

LIST OF TISSUE SECTIONS

General Pathology

Ist histopathological practice

1. Acute myocardial infarction
2. Renal infarction
3. Encephalomalacia acuta
- 3B. Encephalomalacia - resorption
4. Haemorrhagic lung infarction
7. Emphysema pulmonum
11. Amyloidosis renis
12. Steatosis hepatis
- 12B. Steatosis hepatis - Sudan red
13. Arterial arteriosclerosis with mural thrombosis
14. Arteriolosclerosis renis
10. Glomerulosclerosis intercapillaris diabeticorum
- 16A. Haemosiderosis hepatis HE
- 16B. Haemosiderosis hepatis - Fe staining /Perls/
17. Cholestasis hepatis
20. Silicosis pulmonum

IInd histopathological practice

24. Systemic venous congestion - liver
26. Pulmonary oedema
22. Chronic pulmonary venous congestion (brown induration)
25. Trombosis acuta
46. Appendicitis acuta catarrhalis et phlegmonosa
32. Pericarditis fibrinosa
35. Pneumonia fibrinosa-purulenta (lobar pneumonia)
36. Bronchopneumonia purulenta (36' abscedens)
39. Leptomeningitis purulenta
43. Pyelonephritis purulenta
47. Lymphadenitis acuta reactiva
19. Tonsilitis chronica

IIIrd histopathological practice

38. Colitis pseudomembranosa
55. Stomatitis mycotica
37. Pneumocystis interstitial pneumonia
30. Endocarditis polyposa
45. Poliomyelitis acuta anterior
48. Glomerulonephritis ac. diffusa (endocapillaris)
49. Glomerulonephritis chron.
53. Thyroiditis chron. lymphomatosa - Hashimoto
- 50a. TBC pulmonum (tubercle)
- 50b. TBC lymphadenitis
52. Mesaortitis luetica
18. Rhinitis polyposa
58. Granulation tissue
59. Organisation of a thrombus
56. Myofibrosis dispersa cordis

IVth histopathological practice

- 42. Hepatitis chronica activa (van Gieson staining)
- 57. Cirrhosis hepatitis
- 61. Ulcus ventriculi pepticum
- 64. Hyperplasia adenomyomatosa prostatae
- 65. Simple endometrial hyperplasia
- 66. Struma colloides (diffuse nontoxic goiter)
- 67. Struma parenchymatosa (thyroid hyperplasia)
- 69. Endocervical polyp (with squamous metaplasia)
- 23. Cervix - squamous epithelial metaplasia,
chronic cervicitis with mucous cysts
- 71. Simple fibrocystic changes of breast
- 72. Fibroma
- 73. Fibrosarcoma
- 77. Osteosarcoma
- 78. Pulmonary chondrohamartoma

Vth histopathological practice

- 79. Capillary haemangioma (in the skin)
- 80. Cavernous hemangioma (in the liver)
- 82. Leiomyoma
- 83. Giant cell tumor
- 85. Chronic myelocytic leukemia - CML (in the liver)
- 86. Chronic lymphocytic leukemia - CLL (in the liver)
- 88. Multiple myeloma (in the bone marrow)
- 89. Non-Hodgkin's malignant lymphoma (DLBCL)
- 90. Hodgkin's malignant lymphoma (classical, MC)
- 92. Astrocytoma (fibrillary)
- 94. Glioblastoma multiforme
- 95. Medulloblastoma (in the cerebellum)
- 98. Meningioma (syncytial)
- 99. Neurilemmoma
- 102. Pigmented nevus (compound)
- 103. Malignant melanoma

VIth histopathological practice

- 60. Verruca senilis (seborrhoica)
- 105 A. Verruca vulgaris - squamous papilloma
- 105 B. Transitional cell tumor grade I.- LMP (bladder)
Transitional cell papillocarcinoma grade III.
- 63. Cervical intraepithelial neoplasia - dysplasia
- 110. Squamous cell carcinoma, keratinizing
- 112. Basal cell carcinoma
- 106. Polypoid tubovillous adenoma
- 114. Tubular adenocarcinoma
- 115. Solid adenocarcinoma
- 116. Scirrhous adenocarcinoma
- 118. Renal cell adenocarcinoma (Grawitz)
- 117. Small cell carcinoma (oat-cell)
- 119. Fibroadenoma
- 121. Residua graviditatis
- 122. Complete hydatidiform mole
- 123. Choriocarcinoma