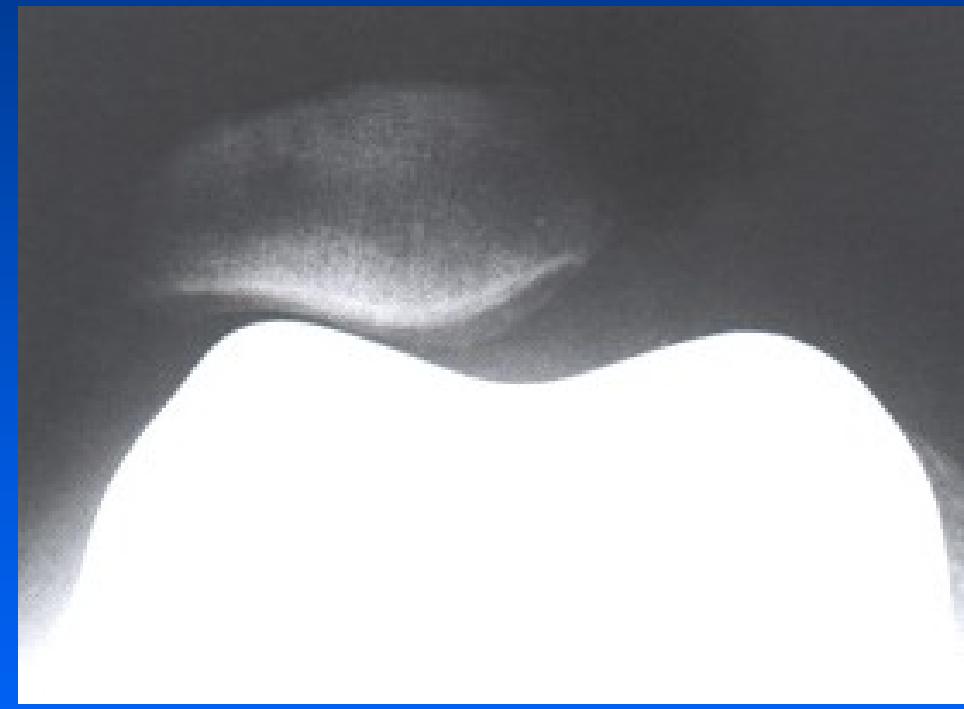
- Correct tension of soft tissues
- Correct alignment 5 -7° valgus
- Correct joint level



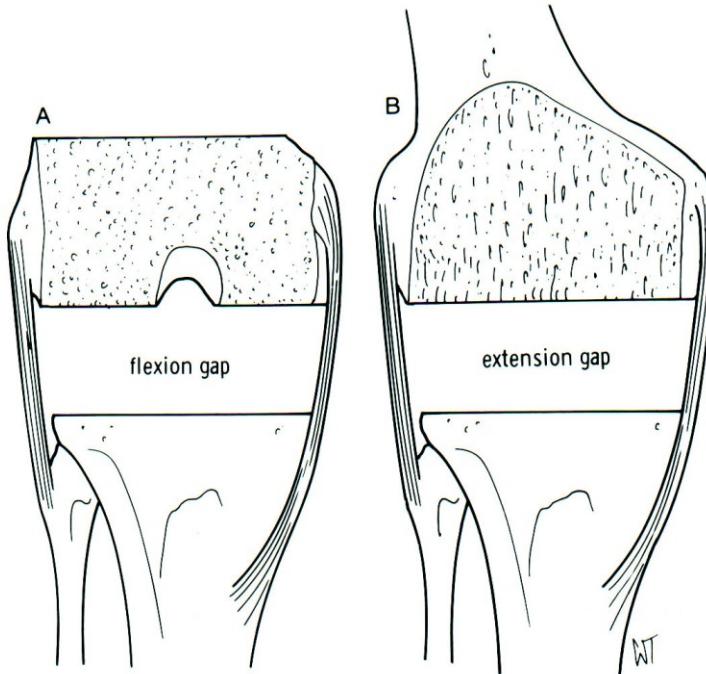
# Patellar tracking



Correct



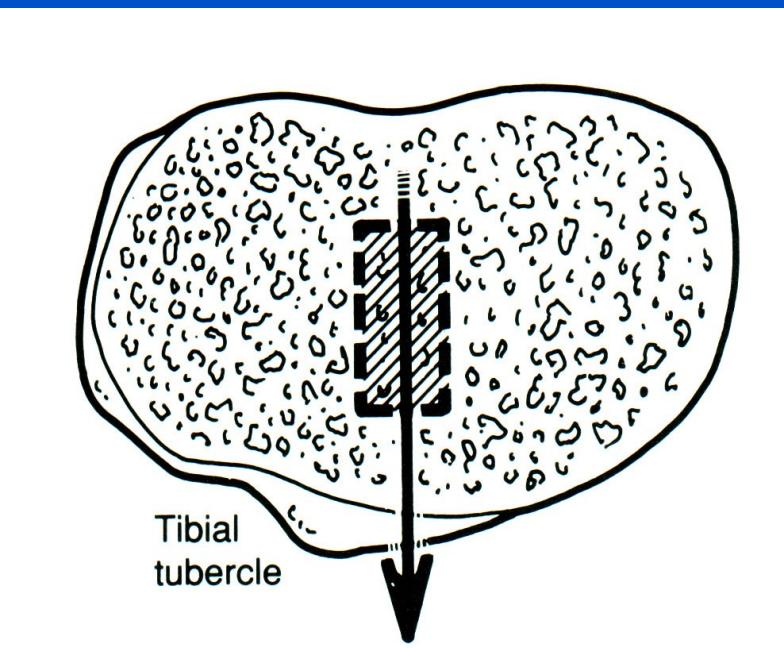
Incorrect



Flection gap

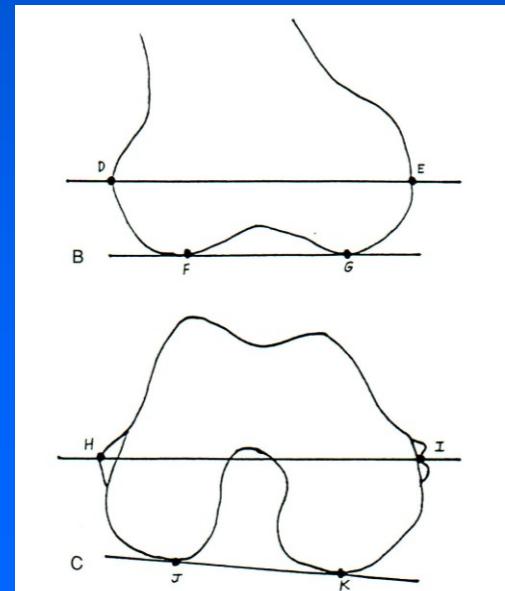
Extension gap

External rotation  
of tibial component



# Femoral component

- On anterior cortex
- Parallel with transepicondylar line
- External rotation 3



# Modern trends

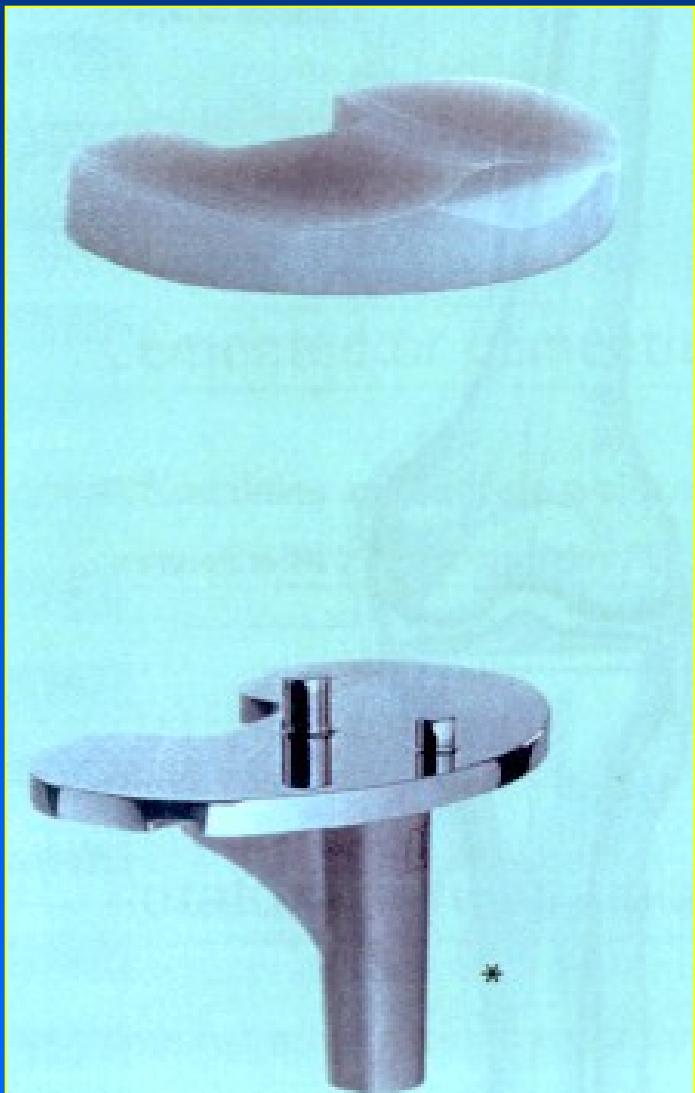
PC navigation

Minimally invasive surgery

Rotating plateau

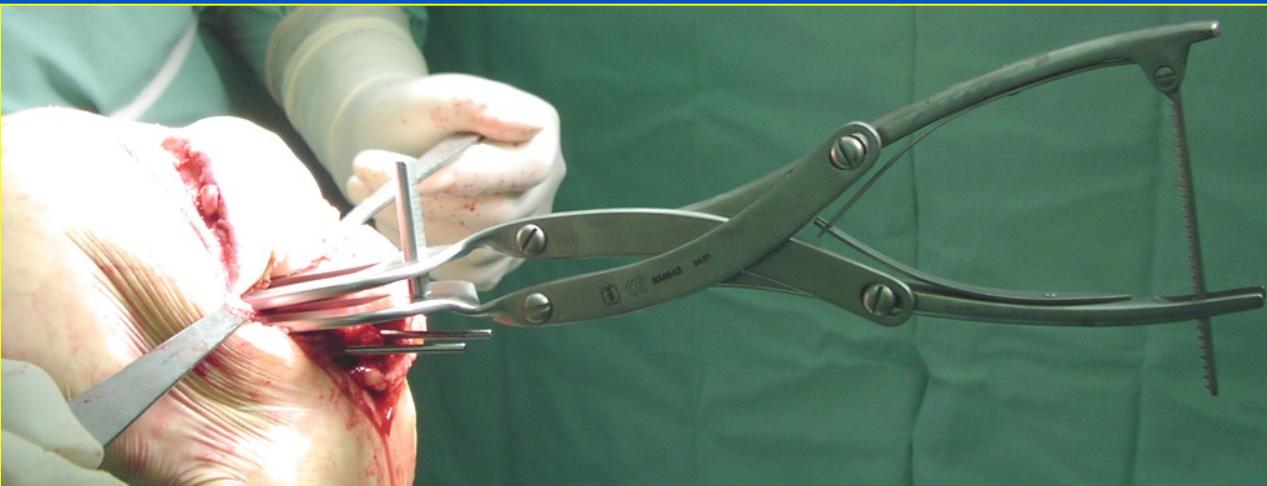


# TKA Search Evolution - rotating plateau



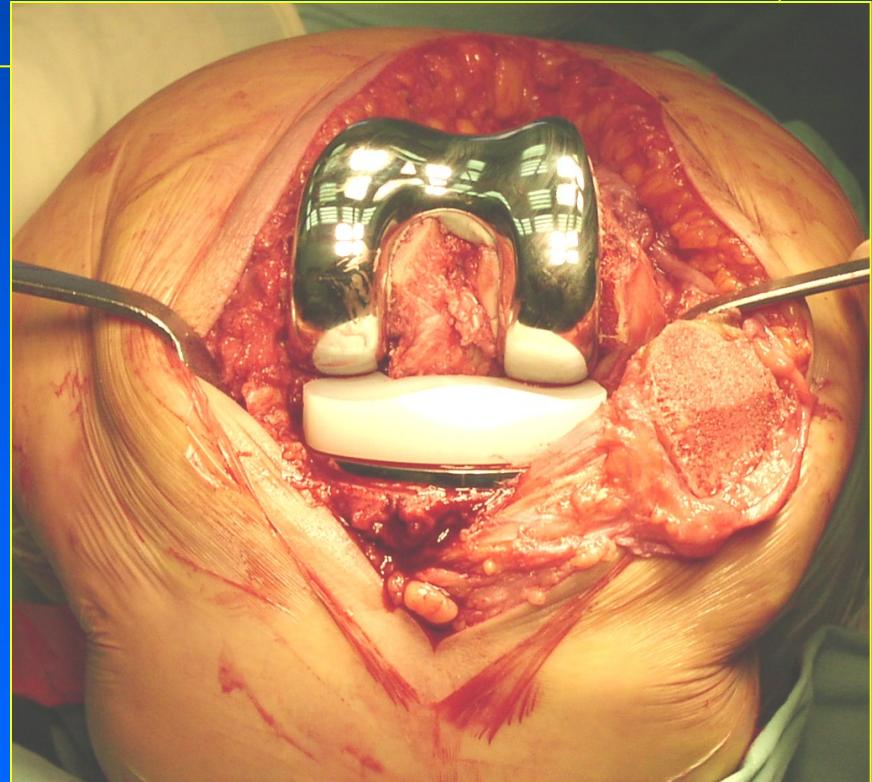
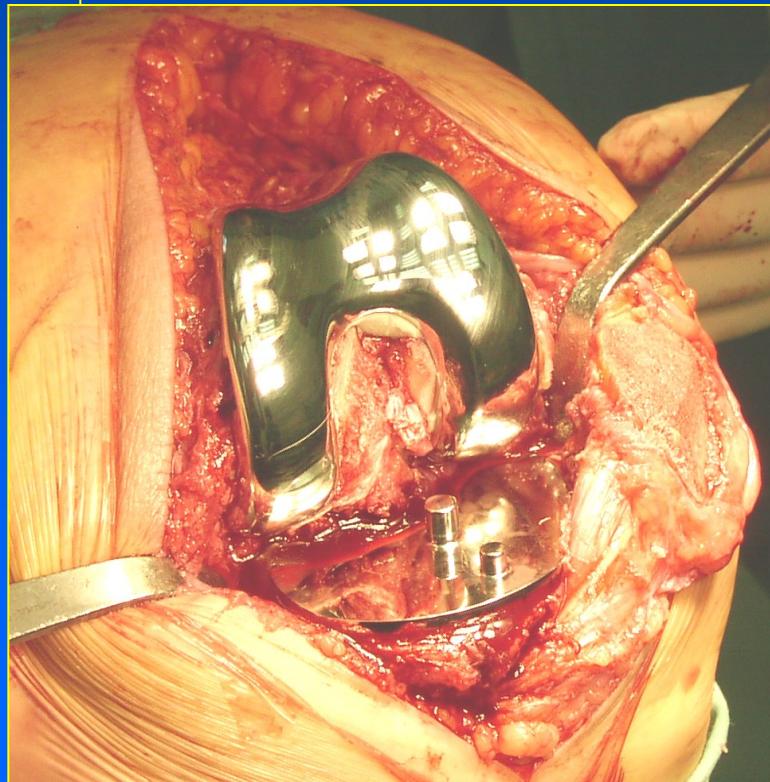
# Implantation

- Flexion and extension gap



# Implantation

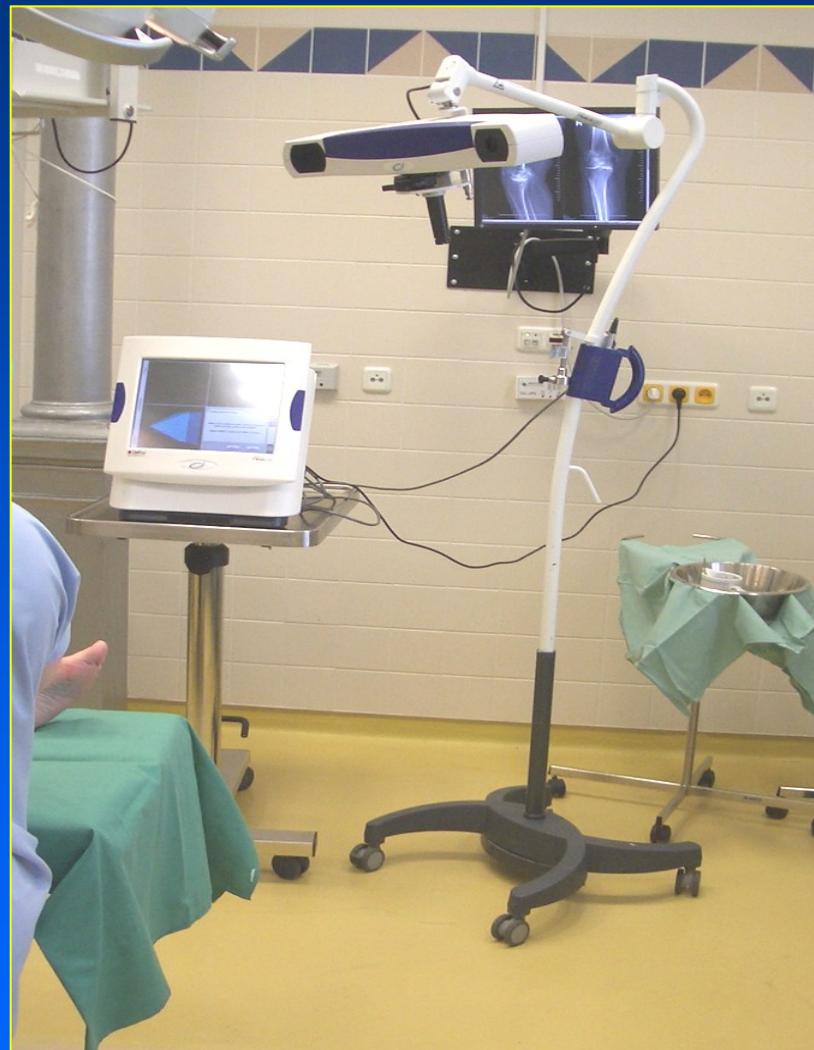
balancing of soft tissue



# PC navigation



# CI

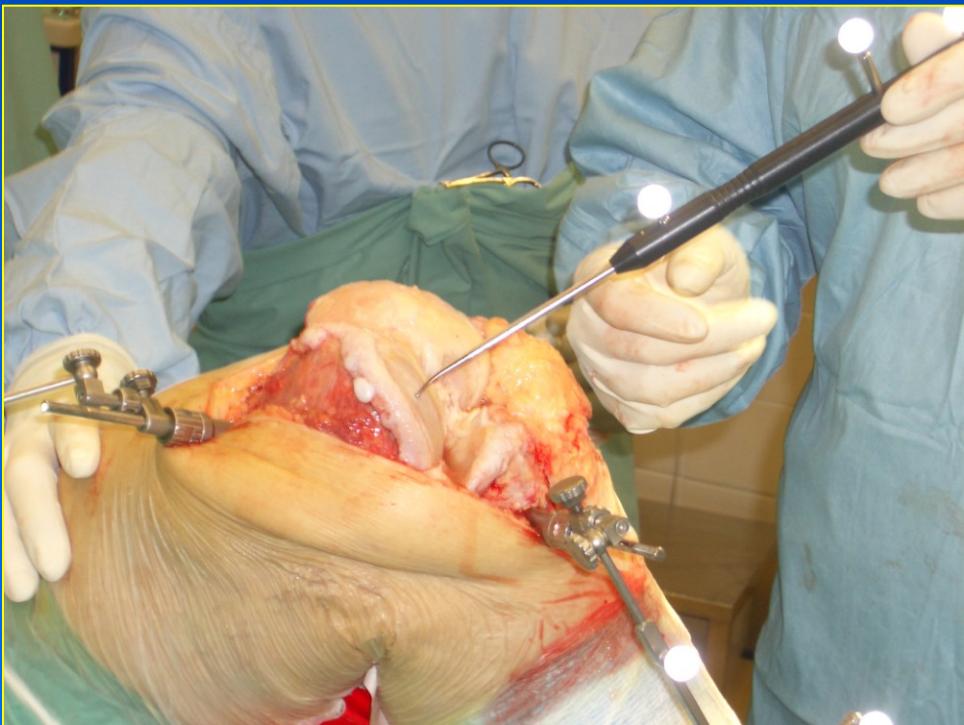
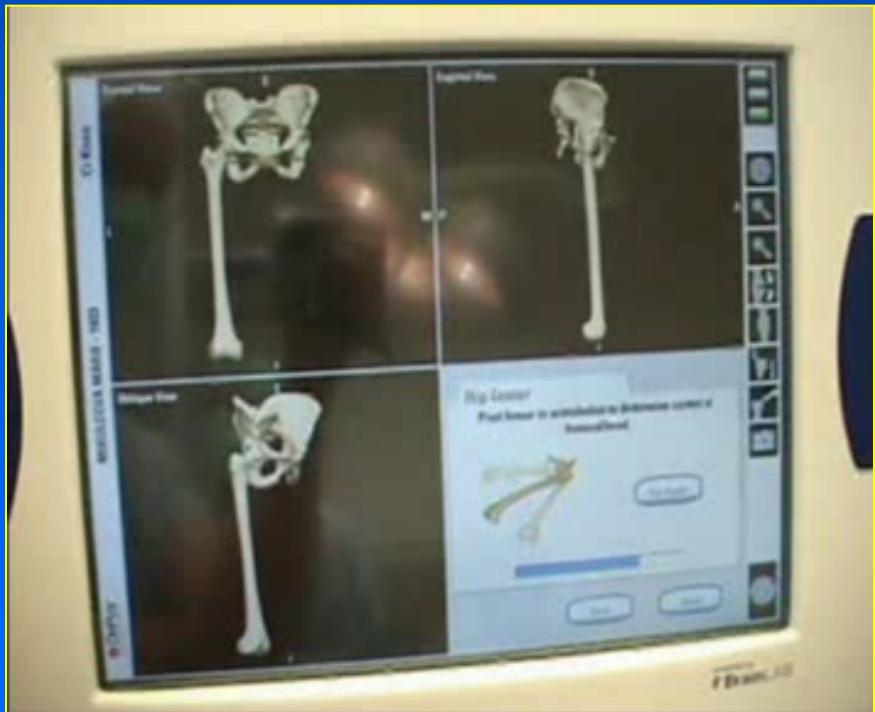
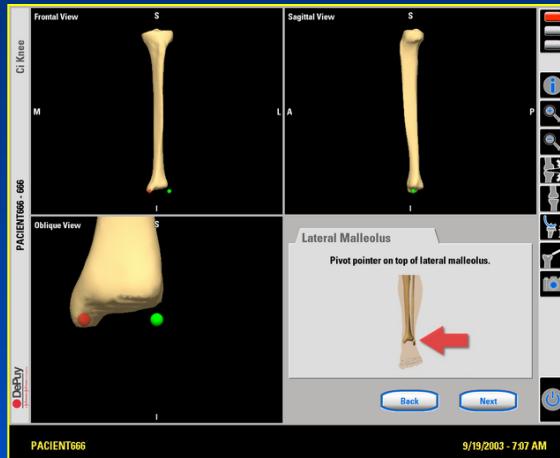


# CI navigation

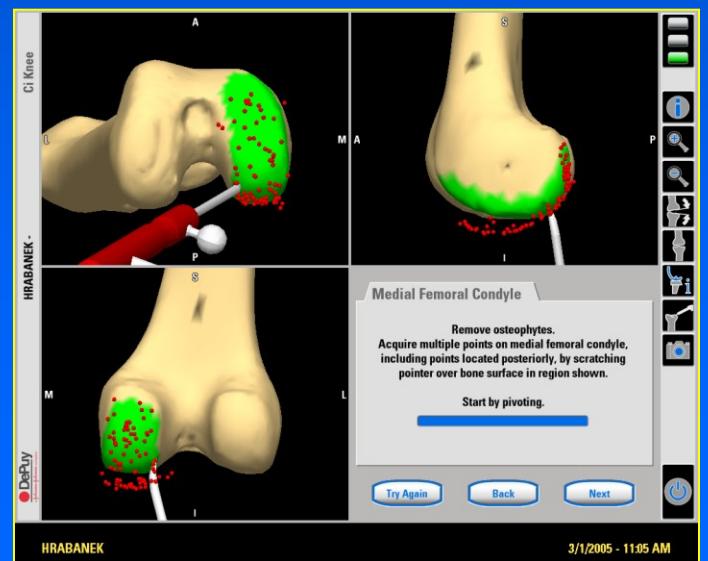
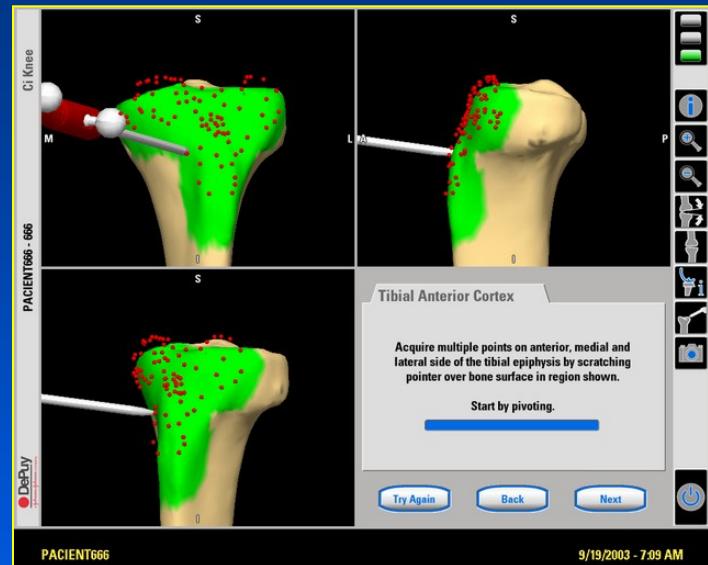


# Pointer

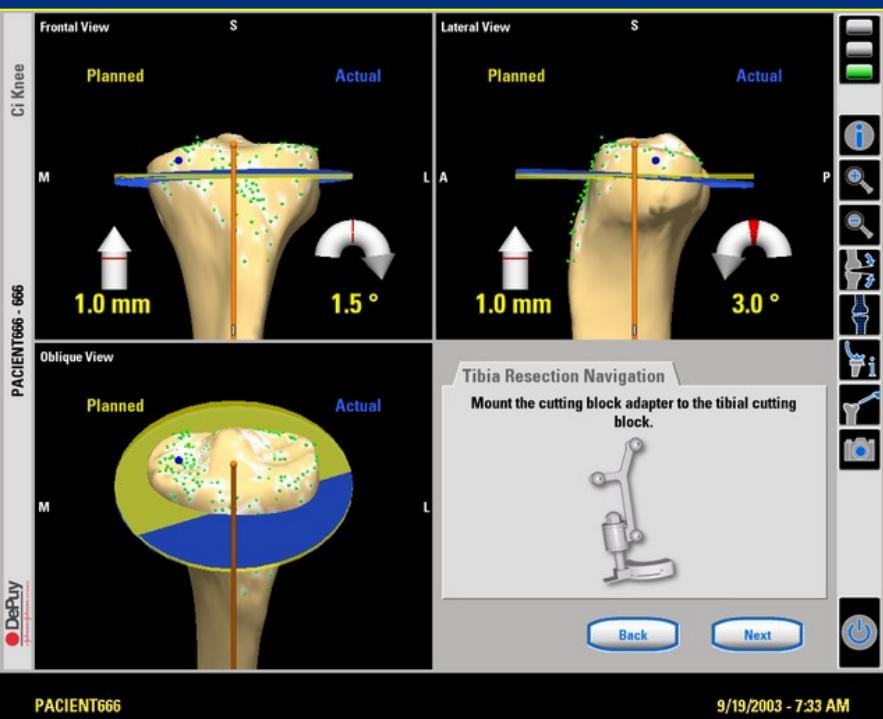
- Centre of the hip
- Centre of the ankle
- Centre of the knee



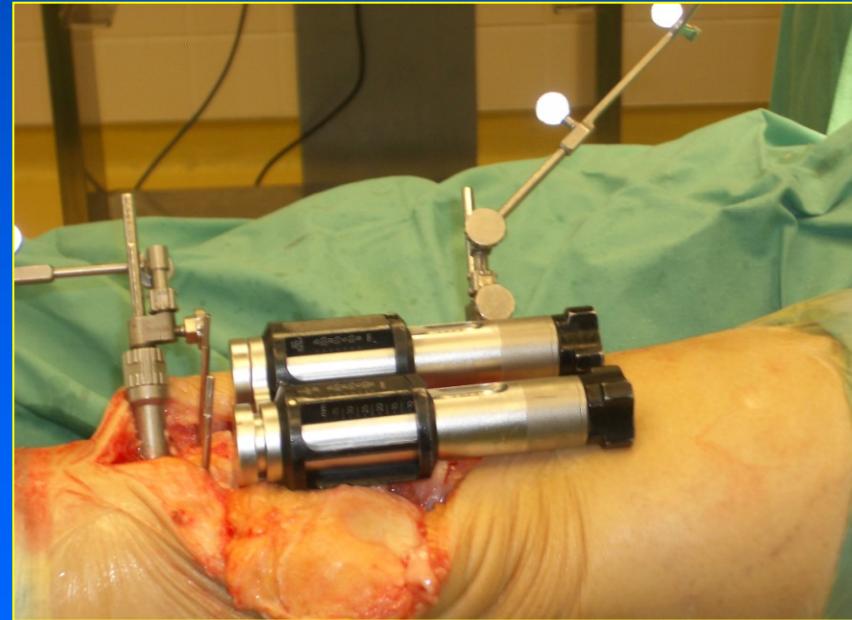
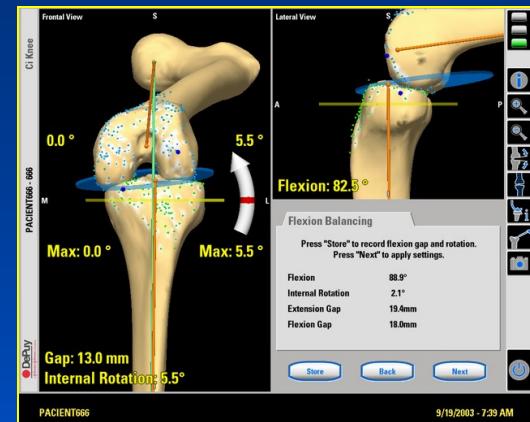
# Multiple points



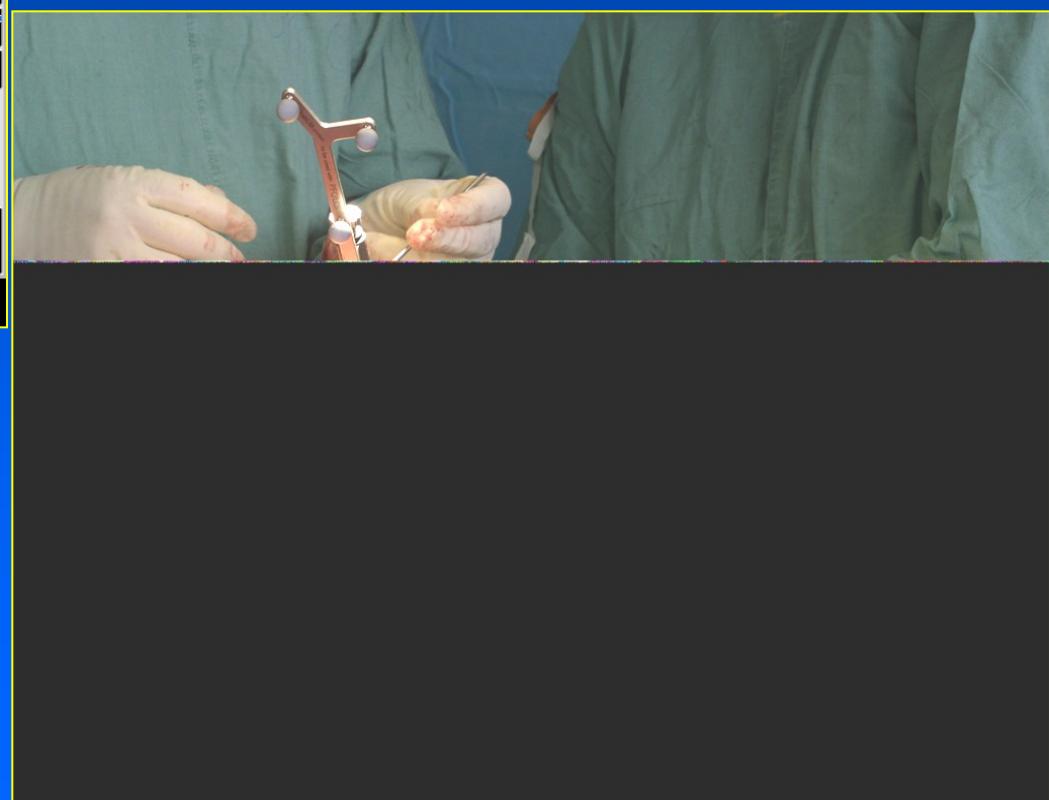
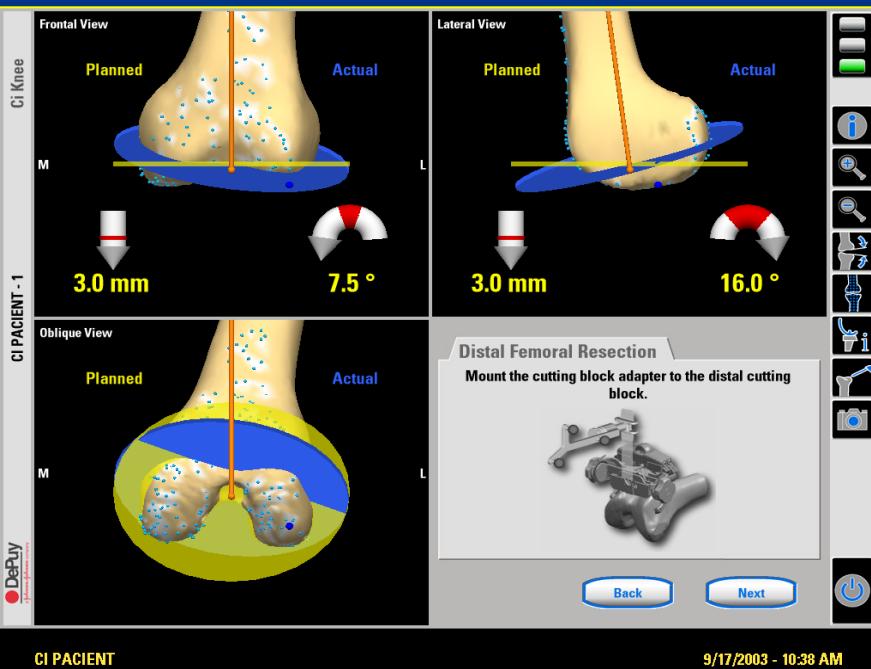
# Tibial resection



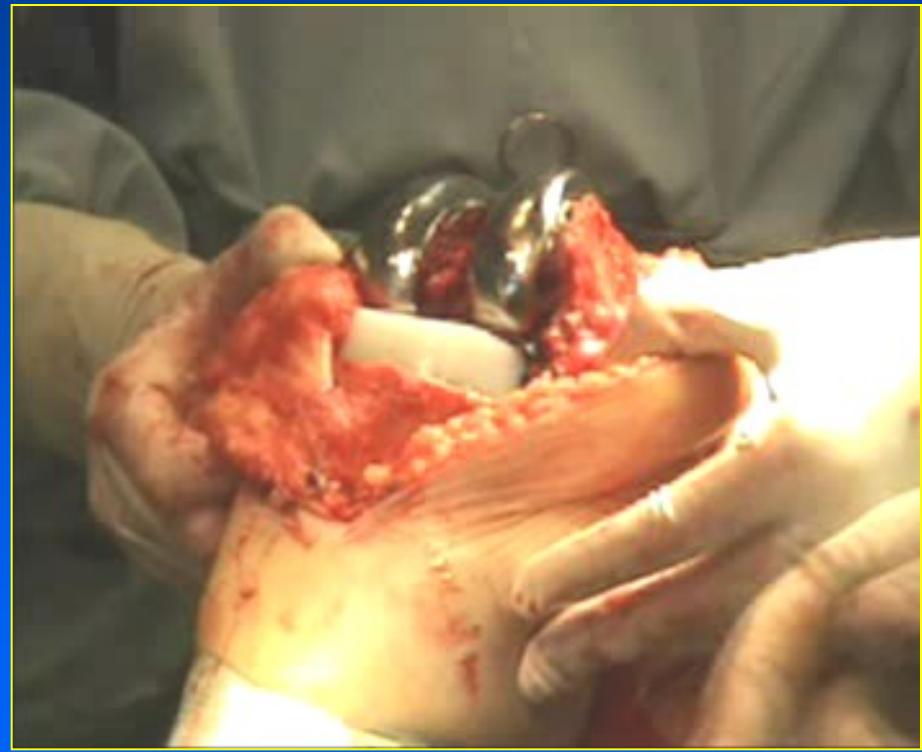
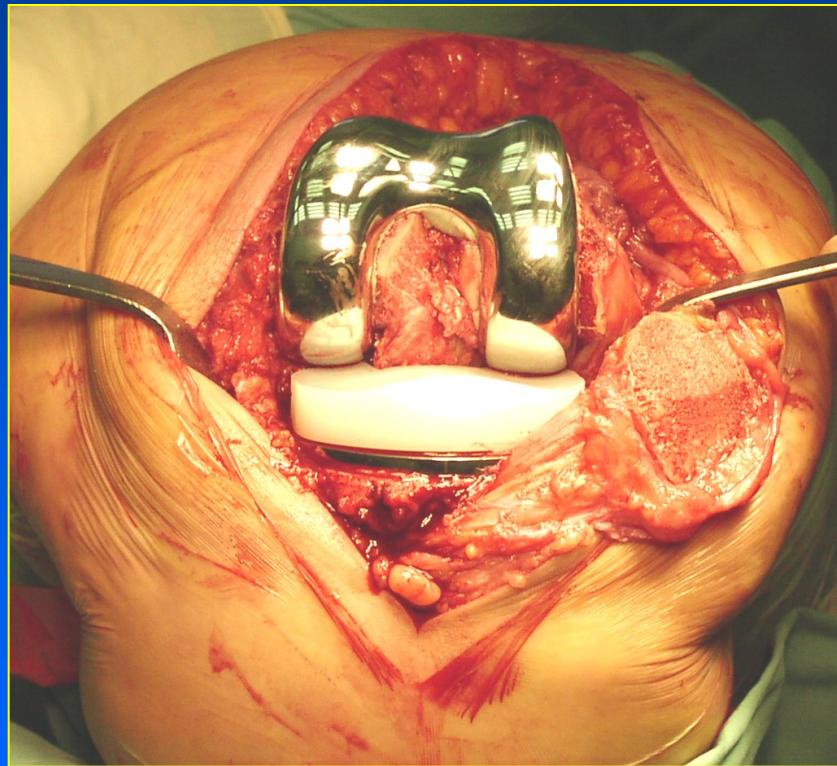
# Balancing of soft tissues



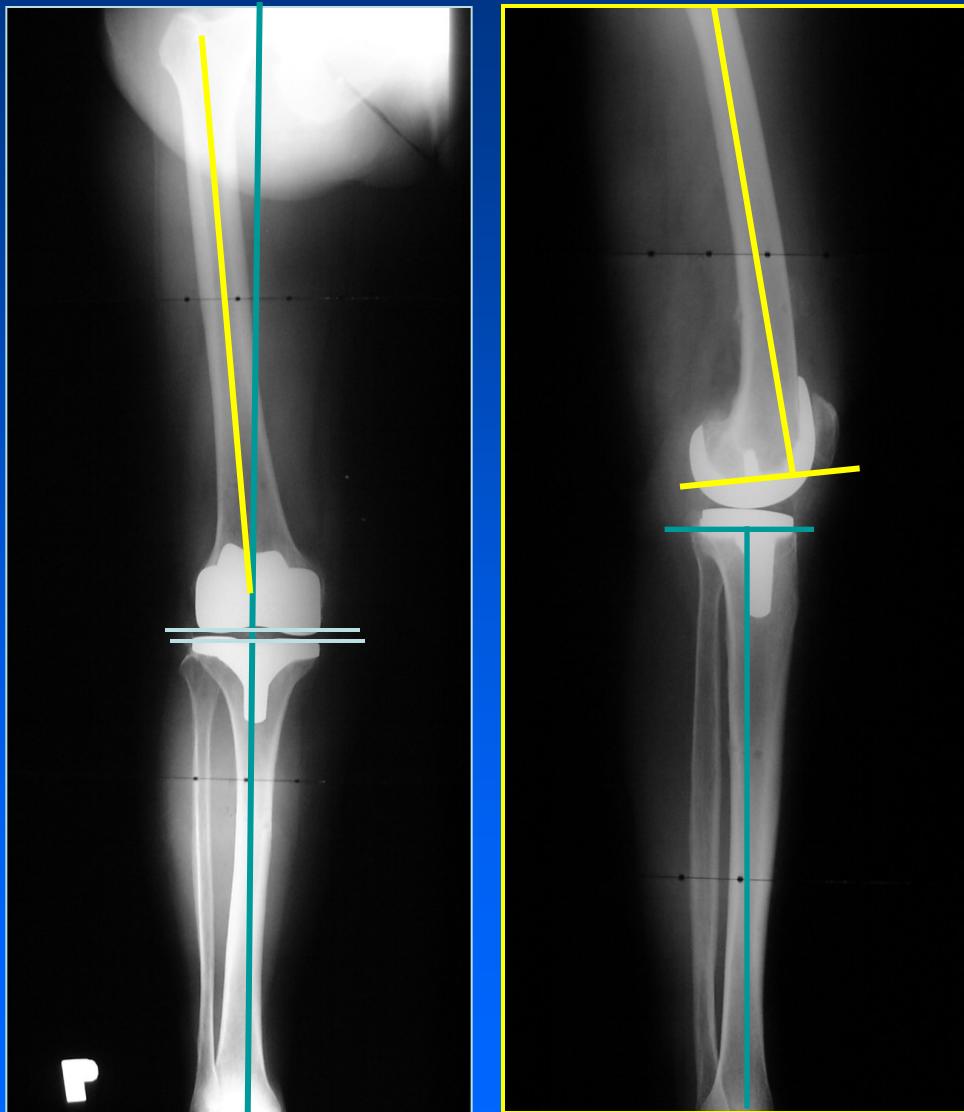
# Resection of the femur



# Implantation



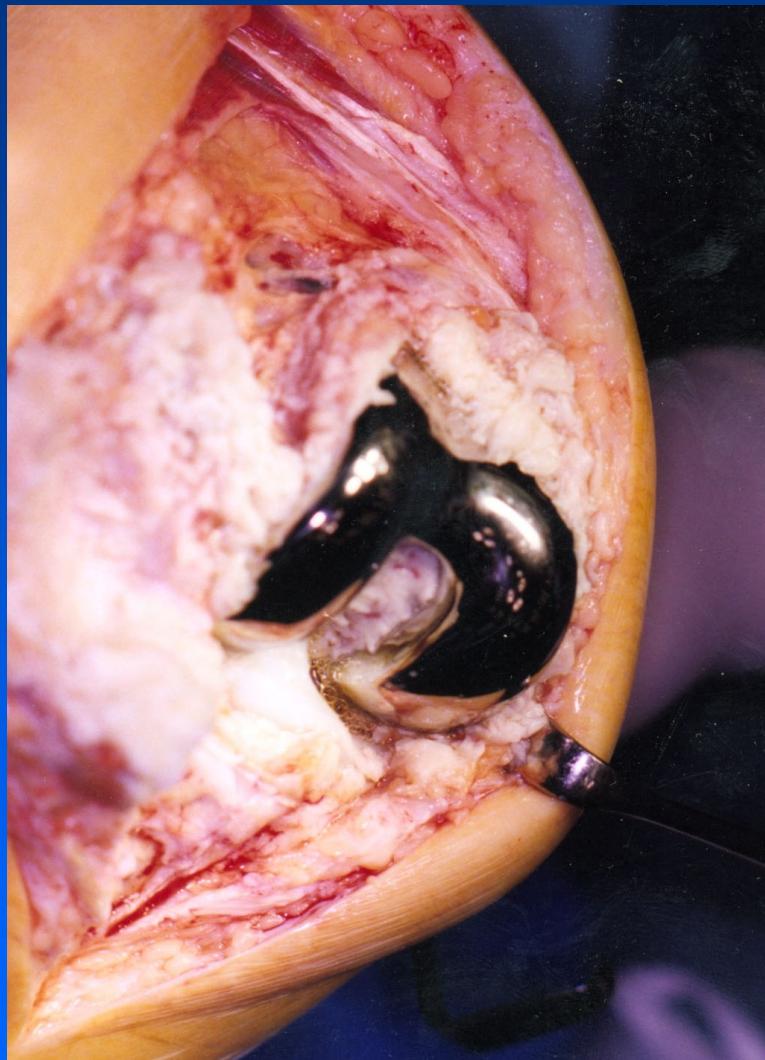
# Alignment of the knee

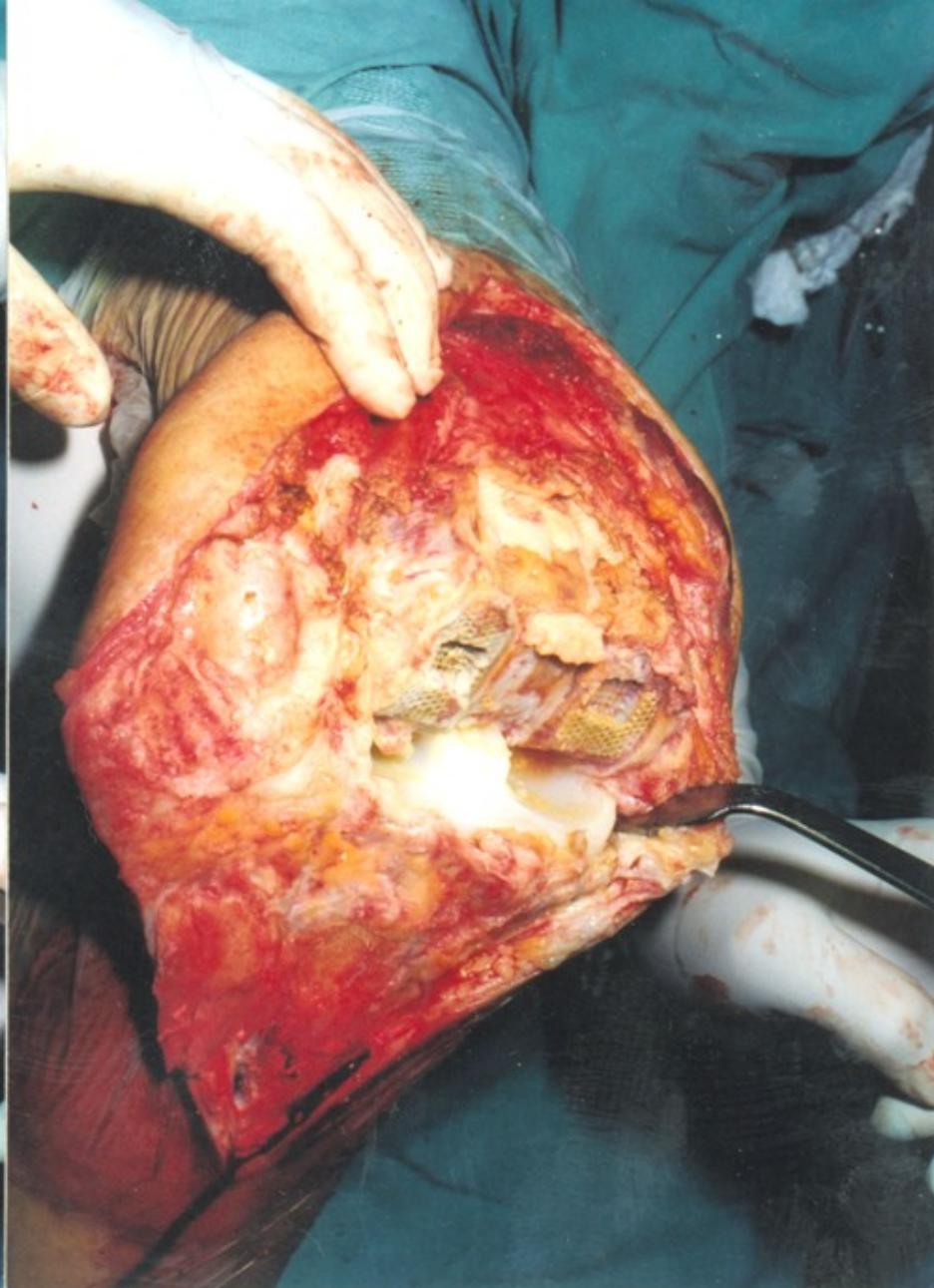
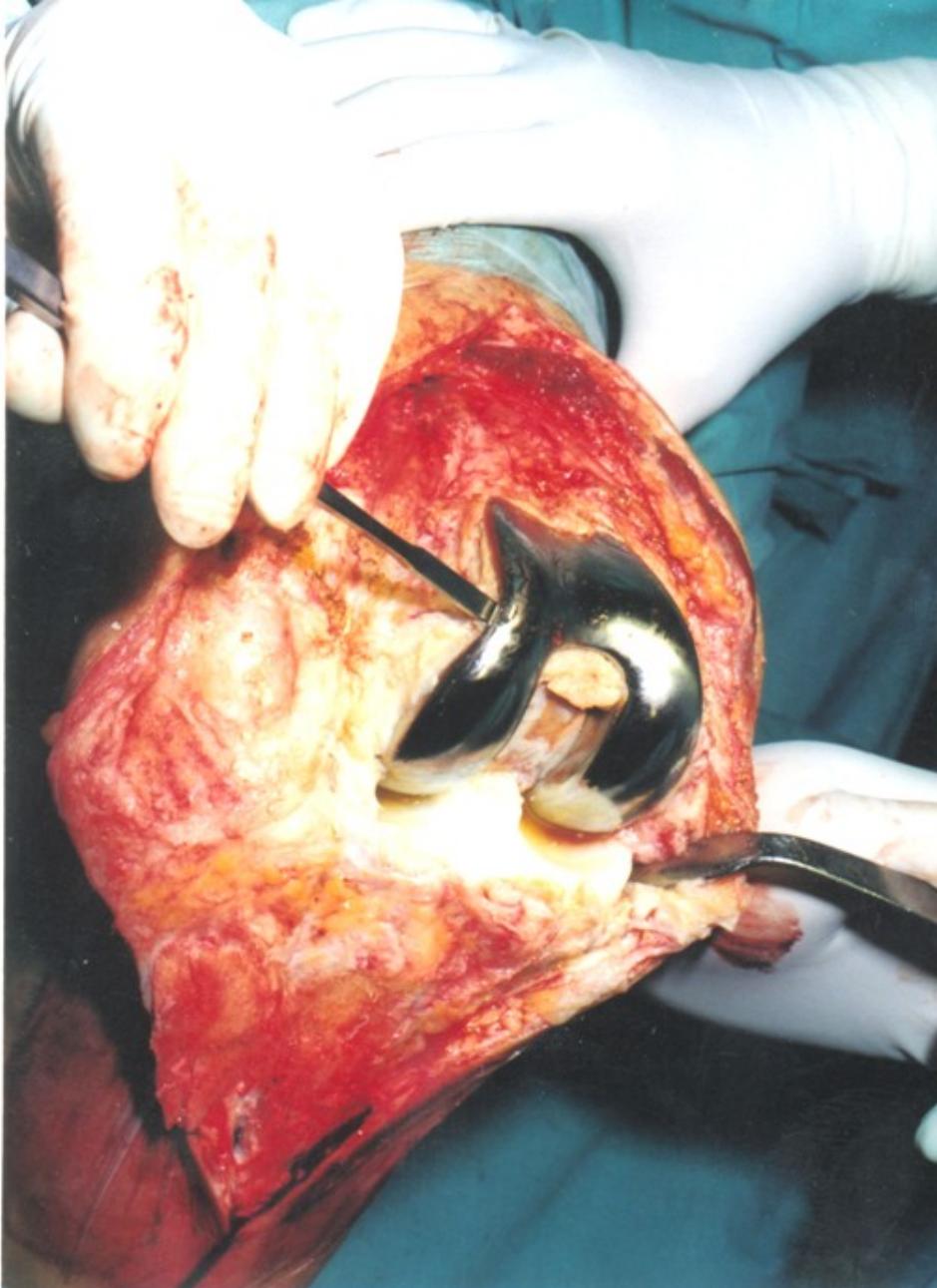


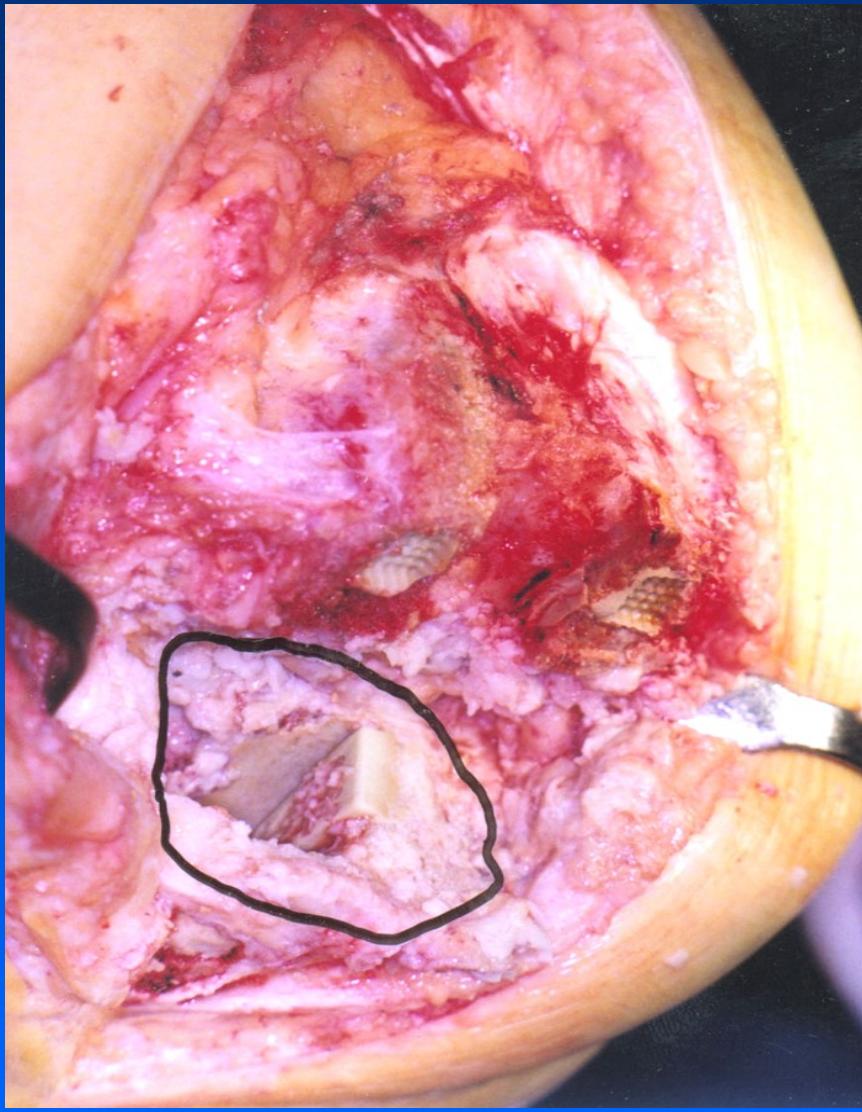
# Complications - local

- Perioperative: nerve lesions, vessel lesions, bleeding
- Postoperative: hematoma, wound problem, early infection
- Late: PE wear, osteolysis, aseptic loosening  
instability, limited joint movement  
patellar pain  
periprosthetic fracture, dislocation  
infection

# Aseptic loosening







# Prevention of aseptic loosening

- Correct technique
- Quality of PE
- Correct alignment
- Soft tissue balancing
- Pulsatile lavage
- Regular follow - up



# Prevention of the infection

Preop. examination

Asepsis in operating theatre

Perioperative antibiotics

Correct technique

Cement with antibiotics





Klinikum Neustadt



Septic loosening

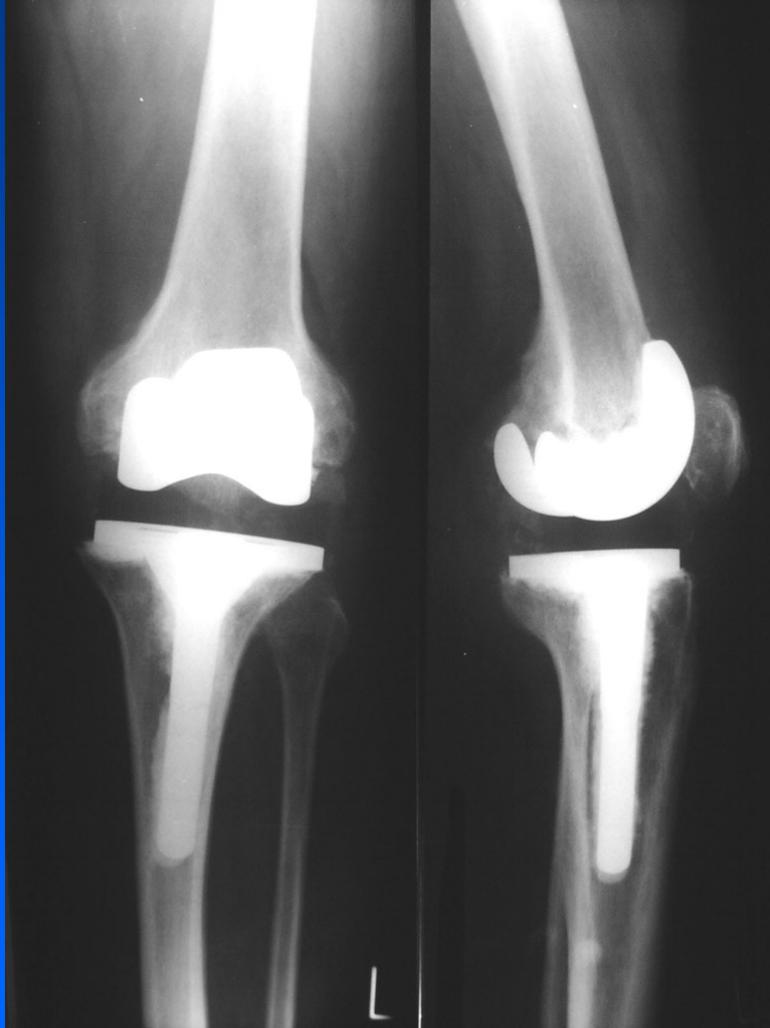


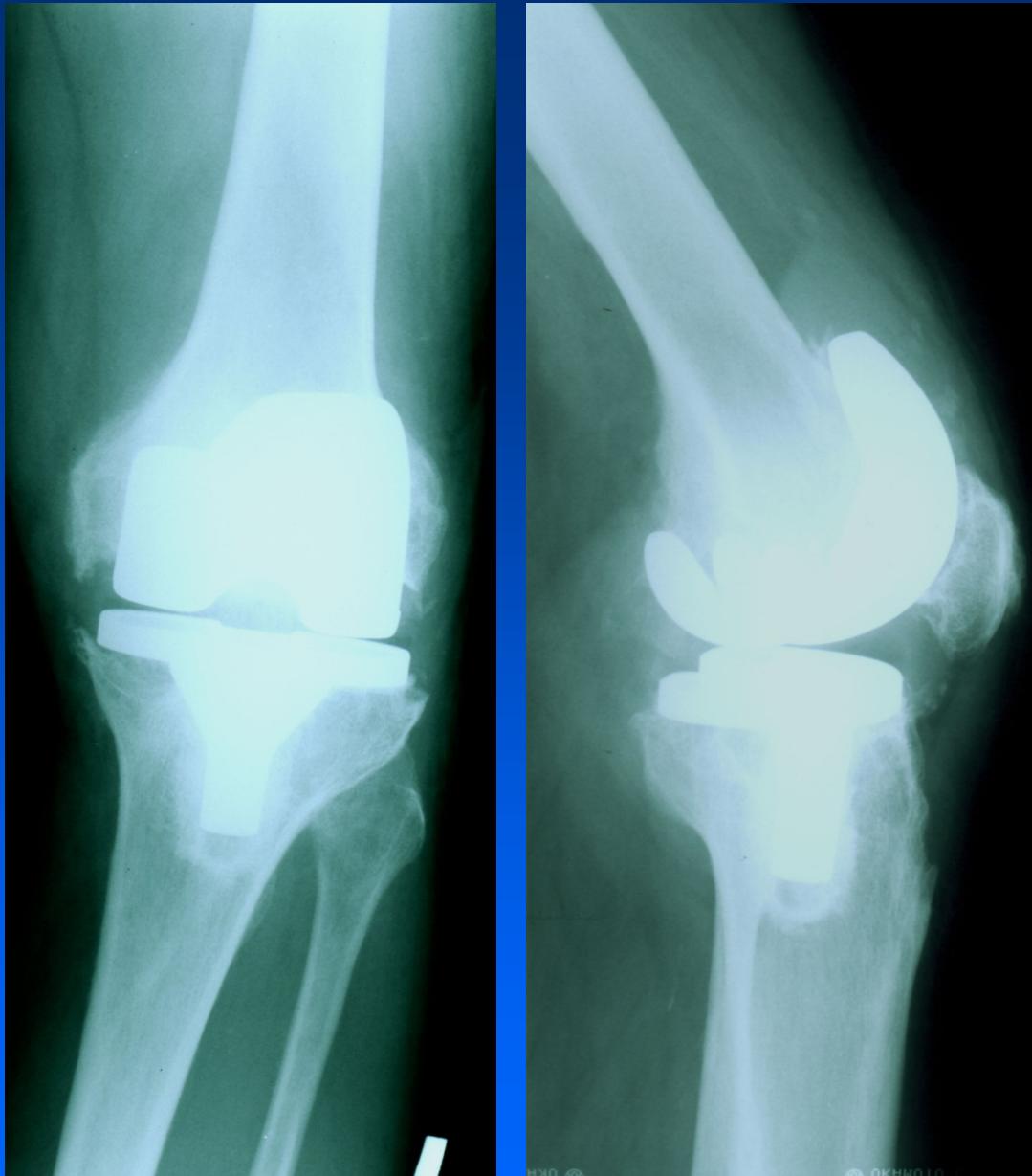
Cement spacer



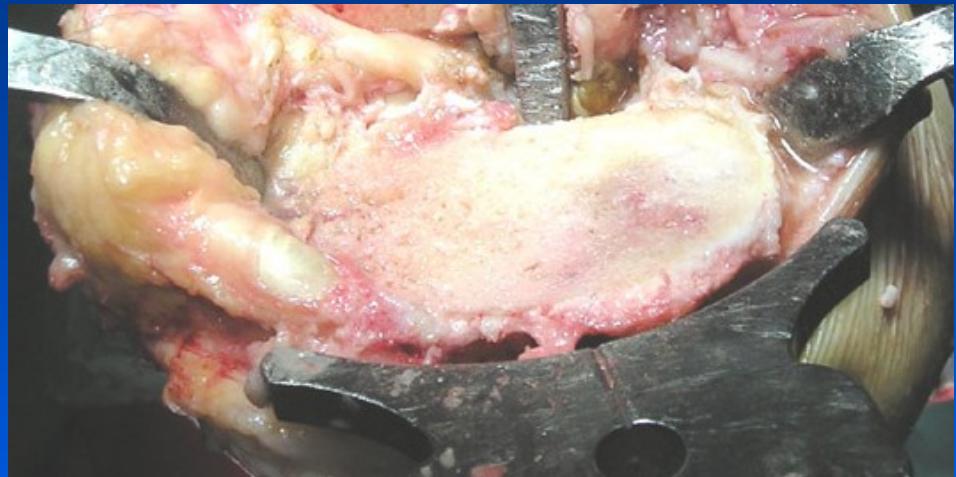
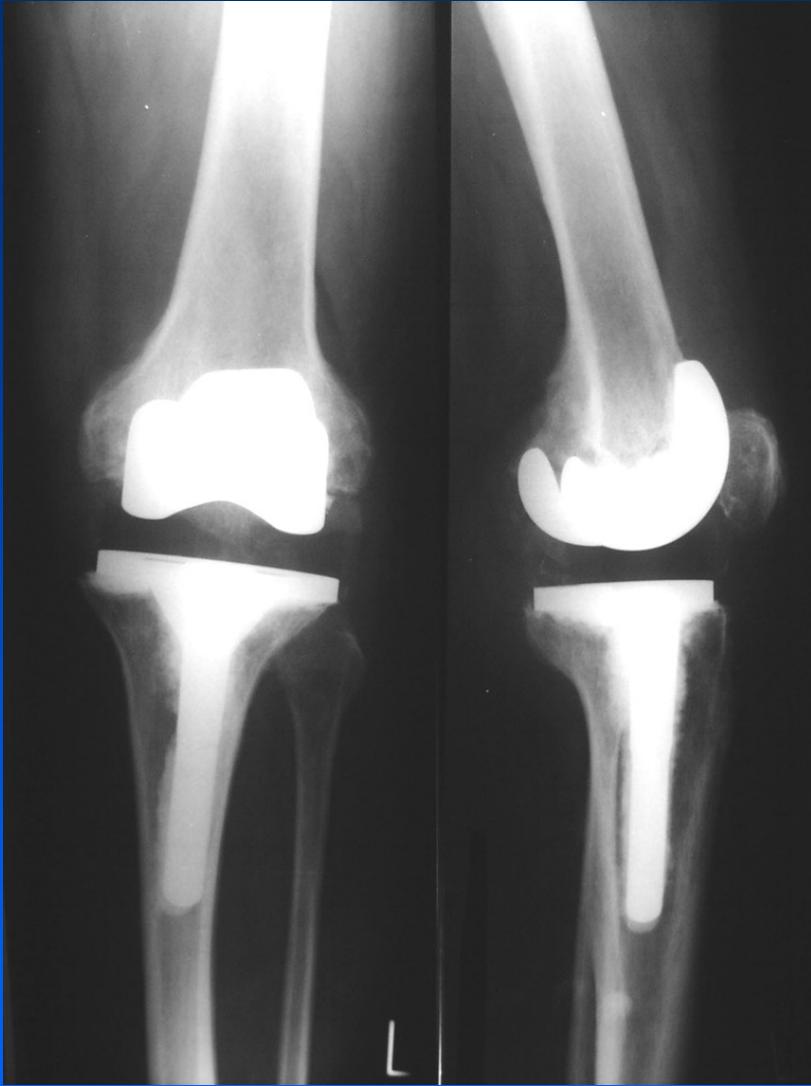
Revision TKA

# Revision TKA



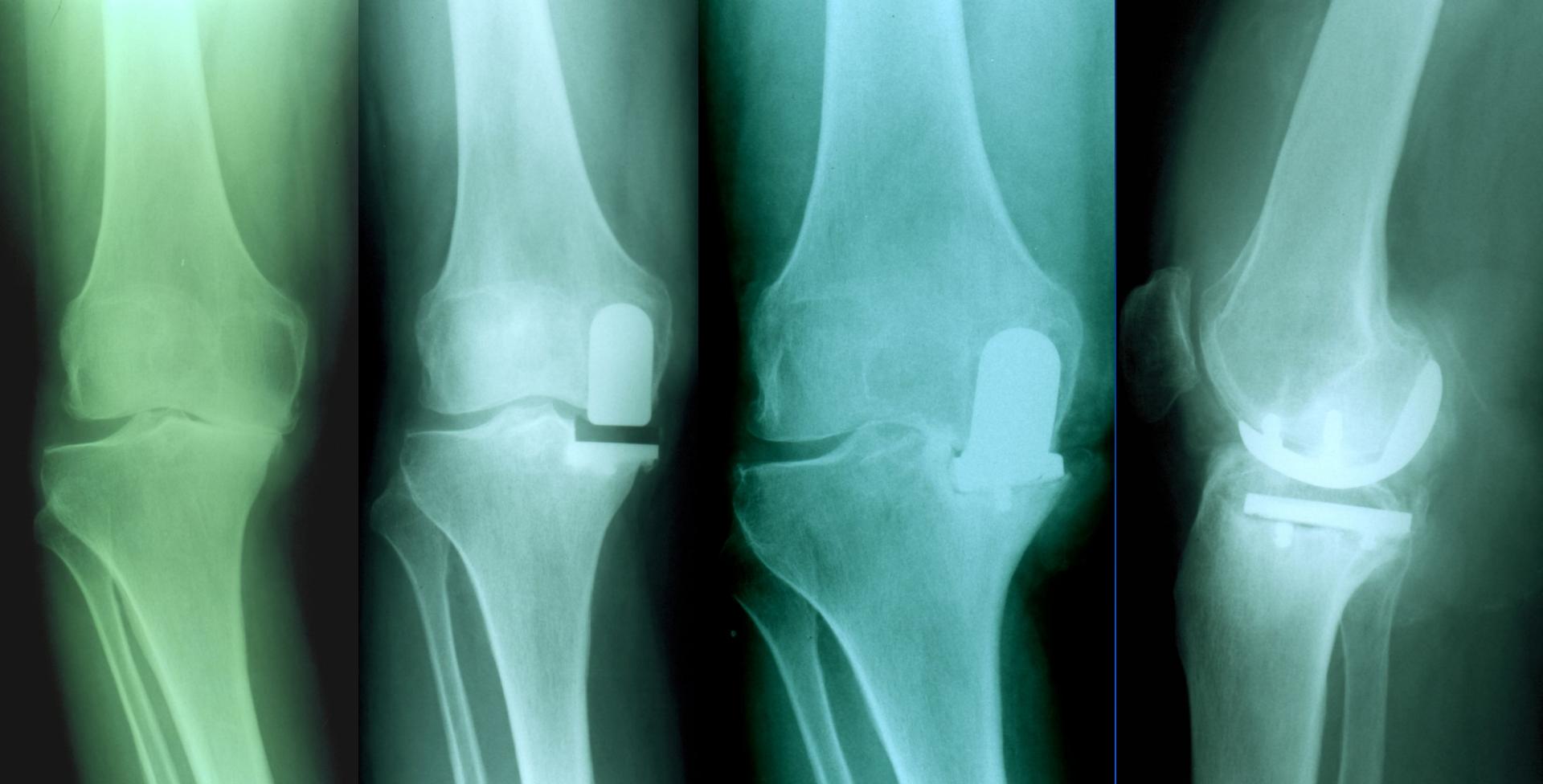


M., 62 y., primary TKR 1995



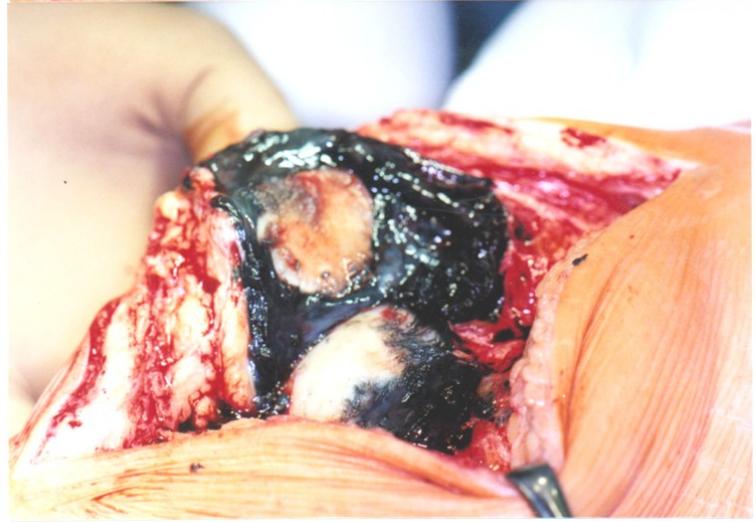
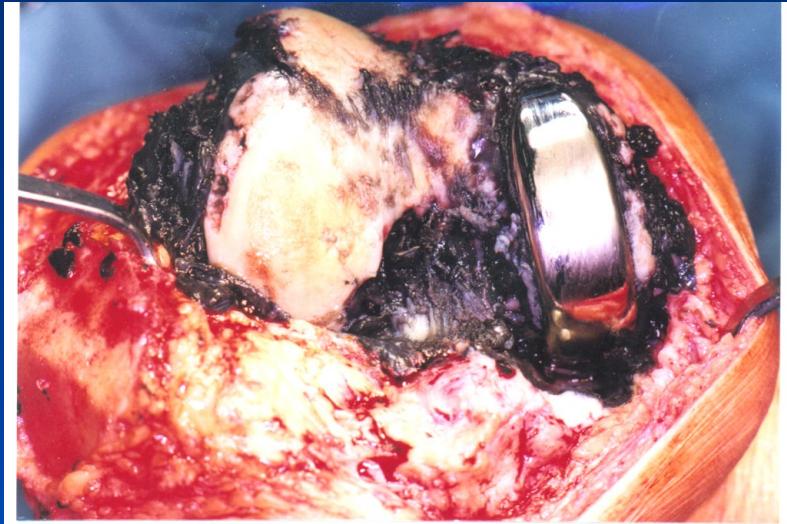
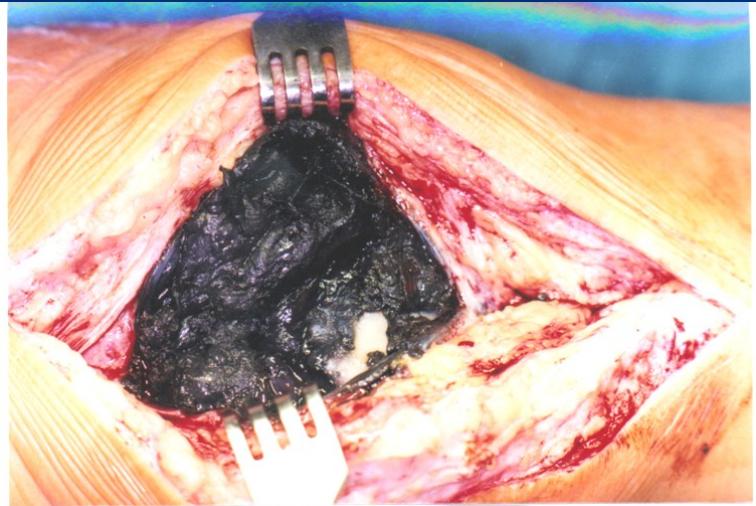
Small resection  
Good metaphyseal bone

Revision with PFC Σ Modular knee system,  
30 (60) mm cemented tibial stem



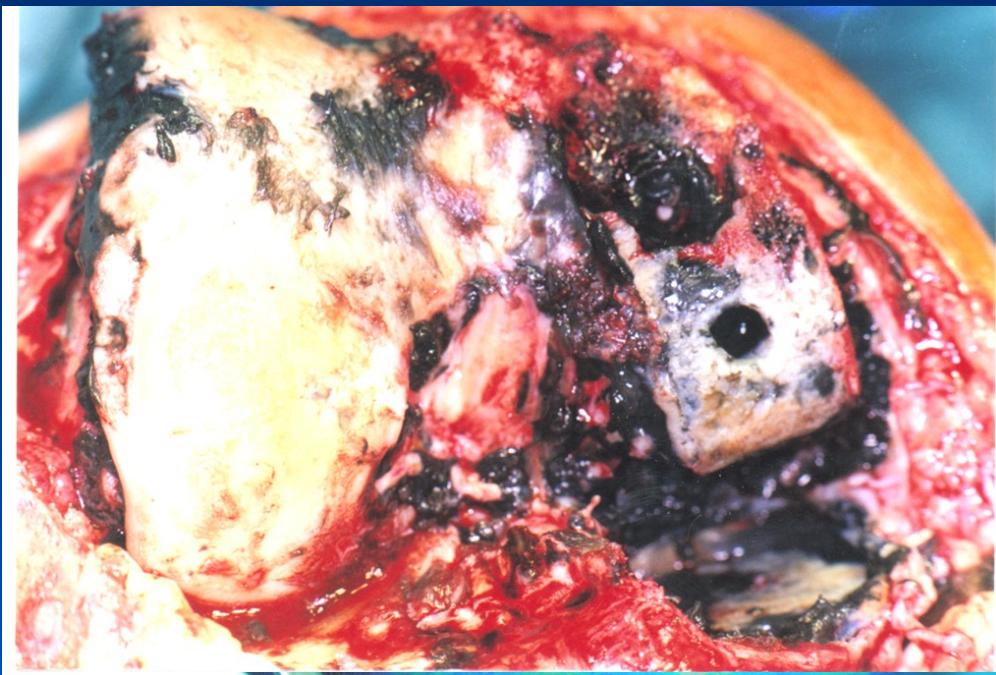
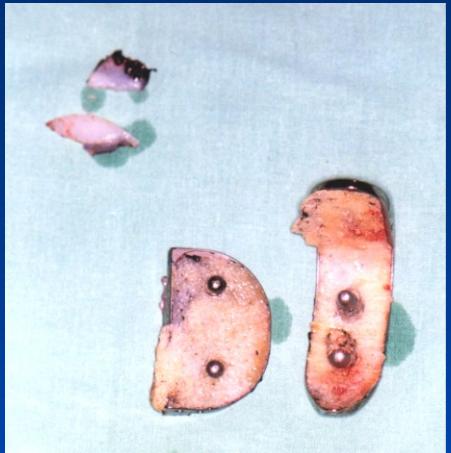
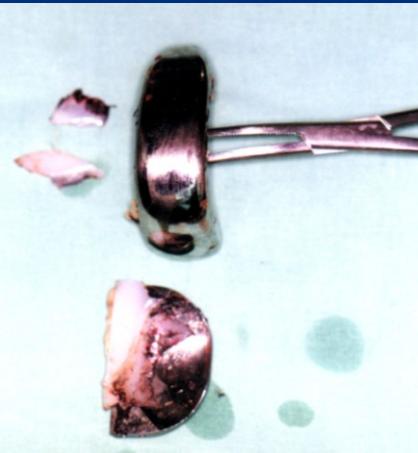
F., 66 y., 1995

2000, aseptic loosening of UNI TKR



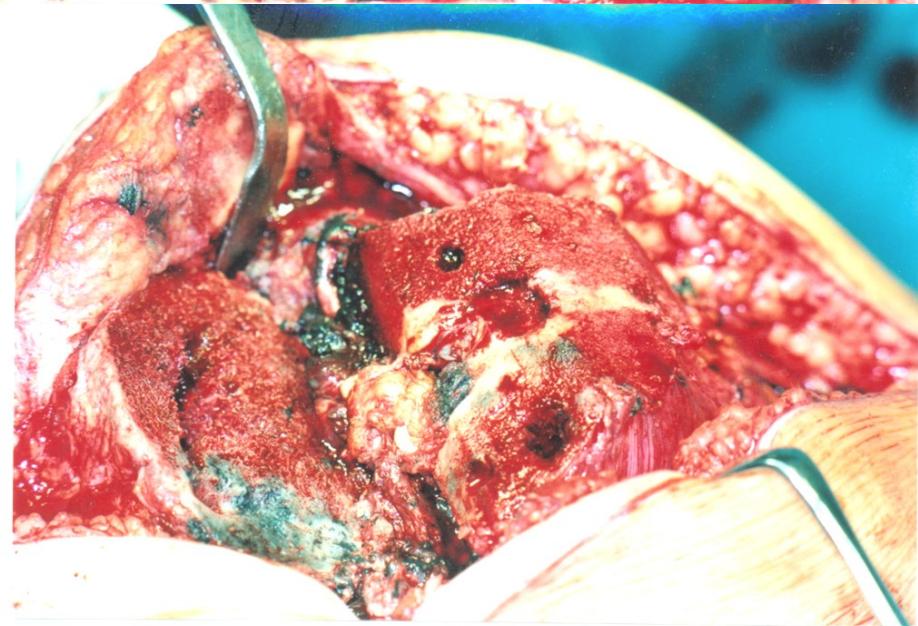
Metalosis

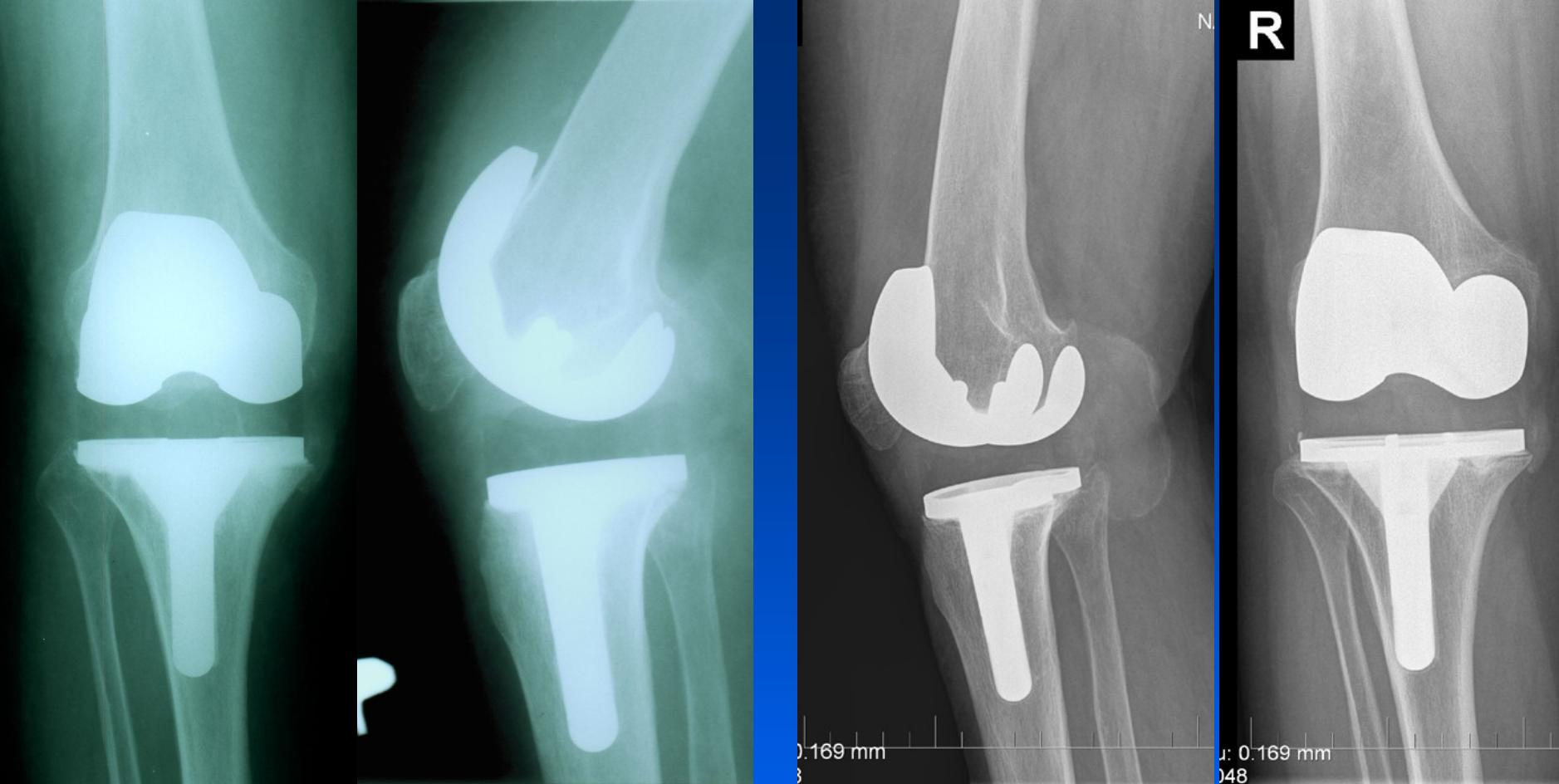
Contact of metal components



Destruction of  
PE insert

Synovectomy  
Good quality of  
trabecular bone of the tibia

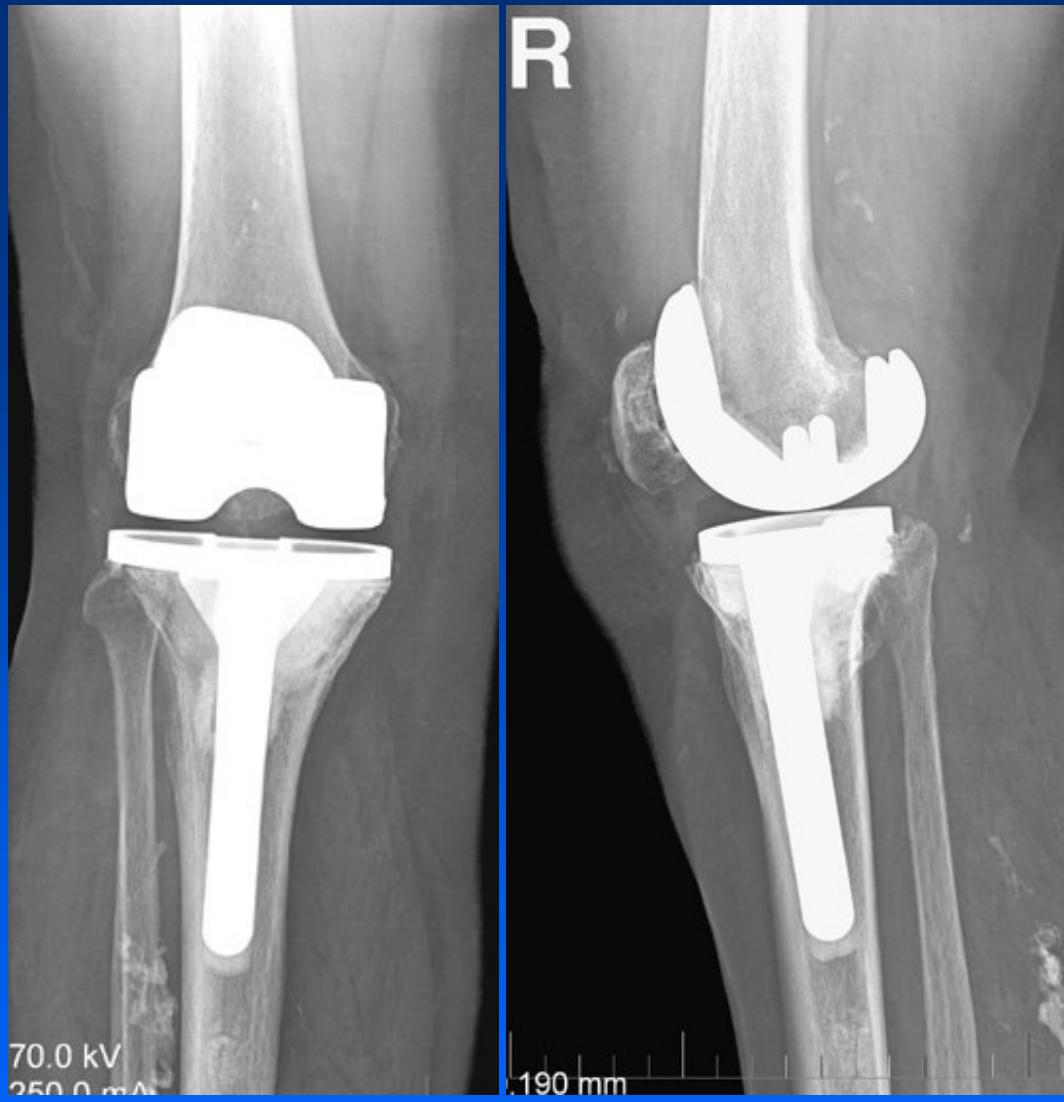




2000

2006

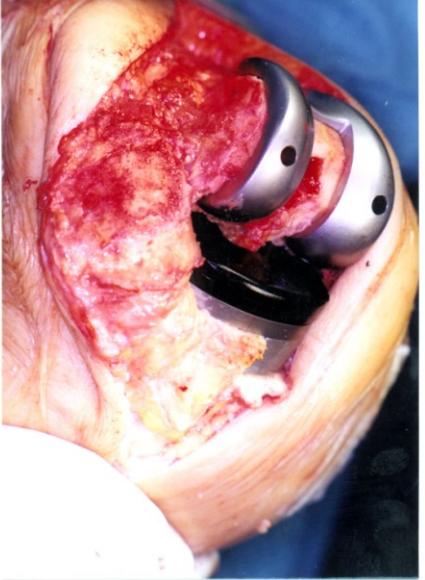
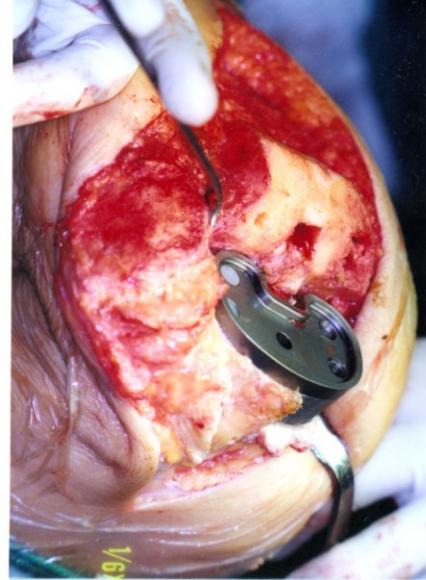
Revision surgery, PFC Σ Modular Knee System  
Short cemented tibial stem  
Good result



2006

No progression of radiolucency  
on medial side of the tibia, good result

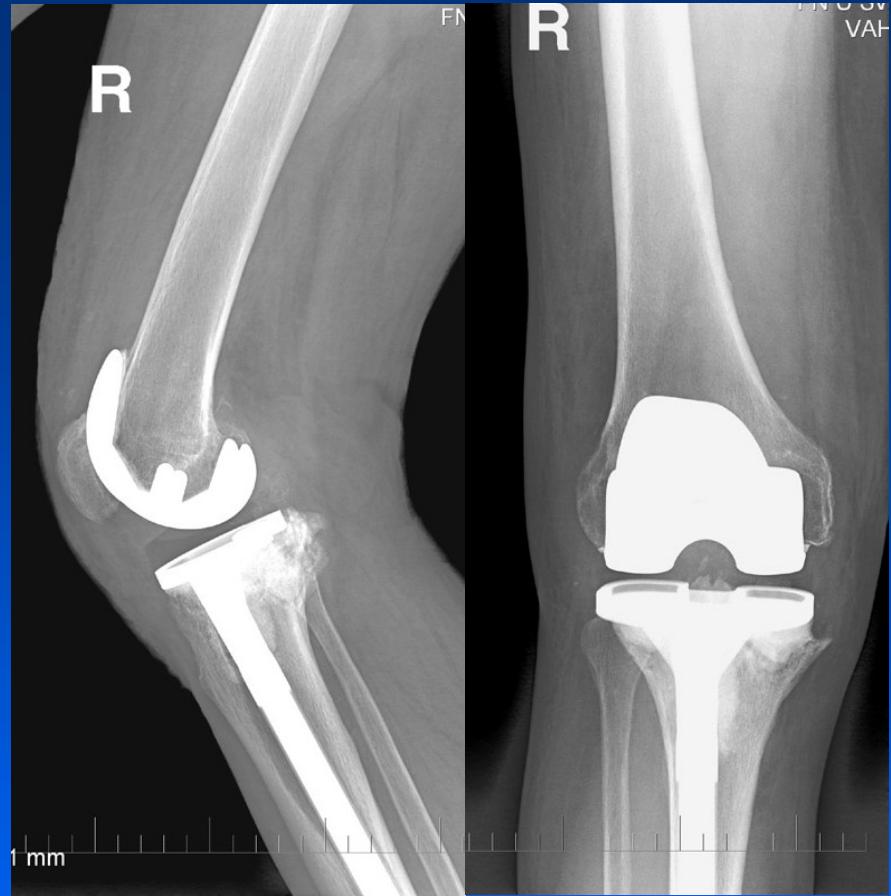




Augmentation of tibial bone loss, PFC  $\Sigma$  Modular Knee System



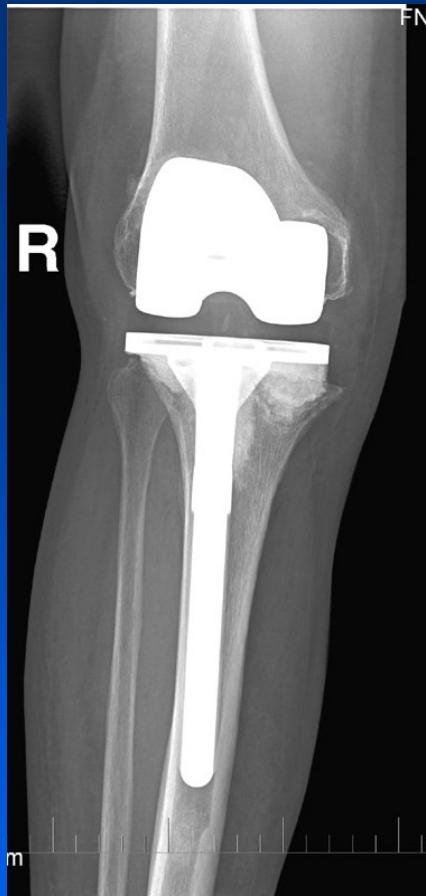
2004



2005

M, 1942, primary TKR 1993

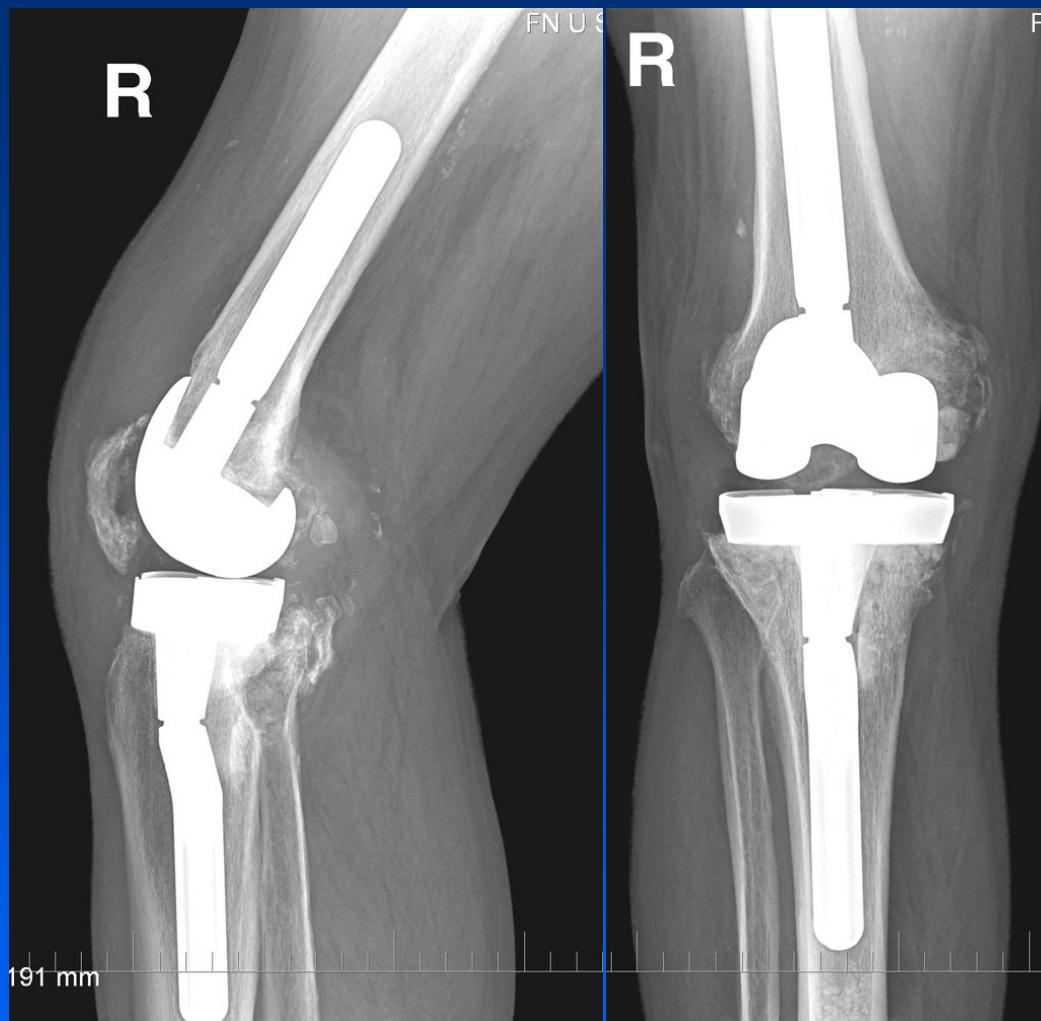
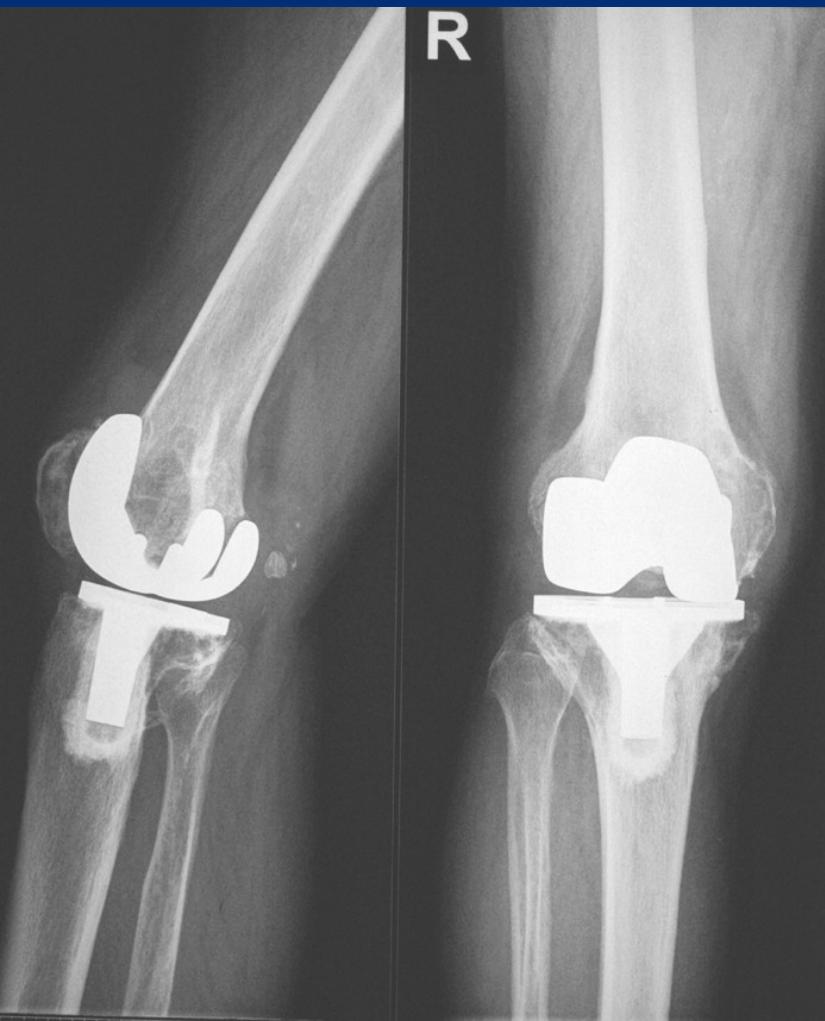
Fracture of the tibial tray, PFC Σ Modular Knee system, 1/2005  
Cortical contact of the uncemented stem,



2006



M., 1942, PFC  $\Sigma$  Modular Knee system,  
Cortical contact of the uncemented stem,  
Less amount of bone cement in metaphyseal region, good result.



M, 1933, primary TKR 1996, R.A.

Osteolysis on both sides

Revision TKR with LCCK, Next Gen , Zimmer, PS type, 1/2005,  
patella baja, good position of tibial tray on bone, wide stems with cortical contact

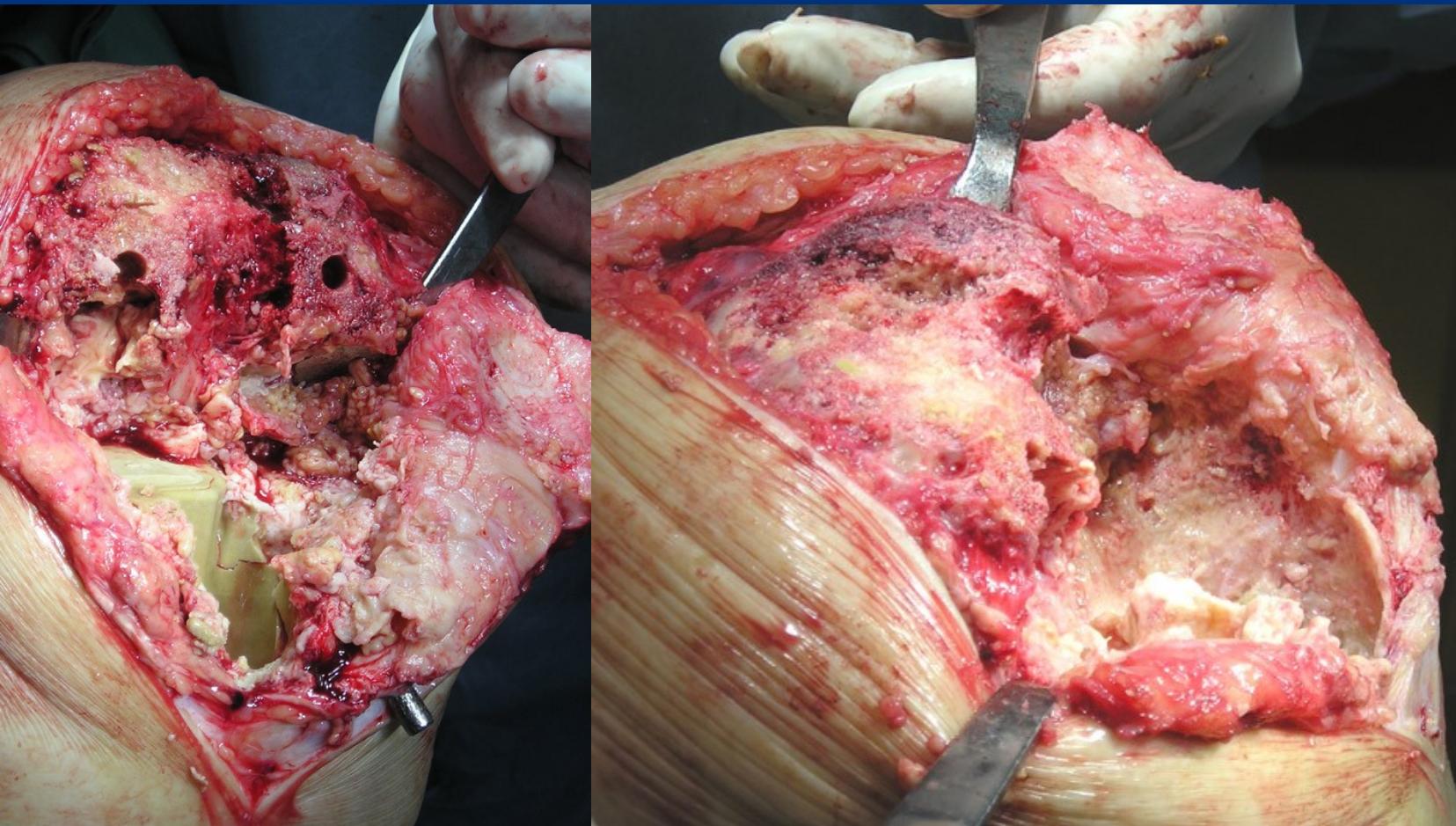
1/2005



4/2006



Revision of TKR with LCCK, Next Gen , Zimmer  
patela baja, good position of tibial tray on bone,  
Wide stems with cortical contact, good result



M., 1927., primary TKR in 1997  
Large defect of bone in the tibia



2004



Revision TKR ,PFC Σ Modular Knee System  
Bone cement in the tibia



2006



M., 1927., revision TKR ,PFC  $\Sigma$  Modular Knee System  
Bone cement in tibia, cortical contact of the stems