Complete the sentences using one of these verbs in the correct form: cause damage hold include invite make overtake show translate write
1 Many accidents are caused by dangerous driving.
<ul> <li>Cheese from milk.</li> <li>The roof of the building from milk.</li> <li>There's no need to leave a tip. Service in the bill.</li> <li>You to the wedding. Why didn't you go?</li> <li>A cinema is a place where films resident every four years.</li> <li>Originally the book in the book in Spanish and a few years ago it</li> </ul>
The roof of the building in a storm a few days ago.
<ul> <li>4 There's no need to leave a tip. Service</li></ul>
6 A cinema is a place where films
7 In the United States, elections for President every four years.
8 Originally the book in Spanish and a few years ago it
into English.
9 We were driving along quite fast but we by lots of other cars.
2 Write questions using the passive. Some are present and some are past.
1 Ask about the telephone. (when/invent?)
2 Ask about glass. (how/make?) How
3 Ask about Australia. (when/discover?)
4 Ask about silver. (what/use for?)
5 Ask about television. (when/invent?)
3 Put the verb into the correct form, present simple or past simple, active or passive.
1 It's a big factory. Five hundred people are employed (employ) there.
2 Water
3 Most of the Earth's surface
4 The park gates (lock) at 6.30 p.m. every evening.
5 The letter (post) a week ago and it (arrive) yesterday.
6 The boat (sink) quickly but fortunately everybody
7 Ron's parents (die) when he was very young. He and his sister
(bring) up by their grandparents.
8 I was born in London but I
<ul> <li>9 While I was on holiday, my camera</li></ul>
11 Why (Sue/resign) from her job? Didn't she enjoy it?
12 Why (Bill/sack) from his job? What did he do wrong?
13 The company is not independent. It
14 I saw an accident last night. Somebody (call) an ambulance but
nobody (injure) so the ambulance (not/need).
15 Where (these photographs/take)? In London?
(you/take) them?
Rewrite these sentences. Instead of using 'somebody/they/people' etc. write a passive sentence.
1 Somebody cleans the room every day. The room is cleaned every day.
2 They cancelled all flights because of fog. All
3 People don't use this road very often.
4 Somebody accused me of stealing money. I
5 How do people learn languages? How
6 People advised us not to go out alone.

What do these words mean? Use it can... or it can't.... Use a dictionary if necessary. If something is 4 unusable, ..... 1 washable, it can be washed. 22 Complete these sentences with one of the following verbs (in the correct form): čárry cause <del>do</del> make repair <del>send</del> spend wake up Sometimes you need have ('might have', 'could have' etc.). 1 The situation is serious. Something must ... be done... before it's too late. 2 I haven't received the letter. It might have been sent to the wrong address. 3 A decision will not ...... until the next meeting. 4. I told the hotel receptionist that I wanted to ...... at 6.30 the next morning. 6 This road is in very bad condition. It should ......a long time ago. The injured man couldn't walk and had to ..... 8 It's not certain how the fire started but it might ...... by an electrical fault. 2.3 Rewrite these sentences. Instead of using 'somebody' or 'they', write a passive sentence. 1 Somebody has cleaned the room. The room has been cleaned. 2 They have postponed the concert. The ..... 3 Somebody is using the computer at the moment. The computer ..... 4 I didn't realise that somebody was recording our conversation. I didn't realise that When we got to the stadium we found that they had cancelled the game. When we got to the stadium, we found that ..... 6 They are building a new ring road round the city. 7 They have built a new hospital near the airport. \_\_\_\_\_ **2.4** Make sentences from the words in brackets. Sometimes the verb is active, sometimes passive. This exercise also includes the past simple – see Unit 41C.) 1 There's somebody behind us. (I think / we / follow) \_\_\_\_\_ think we're being followed. 2 This room looks different. (you / paint?) Have you painted it? 3 My car has disappeared. (it / steal!) It ..... 4 My umbrella has disappeared. (somebody / take) Somebody ..... 5 Tom gets a higher salary now. (he / promote) ..... 6 Ann can't use her office at the moment. (it / redecorate) ..... 7 The photocopier broke down yesterday, but now it's OK. (it / work / again; it / repair) 8 The police have found the people they were looking for. (two people / arrest / last night) 9 A tree was lying across the road. (it / blow down / in the storm) 10 The man next door disappeared six months ago. (nobody / see / since then) 11 I was mugged on my way home a few nights ago. (you / ever / mug?) 

When were they born? Choose five of these people and write a sentence for each. (Two of them were born in the same year.)

	Beethoven Agatha Christie <del>Walt Disney</del>	Galileo Mahatma Gandhi Martin Luther King	Elvis Presley Leonardo da Vinci William Shakespeare	1452 1564 1770	1869 1891 <del>1901</del>	
	1 Walt Disney wa	s born in 1901.				
	Rs. Contraction of the second s					
	6	*****		••••••		
	9 1			••••••		
			nning in the way shown.			
	2 They asked me	e me the money. I	at the interview.			
- Ivin	I Janet's colleague	es gave her a present wh	en she retired.		· · · ·	
	Janet					
		e that George was ill.				
	S How much will	they pay you?				
	How much will	you				
		uld have offered Tom th	le job.			
Ĩ	7 Has anybody sh	own vou what to do?				_
	Have you	·····			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
- F		ences using being + one				
	-	ive invite <del>keep</del>	* •			
		1't like <b>being kept</b> wai e party without	0			
		e				
			ut after dark because they	are afrai	d of	
É,						
		since prepared to work witho	tupia questions. ut			
Ŀ					1	
r			e of these verbs (in the cor		):	
		umage <del>hurt</del> pay it at the party but noboo	steal sting stop	use		
			while he was sitting in th	e garden.		
3	How did that w	indow		-		
4	These tennis cou	irts don't	very often. No	t many pe	eople w	ant to play.
		bicycle but it	by the police as I was drive	ing home	_	
7	How much did	you	last month?	Ŧ		
			don't want them to			
7	reopie offen wa	in to know what my jot	o is. I often		that q	uestion.

#### <sup>иміт</sup> 44

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# EXERCISES

11

Write these sentences in another way, beginning as shown. Use the <u>underlined</u> word in your sentence.

- 1 It is <u>expected</u> that the strike will end soon. The strike <u>is expected to end soon</u>.
- 2 It is <u>expected</u> that the weather will be good tomorrow.

The thieves

- 4 It is <u>reported</u> that many people are homeless after the floods. Many people
- 5 It is <u>thought</u> that the prisoner escaped by climbing over a wall. The prisoner
- The building
- 8 a It is <u>said</u> that the company is losing a lot of money. The company
  - b It is <u>believed</u> that the company lost a lot of money last year. The company
  - c It is <u>expected</u> that the company will lose money this year. The company

**1.2** People say a lot of things about Arthur. For example:



Nobody knows for sure whether these things are true or not. Write sentences about Arthur using (be) supposed to.

1 Arthur is supposed to eat spiders.	
2 He	
3	
4	
5	
Now you have to use (be) supposed to with its other meaning. In each example what happen different from what is supposed to happen. Use (be) supposed to + one of these verbs: arrive be block come park phone start Some of the sentences are negative (like the first example). 1 You 're not supposed to park, here. It's private parking only.	
2 The train was supposed to arrive at 11.30, but it was an hour late.	
3 What are the children doing at home? They at	school
at this time.	
4 We work at 8.15, but we rarely do anything before	e 8.30.
5 This door is a fire exit. You it.	
6 Oh dear! I Ann but I completely forgot.	
7 They arrived very early – at 2 o'clock. They unti	1 3.30.

Ś.

Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the correct sentence, (a) or (b), for each picture.



2 Why did you do these things? Answer using 'have something done'. Use one of these verbs:

	clean cut repair <del>service</del>
	1 Why did you take your car to the garage?
	2 Why did you take your jacket to the cleaner's? To
	3 Why did you take your watch to the jeweller's?
	4 Why did you go to the hairdresser?
3	W. ite southers as in all a summer of
9	Write sentences in the way shown.
	1 Jill didn't repair the roof herself. She <u>had it repaired</u> .
	2. I didn't cut my hair myself. I
	3 They didn't paint the house themselves. They
	<sup>4</sup> sue diun t make the curtains hersen.
4	Use the words in brackets to complete the sentences. Use the structure 'have something done'.
	1 We are having the house painted (the house / paint) at the moment.
	2 I lost my key. I'll have to
	3 When was the last time you
	4 You look different
	5 (you / a newspaper / deliver) to your house or
	do you go to the shop to buy one?
	6 A: What are those workmen doing in your garden?
	B: Oh, we (a swimming pool / build).
	7 A: Can I see the photographs you took when you were on holiday?
	B: I'm afraid I
	8 This coat is dirty. I must
	9 If you want to wear earrings, why don't you
	ears / pierce):
5	Now you have to use 'have something done' with its second meaning (see Section C).
	1 George's nose was broken in a fight.
P	What happened to George? He had his nose broken in a fight.
	2 Sarah's bag was stolen on a train.
Ē	What happened to Sarah? She
	3 Fred's hat was blown off in the wind.
	What happened to Fred?
E	4 Diane's passport was taken away from her by the police.
	What happened to Diane?