

# **State Examination Questions - Gynaecology and Obstetrics**

## **2013/2014**

### **1) Obstetrics**

101. Diagnosis of pregnancy, signs of pregnancy
102. Organogenesis, embryonal and fetal development
103. The effects of placental hormones
104. Placenta, fetal membranes
105. Amniotic fluid, umbilical cord and possible disorders
106. Physiologic changes of pregnancy
107. Physiology and pathology of the birth canal
108. Physiology and pathology of birth forces
109. Stages of labor
110. Management of labor
111. Fetal hypoxia
112. Spontaneous abortion
113. Preterm labor
114. Prolonged pregnancy
115. Isoimmunisation in pregnancy, hemolytic disease of the newborn
116. Hyperemesis gravidarum
117. Preeclampsia, cardiovascular diseases and pregnancy
118. Diabetes and pregnancy
119. Anemia in pregnancy
120. Alimentary tract diseases in pregnancy
121. Infectious diseases in pregnancy
122. Congenital anomalies
123. Intrauterine growth retardation
124. Multiple pregnancy, „twin-to-twin transfusion syndrome“
125. Placental pathology
126. Breech presentation
127. Abnormal presentation (situs transversus et obliquus, deflections, asynclitismus)
128. Shoulder dystocia
129. Pathology of the III. stage of labor, perineal injury
130. Emergency in obstetrics
131. Gynecological inflammation in puerperium
132. Mastitis puerperalis
133. Induction of labor
134. Forceps, vacuum extractor
135. Sectio casearea
136. Perinatal medicine, demography
137. Prenatal diagnostics

## **2) Reproductive gynecology**

- 201. Therapeutic abortion, legal aspects
- 202. Ectopic pregnancy
- 203. Family planning, contraception, IUD
- 204. Puberty
- 205. Neurohormonal regulation of menstrual cycle
- 206. Abnormalities of menstruation
- 207. Amenorrhoea, metrorrhagia, abnormal bleeding
- 208. Dysmenorrhoea, premenstrual syndrome
- 209. Polycystic ovary syndrome (Stein-Leventhal)
- 210. Congenital anomalies of female reproductive organs
- 211. Malposition of the uterus
- 212. Vulvitis, Kolpitis
- 213. Inflammation of the uterus
- 214. Pelvic inflammatory disease
- 215. Endometriosis
- 216. Basic examinations in infertility
- 217. Female infertility
- 218. Male infertility
- 219. Assisted reproduction
- 220. Habitual abortion
- 221. Genital injuries
- 222. Gynecological inflammation in childhood
- 223. Urinary incontinence
- 224. Gynecological surgery
- 225. Gynecological endoscopy

### **3) Oncogynecology**

- 301. Vulvar and vaginal precancerosis
- 302. Vulvar malignant tumours
- 303. Vaginal tumours
- 304. Cervical and endometrial precancerosis
- 305. Cervical carcinoma
- 306. Benign ovarian tumours
- 307. Malignant tumors of uterine body
- 308. Hormonaly active tumours
- 309. Ovarian cancer
- 310. Breast dysplasia
- 311. Brest cancer
- 312. Gynecological tumours in childhood
- 313. Gestational trophoblastic disease
- 314. Radiotherapy in oncogynecology
- 315. Chemotherapy in oncogynecology
- 316. Hormonal therapy in oncogynecology
- 317. Radical, palliative and symptomatic therapy in oncogynecology
- 318. Oncogynecological patients in terminal status
- 319. Malignant tumours during pregnancy

#### **4) Practical skills**

- 401. Gynecologic and obstetrics history
- 402. Bimanual and speculum examination in gynecology
- 403. Breasts selfexamination
- 404. Prepartum examination, amnioscopy
- 405. Intrapartum examination
- 406. Kolposcopy
- 407. Oncological and functional cytology
- 408. Cervical mucus examinations
- 409. Ovulation examinations
- 410. Sperm count
- 411. Invasive methods of prenatal diagnosis
- 412. Cardiotocography
- 413. Intrapartum fetal pulse oximetry
- 414. Ultrasound diagnostics in gynecology
- 415. Ultrasound diagnostics in obstetrics
- 416. Urodynamic examinations
- 417. Gynecologic examinations in childhood, vaginoscopy
- 418. Instruments in gynecology
- 419. Curettage of the uterine cavity
- 420. Hysterosalpingography
- 421. Imaging methods in senology