P10 Clinical microbiology I – general

To study: Sampling, specimen transport (from textbooks, www etc.)

From spring term: Microscopy

Task 1: Indications for microbiological examination

For following casuistries, fill in the table.

- Fill in always the case description (left column).
- 2 Try to find out your solution. Try to structure your answer as follows:

Microbiological examination: yes/no

- \diamond yes \rightarrow select a specimen
- \bullet no \rightarrow select other steps, e. g. direct treatment what antibiotics etc.) write down a correction according to the teacher's explanation.

After the three minute limit, write down a correction according to the teacher's explanation.			
	Description of a case	Your solution (① 3 minutes)	Correction according to the teacher's explanation
a			
b			
c			
d			

Task 2: Swabs and vesselsObserve the swabs in your table and fill in their "identity cards".

Observe the swabs in your table and fill in their "identity cards".			
Name: Plain swab			
	Stick material	plastic, wood, aluminium	
Nienal ah	Swab material	synthetic cotton	
Practical use:			
Name: Swab with Amies transport medium			
	Stick material	plastic or aluminium	
(News) and	Swab material	synthetic cotton	
	Medium	Amies (Stuart, Cary Blair)	
Note: The medium may contain charcoal (then it is black); without charcoal, it would be colourless.			
Practical use:			
Variant with aluminium stick is used for			

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Name: Fungi-Quick swab			
8	Stick materia		plastic
	Transport me	edium	colourless
Appello Della Control Della Co	Cap colour		
Practical use:			
Name: C. A. T. swab			
8	Stick materia		plastic
	Transport medium colour		colourless
	Cap colour		
Practical use:			
Name: Common test tube for microbiology			
- Av	Sterile?		
See 1910	(yes or no)		0.1
			of polystyrene, 00 mm, 10 ml
Practical use:			
Name: Sputum test tube	1 ~ 4 4	I	
force the country	Sterile?		
	(yes or no) Description	made of polystyrene or polypropylene, 26 × 92 mm, 30 ml	
Practical use:			
Name: Stool container			
Construction Francisco	Sterile?		
	(yes or no) Description	made of 26 × 8	of polypropylene, 2 mm, 30 ml
Practical use:			

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Name:	— Sampling vessel for urin	ie	
		Sterile?	
Nival 1		(yes or no)	
03		Description	made of polypropylene, 45 × 70 mm, 120 ml
Practical use:			

Task 3: Other sampling methods than swabs and vessels

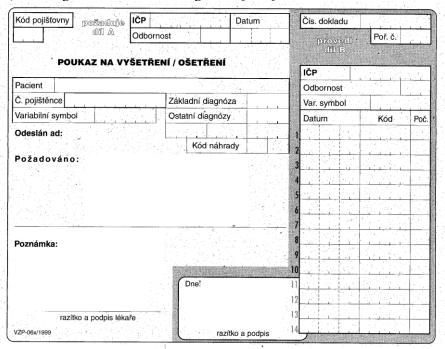
Fill in the following table:

Sampling method	Typical example(s) of use
smear on a slide	
imprint with an agar	
moulage method	
uricult	

Task 4: The order form

a) Filling in the order form

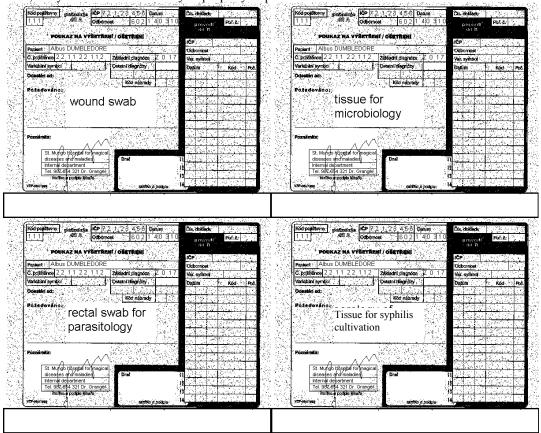
Fill in the following order form with a patient name and data and the requested examination related to the disease, according to a card that has been given to you by the teacher.



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b) Order form common mistakes

To each of the following order forms write down what is wrong. There are some mistakes at filling in the order form, but you should also identify improperly requested examinations.



Task 5: Interpretation

a) Direct diagnostic interpretation

Using the table in the slideshow, write likely interpretation for thirteen various findings written on cards available on your table. Use terms "pathogen", "common flora", "accidental finding", "colonization" and "contamination"

Finding	Interpretation

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b) Indirect diagnostic interpretations with the base of both clinical findings and lab	rith data given on the card. Do not	forget to make your interpretation on the		
Rewrite from the card (simplify the s Clinical situation	entences) Serology examination results	Conclusion		
Chineur Studion	Serving examination results			
Notes (correction of your conclusion done by the teacher)				

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