20.1	Complete the sentences using can or (be) able to. Use can if possible; otherwise use (be) able to.
	a course has havened a lor. He can speak four land
	a maych the seen and seen very well recently
	allura
	R I Gall L UNDERSTADIO Martin L'us novembre
	stand on my head but I at 1
	Ask Catherine about your problem. She might
26.2	Write sentences about yourself using the ideas in brackets.
-	(something you used to be able to do) I used to be able to sing well.
	e (something you used to be able to do). Lused
11 may	
er.	
	Tve
6.3 (Complete the sentences with can / can't / could / couldn't + one of these verbs:
e	ome cat hear run sleep wait
1	sicp wait
2	I'm afraid I <u>can't come</u> to your party next week. When Tim was 16 be was a fast more up
1	When Tim was 16, he was a fast runner. He
3	'Are you in a hurry?' 'No, I've got plenty of time. I
1.90	Can you speak up a hiry i
6	'You look tired.' 'Yes, I last night.'
1	omplete the answers to the questions with was/were able to.
4 4	A: Did everybody escape from the fire?
2	B: Yes. Although the fire spread quickly, everybody <u>was able to escape</u> . A: Did you have difficulty finding Ann's house?
	B: Not really. Ann had given us good dimensions of 1
3	B: Not really. Ann had given us good directions and we
	B: Yes. There was nobody to disturb me, so
E I	B: Yes. No one realised what was happening and the thief
i Co	mplete the sentences using applation 11 to
1	mplete the sentences using could, couldn't or was/were able to.
2	My grandfather was a very clever man. He <u>could</u> speak five languages.
	risoned everywhere for the book but I couldn't find the
4	They didn't want to come with us at first but we <u>were able to</u> persuade them. Laura had hurt her leg and <u>were able to</u> walk very well.
- ×	oue wash t at home when I phoned but I
6 · ·	intervente to ball some tomatoes. The first shop I went to didn't have 1 to
	Some in the payt show
0	My grandmother loved music. She
10	I had forgotten to bring my camera so I take any photographs.
	man photographs.

UNIT **27**

Answer the questions with a suggestion. Use could.

What shall I give Ann for her birthday? (a When shall I phone Angela? (n When shall we go and see Tom? (o	sh) We book) You ow) n Friday) the kitchen)
---	---

1 'The phone is ringing. Who do you think it is?' 'It <u>could</u> be Tim.' 2 I'm really hungry. I <u>could</u> eat a horse!

3 If you're very hungry, we have dinner now.

5 I can't find my bag. Have you seen it?' 'No, but it be in the car.'

6 Peter is a keen musician. He plays the flute and he also play the piano. 7 'What shall we do?' 'There's a film on television. We watch that.'

Complete the sentences. Use could or could have + a suitable verb.

2 A: I had a very boring evening at home yesterday.

B: Why did you stay at home? You to the cinema.

3 A: There's an interesting job advertised in the paper. You for it.

B: What sort of job is it? Show me the advertisement.

A: Did you go to the concert last night?

B: No. We but we decided not to.

A: Where shall we meet tomorrow?

B: Well, I to your house if you like.

Read this information about Ken:

Ken didn't do anything on Saturday evening.	Ken was short of money last week.
Ken doesn't know anything about machines.	Ken's car was stolen on Monday.
Ken was free on Monday afternoon.	Ken had to work on Friday evening.

Some people wanted Ken to do different things last week but they couldn't contact him. So he didn't do any of these things. You have to say whether he could have done or couldn't have done them.

2	Ken's aunt wanted him to drive her to the airport on Tuesday. He couldn't have driven her to the airport (because his car had been stolen). A friend of his wanted him to go out for a meal on Friday evening. Ken
2	Ken
	Jack wallted Ken to lend him £50 last week.
	Jane wanted Ken to come to her party on Saturday evening. He
5	Ken's mother wanted him to repair her washing machine.

28.1 Put in must or can't.

- 1 You've been travelling all day. You ... must... be very tired.
- 2 That restaurant be very good. It's always full of people.
- 3 That restaurant be very good. It's always empty.
- 4 You're going on holiday next week. You be looking forward to it.
- 5 It rained every day during their holiday, so they have had a very nice time.
- 6 Congratulations on passing your exam. You be very pleased.
- 8 Bill and Sue go away on holiday very often, so they be short of money.

28.2 Complete the sentences with a verb in the correct form.

- 1 I've lost one of my gloves. I must ... have dropped ... it somewhere.
- 2 They haven't lived here for long. They can't ... know... many people.
- 3 Ted isn't at work today. He must ill.
- 4 Ted wasn't at work last week. He must ill.
- 6 Carol knows a lot about films. She must to the cinema a lot.
- 7 Look. Jack is putting on his hat and coat. He must out.
- 9 Ann was in a very difficult situation. It can't easy for her.
- 10 There is a man walking behind us. He has been walking behind us for the last 20 minutes. He must us.

28.3 Read the situations and use the words in brackets to write sentences with must have and can't have.

- 1 The phone rang but I didn't hear it. (I / asleep) I must have been asleep.
- 2 Jane walked past me without speaking. (she / see / me) She can't have seen me.
- 3 The jacket you bought is very good quality. (it / very expensive)

4 I haven't seen the people next door for ages. (they / go away)

- 5 I can't find my umbrella. (I / leave / it in the restaurant last night)
- 6 Don passed the exam without studying for it. (the exam / very difficult)
- 7 She knew everything about our plans. (she / listen / to our conversation)

- 8 Fiona did the opposite of what I asked her to do. (she / understand / what I said)
- 9 When I woke up this morning, the light was on. (I / forget / to turn it off)
- 10 The lights were red but the car didn't stop. (the driver / see / the red light)

11 I was woken up in the middle of the night by the noise next door. (the neighbours / have / a party)

^{UNIT} 29

9.1	Write these sentences in a different way using n	may or might	
a management of the second sec	 Perhaps Margaret is in her office. Perhaps Margaret is busy. Perhaps she is working. Perhaps she wants to be alone. Perhaps she was ill yesterday. Perhaps she went home early. Perhaps she had to go home early. Perhaps she was working yesterday. In sentences 9-11 use may not or might not 	She might be in her office.	
	 9 Perhaps she doesn't want to see me. 10 Perhaps she isn't working today. 11 Perhaps she wasn't feeling well yesterday. 		
2	Complete the sentences with a verb in the correct	ect form.	
	"Where's Bob?" 'I'm not sure. He might be	e having lunch?	
	Who is that man with Ann?' 'I'm not sure.	. It might 1	er brother '
	who was the man we saw with Ann yesterda	ay?' 'I'm not sure. It might	der brother.
	her brother.' 4 'Why are those people waiting in the street?' for a bus.'		
	5 'Shall I buy this book for Tim?' 'You'd bett	ter not. He might already	it.'
3	Read the situations and make sentences from the	e words in brackets. Use may o	r might
	 a (he / go / shopping) He may have gone shops b (he / play / tennis) He might be playing ten 2 I'm looking for Helen. Do you know where sha (she / watch / TV / in her room) b (she / go / out) 3 I can't find my umbrella. Have you seen it? 	re he is. opping nnie he is?	
	a (it / be / in the car)		
1	b (you / leave / in the restaurant last night)		
	4 Why didn't Tom answer the doorbell? I'm sur a (he / be / in the bath)	re he was in the house at the tin	ne.
Ľ	b (he / not / hear / the bell)		
	Complete the sentences using might not or could	ln't.	
0102A	A: Do you think she saw you?		
	B: No, she was too far away. She couldn't ha	ave seen me.	
2	A: I wonder why she didn't say hello. Perhaps	she didn't see me.	
- E	B: I hat's possible. She might not have seen yo	/OU.	
0	A: I wonder why Ann didn't come to the party	y. Perhaps she wasn't invited.	
4	B Yes, it's possible. She		
	A: Tom loves parties. I'm sure he would have c B: I agree. He		nvited.
5	h. I wonder now the fire started. Do you think	k if was an accident?	
÷	B: No, the police say it		
6	and the file start, I subbose it was an a	accident	
	B: Well, the police aren't sure. They say it		
100			

Ş0	1	Write sentences with may or might.
		1 Where are you going for your holidays? (to Ireland???)
		I haven't decided yet. I may go to Ireland.
- state		2 What sort of car are you going to buy? (a Mercedes???)
- 10 A		I'm not sure yet. I
ç.		3 What are you doing this weekend? (go to London???)
		I haven't decided yet. 4 Where are you going to hang that picture? (in the dining room???)
		Thaven't made up my mind yet.
		5 When is Tom coming to see us? (on Saturday???)
877-1-		I don't know yet.
		what is julia going to do when she leaves school? (go to university???)
ند. را 2 مد	1	She hasn't decided yet.
30.	2	Complete the sentences using might + one of these verbs:
		bite break need rain slip wake
	- C	Take an umbrella with you when you go out. Itmight rain later.
		2 Don't make too much noise. You
ļ	1	Becareful of that dog. It
-	2	I don't think we should throw that letter away. We it later.
	2	be careful. The footpath is very icy. You
	6	I don't want the children to play in this room. They something.
30.3	. J	Somplete the sentences using might be able to or might have to + a suitable verb.
		Lean't help you but why don't new call $U(0)$ the might he calls to take
j	2	I can't help you but why don't you ask Jill? Shemight be able to help you. I can't meet you this evening but I
		evening.
	3	I'm not working on Saturday but I
	4	George isn't well. He to hospital for an operation.
ă 4	1.0.1	Write sentences with may not or might not.
	2	(I don't know if Ann will come to the party.) <u>Ann might not come to the party.</u> (I don't know if I'll go out this evening.) I
	3	(I don't know if Tom will like the present I bought for him.)
	E.	Tom
	:4	(I don't know if Sue will be able to meet us this evening.)
0.5	R	ead the situations and make sentences with may/might as well.
,		You and a friend have just missed the bus. The buses run every hour.
		You say: We'll have to wait an hour for the next bus
	2	You have a free ticket for a concert. You're not very keen on the concert but you decide to
ļ		go. rou say: 1 to the concert. It's a pity to waste a
	6	iree ticket.
	3	You're in a café with a friend. You've finished your drinks. It's a nice café and there is no
		reason to go now, so why not have another drink?
	4	You say: We
F		You say:
		. There's nothing else to do.

1.1 Complete these sentences with must or have to (in the correct form). Sometimes it is possible to use either; sometimes only have to is possible.

- 1 It's later than I thought. I must or have to go now.
- 2 Jack left before the end of the meeting. He had to go home early.
- 3 In Britain many children wear uniform when they go to school.
- 4 When you come to London again, you come and see us.
- 6 You really work harder if you want to pass the examination.

- 9 Paul doesn't like his new job. Sometimes he work at weekends.

- 12 Julia wears glasses. She wear glasses since she was very young.

31.2 Make questions with have to.

10.0		
	I had to go to hospital last week.	Why did you have to go to hospital?
2	I have to get up early tomorrow.	Why early?
3	Ann has to go somewhere now.	Where she
4	George had to pay a parking fine yesterday.	How much
5	I had to wait a long time for the bus.	How long
6	I have to phone my sister now.	Why
7	Paul has to leave soon.	What time

1.3 Complete these sentences using don't / doesn't / didn't have to + one of these verbs:

	do	get up	go	go	pay	shave	wait	work			
		I'm not wor									
	2	The car par	k is fr	ee – you	1 L	••••••			•••••	to park your car there.	
	3	I went to th	e banl	c this m	orning	. There w	/as no qu	ieue, so I		* *	
5	4	Sally is extre	emely	rich. Sł	1e	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••				· • • • • •	
	2	We've got p Jack has got	henty	or time.	. we					yet.	
	7	Print not part	i a Dea	lra, so i	I've o	ot a form t	hings to	da hut I			
		them now.	.ic utai	ly busy	. I ve g	JUAICWI	inings to	do but i	••••		
	1. I		slightl	v iniure	ed in th	e acciden	t but he			to	
		hospital.	0	,,							
1.4	N	mplete these									
		I don't war									
		He doesn									
	3	I can stay 1	n bed	tomorr	ow mo	rning bec	ause I			go to worl	ς.
	24 2	There's a li	you ac	, you			••••••	tou	ich tha	t switch. It's very dangerou	s.
	6	You	11 III L	ne bunc	ing, se) we	for	rot what	T told	you. It's very important.	
	7	Sue		•••••	•••••••		101) 	arly She		p early because she wants to	
	8	Don't mak	e so m	uch no	ise. We	4	gerupe	arry. one	gets u	wake the baby.	<i>ر</i> .
	9	Ι					. eat too	much. I'	m sup	posed to be on a diet.	
	10	You					be :	a good pl	ayer to	o enjoy a game of tennis.	

	Complete the sentences using needn't + one of these verbs:
	sk come explain leave tell walk
	We've got plenty of time. We needn't leave yet.
2	I can manage the shopping alone. You with me.
(18) (18)	We all the way home. We can get a taxi.
6	Just help yourself if you'd like something to eat. You
5	We can keep this a secret between ourselves. We
Ŭ	I understand the situation perfectly. You further.
2 (Complete the sentences with must, mustn't or needn't.
1	We haven't got much time. We <u>must</u> hurry.
	We've got plenty of time. We needn't hurry.
3	We have enough food at home so we go shopping today.
4	Jim gave me a letter to post. I remember to post it.
5	Jim gave me a letter to post. I forget to post it.
6	There's plenty of time for you to make up your mind. You decide now.
0	You wash those tomatoes. They've already been washed.
ð	This is a valuable book. You look after it carefully and you
q	lose it. What sort of house do you mont to hund Connection 1: 22 SW/ 11 to
	"What sort of house do you want to buy? Something big?" "Well, it
ŧ.	- that's not important. But it have a nice garden - that's essential.'
R	ead the situations and make sentences with needn't have.
1	George went out. He took an umbrella because he thought it was going to rain. But it didn't
	rain. He needn't have taken an umbrella.
2	Ann bought some eggs when she went shopping. When she got home, she found that she
K.	already had plenty of eggs. She
3	A friend got angry with you and shouted at you. You think this was unnecessary. Later you
	say to him/her: You
- 4	Brian had no money, so he sold his car. A few days later he won some money in a lottery.
7	He
0	When we went on holiday, we took the camera with us but we didn't use it in the end.
6	I thought I was going to miss my train so I rushed to the station. But the train was late and in
, V	the end I had to wait 20 minutes.
W	rite two sentences for each situation. Use needn't have in the first sentence and could have in
th	e second (as in the example). For could have see Unit 27.
1	Why did you rush? Why didn't you take your time?
	You needn't have rushed. You could have taken your time.
2	Why did you walk home? Why didn't you take a taxi?
5	Why did you stay at a hotel? Why didn't you stay with us?
4	Why did she phone me in the middle of the might? When didn't also have to dealer in the
Т.	Why did she phone me in the middle of the night? Why didn't she phone me in the morning?
	-
5	Why did you leave without saying anything? Why didn't you say goodbye to me?

	or each situation write a sentence with should or shouldn't + one of the following:
5	away for a few-days go to bed so late look for another job
P	it some pictures on the walls take a photograph use her car so much
1	(Liz needs a change.) She should go away for a few days.
	(My salary is very low.) You
3	(Jack always has difficulty getting up.) He
	(What a beautiful view!) You
5	(Sue drives everywhere. She never walks.) She
6	(Bill's room isn't very interesting.)
	5
100	ead the situations and write sentences with I think / I don't thinkshould
Ē	Peter and Judy are planning to get married. You think it's a bad idea.
ก่	(get married) <u>I don't think they should get married</u> .
Z	You don't like smoking, especially in restaurants.
	(be banned) I think
3	I have a very bad cold but I plan to go out this evening. You don't think this is a good idea.
7	You say to me: (go out)
4	You are fed up with the government. You think they have made too many mistakes.
	(resign)
C	omplete the sentences with should (have) + the verb in brackets.
1	Margaretshould pass the exam. She's been studying very hard. (pass)
2	You missed a great party last night. You should have come (come)
	We don't see you enough. You and see us more often. (come)
4	I'm in a difficult position. What do you think I? (do)
5	I'm sorry that I didn't take your advice. I
6	I'm playing tennis with Jill tomorrow. She – she's much better
	than me. (win)
7	We lost the match but we
8	'Is John here yet?' 'Not yet, but he here soon.' (be)
9	I posted the letter three days ago, so it by now. (arrive)
Re an	ad the situations and write sentences with should/shouldn't. Some of the sentences are past d some are present.
1	I'm feeling sick. I ate too much. I shouldn't have eaten so much.
2	That man on the motorbike isn't wearing a helmet. That's dangerous.
	He should be wearing a helmet.
3	When we got to the restaurant, there were no free tables. We hadn't reserved one.
	We
4	The notice says that the shop is open every day from 8.30. It is 9 o'clock now but the shop
	isn't open yet.
5	The speed limit is 30 miles an hour, but Catherine is doing 50.
	She
6	I went to Paris. A friend of mine lives in Paris but I didn't go to see him while I was there.
	When I saw him later, he said: You
1	I was driving behind another car. Suddenly, the driver in front stopped without warning and
0	l drove into the back of his car. It wasn't my fault.
8	I walked into a wall. I wasn't looking where I was going.

34.	Write a sentence (beginning in the way shown) that means the same as the first sentence.
ŀ	1 'I think it would be a good idea to see a specialist,' the doctor said to me.
	The doctor recommended that I should see a specialist.
	2 'You really must stay a little longer,' she said to me.
	She insisted that
	3 'Why don't you visit the museum after lunch?' I said to them.
l.	I suggested that
	4 'You must pay the rent by Friday,' the landlord said to us.
	The landlord demanded that
t	5 'Why don't you go away for a few days?' Jack said to me.
	Jack suggested that
	Annahara a fili a a
6 14 .4	Are these sentences right or wrong?
	1 a Tom suggested that I should look for another job. <u>RIGHT</u>
	b Tom suggested that I look for another job.
ł	c Tom suggested that I looked for another job.
	d Tom suggested me to look for another job.
	2 a Where do you suggest I go for my holiday?
ŀ	b Where do you suggest me to go for my holiday?
	c Where do you suggest I should go for my holiday?
24 2	Complete the sentences using should + one of these verbs:
, in the second s	
	1 It's strange that sheshould be late. She's usually on time.
	2 It's funny that you that. I was going to say the same thing.
	3 It's only natural that parents about their children.
	4 Isn't it typical of Ron that he without saying goodbye to anybody?
	5 I was surprised that he me for advice. What advice could I give him?
	6 It's very important that everybody very carefully.
34.4	Complete these sentences using ifshould
	1 (It's possible that you'll see Tom this evening.)
,	If you should see Tom this evening, can you ask him to phone me?
	2 (It's possible that Ann will arrive before I get home.)
	If, can you look after her until I come?
	3 (Perhaps there will be some letters for me while I'm away.)
	, can you send them on to this address?
	4 (I don't suppose you'll need help but you might.)
	, let me know.
	Write sentences 3 and 4 again, this time beginning with should.
	5 (3), , can you send them on to this address?
	6 (4)
34.5	(Section E) Complete the sentences using I should + one of these verbs:
	buy keep phone wait
	1 'Shall I leave now?' 'No, should walt a bit longer.'
	2 'Shall I throw these things away?' 'No,
	3 'Shall I go and see Paul?' 'Yes, but
	4 'Do you think it's worth repairing this TV set?' 'No,
-	, a new one.

5.1 Complete the sentences. Sometimes you need only one word, sometimes two.

- 1 a I need some money. I'd better ... go... to the bank.
 - b John is expecting you to phone him. You better do it now.
 - c 'Shall I leave the window open?' 'No, you'd better it.'
 - d We'd better leave as soon as possible, we?
- 2 a It's time the government something about the problem.
 - b It's time something about the problem.
 - c I think it's about time you about me instead of only thinking about yourself.

5.2 Read the situations and write sentences with had better. Use the words in brackets.

- 2 Jack has just cut himself. It's quite a bad cut. You say to him:(a plaster)
- 3 You and Ann plan to go to a restaurant this evening. It's a very popular restaurant. You say to Ann: (reserve) We
- 4 Jill doesn't look very well not well enough to go to work. You say to her: (work)
- 5 You received your phone bill four weeks ago but you haven't paid it yet. If you don't pay very soon, you could be in trouble. You say to yourself: (pay)
- 6 You want to go out but you're and the interview
- 6 You want to go out but you're expecting an important phone call. You say to your friend: (go out) I
- 7 You and Fiona are going to the theatre. You've missed the bus and you don't want to be late. You say to Fiona: (a taxi)

5.3 Put in had better or should. Sometimes either is possible.

- 1 I have an appointment in ten minutes. I'd better... go now or I'll be late.
- 2 It's a great film. You ... should ... go and see it. You'll really like it.
- 3 I get up early tomorrow. I've got a lot to do.
- 4 When people are driving, they keep their eyes on the road.
- 6 She'll be upset if we don't invite her to the wedding, so we invite her.
- 7 These biscuits are delicious. You try one.
- 8 I think everybody learn a foreign language.

5.4 Read the situations and write sentences with It's time (somebody did something).

- 1 You think the children should be in bed. It's already 11 o'clock. It's time the children were in bed.
- 2 You haven't had a holiday for a very long time. You need one now.

It's time I

- 3 You're waiting for Mary. She is late. Why isn't she here yet?
- 5 You enjoy having parties. You haven't had one for a long time.

6 The company you work for is badly run. You think there should be some changes.

	Read the situations and write questions beginning Can or Could
	You're carrying a lot of things. You can't open the door yourself. There's a man standing near the door. You say to him: <u>Could you open the door, please?</u>
	2 You phone Ann but somebody else answers. Ann isn't there. You want to leave a message for her. You say:
	You are a tourist. You want to go to the station but you don't know where it is. You ask at your hotel. You say:
;	You are in a clothes shop. You see some trousers you like and you want to try them on. You say to the shop assistant:
	You have a car. You have to go to the same place as John, who hasn't got a car. You want to give him a lift. You say to John:
2	Read the situations and write questions beginning Do you think
	You want to borrow your friend's camera. What do you say to him? Do you think <u>lould borrow your camera?</u>
0.4	You are at a friend's house and you want to use her phone. What do you say?
	You've written a letter in English. Before you send it, you want an English friend to check it. What do you ask him?
- <u>4</u>	You want to leave work early because you have some things to do. What do you ask your boss?
5	The woman in the next room is playing music. It's very loud. You want her to turn it down. What do you say to her?
6	You are phoning the owner of a flat which was advertised in a newspaper. You are interested
	in the flat and you want to come and see it today. What do you say to the owner?
Ŵ	Vhat would you say in these situations?
C .	John has come to see you in your flat. You offer him something to eat.
	YOU: JOHN: No, thank you. I'm not hungry.
2	You need help to change the film in your camera. You ask Ann.
	YOU: Ann, I don't know how to change the film.
Ι,	ANN: Sure. It's easy. All you have to do is this.
3	You're on a train. The woman next to you has finished reading her newspaper. Now you want to have a look at it. You ask her.
Ē.	YOU: Excuse me,
4	WOMAN: Yes, of course. I've finished with it. You're on a bus. You have a seat but an elderly man is standing. You offer him your seat. YOU:
	MAN: Oh, that's very kind of you. Thank you very much.
5	You're the passenger in a car. Your friend is driving very fast. You ask her to slow down. YOU: You're making me very nervous.
	DRIVER: Oh, I'm sorry. I didn't realise I was going so fast.
-6	You've finished your meal in a restaurant and now you want the bill. You ask the waiter: YOU:
7	 WAITER: Right. I'll get it for you now. A friend of yours is interested in one of your books. You invite him to borrow it. FRIEND: This book looks very interesting. YOU: Yes, it's very good.

_